



## **Eurometals ApS**

**c/o Harbour House**

**Sundkrogsgade 21, DK-2100 Copenhagen**

**CVR no. 26 38 29 12**

## **Annual report for 2020**

Adopted at the annual general meeting  
on 30 June 2021

A handwritten signature in black ink, appearing to read "Victoria", is positioned above a horizontal line.

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Victoria Cornelia Christensen  
chairman

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## Statement by management on the annual report

The executive board has today discussed and approved the annual report of Eurometals ApS for the financial year 1 January - 31 December 2020.

The annual report is prepared in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act.

In my opinion, the financial statements give a true and fair view of the company's financial position at 31 December 2020 and of the results of the company's operations for the financial year 1 January - 31 December 2020.

In my opinion, management's review includes a fair review of the matters dealt with in the management's review.

Management recommends that the annual report should be approved by the company in general meeting.

Copenhagen, 30 June 2021

**Management**



Patricia Inés Morán León

## Independent auditor's report

### *To the shareholder of Eurometals ApS*

#### **Opinion**

We have audited the financial statements of Eurometals ApS for the financial year 1 January - 31 December 2020, which comprise a summary of significant accounting policies, income statement, balance sheet, statement of changes in equity and notes. The financial statements are prepared under the Danish Financial Statements Act.

In our opinion, the financial statements give a true and fair view of the company's financial position at 31 December 2020 and of the results of the company's operations for the financial year 1 January - 31 December 2020 in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act.

#### **Basis for Opinion**

We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing (ISAs) and the additional requirements applicable in Denmark. Our responsibilities under those standards and requirements are further described in the "Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements" section of our report. We are independent of the company in accordance with the International Ethics Standards Board for Accountants' Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants (IESBA Code) and the additional requirements applicable in Denmark, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

#### **Management's responsibilities for the financial statements**

Management is responsible for the preparation of financial statements, that give a true and fair view in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act and for such internal control as management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of the financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is responsible for assessing the company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting in preparing the financial statements unless management either intends to liquidate the company or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

#### **Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements**

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs and the additional requirements applicable in Denmark will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

## Independent auditor's report

As part of an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs and the additional requirements applicable in Denmark, we exercise professional judgement and maintain professional scepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the company's internal control.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by management.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of management's use of the going concern basis of accounting in preparing the financial statements and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the company's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the company to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and contents of the financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that gives a true and fair view.

We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

### **Statement on management's review**

Management is responsible for management's review.

Our opinion on the financial statements does not cover management's review, and we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

## Independent auditor's report

In connection with our audit of the financial statements, our responsibility is to read management's review and, in doing so, consider whether management's review is materially inconsistent with the financial statements or our knowledge obtained during the audit, or otherwise appears to be materially misstated.

Moreover, it is our responsibility to consider whether management's review provides the information required under the Danish Financial Statements Act.

Based on the work we have performed, we conclude that management's review is in accordance with the financial statements and has been prepared in accordance with the requirements of the Danish Financial Statements Act. We did not identify any material misstatement of management's review.

Copenhagen, 30 June 2021

BDO Statsautoriseret revisionsaktieselskab  
CVR no. 20 22 26 70



Per Frost Jensen  
State Authorized Public Accountant  
MNE no. mne27740

## Company details

### The company

Eurometals ApS  
Sundkrogsgade 21  
c/o Harbour House  
DK-2100 Copenhagen

CVR no.: 26 38 29 12

Reporting period: 1 January - 31 December 2020

Domicile: Copenhagen

### Management

Patricia Inés Morán León

### Auditors

BDO Statsautoriseret revisionsaktieselskab  
Havneholmen 29  
DK-1561 Copenhagen



## Management's review

### **Business review**

The principal activity of the company is to hold shares in subsidiaries.

### **Recognition and measurement uncertainties**

The recognition and measurement of items in the annual report is not associated with any uncertainty.

### **Unusual matters**

The company's financial position at 31 December 2020 and the results of its operations for the financial year ended 31 December 2020 are not affected by any unusual matters.

### **Financial review**

The company's income statement for the year ended 31 December 2020 shows a loss of DKK 285.566, and the balance sheet at 31 December 2020 shows equity of DKK 3.520.053.

The company Radek Holdings S.A. have confirmed that they will not insist on payment of their claims or any loans provided to Eurometals ApS as long as the company has not sufficient funds available, and that the company Radek Holdings S.A. will ensure sufficient liquidity in the company to cover its current operations. In addition to this, Radek Holdings S.A. has signed a letter of support and subordination that ensures these terms. Management has calculated that these agreements secure the liquidity during the year.

### **Significant events occurring after the end of the financial year**

No events have occurred after the balance sheet date which could significantly affect the company's financial position.



Income statement 1 January - 31 December

	<u>Note</u>	<u>2020</u> DKK	<u>2019</u> DKK
<b>Gross profit</b>		<b>-609.960</b>	<b>-1.149.965</b>
Income from investments in subsidiaries		280.028	2.058.005
Financial income	2	50.044	50.275
Financial expenses		-5.678	-1.507
<b>Profit/loss before tax</b>		<b>-285.566</b>	<b>956.808</b>
Tax on profit/loss for the year		0	0
<b>Profit/loss for the year</b>		<b><u>-285.566</u></b>	<b><u>956.808</u></b>
 <b>Distribution of profit</b>			
Retained earnings		-285.566	956.808
		<b><u>-285.566</u></b>	<b><u>956.808</u></b>

Balance sheet 31 December

	<u>Note</u>	<u>2020</u> DKK	<u>2019</u> DKK
<b>Assets</b>			
Investments in subsidiaries		2.621.000	2.621.000
<b>Fixed asset investments</b>		<b>2.621.000</b>	<b>2.621.000</b>
<b>Total non-current assets</b>		<b>2.621.000</b>	<b>2.621.000</b>
Receivables from group entities		921.041	1.180.949
Other receivables		35.536	0
Corporation tax		22	22
Prepayments		35.716	34.827
<b>Receivables</b>		<b>992.315</b>	<b>1.215.798</b>
<b>Total current assets</b>		<b>992.315</b>	<b>1.215.798</b>
<b>Total assets</b>		<b>3.613.315</b>	<b>3.836.798</b>

Balance sheet 31 December

	<u>Note</u>	<u>2020</u> DKK	<u>2019</u> DKK
<b>Equity and liabilities</b>			
Share capital		5.710.000	5.710.000
Retained earnings		<u>-2.189.947</u>	<u>-1.904.381</u>
<b>Equity</b>		<u><b>3.520.053</b></u>	<u><b>3.805.619</b></u>
Trade payables		<u>93.262</u>	<u>31.179</u>
<b>Total current liabilities</b>		<u><b>93.262</b></u>	<u><b>31.179</b></u>
<b>Total liabilities</b>		<u><b>93.262</b></u>	<u><b>31.179</b></u>
<b>Total equity and liabilities</b>		<u><u><b>3.613.315</b></u></u>	<u><u><b>3.836.798</b></u></u>
Staff expenses	1		
Contingent liabilities	3		

Statement of changes in equity

	<u>Share capital</u>	<u>Retained earnings</u>	<u>Total</u>
Equity at 1 January 2020	5.710.000	-1.904.381	3.805.619
Net profit/loss for the year	0	-285.566	-285.566
<b>Equity at 31 December 2020</b>	<b><u>5.710.000</u></b>	<b><u>-2.189.947</u></b>	<b><u>3.520.053</u></b>

Notes

	<u>2020</u>	<u>2019</u>
<b>1 Staff expenses</b>		
Average number of employees	<u>0</u>	<u>0</u>

	<u>2020</u>	<u>2019</u>
	DKK	DKK
<b>2 Financial income</b>		
Interest received from subsidiaries	50.044	30.924
Exchange adjustments	<u>0</u>	<u>19.351</u>
	<u><u>50.044</u></u>	<u><u>50.275</u></u>

**3 Contingent liabilities**

The company's tax loss allowed for carry-forward amounts to DKK 4.065.039. The tax value of the loss is DKK 894.309, which has not been recognized in the balance sheet.

The company has not assumed any liabilities, in excess of the liabilities resulting from its ordinary business.

## Accounting policies

The annual report of Eurometals ApS for 2020 has been prepared in accordance with the provisions of the Danish Financial Statements Act applying to enterprises of reporting class B, as well as provisions applying to reporting class C entities.

The accounting policies applied are consistent with those of last year.

The annual report for 2020 is presented in DKK.

Pursuant to sections §110 subsection 1, of the Danish Financial Statements Act, the company has not prepared consolidated financial statements.

## Income statement

### Gross profit

In pursuance of section 32 of the Danish Financial Statements Act, the company does not disclose its revenue.

Gross profit reflects an aggregation of revenue, changes in inventories of finished goods and work in progress and other operating income less costs of raw materials and consumables and other external expenses.

### Other operating income

Other operating income comprises management service fee from subsidiaries.

### Other external expenses

Other external expenses include expenses related to distribution, sale, advertising, administration, premises, bad debts, payments under operating leases, etc.

### Financial income and expenses

Financial income and expenses are recognised in the income statement at the amounts that relate to the financial year. Net financials include interest income and expenses, financial expenses relating to finance leases, realised and unrealised capital/exchange gains and losses on securities, liabilities and foreign currency transactions, amortisation of financial assets and liabilities and surcharges and allowances under the Danish Tax Prepayment Scheme, etc.

### Income from investments in subsidiaries, associates and participating interests

Dividend from investments is recognised in the reporting year in which the dividend is declared.

## Accounting policies

### **Tax on profit/loss for the year**

Tax for the year, which comprises the current tax charge for the year and changes in the deferred tax charge, is recognised in the income statement as regards the portion that relates to the profit/loss for the year and directly in equity as regards the portion that relates to entries directly in equity.

### **Balance sheet**

#### **Investments in subsidiaries**

Investment in subsidiaries are measured at cost. If cost exceeds the recoverable amount, a write-down is made to this lower value.

#### **Impairment of fixed assets**

The carrying amount of investments in subsidiaries is tested for impairment, other than what is reflected through normal amortisation and depreciation, on an annual basis.

Where there is evidence of impairment, an impairment test is performed for each individual asset or group of assets. Write-down is made to the lower of the recoverable amount and the carrying amount.

The recoverable amount is the higher of the net present value and the value in use less expected costs to sell. The net present value is determined as the present value of the anticipated net cash flows from the use of the asset or group of assets and the anticipated net cash flows from the disposal of the asset or group of assets after the end of their useful life.

#### **Receivables**

Receivables are measured at amortised cost.

#### **Prepayments**

Prepayments recognised under 'Current assets' comprises expenses incurred concerning subsequent financial years.

#### **Income tax and deferred tax**

Current tax liabilities and current tax receivables are recognised in the balance sheet as the estimated tax on the taxable income for the year, adjusted for tax on the taxable income for previous years and tax paid on account.

Deferred tax is measured according to the liability method in respect of temporary differences between the carrying amount of assets and liabilities and their tax base, calculated on the basis of the planned use of the asset and settlement of the liability, respectively. Deferred tax is measured at net realisable value.



## Accounting policies

Deferred tax assets, including the tax base of tax losses allowed for carry forward, are measured at the value to which the asset is expected to be realised, either as a set-off against tax on future income or as a set-off against deferred tax liabilities within the same legal tax entity. Any deferred net tax assets are measured at net realisable value.

### **Liabilities**

Financial liabilities also include the capitalised residual finance lease commitment.

### **Foreign currency translation**

On initial recognition, foreign currency transactions are translated applying the exchange rate at the transaction date. Foreign exchange differences arising between the exchange rates at the transaction date and at the date of payment are recognised in the income statement as financial income or financial expenses. If foreign currency instruments are considered cash flow hedges, any unrealised value adjustments are taken directly to a fair value reserve under 'Equity'.