

OHJR INTERNATIONAL COUNSEL ApS

Store Kongensgade 40D 2
1264 København K

Annual report
1 January 2019 - 31 December 2019

**The annual report has been presented and
approved on the company's general meeting the**

20/07/2020

Michael Møller
Chairman of general meeting

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Company information

Reporting company OHJR INTERNATIONAL COUNSEL ApS
Store Kongensgade 40D 2
1264 København K

CVR-nr: 26113636

Reporting period: 01/01/2019 - 31/12/2019

Statement by Management

Management has today considered and approved the annual report for the financial year 01. January 2019 - 31. December 2019 for OHJR INTERNATIONAL COUNSEL ApS.

The annual report is presented in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act.

Management believes that the financial statements give a true and fair view of the company's assets, liabilities and financial position and of the result.

The annual report is submitted for approval by the General Assembly.

Management considers the conditions for opting out of audit to be met.

Copenhagen, the 30/06/2020

Management

Zubaidah Binte Jaffar O'Reilly

Michael John O'Reilly

Management's Review

Principal activities

The Company's object is to conduct trade and financial activities, including the acquisition of and investment in share capital as a holding company in Danish and foreign companies, and any other similar business in accordance with the decision of the management board.

Development in activities and economic conditions

The Company considers the results for the year to be in line with expectation.

Events after closing of the accounts

No events have occurred after the year-end of the financial year that may have a significant impact on the financial position of the Company.

Accounting Policies

The annual report has been prepared in accordance with the regulation applying to Reporting class B.

GENERAL

Income is recognised in the income statement as and when it is earned, including recognition of value adjustments of financial assets and liabilities. Any costs, including depreciation, amortisation and impairment, are also recognised in the income statement.

Assets are recognised in the balance sheet when it is likely that future economic benefits will accrue to the Company and the value of the asset can be measured reliably.

Liabilities are recognised in the balance sheet when it is likely that future economic benefits will not accrue to the Company and the value of the liability can be measured reliably.

The initial recognition measures assets and liabilities at cost. Subsequently, assets and liabilities are measured as described in the following for each item.

Certain financial assets and liabilities are measured at amortised cost, recognising a constant yield to maturity. Amortised cost is stated at initial cost less any deductions and with addition/deduction of the accumulated amortisation on the difference between cost and nominal amount.

The recognition and measurement takes into account predictable losses and risks arising before the year-end reporting and which prove or disprove matters that existed at the balance sheet date.

The carrying amount of intangible and tangible fixed assets should be estimated annually to determine if there is any indication of impairment in excess of the amount reflected by normal amortisation or depreciation. If this is the case, write-down should be made to the lower recoverable amount.

The Annual Report has been prepared in GBP.

INCOME STATEMENT

Administrative and external expenses

Administrative expenses comprise expenses incurred during the year for management and administration. Also in this items are write-downs for bad debt losses.

Financial income and financial expenses

Financial income and financial expenses include interest, financial expenses in connection with capital leases, realised and unrealised exchange rate gains and losses of securities, loans and transactions in foreign currencies, write-off of financial assets and financial commitments, and on account transactions, etc.

Financial income and expenses are recognised in the income statement with the amounts concerning the financial year.

Dividend from investments is recognised as income in the year the dividend is declared.

Tax for the year

The tax for the year consists of the current tax and the deferred tax for the year. The tax relating to the results is recognised in the income statement, whereas the tax directly relating to equity entries is taken directly to equity.

BALANCE SHEET

Receivables

Receivables are measured at amortised cost. The value will be reduced by the provision for bad debts.

Current tax and deferred tax

Current tax liabilities and tax receivables are recognised in the balance sheet as calculated tax of taxable income for the financial year adjusted for the tax paid in previous years and paid tax on account.

Deferred tax is measured on all temporary differences arising between the tax values of assets and liabilities and their carrying amounts in the financial statements.

Deferred tax assets, including the tax value of tax loss carry-forwards, are measured at the value at which the asset is expected to be realised, either by elimination against tax on future earnings or by setoff against deferred tax liabilities within the same legal tax entity and jurisdiction.

Deferred tax is measured on the basis of the tax rules and tax rates that under the legislation in force on the balance sheet date would be applicable when the deferred tax is expected to crystallise as current tax. A change in the deferred tax, which is a result of changes to tax rates, is recognised in the income statement with the exception of items that are taken directly to equity.

Financial liabilities

Financial liabilities are recognised initially at the proceeds net of loan expenses incurred. In the subsequent periods the financial liabilities are measured at amortised cost equal to the capitalised value by using the effective yield method in order for the difference between the proceeds and the redemption value to be recognised in the income statement over the period of the loan.

Other liabilities are measured at amortised cost corresponding substantially to nominal value.

Translation of foreign currencies

Transactions in foreign currencies are translated at exchange rates approximating those in effect at the date of each transaction. Exchange rate differences arising between the transaction date rates and the rates at the date of payment are recognised under financial income and expenses in the income statement. When exchange rate transactions are considered as hedging of future cash flows, the adjustments are recognised directly in equity.

Receivables, payables and other monetary items in foreign exchange not settled at the balance sheet date are translated at the average of the buy and sell exchange rates available at the close of business on the balance sheet date. Differences between the exchange rates at the balance sheet date and the transaction date rates are recognised under financial income and expenses in the income statement.

Income statement 1 Jan 2019 - 31 Dec 2019

	Disclosure	2019	2018
		GBP	GBP
Administrative expenses		-5,813	-5,588
Gross Result		-5,813	-5,588
Profit (loss) from ordinary operating activities		-5,813	-5,588
Other finance income		70,144	0
Profit (loss) from ordinary activities before tax		64,331	-5,588
Tax expense		0	1,229
Profit (loss)		64,331	-4,359
Proposed distribution of results			
Retained earnings		64,331	-4,359
Proposed distribution of profit (loss)		64,331	-4,359

Balance sheet 31 December 2019

Assets

	Disclosure	2019 GBP	2018 GBP
Current deferred tax assets		0	24,800
Other receivables		0	3,631
Receivables		0	28,431
Current assets		0	28,431
Total assets		0	28,431

Balance sheet 31 December 2019

Liabilities and equity

	Disclosure	2019 GBP	2018 GBP
Contributed capital		11,814	11,814
Retained earnings		-11,814	-76,145
Total equity		0	-64,331
Payables to group enterprises		0	92,762
Long-term liabilities other than provisions, gross		0	92,762
Liabilities other than provisions, gross		0	92,762
Liabilities and equity, gross		0	28,431

Disclosures

1. Disclosure of contingent liabilities

The company has no contingent liabilities and has not provided any security

2. Information on average number of employees

	2019
Average number of employees	0