
Acando Denmark A/S

Lautrupvang 4 B, DK-2750 Ballerup

Annual Report for 2020

CVR No. 26 08 67 36

The Annual Report was
presented and adopted
at the Annual General
Meeting of the
company
on 25/5 2021

Ana Carolina de Aragao
Bevilacqua
Chairman of the
general meeting



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Management's statement

The Executive Board and Board of Directors have today considered and adopted the Financial Statements of Acando Denmark A/S for the financial year 1 January - 31 December 2020.

The Annual Report is prepared in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act.

In our opinion the Financial Statements give a true and fair view of the financial position at 31 December 2020 of the Company and of the results of the Company operations for 2020.

We recommend that the Financial Statements be adopted at the Annual General Meeting.

Ballerup, 25 May 2021

Executive Board

Michael Fristrup Hermansen
CEO

Board of Directors

Ana Carolina de Aragão Bevilacqua Francois Boulanger
Chairman

Michael Fristrup Hermansen

Independent Practitioner's Extended Review Report

To the shareholder of Acando Denmark A/S

Conclusion

We have performed an extended review of the Financial Statements of Acando Denmark A/S for the financial year 1 January - 31 December 2020, which comprise income statement, balance sheet, statement of changes in equity and notes, including a summary of significant accounting policies. The Financial Statements are prepared in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act.

Based on the work performed, in our opinion, the Financial Statements give a true and fair view of the financial position of the Company at 31 December 2020 and of the results of the Company's operations for the financial year 1 January - 31 December 2020 in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act.

Basis for Conclusion

We conducted our extended review in accordance with the Danish Business Authority's Assurance Standard for Small Enterprises and FSR – Danish Auditors' standard on extended review of financial statements prepared in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act. Our responsibilities under those standards and requirements are further described in the "Practitioner's responsibilities for the extended review of the Financial Statements" section of our report. We are independent of the Company in accordance with the International Ethics Standards Board for Accountants' Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants (IESBA Code) and the additional requirements applicable in Denmark, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these rules and requirements. We believe that the evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our conclusion.

Management's responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation of Financial Statements that give a true and fair view in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act, and for such internal control as Management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of Financial Statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the Financial Statements, Management is responsible for assessing the Company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting in preparing the Financial Statements unless Management either intends to liquidate the Company or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

Practitioner's responsibilities for the extended review of the Financial Statements

Our responsibility is to express a conclusion on the Financial Statements. This requires that we plan and perform procedures to obtain limited assurance in respect of our conclusion on the Financial Statements and, moreover, that we perform supplementary procedures specifically required to obtain additional assurance in respect of our conclusion.

An extended review consists of making inquiries, primarily of Management and others within the enterprise, as appropriate, and applying analytical procedures and the supplementary procedures specifically required as well as assessing the evidence obtained.

An extended review is less in scope than an audit and, consequently, we do not express an audit opinion on the Financial Statements.

Independent Practitioner's Extended Review Report

Hellerup, 25 May 2021

PricewaterhouseCoopers
Statsautoriseret Revisionspartnerselskab
CVR No 33 77 12 31

Bo Schou-Jacobsen
State Authorised Public Accountant
mne28703

Anders Røjleskov
State Authorised Public Accountant
mne28699

Company information

The Company	Acando Denmark A/S Lautrupvang 4 B DK-2750 Ballerup CVR No: 26 08 67 36 Financial period: 1 January - 31 December Incorporated: 12 June 2001 Financial year: 20th financial year Municipality of reg. office: Ballerup
Board of Directors	Ana Carolina de Aragão Bevilacqua, Chairman Francois Boulanger Michael Fristrup Hermansen
Executive board	Michael Fristrup Hermansen
Auditors	PricewaterhouseCoopers Statsautoriseret Revisionspartnerselskab Strandvejen 44 2900 Hellerup

Income statement 1 January - 31 December

	Note	2020 DKK	2019 DKK
Revenue		0	36,023
Other external expenses		-46,881	-126,236
Gross profit/loss		-46,881	-90,213
Financial income	2	0	7,437
Financial expenses		-157	-7
Profit/loss before tax		-47,038	-82,783
Tax on profit/loss for the year		0	0
Net profit/loss for the year		-47,038	-82,783

Distribution of profit

	2020 DKK	2019 DKK
Proposed distribution of profit		
Retained earnings	-47,038	-82,783
	-47,038	-82,783

Balance sheet 31 December

Assets

	Note	2020 DKK	2019 DKK
Deposits		17,000	17,000
Fixed asset investments		17,000	17,000
Fixed assets		17,000	17,000
Receivables from group enterprises		1,954,983	2,004,918
Other receivables		7,767	8,638
Receivables		1,962,750	2,013,556
 Cash at bank and in hand		 19,510	 13,987
Current assets		1,982,260	2,027,543
Assets		1,999,260	2,044,543

Balance sheet 31 December

Liabilities and equity

	Note	2020 DKK	2019 DKK
Share capital	3	6,000,000	6,000,000
Retained earnings		-4,056,903	-4,009,865
Equity		1,943,097	1,990,135
Trade payables		56,100	54,408
Payables to group enterprises		63	0
Short-term debt		56,163	54,408
Debt		56,163	54,408
Liabilities and equity		1,999,260	2,044,543

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Statement of changes in equity

	Share capital	Retained earnings	Total
	DKK	DKK	DKK
Equity at 1 January	6,000,000	-4,009,865	1,990,135
Net profit/loss for the year	0	-47,038	-47,038
Equity at 31 December	6,000,000	-4,056,903	1,943,097

Notes to the Financial Statements

1. Key activities

The Company's key activities consist in advisory services within SAP Business Solutions, applications and the SAP Netwear Platform.

2. Financial income

Interest received from group enterprises

	2020	2019
	DKK	DKK
	0	7,437
	<u>0</u>	<u>7,437</u>

3. Share capital

The Company has lost more than half its share capital and is therefore comprised by the provisions of section 119 of the Danish Companies Act on loss of capital.

To ensure sufficient liquidity in the company in the year to come, the company has received a declaration of financial support from CGI Denmark A/S. On this basis, management has presented the financial statements on the assumption of going-concern.

4. Contingent assets, liabilities and other financial obligations

Contingent liabilities

The Company is jointly taxed with other Danish group companies. The Company and the other companies subject to joint taxation have unlimited, joint and several liability for Danish corporation taxes.

The Company has no other contingent liabilities.

5. Related parties and disclosure of consolidated financial statements

Consolidated Financial Statements

The Company is included in the Group Annual Report of the ultimate parent Company:

Name	Place of registered office
CGI Inc.	Canada

The Group Annual Report of CGI Inc. may be obtained at the following link:

<http://www.cgi.com/en/investors/financial-reports>

6. Subsequent events

No events materially affecting the assessment of the Annual Report have occurred after the balance sheet date.

Notes to the Financial Statements

7. Accounting policies

The Annual Report of Acando Denmark A/S for 2020 has been prepared in accordance with the provisions of the Danish Financial Statements Act applying to enterprises of reporting class B as well as selected rules applying to reporting class C.

The accounting policies applied remain unchanged from last year.

The Financial Statements for 2020 are presented in DKK.

Recognition and measurement

Revenues are recognised in the income statement as earned. Furthermore, value adjustments of financial assets and liabilities measured at fair value or amortised cost are recognised. Moreover, all expenses incurred to achieve the earnings for the year are recognised in the income statement, including depreciation, amortisation, impairment losses and provisions as well as reversals due to changed accounting estimates of amounts that have previously been recognised in the income statement.

Assets are recognised in the balance sheet when it is probable that future economic benefits attributable to the asset will flow to the Company, and the value of the asset can be measured reliably.

Liabilities are recognised in the balance sheet when it is probable that future economic benefits will flow out of the Company, and the value of the liability can be measured reliably.

Assets and liabilities are initially measured at cost. Subsequently, assets and liabilities are measured as described for each item below.

Translation policies

Transactions in foreign currencies are translated at the exchange rates at the dates of transaction. Exchange differences arising due to differences between the transaction date rates and the rates at the dates of payment are recognised in financial income and expenses in the income statement. Where foreign exchange transactions are considered hedging of future cash flows, the value adjustments are recognised directly in equity.

Receivables, payables and other monetary items in foreign currencies that have not been settled at the balance sheet date are translated at the exchange rates at the balance sheet date. Any differences between the exchange rates at the balance sheet date and the rates at the time when the receivable or the debt arose are recognised in financial income and expenses in the income statement.

Fixed assets acquired in foreign currencies are measured at the transaction date rates.

Income statement

Net sales

Revenue from the sale of services is recognised when the risks and rewards relating to the services provided have been transferred to the purchaser, the revenue can be measured reliably and it is probable that the economic benefits relating to the sale will flow to the Company.

Revenue is measured at the consideration received and is recognised exclusive of VAT and net of discounts relating to sales.

Other external expenses

Other external expenses comprise expenses for premises, sales and as well as office expenses, etc.

Notes to the Financial Statements

Financial income and expenses

Financial income and expenses are recognised in the income statement at the amounts relating to the financial year.

Tax on profit/loss for the year

Tax for the year consists of current tax for the year and changes in deferred tax for the year. The tax attributable to the profit for the year is recognised in the income statement, whereas the tax attributable to equity transactions is recognised directly in equity.

The Company is jointly taxed with Danish Group entities. The tax effect of the joint taxation is allocated to enterprises in proportion to their taxable incomes.

Balance sheet

Other fixed asset investments

Fixed asset investments consist of deposits.

Receivables

Receivables are measured in the balance sheet at the lower of amortised cost and net realisable value, which corresponds to nominal value less provisions for bad debts.

Deferred tax assets and liabilities

Deferred income tax is measured using the balance sheet liability method in respect of temporary differences arising between the tax bases of assets and liabilities and their carrying amounts for financial reporting purposes on the basis of the intended use of the asset and settlement of the liability, respectively.

Deferred tax assets are measured at the value at which the asset is expected to be realised, either by elimination in tax on future earnings or by set-off against deferred tax liabilities within the same legal tax entity.

Deferred tax is measured on the basis of the tax rules and tax rates that will be effective under the legislation at the balance sheet date when the deferred tax is expected to crystallise as current tax. Any changes in deferred tax due to changes to tax rates are recognised in the income statement or in equity if the deferred tax relates to items recognised in equity.

Current tax receivables and liabilities

Current tax liabilities and receivables are recognised in the balance sheet as the expected taxable income for the year adjusted for tax on taxable incomes for prior years and tax paid on account. Extra payments and repayment under the on-account taxation scheme are recognised in the income statement in financial income and expenses.

Financial debts

Debts are measured at amortised cost, substantially corresponding to nominal value.