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BC Group A/S

Theilgaards Alle 4 4600 Køge Central Business Registration No 25893018

Annual report 2017

The Annual General Meeting adopted the annual report on 31.05.2018

Chairman of the General Meeting

Name: Martin Busk Andersen

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Entity details

Entity

BC Group A/S Theilgaards Alle 4 4600 Køge

Central Business Registration No: 25893018 Registered in: Køge Financial year: 01.01.2017 - 31.12.2017

Board of Directors

Jens Kristensen, chairman Martin Busk Andersen Lars Rytter

Executive Board

Martin Busk Andersen

Auditors

Deloitte Statsautoriseret Revisionspartnerselskab City Tower, Værkmestergade 2 8000 Aarhus C

Statement by Management on the annual report

The Board of Directors and the Executive Board have today considered and approved the annual report of BC Group A/S for the financial year 01.01.2017 - 31.12.2017.

The annual report is presented in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act.

In our opinion, the financial statements give a true and fair view of the Entity's financial position at 31.12.2017 and of the results of its operations for the financial year 01.01.2017 - 31.12.2017.

We believe that the management commentary contains a fair review of the affairs and conditions referred to therein.

We recommend the annual report for adoption at the Annual General Meeting.

Køge, 29.05.2018

Executive Board

Martin Busk Andersen

Board of Directors

Jens Kristensen chairman Martin Busk Andersen

Lars Rytter

Independent auditor's report

To the shareholder of BC Group A/S Opinion

We have audited the financial statements of BC Group A/S for the financial year 01.01.2017 - 31.12.2017, which comprise the income statement, balance sheet, statement of changes in equity and notes, including a summary of significant accounting policies. The financial statements are prepared in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act.

In our opinion, the financial statements give a true and fair view of the Entity's financial position at 31.12.2017 and of the results of its operations for the financial year 01.01.2017 - 31.12.2017 in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act.

Basis for opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing (ISAs) and additional requirements applicable in Denmark. Our responsibilities under those standards and requirements are further described in the Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements section of this auditor's report. We are independent of the Entity in accordance with the International Ethics Standards Board of Accountants' Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants (IESBA Code) and the additional requirements applicable in Denmark, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Management's responsibilities for the financial statements

Management is responsible for the preparation of financial statements that give a true and fair view in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act, and for such internal control as Management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, Management is responsible for assessing the Entity's ability to continue as a going concern, for disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern, and for using the going concern basis of accounting in preparing the financial statements unless Management either intends to liquidate the Entity or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs and the additional requirements applicable in Denmark will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

As part of an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs and the additional requirements applicable in Denmark, we exercise professional judgement and maintain professional scepticism throughout the audit. We also:

Independent auditor's report

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to
 fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a
 material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may
 involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Entity's internal control.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by Management.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of Management's use of the going concern basis of accounting in
 preparing the financial statements, and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material
 uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Entity's ability
 to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to
 draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the financial statements or, if such
 disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence
 obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the
 Entity to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the financial statements, including the disclosures in the notes, and whether the financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that gives a true and fair view.

We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

Statement on the management commentary

Management is responsible for the management commentary.

Our opinion on the financial statements does not cover the management commentary, and we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the financial statements, our responsibility is to read the management commentary and, in doing so, consider whether the management commentary is materially inconsistent with the financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated.

Moreover, it is our responsibility to consider whether the management commentary provides the information required under the Danish Financial Statements Act.

Independent auditor's report

Based on the work we have performed, we conclude that the management commentary is in accordance with the financial statements and has been prepared in accordance with the requirements of the Danish Financial Statements Act. We did not identify any material misstatement of the management commentary.

København, 29.05.2018

Deloitte

Statsautoriseret Revisionspartnerselskab Central Business Registration No: 33963556

Nikolaj Thomsen State Authorised Public Accountant Identification number (MNE) 33276 Kasper Vestergaard Jessen State Authorised Public Accountant Identification number (MNE) 42784

Management commentary

Primary activities

BC Group A/S is the parent company of a number of companies. The parent's primary activity is to act as a holding company and to provide financing of the Group's activities.

The Group's primary activities comprise sale and production of composite components for the wind turbine industry.

Development in activities and finances

The Company's income statement for 2017 shows a profit of DKK 12.461 thousand and the balance sheet at 31 December 2017 shows equity of DKK 79.751 thousand.

This year's profit is primarily driven by sale of immaterial rights with a positive impact of DKK 21.528 thousand. The financial results of the company are therefore considered acceptable.

Events after the balance sheet date

No events have occurred after the balance sheet date to this date, which would influence the evaluation of this annual report.

Income statement for 2017

	Notes	2017 DKK	2016 DKK
Gross profit		19.775	(179.498)
Income from investments in group enterprises Other financial income Other financial expenses Profit/loss before tax	1	14.299.814 484.870 (2.862.079) 11.942.380	9.548.488 264.171 (1.746.652) 7.886.509
Tax on profit/loss for the year	2	518.635	366.540
Profit/loss for the year		12.461.015	8.253.049
Proposed distribution of profit/loss Transferred to reserve for net revaluation according to the equity method Retained earnings		13.641.859 (1.180.844) 12.461.015	20.491.396 (12.238.347) 8.253.049

Balance sheet at 31.12.2017

	Notes	2017 DKK	2016 DKK
	Notes		
Investments in group enterprises		139.259.651	124.734.488
Fixed asset investments	3	139.259.651	124.734.488
Fixed assets		139.259.651	124.734.488
Receivables from group enterprises		1.191.621	4.320.032
Deferred tax		7.094.233	6.760.994
Receivables		8.285.854	11.081.026
Other investments		1.000	130.438
Other investments		1.000	130.438
Cash		0	554.972
Current assets		8.286.854	11.766.436
Assets		147.546.505	136.500.924

Balance sheet at 31.12.2017

	Notes	2017 DKK	2016 DКК
Contributed capital		2.000.000	2.000.000
Reserve for net revaluation according to the equity method		45.026.840	30.499.865
Retained earnings		32.724.130	33.904.974
Equity		79.750.970	66.404.839
Provisions for investments in group enterprises		9.345.463	10.944.723
Provisions		9.345.463	10.944.723
Bank loans		0	1.086.215
Non-current liabilities other than provisions		0	1.086.215
Current portion of long-term liabilities other than provisions		0	1.354.498
Trade payables		5.000	30.000
Payables to group enterprises		58.445.072	56.245.150
Other payables		0	326.541
Deferred income		0	108.958
Current liabilities other than provisions		58.450.072	58.065.147
Liabilities other than provisions		58.450.072	59.151.362
Equity and liabilities		147.546.505	136.500.924
Contingent liabilities Group relations	4 5		

Statement of changes in equity for 2017

	Contributed capital DKK	Reserve for net revaluation according to the equity method DKK	Retained earnings DKK	Total DKK
Equity beginning of year	2.000.000	30.499.865	33.904.974	66.404.839
Exchange rate adjustments	0	1.275.702	0	1.275.702
Other equity postings	0	(390.586)	0	(390.586)
Profit/loss for the year	0	13.641.859	(1.180.844)	12.461.015
Equity end of year	2.000.000	45.026.840	32.724.130	79.750.970

Notes

	2017	2016
	DKK	DKK
1. Other financial expenses		
Financial expenses from group enterprises	1.623.900	1.593.173
Other financial expenses	1.238.179	153.479
	2.862.079	1.746.652
	2017	2016
	DKK	DKK
2. Tax on profit/loss for the year		
Change in deferred tax for the year	(518.635)	(366.540)
	(518.635)	(366.540)
		Investments
		in group
		enterprises
		DKK
3. Fixed asset investments		
Cost beginning of year		94.232.811
Cost end of year		94.232.811
Revaluations beginning of year		30.501.677
Exchange rate adjustments		1.275.702
Adjustments on equity		(390.586)
Share of profit/loss for the year		13.544.610
Adjustment of intra-group profits		755.203
Investments with negative equity depreciated over receivables		939.494
Investments with negative equity transferred to provisions		(1.599.260)
Revaluations end of year		45.026.840
Carrying amount end of year		139.259.651

Notes

			Equity
		Corpo-	inte-
		rate	rest
	Registered in	form	%
Investments in group enterprises comprise:			
Jupiter Bach Hurup A/S	Thisted, Denmark	A/S	100,0
UAB Danplastas	Lithuania	UAB	100,0
Bach Composite Colorado Inc.	Colorado (USA)	Inc.	100,0
Bach Composite Espania S.L.	Spain	S.L.	100,0
Bach Composite Holding Ltd.	Hong Kong	Ltd.	100,0

4. Contingent liabilities

The Entity participates in a Danish joint taxation arrangement in which VC VIII Jupiter Holding ApS serves as the administration company. According to the joint taxation provisions of the Danish Corporation Tax Act, the Entity is therefore liable for income taxes etc for the jointly taxed entities, and for obligations, if any, relating to the withholding of tax on interest, royalties and dividend for the jointly taxed entities. The total known net liability of the jointly taxed entities under the joint taxation arrangement is evident from the administration company's financial statements.

5. Group relations

Name and registered office of the Parent preparing consolidated financial statements for the smallest group: Winds Holding AS, reg. no. 917 105 839, Oslo, Norway.

Accounting policies

Reporting class

This annual report has been presented in accordance with the provisions of the Danish Financial Statements Act governing reporting class B enterprises with addition of certain provisions for reporting class C (medium).

The accounting policies applied to these financial statements are consistent with those applied last year.

Consolidated financial statements

Referring to section 112(2) of the Danish Financial Statements Act, no consolidated financial statements have been prepared.

Recognition and measurement

Assets are recognised in the balance sheet when it is probable as a result of a prior event that future economic benefits will flow to the Entity, and the value of the asset can be measured reliably.

Liabilities are recognised in the balance sheet when the Entity has a legal or constructive obligation as a result of a prior event, and it is probable that future economic benefits will flow out of the Entity, and the value of the liability can be measured reliably.

On initial recognition, assets and liabilities are measured at cost. Measurement subsequent to initial recognition is effected as described below for each financial statement item.

Anticipated risks and losses that arise before the time of presentation of the annual report and that confirm or invalidate affairs and conditions existing at the balance sheet date are considered at recognition and measurement.

Income is recognised in the income statement when earned, whereas costs are recognised by the amounts attributable to this financial year.

Income statement

Gross profit or loss

Gross profit or loss comprises external expenses.

Other external expenses

Other external expenses include expenses relating to the Entity's ordinary activities, including expenses for premises, stationery and office supplies, marketing costs, etc. This item also includes writedowns of receivables recognised in current assets.

Income from investments in group enterprises

Income from investments in group enterprises comprises the pro rata share of the individual enterprises' profit/loss after full elimination of intra-group profits or losses.

Other financial income

Other financial income comprises dividends and currency exchanges.

Accounting policies

Other financial expenses

Other financial expenses comprise interest expenses and currency exchanges.

Tax on profit/loss for the year

Tax for the year, which consists of current tax for the year and changes in deferred tax, is recognised in the income statement by the portion attributable to the profit for the year and recognised directly in equity by the portion attributable to entries directly in equity.

The Entity is jointly taxed. The current Danish income tax is allocated among the jointly taxed entities proportionally to their taxable income (full allocation with a refund concerning tax losses).

Balance sheet

Investments in group enterprises

Investments in group enterprises are recognised and measured according to the equity method. This means that investments are measured at the pro rata share of the enterprises' equity value plus or minus unamortised goodwill and plus or minus unrealised intra-group profits or losses.

Group enterprises with negative equity value are measured at DKK 0. Any receivables from these en-terprises are written down to net realisable value based on a specific assessment. If the Parent has a legal or constructive obligation to cover the liabilities of the relevant enterprise, and it is probable that such obligation is imminent, a provision is recognised that is measured at present value of the costs deemed necessary to incur to settle the obligation.

Upon distribution of profit or loss, net revaluation of investments in group enterprises is transferred to Reserve for net revaluation according to the equity method under equity.

Investments in group enterprises are written down to the lower of recoverable amount and carrying amount.

Receivables

Receivables are measured at amortised cost, usually equalling nominal value less writedowns for bad and doubtful debts.

Deferred tax

Deferred tax is recognised on all temporary differences between the carrying amount and tax-based value of assets and liabilities, for which the tax-based value of assets is calculated based on the planned use of each asset.

Deferred tax assets, including the tax base of tax loss carryforwards, are recognised in the balance sheet at their estimated realisable value, either as a set-off against deferred tax liabilities or as net tax assets.

Other investments

Securities recognised under current assets comprise listed securities measured at fair value (market price) at the balance sheet date.

Accounting policies

Cash

Cash comprises bank deposits.

Other provisions

Other provisions comprise anticipated costs of non-recourse guarantee commitments, returns, loss on contract work in progress, decided and published restructuring, etc.

Other provisions are recognised and measured as the best estimate of the expenses required to settle the liabilities at the balance sheet date. Provisions that are estimated to mature more than one year after the balance sheet date are measured at their discounted value.

Other financial liabilities

Other financial liabilities are measured at amortised cost, which usually corresponds to nominal value.

Deferred income

Deferred income comprises income received for recognition in subsequent financial years. Deferred income is measured at cost.