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DK Trading Esbjerg ApS Rolfsgade 123 6700 Esbjerg

CVR-nummer 26 12 26 35

**Group Report and Annual Report 2021/2022** 

The Group Report and Annual Report have been submitted and presented to the company's Annual General Meeting on 9. September 2022

Jens C. Jespersen

Chairman



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## **Company information**

## Company

DK Trading Esbjerg ApS Rolfsgade 123

6700 Esbjerg

Domicile: Esbjerg

CVR-nummer: 26 12 26 35

Fiscal year: 1 July 2021 - 30 June 2022

#### **Board**

Jens C. Jespersen

Jesper C. H. Jespersen

Casper T. Ottesen

## **Senior Management**

Jesper C. H. Jespersen

Casper T. Ottesen

## Group

DK Trading Esbjerg ApS, CVR-nr. 26 12 26 35 (Parent company)

DK Trading Ejendomme ApS, CVR-nr. 35 41 19 25 (100% owned subsidiary)

## **Auditor**

Dansk Revision Esbjerg

Approved Auditing Limite Liability Company

Smedevej 33

6710 Esbjerg V





## Management

The Board and the senior management have on the present date reviewed and approved the Group Report and Annual Report for 1 July 2021 - 30 June 2022 for DK Trading ApS.

The Group Report and the Annual Report are being submitted in accordance with the Danish Annual Accounts Act.

It is our perception that the Group Report and the Annual Report provide a fair and true picture of the company's assets liabilities and financial position as at 30 June 2022 and of the results of the activities of the group and the company as well as the cash flows for the fiscal year of 1 June 2021 — 30 June 2022.

The management report contains in our perception a fair and true explanation of those conditions that the report addresses.

The group report and the annual report are being submitted to the Annual General Meeting for approval.

Esbjerg, 9. September 2022

**Senior Management:** 

esper H. Jospersen

Casper 1. Ottesen

Board:

Chairman

Jesper C. H. Jesperser







## Independent auditor's opinion

#### To equity capital owner of DK Trading Esbjerg ApS

#### Conclusion

We have audited the group annual accounts and the annual accounts for DK Trading Esbjerg ApS for the fiscal year of 1 July 2021 - 30 June 2022, which encompasses the income statement, balance sheet and notes, including the accounting practices used. The group annual accounts and the annual accounts have been prepared pursuant to the Danish Annual Accounts Act.

It is our perception that the group accounts and annual accounts provide a fair and true picture of the assets, liabilities and financial position of the group and the company as at 30 June 2022 as well as of the results of the activities of the group and the company for the fiscal year of 1 July 2021 — 30 June 2022 in accordance with the Annual Accounts Act.

#### **Basis for conclusion**

We have conducted our audit in accordance with international standards for auditing and those additional requirements that are applicable in Denmark. Our responsibility pursuant to these standards and requirements is described in further detail in the section in the auditor's opinion entitled "Auditor's responsibility for the auditing of the annual accounts". We are independent of the group and the company in accordance with international ethics rules for auditors (IESBA Ethics Rules) and those additional requirements that are applicable in Denmark, and we have also fulfilled our other ethics obligations with respect to these rules and requirements. It is our perception that the auditing evidence obtained is sufficient and suitable as a basis for our conclusion.

# Management's responsibility for the Consolidated Financial Statement and the Parent Company Financial Statement

The management bears the responsibility for the preparation of group annual accounts and annual accounts that provide a fair and true picture in accordance with the Danish Annual Accounts Act. The management moreover bears the responsibility for the internal controls that the management deem to be necessary in order to prepare the group annual accounts and annual accounts without significant erroneous information, regardless of whether such is sue to fraud or errors.

In the preparation of the group annual accounts and the annual accounts, the management is responsible for evaluating the capability of the group and the company to continue operating, providing information on conditions concerning continued operation, where such is relevant and for preparing the group accounts and annual accounts on the basis of the accounting principle of continued operation, unless the management either has the intent to liquidate the group and the company, halt operations or has no other realistic alternative than to do so.

## Auditor's responsibility for the auditing of Consolidated Financial Statement and the Parent Company Financial Statement

Our goal is to obtain a high degree of certainty that group annual accounts and annual accounts as a whole are without significant erroneous information, regardless of whether thus is due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's opinion with a conclusion. A high degree of certainty is a high level of certainty, but is no guarantee





## Independent auditor's opinion

that an audit that is conducted in accordance with international standards for auditing and those additional requirements that are applicable in Denmark will always detect significant erroneous information when such exists. Erroneous information may arise due to fraud or to errors and can be regarded as being significant if it can reasonably be expected that they individually or collectively have an effect on the financial decisions that the users of accounting information make on the basis of the group annual accounts and the annual accounts.

As an element of an audit that is conducted in accordance with international standards concerning auditing and those further requirements that are applicable in Denmark, we perform technical assessments and maintain professional scepticism during the audit. This includes:

- Identification and evaluation by us of the risk of significant erroneous information in the group annual accounts and the annual accounts regardless of whether such is due to fraud or errors, formulating and performing auditing activities as a reaction to these risks and obtaining auditing evidence that is sufficient and suitable to form a basis for our conclusion. The risk of not detecting significant erroneous information caused by fraud is higher than for significant erroneous information caused by errors in that fraud can encompass conspiracies, document falsification, conscious omissions, misrepresentations or neglect of internal controls.
- We obtain an understanding of the internal controls that are relevant to the auditing in order to be able to formulate auditing activities that are suitable for the circumstances, but not in order to be able to express a conclusion concerning the effectiveness of the internal controls of the group and the company.
- We take a position on whether the accounting practices that have been used by the management are suitable, as well as whether the accounting-related estimates and associated information that the management has prepared are reasonable.
- We draw a conclusion on whether the management's preparation of the group annual accounts and the annual accounts on the basis of the accounting principle of continued operation is appropriate, and whether on the basis of the auditing evidence obtained whether there is significant uncertainty associated with events or conditions that can create significant doubts as to the ability of the group and the company to continue operating. If we conclude that there is significant uncertainty, we must in our auditor's opinion draw attention to the information concerning such in the group annual accounts and the annual accounts or, if such information is not sufficient, modify our conclusion. Our conclusions are based upon the auditing evidence that has been obtained up to the date of our auditor's opinion. Future events or conditions can however involve that the group and the company are no longer able to continue operating.
- We take a position on the overall presentation, structure and content of the group annual accounts and the
  annual accounts, including the information in the notes, as well as whether the group annual accounts and annual accounts reflect the underlying transactions and events in a manner such that a fair and true picture of such
  is provided.





## Independent auditor's opinion

We do obtain sufficient and suitable audit evidence for the financial information for the companies or busineses
activities in the group for use in expressing a conclusion about the consolidated account. We are responsible for
leading, supervising and carrying out the group audit. We are solely responsible for our audit conclusion.

We communicate with the upper management concerning among other things that planned scope and the scheduling of the audit as well as significant auditing-related observations, including any possible significant deficiencies in internal controls that we identify during the audit.

## Statement on the management report

The management is responsible for the management report. Our conclusion on the group annual accounts and the annual accounts does not encompass the management report and we are expressing no form of conclusion concerning the reliability of the management report.

In connection with our audit of the group annual accounts and the annual accounts, it is our responsibility to read the management report and in this connection consider whether the management report has significant inconsistencies with the group annual accounts and the annual accounts or with our knowledge obtained from the audit or in some other manner seems to contain significant erroneous information.

Our responsibility is in addition to consider whether the management report contains the required information with respect to the Danish Annual Accounts Act.

Based on the work performed, it is our perception that the management report is in accordance with the group annual accounts and the annual accounts and has been prepared in accordance with the requirements of the Danish Annual Accounts Act. We have not found significant erroneous information in the management report.

Esbjerg V, 9. September 2022

## **Dansk Revision Esbjerg**

Approved Auditing Limited Liability Company, CVR No. 26993695

Registered Public Accountant

mne1076





## Management report

#### Main activity

The group's main activity has as in previous years been to conduct trading, including importing and exporting of food items for the B2B segment.

#### Trend in activities and financial situation

The group and the parent company have continued their normal operating activities.

Beyond that there have been no isolated occurrences in the financial year, which are of such a significant nature that they should be mentioned in the management report.

The trend for the year and results are deemed to be satisfactory.

## Events after the end of the fiscal year

No events have occurred after the end of the fiscal year that will significantly affect the evaluation of the conditions of the group and the parent company.

#### **Expected trend**

The company expects a positive result for the coming financial year 2022/2023.

### Risk profile and risk management

There are no special risks in the industry of the group and parent company, which include business-related and financial risks that the enterprise can be affected by.

### **External environment effects**

The group does not affect the external environment.

## Research and development activities

No special research or development activities exist in or for the group.

## The results in comparison with prior expectations

The year's results correspond to the expectations.





## Main and key figures

Group	2021/22	2020/21	2019/20	2018/19	2017/18
Income statement	1.000 DKK				
Gross income	18.119	14.497	14.315	16.162	18.196
Results from primary operations	6.531	5.148	4.199	4.554	6.055
Results from financial items	-60	-72	-50	-46	-39
Results for the year	5.018	3.930	3.211	3.382	4.685
Balance sheet					
Fixed assets	6.074	6.124	6.107	6.265	6.472
Investment in fixed assets	234	249	0	0	0
Current assets	49.628	41.572	40.068	49.800	45.605
Total assets - balance sheet total	55.702	47.696	46.175	56.064	52.077
Equity	28.262	26.244	25.313	25.103	24.720
Provisions for obligations	64	29	63	36	-47
Long-term liabilities	2.248	2.404	2.445	1.448	1.556
Short-term liabilities	25.128	19.019	18.355	29.478	25.847
Key figure in %					
Return on assets	11,7	10,8	9,1	8,1	11,6
Results before financial items in per- cent of all assets					
Curent ratio	197,5	218,6	218,3	168,9	176,4
Current assets in percent of short-term	157,5	210,0		,-	•
Solvency ratio	50,7	55,0	54,8	45,0	47,5
Ending equity in percent of total asset					
Return on equity	18,4	15,3	12,8	14,1	19,3
Ordinary results after taxes in percent of average equity capital					
Employees	10	10	10	11	11





		Grou	Jp.	Pare	nt
Notes	Income statement	2021/22	2020/21	2021/22	2020/21
		DKK	1.000 DKK	DKK	1.000 DKK
	Period of 1. januar - 31. december				
	Gross income	18.118.734	14.497	17.843.039	14.226
1	Personnel costs	-11.304.008	-9.117	-11.304.008	-9.117
	Depreciation and writedowns	-283.848	232	-164.838	-113
	Results from primary operations	6.530.878	5.148	6.374.194	4.996
	Income from participating interests in affiliated enterprises	0	0	59.867	55
2	Other financial income	7.327	18	45.376	55
3	Other financial expenses	-67.818		-54.876	-74
	Results before taxes	6.470.387	5.076	6.424.561	5.032
4	Tax on the year's results	-1.452.112	-1.146	-1.406.286	-1.102
	Results for the year	5.018.275	3.930	5.018.275	3.930
5	Proposal for allocation of results:				
	Proposed dividend	6.000.000	3.000		
	Retained earnings	-981.725	930		
	Total results allocation	5.018.275	3.930		





		Grou	qu	Parent	
Notes	Balance sheet	2021/22	2020/21	2021/22	2020/21
		DKK	1.000 DKK	DKK	1.000 DKK
	Assets as at 31. December				
	Land and buildings	5.675.085	5.778	0	0
	Other plant, operating equipment, fixtures and fittings Interior decorating of leased	372.513	315	340.063	266 31
	premises	26.112	31	26.112	
6	Tangible fixed assets	6.073.710	6.124	366.175	297
7	Participating interests in affiliated enterprises  Financial fixed assets	0	0 0	303.230 303.230	244 <b>244</b>
	Total fixed assets	6.073.710	6.124	669.406	541
	Commercial products	14.996.362	11.053	14.996.362	11.053
	Commercial products	14.996.362	11.053	14.996.362	11.053
	Receivables from sales and services provided	29.204.811	23.061	29.204.811	23.062
	Receivables from affiliated enterprises	0	0	4.094.793	3.992
	Other receivables	1.710.649	1.712	1.706.775	1.707
8	Receivable taxes from affiliated enterprises Accrued income and deferred expenses	0 222.509	0 220	91.018 379.709	93 377
	Receivables	31.137.969	24.993	35.477.106	29.231
			× 2		
	Other securities and investments	26.945	29	26.945	29
	Cash	3.467.095	5.497	3.288.358	5.489
	Total current assets	49.628.371	41.572	53.788.771	45.802
	Total assets	55.702.081	47.696	54.458.177	46.343





		Group		Parent	
Notes	Balance sheet	2021/22	2020/21	2021/22	2020/21
		DKK	1.000 DKK	DKK	1.000 DKK
	Liabilities as at 31. December				
	Company capital	200.000	200	200.000	200
	Reserve for net revaluations pursuant to inner value	0	0	223.269	163
	Transferred from the results for the Proposed dividends for the fiscal	22.061.788	23.044	21.838.519	22.880
	year	6.000.000	3.000	6.000.000	3.000
	Equity	28.261.788	26.244	28.261.788	26.243
9	Reserves deferred tax	64.007	29	56.868	23
	Reserves	64.007	29	56.868	23
	Nesel ves	04.007		301000	
	Company tax	1.137.186	1.179	1.137.186	1.180
					0
	Credit institutions	1.110.891	1.225	0	
10	Long-terms liabilities	2.248.077	2.404	1.137.186	1.180
	Credit institutions	112.375	111	0	0
	Company tax	505.683	190	505.683	190
	Suppliers of goods and services	18.156.004	13.251	18.142.504	13.240
	Other debt	6.354.147	5.467	6.354.147	5.467
	Short-term liabilities	25.128.209	19.019	25.002.335	18.897
	Debts and deferred obligations in				
	total	27.440.293	21.452	26.139.521	20.100
	Total liabilities	55.702.081	47.696	54.458.177	46.343

<sup>11</sup> Contingent liabilities





<sup>12</sup> Mortgages and security posted

<sup>13</sup> Closely related parties, transactions and dertermining influence

	Group		Parent	
Equity	2021/22	2020/21	2021/22	2020/21
•	DKK	1.000 DKK	DKK	1.000 DKK
Beginning balance	200.000	200	200.000	200
Company capital in total	200.000	200	200.000	200
Beginning balance	23.043.513	22.114	23.043.513	22.114
The year's retained earnings	-981.725	930	-1.041.592	875
Other equity capital movements	0	0	59.867	55
Total retained earnings	22.061.788	23.044	22.061.788	23.044
Proposed dividend beginning of the				
year	3.000.000	3.000	3.000.000	3.000
Paid dividend	-3.000.000	-3.000	-3.000.000	-3.000
Dividends for the year	6.000.000	3.000	3.000.000	3.000
Total proposed dividends	6.000.000	3.000	3.000.000	3.000
Total equity capital	28.261.788	26.244	25.038.519	26.244

The company capital is divided up into 200 shares with a nominal value of 1.000 DKK.





Financial income

Financial costs

**Adjustments** 

Interest paid etc.

Total interest etc.

Assets Sales of tangible fixed

Change in long-term liabilities

Change in cash equivalents

Dividends disbursed

Cash flow from investment activity

Cash flow from investment activity

Taxes paid

results

Group 2020/21 **Cash flow statement** 2021/22 1.000 DKK DKK 5.018.275 3.930 Resultat of the year 232 283.848 Depreciation, fixed assets income -18 -7.327 90 67.818 Financial income Tax on the year's 1.452.152 1.146 1.796.491 1.451 -3.943.451 600 Change in stock in trade -1.859 Change in receivables -6.421.525 917 Change in short-term obligations 5.994.330 -342 -4.370.646 Change in operating capital 7 7.327 Interest received and the like -90 -65.438 -84 -58.111 -611 -1.068.369 4.344 1.317.640 Cash flow from operating activity

Beginning cash	5.525.666	5.258
Ending cash	3.494.041	5.526
Change in cash	-2.031.625	268





-249

-249

-827

-3.000

-3.827

268

-233.515

-233.515

-115.750

-3.000.000

-3.115.750

-2.031.625

or trading conjerg Apo		Group		Parent	
Notes		2021/22	2020/21	2021/22	2020/21
		DKK	1.000 DKK	DKK	1.000 DKK
1	Personnel expenses				
	Wages and remuneration	9.954.397	7.842	9.954.397	7.842
	Pensions	1.119.761	1.115	1.119.761	1.115
	Other expenses for social insurance	86.456	74	86.456	74
	Other personnel expenses	143.394	85	143.394	85
	· -	11.304.008	9.116	11.304.008	9.116
	Average number of hired employees	10	10	10	1
	Remuneration for Board and senior management comprises	4.852.064	5.216	4.852.064	5.21
	Pursuant to the Danish Annual Accounts Act, section 98 b, subsection 3, management remuneration is specified in total for the Board and the senior	,			
	management since the information would otherwise cause amounts to be shown for an individual member of a management category.				
2	Other financial income				
	Financial income, affiliated entreprises	0	0	38.049	3
	Other financial income	7.327	18	7.327	1
	_	7.327	18	45.376	5
3	Other financial expenses				
	Other financial expenses	-67.818	90	-54.876	
	=	-67.818		-54.876	7
4	Tax on the year's results				
	Tax on the year's taxable income	1.417.146	1.180	1.372.515	1.13
	Change for the year in deferred taxes	34.966	-34	33.771	-3
	taxes	1.452.112	1.146	1.406.286	1.10
5	Proposal for allocation of results:				
	Proposed dividend	6.000.000	3.000	6.000.000	3.0
	Year's provision for reserves for net revaluations pursuant to the inner value method	0	0	59.867	!
	Retained earnings	-981.725	930	-1.041.592	8
	_	5.018.275	3.930	5.018.275	3.9





Notes		2021/22 DKK	2021/22 DKK	2021/22 DKK	
6	Tangible fixed assets Group	Other plant, operating equipment,	Interior decorating of leased	Land and buildings	
		DKK	DKK	DKK	
	Beginning cost price	1.152.989	342.062	6.571.962	
	Acquisitions for the year	233.515	0	0	
	Ending cost price	1.386.504	342.062	6.571.962	
	Beginning depreciation	-837.883	-310.997	-794.090	
	Depreciation for the year	-176.108	-4.953	-102.787	
	Ending depreciation	-1.013.991	-315.950	-896.877	
	Accounting-related ending value	372.513	26.112	5.675.085	
		Gro	up	Par	ent
		2021/22	2020/21	2021/22	2020/21
		DKK	1.000 DKK	DKK	1.000 DKK
7	Participating interests in affiliated en	iterprises			
	Beginning cost price	0	0	80.000	8
	Ending cost price	0	0	80.000	8
	Beginning value adjustments	0	0	163.402	10
	Year's results after taxes	0	0	59.828	5
	Ending value adjustments	0	0	223.230	16
	-				
	Accounting-related ending value	0	0	303.230	24
			<b>O</b> , (a)	303.230	24



DK Trading Ejendomme ApS



Esbjerg (DK)

100%

Group			Parent	
2021/22	2020/21	2021/22	2020/21	
DKK	1.000 DKK	DKK	1.000 DKK	
	2021/22	2021/22 2020/21	2021/22 2020/21 2021/22	

## 8 Accrued income and deferred expenses

Accrued income and deferred expenses are comprised of prepaid expenses concerning the subsequent years.

## 9 Deferred tax

S <del>-</del>	64.007	29	56.868	23
Adjustment for the year, income statement	34.966	-34	33.771	-32
Beginning balance	29.041	63	23.097	55

## 10 Long-term liabilities

Portion of long-term liabilities falling due after 5 years:

Credit institutions Other	658.395	780	0	0
	658.395	780	0	0





### **Notes**

## 11 Contingent liabilities

The company has leasing obligations as at 30 June 2022 DKK 422.508 - Which falls due within 12 months. The company has a rent obligations at 30. June 2022- amounts to DKK 157.200.

## 12 Mortgages and security posted

As security for debts to mortgage banks, a mortgage has been granted on land and buildings for a total of TDKK 1.335. The accounting-related value of the land and buildings as at 30. June 2022 comprises TDKK 5.675.

## 13 Closely related parties, transactions and determining influence

Determining influence:
Main shareholder, Board member and senior executive;
Jesper C. H. Jespersen
Vesterhavsgade 6
6700 Esbjerg

Determining influence:

Main shareholder, Board member and senior executive:
Casper T. Ottesen
Jollen 3
6710 Esbjerg V

Other closely related parties: Subsidiary: DK Trading Ejendomme ApS Rolfsgade 123 6700 Esbjerg





#### General

The group report and annual report have been submitted in accordance with the provisions of the Danish Annual Accounts Act for a medium size class C enterprise.

The annual accounts have been submitted in accordance with the same accounting principles as last year.

#### **Group annual accounts**

The group annual accounts encompass the parent company DK Trading Esbjergs ApS and subsidiaries in which DK Trading Esbjerg ApS directly or indirectly possesses more than 50 of the voting rights or in some other manner has determining influence.

In the consolidation, elimination is performed of internal group incomes and expenses, shareholdings, internal intercompany accounts and dividends as well as realised services and losses on transactions between consolidated enterprises.

Participating interests in subsidiaries are adjusted by the proportionate share of the subsidiary's current value of its net assets and liabilities at the point in time of their acquisition.

#### In general concerning inclusion in calculations and measurement

Assets are included on the balance sheet when it is probable that future financial benefits will accrue to the company, and the asset's value can be measured reliably.

Liabilities are included on the balance sheet when it is probable that future financial resources will leave the company and the value of the liability can be measured reliably.

When initially included, assets and liabilities are measured at cost price. Subsequently, assets and liabilities are measured as described for each individual accounting item below.

The inclusion and measurement takes into account foreseeable losses and risks that have appeared before the annual report was submitted, and which confirm or refute conditions that existed on the date of the balance sheet.

Income is included in the income statement in step with it being earned, which includes the inclusion of value adjustments of financial assets and liabilities that are measured at current value or their amortised cost price. In addition, expenses are included that have been defrayed to achieve the year's income, including depreciation, write-downs and allocations to reserves as well as reversals in consequence of changed accounting-related estimates of amounts that have previously been included in the income statement.

#### **Conversion of foreign currencies**

Transactions in foreign currencies during the course of the year are converted at the exchange rate on the day of the transaction. Receivables, liabilities and other items in foreign currencies that have not been settled as at the date of the balance sheet are converted at the exchange rate on the date of the balance sheet.

Realised and unrealised currency adjustments are included in the income statement under financial items.





Financial instruments are not used for hedging of the corresponding value in DKK of balance sheet items in foreign currencies as well as future transactions in foreign currencies.

#### Income statement

#### **Net sales**

Net sales are included on the income statement if delivery and transfer of risk to the purchaser takes place before the end of the fiscal year. Net sales is included excl. VAT and with a deduction of discounts in connection with the sale.

#### **Gross income**

Net sales less goods consumed, direct expenses and other external expenses are aggregated in the item "Gross income".

#### Other external expenses

Other external expenses encompass expenses for distribution, sales, advertising, administration, premises, losses on debtors, operational leasing expenses, etc.

#### Leasing expenses

Leasing payments on contracts that are not financial leases and other lease agreements are recognized in the income statement over the term of the contracts. The company's total liabilities regarding lease and lease agreements are disclosed under contractual obligations and contingent liabilities.

### Personnel expenses

Personnel expenses encompass wages and salaries as well as social expenses, pensions, etc. for the company's personnel.

## Financial revenues and expenses

Financial items encompass interest income and interest expenses as well as supplements and restitution concerning on account tax arrangements, adjustment value shares etc.

#### Results from affiliated enterprises

Results from affiliated enterprises are included in the income statement at their proportionate share of the results of the enterprise after adjustments of internal profits or losses.

#### Tax on the year's results

The year's taxes, which comprise the year's relevant taxes and the year's difference in deferred taxes, are included in the income statement for that portion that can be attributed to the year's results and directly in the equity capital for that part that can be attributed to items directly under the equity capital.

The company is encompassed by the Danish rules concerning mandatory joint taxation of the parent company and the Danish subsidiaries. The company is the administrative company for the joint taxation and in consequence of this settles all payments of company tax with the tax authorities.





The relevant Danish company tax is distributed by settlement of joint taxation contributions between the jointly taxed enterprises in relation to the taxable incomes of such. In connection with this, companies with a tax-related deficit receive a joint taxation contribution from enterprises that have been able to utilise this deficit (full distribution).

#### **Balance sheet**

#### Tangible fixed assets

Tangible fixed assets are measured at cost price with the deduction of accumulated depreciation. Linear depreciation is performed based upon an evaluation of the expected periods of use and residual values of the individual assets. Land is not depreciated.

The basis for depreciation is the cost price with the deduction of the expected residual value after its period of use ends. The cost price encompasses the acquisition price as well as expenses directly related to the acquisition up to the point in time when the asset is ready to be placed into service.

Expected periods of use are included as follows:

Interior decorating of leased premises 10 years — residual value 0% 20-100 years — residual value 0% Other plant, operating equipment, fixtures and fittings 3-7 years — residual value 0%

Profits and losses upon disposals of tangible fixed assets are calculated as the difference between the sales price with the deduction of sales expenses and the accounting-related value at the point in time of the sale. Profits and losses are included in the income statement under other operating income or other operating expenses.

## Write-downs of fixed assets

Land is not amortized.

The accounting-related value of both intangible as well as tangible fixed assets is assessed annually for indications of value deterioration beyond what is expressed through depreciation.

If indications do exist of value deterioration, then a write-down test is performed of each individual asset and group of assets, respectively. Write-downs are performed to the recovery value, if such is lower than the accounting-related value.

The higher of the net sales price and the capital value are used as the recovery value. The capital value is calculated as the present value of the expected net revenues from use of the asset or asset group.

## Financial fixed assets

Participating interests in subsidiaries are included as per the inner value method. The portion of results for the year is included in the income statement. On the balance sheet, the proportionate ownership stake of the accounting-related inner value is measured and settled pursuant to the parent company's accounting practices, corrected for unrealised group-internal profits or losses.





The total net revaluations in affiliated enterprises are allocated via the surplus distribution to "Reserve for net revaluation as per inner value method" under the equity capital. The reserve is reduced by dividend allocations to the parent company and adjusted by other equity capital movements in affiliated enterprises.

#### Stock in trade

Stock in trade is measured at cost price based on the FIFO method. In instances where the cost price is higher than the net total value realised, it is written down to this lower value.

The cost price for goods for resale encompasses the acquisition price with the addition of delivery costs.

The net realisation value for stock in trade is calculated as the sales price less expenses that are defrayed in order to effectuate the sale, and are set with regard to the marketability, obsoleteness and trend in the expected sales price.

#### Receivables

Receivables are measures in the balance sheet at their amortised cost price, which usually corresponds to their nominal value. The value is reduced by write-downs to meet expected losses after an evaluation of the individual receivables.

#### Accrued income and deferred expenses

Accrued income and deferred expenses that are included under assets encompass expenses defrayed concerning subsequent fiscal years.

#### Other securities and investments

Other securities and investments under current assets are measured at fair value (market price) at the balance sheet date. Unlisted equity investments are measured at cost or the lower value they have at the balance sheet date. Dividends and / or interest received, as well as realized exchange gains and losses, are recognized in the item "Financial income".

#### Cash

Encompasses cash

#### Liabilities

Liabilities are measured at an amortised cost price corresponding to their nominal value.

## Tax payable and deferred tax

Relevant tax liabilities and receivable current tax are measured on the balance sheet as calculated tax on the year's taxable income adjusted for tax on taxable incomes of prior years and for tax paid on account.





Deferred tax is measured as per the balance sheet-oriented liability method of temporary differences between the accounting-related and tax-related value of assets and liabilities. Deferred tax is measured in the basis of the taxation rules and taxation rates that as per the statutes that will be applicable on the date of the balance sheet, when the deferred tax is expected to be converted to current tax. Changes in deferred taxes due to changes in tax rates are included in the income statement.

Deferred tax assets, including the tax value of tax-related deficits entitled to be carried forward, are measured at the value at which the asset is expected to be able to be realised, either by compensation in taxes for future positive taxable income or by offsetting in deferred tax liabilities within the same legal taxation entity. Any possible deferred net tax assets are measured at net realisation value.

#### Cash flow statement

The cash flow statement has been compiled as per the indirect method and shows cash flows from operation, investments and financing as well as cash equivalents at the year's beginning and end.

Cash flow from operations is calculated as the year's results adjusted for non-liquidity-related operating items and changes to the operating capital.

Cash flow from investments encompasses purchases and sales of fixed assets, as well as the dividends. Cash flow from financing encompasses the taking out of and payments on long-term liabilities.

Cash equivalents encompasses cash and short-term securities, which can be converted to cash without impediments, and for which there is only an insignificant risk of value changes, with the deduction of short-term debt to credit institutions.



