

ANNUAL REPORT

1 JANUARY - 31 DECEMBER 2019

LOGPOINT A/S

Bryggervangen 55, 4. th., 4.

2100 København Ø

CENTRAL BUSINESS REGISTRATION no. 26 30 19 39

Adopted at the Company's Annual General Meeting, on 16 / 9 2020

-Docusigned by:

Jesper Zerlang

The Chairman's name in capital letters

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Case no. 904580 kem/ls



COMPANY DETAILS 1

Company

LogPoint A/S Bryggervangen 55, 4. th. 2100 København Ø

Central Business Registration no. 26 30 19 39

Registered in: København Ø

Board of Executives

Jesper Zerlang

Søren Laustrup

Board of Directors

Richard Michael Seewald

Karel Obluk

Søren Laustrup

Kåre Bo Jacobsen

Jesper Genter Lohmann

Company auditors

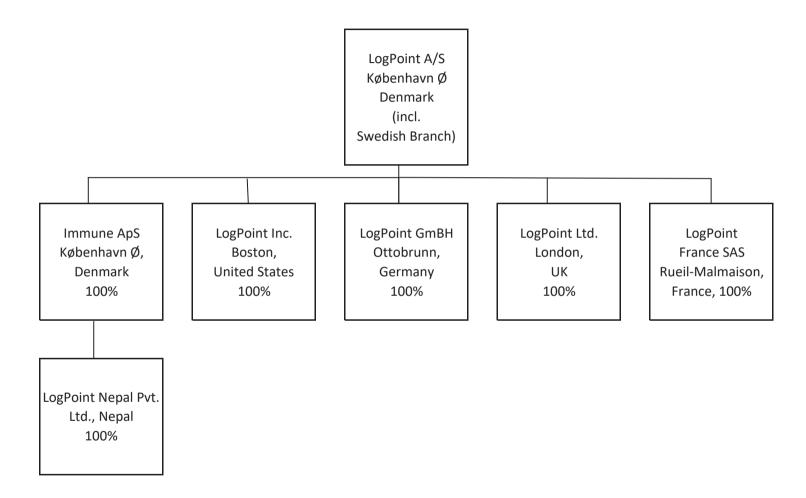
inforevisionstatsautoriseret revisionsaktieselskabBuddingevej 3122860 SøborgCentral business registration no. 19263096

Kenny Madsen, State Authorized Public Accountant Lasse Sværke, State Authorized Public Accountant



GROUP CHART

2



Primary activities

The Group and company are selling Security Information Event Management (SIEM) solutions worldwide with a strong focus on the European and North American market. LogPoint is a cybersecurity analytical platform and the Group's products are software and related services.

SIEM technologies are maturing and is now recognized as essential to any IT security department. The key driver is that companies want to detect their corporate digital behaviors. This enables customers to protect themselves against internal fraud and industrial espionage. This is possible by the use of the LogPoint technologies that automatically analyze the patterns and recognize the collected digital fingerprints (logs) that is being stored in enterprises and organizations. The platform further enables organizations to become industry compliant (GDPR, PCI, SOX, ISO27001 and more) and provide business critical security analytics and operational insights into IT environments.

Development in activities and finances

The result of the year reflects a loss of DKK 52.038k versus a loss of DKK 72.560k in 2018.

The balance sheet total amounted to DKK 125.575k at the end of 2019 versus DKK 107.868k at the end of 2018. The Equity at the end of 2019 amounted to DKK -88.302 versus DKK -67.968k at the end of 2018.

The number of employees has increased to 189 and is expected to increase further in 2020 as LogPoint keeps growing in all its major markets.

The above is in line with the growth strategy the Group has outlined and is a result from increased investments in products development, sales and marketing and the general growth of the Group. During 2019 the Group has obtained financing of DKK 56.9 million from existing and new investors to strengthen the Group and continue the strategy of international growth. The management considers the result as satisfactory.

Investment agreement (after end reporting period)

After the end of the reporting period the parent company has signed and closed an investment agreement with a new external investor amounting to DKK 112 million of new equity.

Following this investment all existing convertible debt loans have been converted into equity for a total of DKK 72 million. These transactions will restore the equity in the company estimated to be DKK 90 million at the end of August 2020.

Particular risks

Because of its operations, investments and financing, LogPoint is exposed to volatility in terms of primarily exchange rates and the level of interest. The fiscal policy pursued by LogPoint involves operating with a low risk profile, so that risks concerning exchange rates, interest rates and credit only arise, should commercial conditions occur. The combined risk is currently at a level where hedging is not deemed economical viable.

Intellectual capital resources

LogPoint's ambition is market leadership by developing state-of-the-art technologies within the SIEM market space. LogPoint has considerable intellectual capital resources within its field, particular in relation to our customers, technology, and staff relations.



Customers

LogPoint is creating value for its customers by providing intelligent software solutions, implemented in cooperation with the individual customer, meeting the customers' expectations through the delivery of high-quality products. The key performance indicators in this respect include customer satisfaction and customer loyalty.

Technology

Development of technology is key for LogPoint. The company leverage sophisticated big data architectures with advanced analytics and Machine Learning to provide unique SIEM functionality that separate LogPoint from its competitors.

Acquisition of agileSI from Orange Cyberdefense (after end reporting period)

To further strengthen the Company's strategy to serve cyber defense in the SAP market, the company agileSI have been acquired from Orange Cyberdeferense, part of the Orange Group. agileSI is a leading SAP security solution which bridges the gap between SAP and SIEM. It removes the security blind spot in SAP by enabling full integration of security data from a SAP ERP platform into SIEM solutions. The acquisition will solidify LogPoint's position as a leading provider of application security.

Staff relations

LogPoint is retaining and attracting new talent to the company by providing modern people management strategies and a modern working environment. This is a competitive advantage that will keep LogPoint competitive for the future.

Research and development activities

Research and development is a key differentiator to the continued positive development of LogPoint. It is expected that LogPoint will continue to invest in R&D capabilities and further expand to cater for future customer and market demands.

Most of the development in 2019 has been focused on version 6.0 and our UEBA capabilities. The researched is centered around Machine Learning capabilities as well as providing more solutions in the Cloud.

Disclosures about treasury shares

The company holds a portfolio of 2.348 treasury shares of each DKK 1, corresponding to 0,15% of the total share capital. All the treasury shares have been acquired in 2018.

Covid-19 pandemic

Covid-19 pandemic have had great impact on the global economy overall, fortunately LogPoint have not been significant affected. In fact, demand for LogPoint have increased as IT security solutions to protect from increased remote user usage is in high demand. Following Covid-19 the Company have taken required precautions to secure the health and wellbeing of its employees and adequate measures to support the business.



Group financial highlights

| Amounts in DKK '000 | 2019 | 2018 | 2017 |
|---|---------|---------|---------|
| Income statement | | | |
| Gross profit/loss | 27.491 | 6.712 | 19.585 |
| Profit/loss from primary activities | -48.679 | -70.301 | -17.383 |
| Net financials | -3.554 | -6.191 | -2.137 |
| Profit/loss for the year | -52.038 | -72.560 | -19.521 |
| Balance sheet | | | |
| Balance sheet total | 125.575 | 107.868 | 87.928 |
| Investments in intangible assets | 23.356 | 24.742 | 14.253 |
| Investments in property, plant and equipment | 693 | 3.517 | 2.113 |
| Invested capital | 1.833 | -1.540 | 7.575 |
| Equity | -88.303 | -67.968 | 4.624 |
| Cash flow | | | |
| Cash from operating activities | -25.261 | -34.069 | -20.552 |
| Cash from investing activities | -23.908 | -28.460 | -16.366 |
| Cash from financing activities | 56.143 | 45.026 | 58.671 |
| Changes for the year in cash and cash equivalents | 6.975 | -17.503 | 21.753 |
| | | | |
| Ratios | | | |
| Return on invested capital (ROIC) | - | - | - |
| Solvency ratio | -70,32% | -63,01% | 5,26% |



STATEMENT BY MANAGEMENT ON THE ANNUAL REPORT

The Board of Directors and Board of Executives have today discussed and approved the annual report for the financial year 1 January - 31 December 2019 of LogPoint A/S.

The annual report has been prepared in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act.

In our opinion the consolidated financial statements and the Parent Company's financial statements give a true and fair view of the Group's and the Parent Company's financial position at 31 December 2019 and of the result of the Group and the Parent Company's operations and the Group's cash flow for the financial year 1 January - 31 December 2019.

In our opinion the management's review includes a fair review about the matters the review deals with.

We recommend that the Annual Report be approved at the annual general meeting.

København Ø, 16 / 9 2020

Board of Executives

Jesper Zerlang

Jesper Zerlang

Docusigned by:

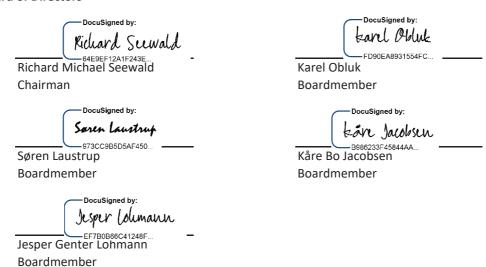
Søren Laustrup

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Søren Laustrup

MD LogPoint US

Board of Directors





To the shareholders of LogPoint A/S

Opinion

We have audited the Consolidated Financial Statements and the Parent Company Financial Statements of LogPoint A/S for the financial year 1 January to 31 December 2019, which comprise the accounting policies applied, the income statement, the balance sheet, statement of changes in equity and notes for both the Group and the Parent Company as well as the cash flow statement for the Group.

The Consolidated Financial Statements and the Parent Company Financial Statements are prepared under the Danish Financial Statements Act.

In our opinion, the Consolidated Financial Statements and the Parent Company Financial Statements give a true and fair view of the Group's and the Parent Company's financial position at 31 December 2019, and of the results of the Group and Parent Company's operations and the Group's cash flows for the financial year 1 January to 31 December 2019 in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act.

Basis for opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing (ISAs) and the additional requirements applicable in Denmark. Our responsibilities under those standards and requirements are further described in the below section "Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Consolidated Financial Statements and the Parent Company Financial Statements section".

We are independent of the Group in accordance with the International Ethics Standards Board for Accountants' Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants (IESBA Code) and the additional requirements applicable in Denmark, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Management's Responsibilities for the Consolidated Financial Statements and the Parent Company Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation of Consolidated Financial Statements and Parent Company Financial Statements that give a true and fair view in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act, and for such internal control as Management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of Consolidated Financial Statements and Parent Company Financial Statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the Consolidated Financial Statements and the Parent Company Financial Statements, Management is responsible for assessing the Group's and the Parent Company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting in preparing the Consolidated Financial Statements and the Parent Company Financial Statements unless Management either intends to liquidate the Group or the Company or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.



Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Consolidated Financial Statements and the Parent Company Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the Consolidated Financial Statements and the Parent Company Financial Statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs and the additional requirements applicable in Denmark will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these Consolidated Financial Statements and Parent Company Financial Statements.

As part of an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs and the additional requirements applicable in Denmark, we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- * Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the Consolidated Financial Statements and the Parent Company Financial Statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- * Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Group's and the Parent Company's internal control.
- * Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by Management.
- * Conclude on the appropriateness of Management's use of the going concern basis of accounting in preparing the Consolidated Financial Statements and the Parent Company Financial Statements and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Group's and the Parent Company's ability to to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the Consolidated Financial Statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Group and the Company to cease to continue as a going concern.



Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Consolidated Financial Statements and the Parent Company Financial Statements, continued

- * Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and contents of the Consolidated Financial Statements and the Parent Company Financial Statements, including the disclosures, and whether the Consolidated Financial Statements and the Parent Company Financial Statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that gives a true and fair view.
- * Obtain sufficient appropriate audit evidence regarding the financial information of the entities or business activities within the Group to express an opinion on the Consolidated Financial Statements. We are responsible for the direction, supervision and performance of the group audit. We remain solely responsible for our audit opinion.

We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

Statement on the Management's review

Management is responsible for Management's Review.

Our opinion on the Consolidated Financial Statements and the Parent Company Financial Statements does not cover Management's Review, and we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the Consolidated Financial Statements and the Parent Company Financial Statements, our responsibility is to read Management's Review and, in doing so, consider whether Management's Review is materially inconsistent with the Consolidated Financial Statements or the Parent Company Financial Statements or our knowledge obtained during the audit, or otherwise appears to be materially misstated.

Moreover, it is our responsibility to consider whether Management's Review provides the information required under the Danish Financial Statements Act.

Based on the work we have performed, we conclude that Management's Review is in accordance with the Consolidated Financial Statements and the Parent Company Financial Statements and has been prepared in accordance with the requirements of the Danish Financial Statement Acts. We did not identify any material misstatement of Management's Review.

Søborg, 16th September 2020

inforevision

statsautoriseret revisionsaktieselskab

(CVR-nr. 19263096)

Kenny Madsen

State Authorized Public Accountant

mne33718

Lasse Sværke

State Authorized Public Accountant

mne34318



The annual report has been prepared in accordance with the reporting requirements of the Danish Financial Statements Act of class C medium size enterprises.

The accounting policies have not been changed from last year.

RECOGNITION AND MEASUREMENT

The financial statements have been prepared based on historical cost.

The income is recognised in the income statement as earned. Further to this, value adjustments of financial assets and liabilities measured at fair value or amortised cost are recognised. Furthermore, all costs incurred to earn the profit or loss for year have been recognised in the income statement, including amortisation, depreciation, write-down and provisions as well as reversals as a consequence of changed accounting estimates of amounts previously recognised in the income statement.

Assets are recognised in the balance sheet when it is probable that future economic benefits will flow into the Group and Company, and the value of the asset can be measured reliably.

Liabilities are recognised in the balance sheet when it is probable that future economic benefits will flow out of the Group and Company, and the value of the liability can be measured reliably.

On initial recognition, assets and liabilities are measured at cost. Subsequently, assets and liabilities are measured as described below for each financial statement item.

Certain financial assets and liabilities are measured at amortised cost, by which a constant redemption yield is recognised over the term. Amortised cost is calculated as original cost less instalments and addition/deduction of the accumulated amortisation of the difference between cost and the nominal amount. Thereby, capital and exchange losses or gains are allocated over the term.

On recognition and measurement, anticipated losses and risks that appear before presentation of the annual report and which confirm or invalidate affairs or conditions existing at the balance sheet date are considered.

The functional currency is Danish kroner, DKK. All other currencies are considered foreign currencies.



CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENT

The consolidated financial statements comprise the parent company and the enterprises (group enterprises) controlled by the parent company. The parent company is deemed to be controlling an enterprise when it directly or indirectly controls more than 50 % of the voting rights or is otherwise able to exercise control more than 50 % of the voting rights or is otherwise able to exercise control or de facto control with respect to the economic and operational decisions in the enterprise.

The consolidated financial statements are prepared on the basis of the financial statements of the parent company and the Group enterprises by the adding together of items of a uniform nature.

In the preparation of the consolidated financial statements, all intercompany balances, income and expenses as well as gains and losses arising from transactions between the group enterprises have been eliminated.

Equity investments in the group enterprises have been eliminated by the group enterprises' proportionate shares of the equity value.

The financial statements used for the purpose of consolidation have been prepared in accordance with the consolidated accounting policies. The net profit or loss for the year and the equity of foreign enterprises have been expressed in Danish kroner. Foreign currency translation adjustments arising as a result of translation of the equity of the foreign enterprises at the beginning of the financial year and translation of the net profit or loss for the year from the average rate of exchange to the closing rate are charged directly to equity.

Where group enterprises have been acquired, the balance resulting from the elimination has to the extent possible been distributed on the assets and liabilities of the group enterprises whose value is above or below the amount at which they were booked when the group relation was established. Any remaining positive balance is treated as consolidated goodwill and stated under intangible assets. Any negative balance which is equal to an expected cost or an adverse development in the group enterprises is stated under provisions. The amount is recognised as income in the income statement to the extent that the expected cost or adverse development is realised.

FOREIGN CURRENCY TRANSLATION

During the year, transactions in foreign currencies have been translated applying the exchange rate at the transaction date. If currency positions are considered hedge of future cash flows, the value adjustments are recognised directly in equity.

Receivables and debt denominated in foreign currencies have been recognised at the exchange rate of the balance sheet date.

Realised and unrealised exchange gains and losses have been recognised in the income statement under other financial income and expenses.



INCOME STATEMENT

The income statement has been classified by nature.

Gross profit/loss

The Company has aggregated the items "revenue", "other operating income" and "external expenses".

Revenue

Revenue from sale of licenses on a subscription model which provides the customer with a right to access the software as it exist at anytime in the subscription period is recognized in the income statement on a straight line during the subscription period.

As income recognition criterion for sale of perpetual licenses and hardware, the completed contract method is applied so that revenue comprises invoiced revenue for the year. Revenue from the sale is recognised in the income statement when delivery is made and risk has passed to the buyer before the end of the financial year.

As income recognition criterion for sale of consulting services, the production criterion is applied so that revenue comprises the invoiced revenue for the year reduced by prepayments and with addition for work in progress measured at market value.

Revenue is measured at fair value excl. VAT and less granted products and customer discounts.

External expenses

External expenses comprise selling costs, facility costs and administrative expenses.

Staff costs

Staff costs include wages and salaries including holiday pay and pensions and other social security costs etc. to the Company's employees. Staff costs are reduced with payments received from public authorities.

Income from investments in group enterprises

Income from investments in group enterprises comprises the dividends received for the year.

Other financial income and other financial expenses

Financial income and expenses is recognised with amounts concerning the financial year. Financial items comprise interest, realised and unrealised exchange gains and losses, realised and unrealised gains and losses on sale of other securities and investments, dividends, amortised interest on lease commitments as well as interest surcharge and interest reimbursements under the Danish Tax Prepayment Scheme.



Tax on profit or loss for the year income taxes

Tax on profit or loss for the year represents 22% of the book profit or loss adjusted for non-taxable and non-deductible items.

Tax on profit or loss for the year consists of the anticipated tax portion of the taxable income for the year adjusted for the changes for the year in deferred tax. Changes in deferred taxes due to adjustments of tax rates is recognised in the income statement.

The Company is jointly taxed with other Danish group enterprises with Logpoint A/S as management company. The tax effect of the joint taxation is allocated among the group enterprises in ratio to their taxable income according to the rules on full allocation with a refund for tax losses of the Danish Corporation Tax Act.

Corporation tax relating to the financial year which has not been settled at the balance sheet date is to be classified as corporation tax in receivables or liabilities other than provisions.

Joint tax contributions between the jointly taxed companies which have not been settled at the balance sheet date are classified as joint tax contributions in receivables or liabilities.

The Company is subject to the Danish Tax Prepayment Scheme. Interest reimbursement and interest surcharge have been recognised in financial income and expenses.

BALANCE SHEET

The balance sheet has been presented in account form.

ASSETS

Intangible assets

Intangible assets are measured at cost less accumulate amortisation.

Cost comprises the acquisition price as well as costs directly related to the acquisition until the time when the asset is ready to be put into operation.

Assets are amortised on a straight-line basis over their estimated useful lives:

Completed development projects

5 y.

As the intangible assets are not being traded in an active and effective market, no residual values after end of use are included when determining the depreciation period.



Property, plant and equipment

Property, plant and equipment are measured at cost less accumulate amortisation and depreciation. The basis of amortisation and depreciation is cost less estimated residual value after the end of useful life.

Cost comprises the acquisition price as well as costs directly related to the acquisition until the time when the asset is ready to be put into operation.

The cost price for an asset is divided into separate components, and are depreciated separately, if the useful life of the individual components is significantly different.

Depreciation is initiated when the assets are ready to be taken into operation. Assets are depreciated on a straight-line basis over their estimated useful lives with following residual values:

| | Useful lives | Residual value |
|------------------------|--------------|----------------|
| Leasehold improvements | 5 y. | 0,0% |
| Other fixtures, etc. | 5 y. | 0,0% |

Minor purchases with useful lives below one year have been recognised as an expense in the income statement in external expenses.

Profit/loss on sale or retirement has been included in the income statement under gross profit.

Impairment of intangible assets and property, plant and equipment

The carrying amount of intangible assets and property plant and equipment is reviewed annually for indication of impairment for losses, apart from what is expressed by usual amortisation and depreciation. If this applies, impairment for loss is made of each asset or group of assets, respectively, to lower recoverable amount.

As recoverable amount, the higher of expected net selling price and net present value is applied. The net present value is calculated as the present value of the anticipated cash flows from the use of the asset or the group of assets.

Impairment for loss for the year is recognised in the income statement as amortisation, depreciation and impairment for losses.

Investments in group enterprises

Investments in group enterprises have been measured at cost.

In the event, the cost exceeds the recoverable amount, a write-down is made to this lower value. Indications of impairment exists for example when dividends exceeds the accumulated earnings since the acquisition or when the cost exceeds the net asset value of the companies. Recoverable amount used is the highest value of the expected net sales price and capital value. Capital value is determined as the present value of the expected net cash flow from the possession of the individual investments. Impairment is recognized in the income statement as impairment of financial assets.



Other receivables (fixed assets)

Other receivables recognised under fixed assets comprise rental deposits measured at amortised cost. In events when the carrying amount exceeds the recoverable amount, impairment for loss is made to such lower value. Impairment for loss for the year is recognised in the income statement as impairment for loss of financial assets.

Receivables

Receivables are measured at amortised cost which usually corresponds to nominal value. The value is reduced by write-down for bad debt according to an individual assessment.

Prepayments

Prepayments comprise costs incurred relating to subsequent financial years.

EQUITY AND LIABILITIES

Equity

Management's proposed dividends for the financial year is disclosed as a separate item in equity.

Expenses related to capital increases is recognised directly in equity.

Provision for deferred tax

Deferred tax is measured according to the liability method. Provision has been made for deferred tax by 22 % on all temporary differences between carrying amount and tax-based value of assets and liabilities.

Deferred tax is also measures with respect of the planned use of the asset and the settlement of the liability. The tax value of the tax losses to be carried forwardare included in the calculation of deferred taxes if it is probable that the losses can be used.

The tax-based values of tax losses carried forward are included in the statement of deferred tax if it is probable that the losses can be utilised.

Deferred tax assets which are not expected utilised within a few years have been disclosed in notes under contingent assets.

Financial liabilities

Other liabilities other than provisions have been measured at amortised cost which corresponds to nominal value.



CASH FLOW STATEMENT

The cash flow statement shows the Group's cash flows for the year as well as the Group's cash and cash equivalents at year-end.

Cash flows from acquisitions and divestments are shown separately under cash flows from investing activities. In the cash flow statement, cash flows regarding acquired companies are recognized from the date of acquisition and cash flows from divested companies are recognized until the transfer date.

Cash flows from operating activities have been calculated as profit or loss adjusted for non-cash operating items, financial income and expenses paid, corporation taxes as well as increase and decrease in inventories, trade receivables, trade payables and other changes in assets and liabilities other than provisions deriving from operations.

Cash flows from investing activities comprise payments in connection with acquisition and sale of fixed assets as well as payments in connection with acquisition and divestment of companies.

Cash flows from financing activities comprise payments from inception and repayment of long-term liabilities other than provisions as well as payments made to and received from shareholders.

Cash and cash equivalents comprise cash funds as well as short-term securities recognised under current assets, which are available for conversion into cash funds.

In accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act §86,4 the Parent Company has not prepared cash flow statement.

FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

The ratios have been prepared in accordance with the online version of "Guidelines and ratios" from The Danish Finance Analysts Society.

The ratios have been calculated as follows:

| Return on invested capital = | Operating profit * 100 |
|------------------------------|--------------------------|
| Return on invested capital – | Av. invested capital |
| Salvanay - | Equity at year-end * 100 |
| Solvency = | Total assets |

* Invested capital = Intangible and fixed assets relating to the activities + net working capital.



| Note | _ | 2019 | 2018 |
|-----------|--|----------------------------|----------------------------|
| | GROSS PROFIT/LOSS | 27.491.045 | 6.712.160 |
| 1 4, 5 | Staff costs Amortisation, depreciation and impairment losses | -62.421.502 -13.748.503 | -66.352.554 -10.660.763 |
| | OPERATING PROFIT/LOSS | -48.678.960 | -70.301.157 |
| | Other financial income Other financial expenses | 733.167 -4.286.741 | 157.910 -6.348.505 |
| | PROFIT/LOSS BEFORE TAX | -52.232.533 | -76.491.753 |
| 2 | Tax on profit/loss for the year | 194.074 | 3.931.571 |
| 3 | PROFIT/LOSS FOR THE YEAR | -52.038.459 | -72.560.182 |



| Note | _ | 31/12 2019 | 31/12 2018 |
|--------------|---|---|---|
| 4 4 | Completed development projects Development projects in progress | 35.243.959 20.884.520 | 34.439.374 10.351.585 |
| | INTANGIBLE ASSETS | 56.128.479 | 44.790.959 |
| 5, 8 5, 8 | Other fixtures and fittings, tools and equipment Leasehold improvements PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT | 3.557.022 131.849 3.688.871 | 4.579.574 232.909 4.812.482 |
| | | | |
| 2 | Deposits Deferred tax assets | 560.515 0 | 670.561 4.438.603 |
| | FIXED ASSET INVESTMENTS | 560.515 | 5.109.164 |
| | FIXED ASSETS | 60.377.865 | 54.712.605 |
| 8 | Trade receivables Receivables from owners and management Other receivables Prepayments | 38.839.230 5.146.231 6.841.766 2.623.814 | 37.094.338 4.996.341 3.325.175 3.072.473 |
| | RECEIVABLES | 53.451.040 | 48.488.327 |
| | CASH | 11.745.692 | 4.667.248 |
| | CURRENT ASSETS | 65.196.732 | 53.155.575 |
| | TOTAL ASSETS | 125.574.597 | 107.868.180 |



| Note | 31/12 2019 | 31/12 2018 |
|--|--|---|
| Share capital Share premium Retained earnings Proposed dividends for the financial year | 1.586.014 86.235.794 -176.124.524 0 | 1.408.324 52.340.637 -121.716.685 0 |
| EQUITY | -88.302.716 | -67.967.724 |
| 2 Provision for deferred tax | 276.231 | 0 |
| PROVISIONS | 276.231 | 0 |
| | | |
| 7 Other payables | 32.682.970 | 33.280.470 |
| 7 Convertible loan | 0 | 13.429.964 |
| LONG-TERM LIABILITIES OTHER THAN PROVISIONS | 32.682.970 | 46.710.434 |
| Current portion of long-term liabilities other than provisions Prepayments received from customers Trade payables Income taxes | 74.416.477 77.355.512 4.870.784 212.841 | 34.379.863 59.987.720 13.499.267 109.843 |
| Other payables SHORT-TERM LIABILITIES OTHER THAN PROVISIONS | 24.062.499 180.918.113 | 21.148.776 129.125.470 |
| | | |
| LIABILITIES OTHER THAN PROVISIONS | 213.601.083 | 175.835.904 |
| TOTAL EQUITY AND LIABILITIES | 125.574.597 | 107.868.180 |

⁸ Assets charged and security



⁹ Contractual obligations

¹⁰ Significant events occurring after end of reporting period

| Ξ | 3 |
|----------|--------------------|
| Ξ | 3 |
| Ξ | 5 |
| Ξ | Ţ |
| С | כ |
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| | Share Capital | Share premium | Retained earnings | TOTAL |
|--|------------------|------------------|----------------------|-------------|
| Equity at 1/1 2018 | 1.408.324 | 52.340.637 | -49.125.452 | 4.623.509 |
| Increase of capital | | 0 | -150.000 | -150.000 |
| Exchange rate adjustments | | | 118.949 | 118.949 |
| Transferred from distribution of profit/loss | | | -72.560.182 | -72.560.182 |
| | | | | |
| Equity at 1/1 2019 | 1.408.324 | 52.340.637 | -121.716.685 | -67.967.724 |
| Increase of capital | 177.690 | 33.895.157 | 0 | 34.072.847 |
| Exchange rate adjustments | | | -2.369.380 | -2.369.380 |
| Transferred from distribution of profit/loss | | | -52.038.459 | -52.038.459 |
| Equity at 31/12 2019 | 1.586.014 | 86.235.794 | -176.124.524 | -88.302.716 |
| Equity at 31/12 2013 | 1.360.014 | 00.233.734 | -1/0.124.324 | -00.302.710 |

Warrants

In the period up until 2019, certain key employees and equity investors have been granted warrants in LogPoint A/S. The warrants have been grated with a fixed strike price ranging from EUR 9.71 to EUR 24.60. No warrants have been exercised during 2019. Each warrant granted up until 2019 is subject to a vesting period of approximately 36 months running from time of allocation and can be exercised, in whole or in part, to purchase shares up until 2023.

In total the company has 150,095 outstanding warrants corresponding to 9.47% of the share capital.

Convertible notes

The company has issued Convertible notes to selected existing shareholders and new investors in 2019. In total the company has issued convertible notes amounted to DKK 56.9m. The convertible notes can be exercised between March 2019 to December 2020 at a variable price depending on the valuation at the time of conversion.

Referring to note 10 the parent company has after the end of the reporting period closed an investment with new investor and converted debt of a total of 169m DKK.



CONSOLIDATED CASH FLOW STATEMENT 1 JANUARY - 31 DECEMBER 2019

| | 2019 | 2018 |
|---|-------------|-------------|
| Profit/loss for the year before tax | -52.232.533 | -76.491.753 |
| Amortisation and depreciation of intangible and | | |
| tangible fixed assets | 13.748.503 | 10.660.763 |
| Other adjustments | 4.123.884 | 4.409.855 |
| Change in work in progress | 0 | 0 |
| Change in trade receivables | -1.744.892 | -16.917.187 |
| Change in trade payables | -8.628.483 | 9.776.294 |
| Change in other payables | 3.432.805 | 21.249.866 |
| Change in other working capital items | 14.149.971 | 12.466.880 |
| Cash from operating profit/loss | -27.150.745 | -34.845.282 |
| Financial expenses | -3.110.364 | -1.548.377 |
| Income tax paid/refund | 5.000.308 | 2.325.114 |
| CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES | -25.260.801 | -34.068.546 |
| | | |
| Acquisition of intangible assets | -23.355.718 | -24.741.995 |
| Acquisition of property, plant and equipment | -689.119 | -3.526.102 |
| Sale of property, plant and equipment | 41.945 | 0 |
| Acquisition of fixed asset investments | -51.198 | -192.245 |
| Sale of fixed asset investments | 146.539 | 0 |
| CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES | -23.907.552 | -28.460.343 |
| Payment of other long-term liabilities | -805.701 | -2.463.652 |
| Inception of other long-term liabilities | 56.949.104 | 47.489.396 |
| CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES | 56.143.403 | 45.025.744 |
| | | |
| CHANGES FOR THE YEAR IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS | 6.975.050 | -17.503.144 |
| Exchange adjustments of the year | 103.394 | -74.312 |
| Cash and cash equivalents at 1/1 2019 | 4.667.248 | 22.244.705 |
| | | |
| CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AT 31/12 2019 | 11.745.692 | 4.667.248 |
| Cash | 11.745.692 | 4.667.248 |
| CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AT 31/12 2019 | 11.745.692 | 4.667.248 |
| | | |



CONSOLIDATED NOTES 22

| 1 | Staff costs | 2019 | 2018 |
|---|---------------------------------------|------------|------------|
| | | | |
| | Wages and salaries | 52.174.343 | 56.637.378 |
| | Pensions | 5.927.647 | 5.488.210 |
| | Other social security costs | 4.319.513 | 4.226.966 |
| | TOTAL | 62.421.502 | 66.352.554 |
| | Average number of full-time employees | 189 | 152 |
| | Management's remuneration: | | |
| | Executive Board | 4.248.789 | 3.572.663 |
| | Board of Directors | 0 | 0 |
| | TOTAL | 4.248.789 | 3.572.663 |



2 Tax on profit/loss for the year, corporation tax and deferred tax

| 2018 | Acc. to the inc. statement | Deferred tax | Income taxes | |
|-------------|----------------------------|----------------------|----------------------|-----------------------------------|
| | | -4.438.603 | 109.843 | Payable at 1/1 2019 |
| | | 13.328 | -1.730 | Exchange rate adjustments |
| | | 5.500.000 | -5.500.000 | Adjustment, previous years |
| | | 0 | 5.500.000 | Received 2018 |
| | | | -499.692 | Prepaid tax |
| -3.931.571 | -194.074 | -798.494 | 604.420 | Tax for the year |
| | | 276.231 | 212.841 | PAYABLE AT 31/12 2019 |
| -3.931.571 | -194.074 | | YEAR | TAX ON PROFIT/LOSS FOR THE |
| | | ets and liabilities: | n the following asse | Deferred tax is incumbent upor |
| 31/12 2018 | 31/12 2019 | | | |
| 9.966.257 | 12.475.148 | | | Intangible assets |
| -195.997 | -428.311 | | | Tangible assets |
| -3.295.348 | -4.063.461 | | ; | Liabilities other than provisions |
| -10.913.515 | -7.707.145 | | | Unutilised losses |
| | | | | |

Deferred tax assets are measured at net realizable value, and are based on Management's best estimate of the ability to use losses etc. carried forward within a 3-5 years period. In the assessment, management has paid special attention to the initiatives implemented to reduce cash burn and the continuance in revenue growth, which is expected to make the Group profitable in 2022.

3 Distribution on profit/loss

| Proposed dividends for the financial year Retained earnings | -52.038.459 | -72.560.182 |
|---|-------------|-------------|
| PROFIT/LOSS FOR THE YEAR | -52.038.459 | -72.560.182 |



4 List of fixed assets, amortisation and impairment, intangible assets

| | Completed development projects | Development projects in progress | TOTAL | 31/12 2018 |
|---|--------------------------------|----------------------------------|--------------------------|--------------------------|
| Cost at 1/1 2019 Additions for the year | 62.258.043 0 | 10.351.585 23.355.718 | 72.609.628 23.355.718 | 47.867.632 24.741.996 |
| Transferred in the year from other items | 12.822.784 | -12.822.784 | 0 | 0 |
| COST AT 31/12 2018 | 75.080.827 | 20.884.520 | 95.965.346 | 72.609.628 |
| Amortisation and impairment at 1/1 2019 Amortisation for the year | 27.818.669 12.018.198 | 0 | 27.818.669 12.018.198 | 18.608.138 9.210.532 |
| AMORTISATION AND IMPAIRMENT AT 31/12 2019 | 39.836.867 | 0 | 39.836.867 | 27.818.669 |
| CARRYING AMOUNT AT 31/12 2019 | 35.243.959 | 20.884.520 | 56.128.479 | 44.790.958 |

Development costs are capitalized and is being depreciated over 5 years as this is the lifespan of all major releases. Development consist of new features etc to the Group's existing products.

| | Leasehold improvements | Other fixtures, etc. | TOTAL | 31/12 2018 |
|---|------------------------|-------------------------|-----------|------------|
| Cost at 1/1 2019 | 802.495 | 7.738.853 | 8.541.348 | 5.661.534 |
| Exchange rate adjustments | -25.196 | -23.691 | -48.887 | -95.961 |
| Additions for the year | 0 | 693.148 | 693.148 | 3.516.753 |
| Disposals for the year | -96.143 | -149.399 | -245.542 | -540.977 |
| COST AT 31/12 2019 | 681.157 | 8.258.910 | 8.940.067 | 8.541.348 |
| Depreciation and impairment at 1/1 2019 | 569.588 | 3.159.278 | 3.728.866 | 2.820.567 |
| Exchange rate adjustments | -657 | -7.318 | -7.975 | -44.115 |
| Depreciation for the year | 57.522 | 1.672.783 | 1.730.305 | 1.450.231 |
| Depreciation and impairment, | | | | |
| disposals for the year | -77.145 | -122.855 | -200.000 | -497.817 |
| DEPRECIATION AND IMPAIRMENT | | | | |
| AT 31/12 2019 | 549.308 | 4.701.888 | 5.251.196 | 3.728.866 |
| CARRYING AMOUNT AT 31/12 2019 | 131.849 | 3.557.022 | 3.688.871 | 4.812.482 |
| CAMITING AMOUNT AT 31/12 2013 | 151.843 | 3.337.022 | 3.000.071 | 4.012.402 |

6 Prepayments

Prepayments comprise prepaid rent, subscriptions and licenses.

7 Long-term liabilities other than provisions

| | 31/12 2019 | 31/12 2018 |
|----------------------------------|-------------|------------|
| Total debt: | | |
| Other payables | 33.798.805 | 34.085.424 |
| Convertible loan | 73.300.642 | 47.004.874 |
| | | |
| TOTAL | 107.099.447 | 81.090.298 |
| | | |
| Instalments next financial year: | | |
| Other payables | 1.115.835 | 804.953 |
| Convertible loan | 73.300.642 | 33.574.910 |
| | | |
| TOTAL | 74.416.477 | 34.379.863 |
| | | |
| Debt outstanding after 5 years: | | |
| Other payables | 2.097.566 | 6.710.877 |
| Convertible loan | 0 | 0 |
| | | |
| TOTAL | 2.097.566 | 6.710.877 |
| | | |

8 Assets charged and security

Company pledge, nom. DKK 33.500.000, in the Group's operating equipment, inventory, debtors, goodwill etc has been deposited as security for the Group's engagement with Vækstfonden.

9 Contractual obligations

The Group has entered into irrevobale leases concerning office rent. The remaining obligation amounts to DKK 7.507k.

The Group has entered into an irrevobale lease concerning equipment. The remaining obligation amounts to DKK 101k for the remaining 3-36 months.



Significant events occurring after end of reporting period

After the end of the reporting period the parent company has signed and closed an investment agreement with a new external investor amounting to EUR 15m in new equity.

Following this new investment all existing convertible debt have also been converted into equity in a total of DKK 72m. After closing the investment agreement with new investor and the debt conversion the equity is estimated to be between 85-95m DKK. To further strengthen the Company's position towards the SAP market, the company AgileSI have been acquired from Orange Cyberdeference.



PARENT COMPANY'S INCOME STATEMENT 1 JANUARY - 31 DECEMBER 2019

| Note | <u>. </u> | 2019 | 2018 |
|----------|--|-----------------------------------|--|
| | GROSS PROFIT/LOSS | 5.265.877 | -8.467.901 |
| 11 16 | Staff costs Amortisation, depreciation and impairment losses | -27.769.863 -1.119.213 | -29.756.909 -873.746 |
| | OPERATING PROFIT/LOSS | -23.623.199 | -39.098.555 |
| 12 13 | Income from investments in group enterprises Other financial income Impairment for loss of financial assets Other financial expenses | 0 3.076.110 0 -4.237.917 | -33.750 1.788.769 -8.491.031 -6.342.408 |
| | PROFIT/LOSS BEFORE TAX | -24.785.006 | -52.176.975 |
| 14 | Tax on profit/loss for the year | 3.483.865 | 7.028.884 |
| 15 | PROFIT/LOSS FOR THE YEAR | -21.301.141 | -45.148.091 |



PARENT COMPANY'S BALANCE SHEET AT 31 DECEMBER 2019 ASSETS

| Note | 31/12 2019 | 31/12 2018 |
|---|-------------|---------------------|
| 16,21 Other fixtures and fittings, tools and equipment 16,21 Leasehold improvements | 1.748.298 | 2.438.698 36.603 |
| PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT | 1.748.298 | 2.475.301 |
| | | |
| Deposits | 386.265 | 364.627 |
| 17 Investments in group enterprises | 9.270.947 | 9.270.947 |
| 14 Deferred tax assets | 11.471.291 | 12.971.911 |
| FIXED ASSET INVESTMENTS | 21.128.503 | 22.607.485 |
| | | |
| FIXED ASSETS | 22.876.801 | 25.082.786 |
| 21 Trade receivables | 25.022.218 | 22.962.770 |
| Receivables from group enterprises | 103.026.147 | 63.646.746 |
| Receivables from owners and management | 5.146.231 | 4.996.341 |
| Other receivables | 3.687.271 | 1.972.603 |
| Prepayments | 1.473.127 | 2.168.972 |
| RECEIVABLES | 138.354.994 | 95.747.432 |
| | | |
| CASH | 5.928.543 | 972.706 |
| CURRENT ASSETS | 144.283.537 | 96.720.138 |
| | | |
| | | |
| TOTAL ASSETS | 167.160.338 | 121.802.924 |



PARENT COMPANY'S BALANCE SHEET AT 31 DECEMBER 2019 EQUITY AND LIABILITIES

| Note | _ | 31/12 2019 | 31/12 2018 |
|------|--|-------------|-------------|
| | | | |
| | Share capital | 1.586.014 | 1.408.324 |
| | Share premium | 86.235.794 | 52.340.637 |
| | Retained earnings | -87.179.152 | -66.012.233 |
| | Proposed dividends for the financial year | 0 | 0 |
| | EQUITY | 642.656 | -12.263.272 |
| | | | |
| | Other payables | 32.682.970 | 33.280.471 |
| | Convertible loan | 0 | 13.429.964 |
| | | | |
| 19 | LONG-TERM LIABILITIES OTHER THAN PROVISIONS | 32.682.970 | 46.710.435 |
| | | | |
| 19 | Current portion of long-term liabilities other than provisions | 74.416.477 | 34.379.863 |
| | Prepayments received from customers | 38.684.265 | 32.840.094 |
| | Trade payables | 4.123.224 | 9.273.918 |
| | Payables to group enterprises | 10.321.090 | 2.732.569 |
| | Other payables | 6.289.656 | 8.129.317 |
| | SHORT-TERM LIABILITIES OTHER THAN PROVISIONS | 133.834.712 | 87.355.762 |
| | LIABILITIES OTHER THAN PROVISIONS | 166.517.682 | 134.066.197 |
| | ENGIETTES STITER THAT HOVISIONS | | 154.000.137 |
| | TOTAL EQUITY AND LIABILITIES | 167.160.338 | 121.802.924 |
| | TOTAL EQUIT AND LIABILITIES | 107.100.550 | 121.002.724 |

- 20 Contingent liabilities
- 21 Assets charged and security
- 22 Contractual obligations
- 23 Significant events occurring after end of reporting period
- 24 Related parties



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| | Share capital | Share premium | Retained earnings | Proposed dividends | TOTAL |
|---|----------------------|--------------------------|---|--------------------|---|
| Equity at 1/1 2018 Increase of capital Exchange rate adjustments Transferred from distribution of profit/loss | 1.408.324 | 52.340.637 | -20.901.758 -150.000 187.616 -45.148.091 | 0 | 32.847.203 -150.000 187.616 -45.148.091 |
| Equity at 1/1 2019 Increase of capital Exchange rate adjustments Transferred from distribution of profit/loss | 1.408.324 177.690 | 52.340.637 33.895.157 | -66.012.233 0 134.222 -21.301.141 | 0 | -12.263.272 34.072.847 134.222 -21.301.141 |
| Equity at 31/12 2019 | 1.586.014 | 86.235.794 | -87.179.152 | 0 | 642.656 |

Warrants

In the period up until 2019, certain key employees and equity investors have been granted warrants in LogPoint A/S. The warrants have been grated with a fixed strike price ranging from EUR 9.71 to EUR 24.60. No warrants have been exercised during 2019. Each warrant granted up until 2019 is subject to a vesting period of approximately 36 months running from time of allocation and can be exercised, in whole or in part, to purchase shares up until 2023.

In total the company has 150,095 outstanding warrants corresponding to 9.47% of the share capital.

Convertible notes

The company has issued Convertible notes to selected existing shareholders and new investors in 2019. In total the company has issued convertible notes amounted to DKK 56.9m. The convertible notes can be exercised between March 2019 to December 2020 at a variable price depending on the valuation at the time of conversion.

Referring to note 23 the parent company has after the end of the reporting period closed an investment with new investor and converted debt of a total of 169m DKK



| 11 | Staff costs | 2019 | 2018 |
|----|---|---|---|
| | Wages and salaries Pensions Other social security costs Other staff costs | 24.004.918 2.219.799 1.545.145 0 | 24.688.254 2.203.393 1.948.203 917.059 |
| | TOTAL | 27.769.863 | 29.756.909 |
| | Average number of full-time employees | 28 | 21 |
| | Referring to section 98 b(3) of the Danish Financial Statements Act, and Supervisory Boards has not been disclosed. | remuneration of Execu | utive |
| 12 | Other financial income | 2019 | 2018 |
| | Interest income from group enterprises Other financial income | 2.803.468 272.642 | 1.788.769 |
| | TOTAL | 3.076.110 | 1.788.769 |
| 13 | Other financial expenses | 2019 | 2018 |
| 13 | Other illiancial expenses | | |
| | Interest expenses to group enterprises Other financial expenses | 0 4.237.917 | 23.700 6.318.708 |
| | TOTAL | 4.237.917 | 6.342.408 |



14 Corporation tax and deferred tax

| | Income taxes | Deferred tax | Acc. to the inc. | 2018 |
|-----------------------------------|--------------------|----------------------|------------------|-------------|
| Payable at 1/1 2019 | 0 | -12.971.911 | | |
| Adjustment, previous years | -4.984.485 | 4.984.485 | 0 | 0 |
| Received 2019 | 4.984.485 | | | |
| Tax for the year | | -3.483.865 | -3.483.865 | -7.028.884 |
| PAYABLE AT 31/12 2019 | 0 | -11.471.291 | | |
| TAX ON PROFIT/LOSS FOR THE | YEAR | | -3.483.865 | -7.028.884 |
| Deferred tax is incumbent upor | the following asse | ets and liabilities: | | |
| | | | 31/12 2019 | 31/12 2018 |
| Tangible assets | | | -153.566 | -80.941 |
| Liabilities other than provisions | | | -4.063.461 | -3.295.348 |
| Unutilised losses | | | -7.254.264 | -9.595.621 |
| | | | | |
| TOTAL | | | -11.471.291 | -12.971.911 |

Deferred tax assets are measured at net realizable value, and are based on Management's best estimate of the ability to use losses etc. carried forward within a 3-5 years period. In the assessment, management has paid special attention to the initiatives implemented to reduce cash burn and the continuance in revenue growth, which is expected to make the Group profitable in 2022.

15 Distribution on profit/loss

| Proposed dividends for the financial year | 0 | 0 |
|---|-------------|-------------|
| Retained earnings | -21.301.141 | -45.148.091 |
| | | |
| PROFIT/LOSS FOR THE YEAR | 21.301.141 | -45.148.091 |



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| 16 | List of fixed assets, amortisation and depreciation, |
|----|--|
| | property, plant and equipment |

| | Leasehold improvements | Other fixtures, Etc | TOTAL | 31/12 2018 |
|---|------------------------|------------------------|-----------|------------|
| Cost at 1/1 2010 | 218.843 | 3.888.511 | 4.107.354 | 2.268.733 |
| Cost at 1/1 2019 | | | | |
| Exchange rate adjustments | 0 | -4.773 | -4.773 | -17.014 |
| Additions for the year | 0 | 441.809 | 441.809 | 2.379.168 |
| Disposals for the year | -96.143 | -149.399 | -245.542 | -523.533 |
| | | | | |
| COST AT 31/12 2019 | 122.700 | 4.176.148 | 4.298.848 | 4.107.354 |
| | | | | |
| Depreciation and impairment at 1/1 2019 | 182.240 | 1.449.813 | 1.632.053 | 1.244.632 |
| Exchange rate adjustments | 0 | -717 | -717 | -5.951 |
| Depreciation for the year | 17.604 | 1.101.608 | 1.119.213 | 873.746 |
| Depreciation and impairment, | | | | |
| disposals for the year | -77.144 | -122.855 | -199.999 | -480.373 |
| | | | | |
| DEPRECIATION AND IMPAIRMENT | | | | |
| AT 31/12 2019 | 122.700 | 2.427.850 | 2.550.550 | 1.632.053 |
| | | | | |
| CARRYING AMOUNT AT 31/12 2019 | 0 | 1.748.298 | 1.748.298 | 2.475.301 |



17 Investments in group enterprises

| | Group enterprises |
|--|----------------------------|
| Cost at 1/1 2019 Additions for the year Disposals for the year | 9.270.947 0 <u>0</u> |
| COST AT 31/12 2019 | 9.270.947 |
| CARRYING AMOUNT AT 31/12 2019 | 9.270.947 |

Investments in group enterprises comprise:

| | Registered in | Corporate form | Equity interest % |
|--------------------------|---------------|----------------|----------------------|
| Immune ApS | Denmark | ApS | 100 |
| LogPoint GmbH | Germany | GmbH | 100 |
| LogPoint Ltd. | UK | Ltd. | 100 |
| LogPoint France SAS | France | SAS | 100 |
| LogPoint Inc | USA | Inc | 100 |
| LogPoint Nepal Pvt. Ltd. | Nepal | Ltd. | 100 |

18 Prepayments

Prepayments comprise prepaid rent, subscriptions and licenses.



19 Long-term liabilities other than provisions

| | 31/12 2019 | 31/12 2018 |
|----------------------------------|-------------|------------|
| <u>Total debt:</u> | | |
| Other payables | 33.798.805 | 34.085.424 |
| Convertible loan | 73.300.642 | 47.004.874 |
| | | |
| TOTAL | 107.099.447 | 81.090.298 |
| | | |
| Instalments next financial year: | | |
| Other payables | 1.115.835 | 804.953 |
| Convertible loan | 73.300.642 | 33.574.910 |
| | | |
| TOTAL | 74.416.477 | 34.379.863 |
| | | |
| Debt outstanding after 5 years: | | |
| Other payables | 2.097.566 | 6.710.877 |
| Convertible loan | 0 | 0 |
| | | |
| TOTAL | 2.097.566 | 6.710.877 |

20 Contingent liabilities

The company is jointly taxed with other danish group companies and is jointly liable with the other danish group companies for payable and unsettled corporation and withholding taxes. The total amount for payable corporate tax is shown in the annual report for LogPoint A/S. Any subsequent corrections to the corporate tax and withholding taxes on royalties, interest and dividends can lead to a higher liability for the Company.

21 Assets charged and security

Company pledge, nom. DKK 30.500.000, in the Company's operating equipment, inventory, debtors, goodwill etc has been deposited as security for the parent company's engagement with Vækstfonden.



22 Contractual obligations

The Company has entered into an irrevobale lease concerning office rent. The remaining obligation amounts to DKK 2.724k for the remaining 42 months.

The Company has entered into an irrevobale lease concerning equipment. The remaining obligation amounts to DKK 90k for the remaining 6-25 months.

23 Significant events occurring after end of reporting period

After the end of the reporting period the parent company has signed and closed an investment agreement with a new external investor amounting to EUR 15m in new equity.

Following this new investment all existing convertible debt have also been converted into equity in a total of DKK 72m. After closing the investment agreement with new investor and the debt conversion the equity is estimated to be between 155-165m DKK. To further strengthen the Company's position towards the SAP market, the company AgileSI have been acquired from Orange Cyberdeference.

24 Related parties

The Company's related parties comprise mangement, shareholders and subsidiaries.

No diclosures of transactions with related parties as Management believes that all transactions with related parties has been carried out on arms length basis.

