FundConnect A/S

Gammeltorv 4, 3., 1457 København K

CVR no. 25 85 94 48

Annual report 2018

/ Muly

Approved at the Company's annual general meeting on

Chairman:





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Finn Schwarz



Statement by the Board of Directors and the Executive Board

Today, the Board of Directors and the Executive Board have discussed and approved the annual report of FundConnect A/S for the financial year 1 January - 31 December 2018.

The annual report is prepared in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act.

In our opinion, the financial statements give a true and fair view of the financial position of the Company at 31 December 2018 and of the results of the Company's operations for the financial year 1 January - 31 December 2018.

Further, in our opinion, the Management's review gives a fair review of the matters discussed in the Management's review.

We recommend that the annual report be approved at the annual general meeting.

Copenhagen, 29 March 2019 Executive Board:

Carsten Mahler

Board of Directors:

Marc F.S. Bayot Chairman

/ \]

Michael Petersen

Carsten Mahler



Independent auditor's report

To the shareholders of FundConnect A/S

Opinion

We have audited the financial statements of FundConnect A/S for the financial year 1 January - 31 December 2018, which comprise income statement, balance sheet, statement of changes in equity and notes, including accounting policies. The financial statements are prepared in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act.

In our opinion, the financial statements give a true and fair view of the financial position of the Company at 31 December 2018 and of the results of the Company's operations for the financial year 1 January - 31 December 2018 in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act.

Basis for opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing (ISAs) and the additional requirements applicable in Denmark. Our responsibilities under those standards and requirements are further described in the "Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements" section of our report. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Independence

We are independent of the Company in accordance with the International Ethics Standards Board for Accountants' Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants (IESBA Code) and the additional requirements applicable in Denmark, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these rules and requirements.

Management's responsibilities for the financial statements

Management is responsible for the preparation of financial statements that give a true and fair view in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act and for such internal control as Management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, Management is responsible for assessing the Company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting in preparing the financial statements unless Management either intends to liquidate the Company or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance as to whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs and the additional requirements applicable in Denmark will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of the financial

As part of an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs and the additional requirements applicable in Denmark, we exercise professional judgement and maintain professional scepticism throughout the audit. We also:

Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations or the override of internal control.



Independent auditor's report

- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Company's internal control.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by Management.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of Management's use of the going concern basis of accounting in preparing the financial statements and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Company's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Company to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and contents of the financial statements, including the note disclosures, and whether the financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that gives a true and fair view.

We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

Statement on the Management's review

Management is responsible for the Management's review.

Our opinion on the financial statements does not cover the Management's review, and we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the financial statements, our responsibility is to read the Management's review and, in doing so, consider whether the Management's review is materially inconsistent with the financial statements or our knowledge obtained during the audit, or otherwise appears to be materially misstated.

Moreover, it is our responsibility to consider whether the Management's review provides the information required under the Danish Financial Statements Act.

Based on the work we have performed, we conclude that the Management's review is in accordance with the financial statements and has been prepared in accordance with the requirements of the Danish Financial Statement Act. We did not identify any material misstatement of the Management's review.

Copenhagen, 29 March 2019 ERNST & YOUNG

Godkendt Revisionspartnerselskab

CVR no. 30 70 02 28-

Thomas Hjortkjær Petersen

State Authorised Public Accountant

mne33748



Company details

Name

Address, Postal code, City

CVR no.

Established

Registered office

Financial year

Website E-mail

Telephone

Telefax

Board of Directors

Executive Board

Auditors

FundConnect A/S

Gammeltorv 4, 3., 1457 København K

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15 January 2001

København

1 January - 31 December

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Marc F.S. Bayot, Chairman

Michael Petersen Finn Schwarz Finn Kjærgård Carsten Mahler

Carsten Mahler

Ernst & Young Godkendt Revisionspartnerselskab

Osvald Helmuths Vej 4, P.O. Box 250, 2000 Frederiksberg,

Denmark



Business review

FundConnect's key activities are information services and technology solutions directed towards the mutual fund industry and companies involved in the distribution of mutual funds and/or fund data. FundConnect's business activities consist of operating services and licencing income, which is recurring income, and implementation and development revenues.

The activities of the Company can be divided into infrastructure services and fund technology services.

The infrastructure services consist of data collection services directed towards larger financial institutions, national fund associations, security exchanges and the operational activities supporting FundConnect's own brands. FundConnect promotes a number of data infrastructure and portal services under separate independent brands, such as

- The information portal Nordic Fund Data,
- > TPT Connect, that offers solvency II data reporting to insurance companies,
- PRIIPsHub which focuses on the distributors' need for documents and data related to the PRIIPs and MiFID2 directives. In the context of PRIIPsHub, the Company also services other product issuers such as structured product issuers and exchange traded derivatives issuers.

FundConnect's Fintech products are primarily offered to the individual financial institutions, not least fund managers, and include web information services, factsheet production, KIID and KID production and bespoke data and document distribution.

Recognition and measurement uncertainties

The valuation of the shares in the associate FundCollect is based on Management's expectations as to the fair value of the shares at 31 December 2018.

Management has on this basis carried out a valuation of the shares in FundCollect to DKK 17,713 thousand with a background in FundCollect's current and projected earnings ratio.

The income statement item "Work completed at own cost" covers self-developed software, which is a pre-condition for the operations of FundConnect. This item is recognised as an asset, calculated at cost and amortised in accordance with the accounting policies.

Deferred tax assets totalling DKK 4,148 thousand (2017: DKK 4,106 thousand) have been reconciled in the balance sheet. The tax assets mainly consist of tax loss carry-forwards.

The computation of deferred tax assets is based on Management's expectations as to the Company's results of operations in the coming years and the consequential utilisation of tax losses. Utilisation of the tax loss within a 4-5 year period calls for considerable growth in earnings. The Company assesses this to be realistic, especially based of the considerable expansion of the Company's services and its cooperative partners which has taken place in recent years. Consequently, the Company has increased investments in order to streamline the organisation and the Company's technology in order to be able to grow at a satisfactory contribution margin. Valuation of the assets is thus based on the Company's ability to meet expectations.



Financial review

In 2018, the Company's revenue amounted to DKK 20,621,836 against DKK 18,125,169 last year. The income statement for 2018 shows a profit of DKK 252,814 against a profit of DKK 479,339 last year, and the balance sheet at 31 December 2018 shows equity of DKK 22,112,016.

FundConnect's activities in 2018

The calculated tax continues to exceed the average tax rate of 22 %. This is due to a write-down of the deferred tax asset to mirror expected tax payment if budget was met, so that it reflects the Company's expectations as to using the expected results of operations for the coming years. For 2019, the Company expects a significant earnings growth due to increase in the licence portfolio and a transfer of operations from Israel to Poland and consequently substantially lower operational cost. The licence business is developing positively, and especially the MIFID activities within PRIIIPsHub has not only developed positively but also created an interest from clients for other services.

The Company's Danish partially owned subsidiary, FundCollect, is developing positively and contributed with a satisfactory dividend for the year. FundCollect experienced growth in its business activities with revenue growth of 13 % amounting to DKK 12.599.586 and a profit of DKK 2.450.584 for 2018. FundCollect distributed interim dividends of DKK 2.000 thousand in 2018. FundCollect is equally owned by Investering Danmark (the Danish investment association formerly known as IFR / IFB) and FundConnect. FundCollect expects that earnings for 2019 will remain at the same level as in 2018.

Licence-based revenue, which is the core business for both FundConnect and its associate FundCollect, originates in information exchange in the form of collection and distribution of mutual fund data as well as web solutions for the processing and presentation of investment data. The Company's customer focus is the investment fund industry itself in the form of fund groups, fund administrators and the national industry associations.

The Company is experiencing a continued strengthened position in Europe due to its investment in the data infrastructure activities not at least in the MIFID/PRIIPs space. The Company's infrastructure services have been further strengthened with data infrastructure services for utility companies and the Company continues to experience a very high rate of customer loyality.

The TPTConnect brand, which is geared towards the exchange of information in between the insurance and fund industries, is developing in a steady manner. The service is built around the exchange of holdings information on a confidential basis, in order for the insurance companies to meet the reporting for the capital requirement directive, Solvency 2. PRIIPsHub, focusing on data and document exchange to banks and insurance companies, in order for the institutions to comply with the PRIIPs and MIFID directive, has developed in a satisfactory manner.

FundConnect's results of operations and capital resources

The Company reported revenue of DKK 20,621,836 and earnings before tax of DKK 758.919 for the year. The Company's profit for the year came at DKK 252.814. The Company's financial performance is therefore for 2018 below Management's expectations - from a revenue as well as an earnings perspective, the profitability has been heavily impacted by in investments in the PRIIPsHub initiative, the transfer of operational activities from Israel to Poland and migration of our IT framework from own hosting environment to a cloud provider. All these activities will contribute to lower expenses both short and long-term and hereby improved profitability.

Management believes that the Company's capital resources are adequate for the coming year. In particular, the Board of Directors assesses on a continuous basis FundConnect's capital requirements and funding structure. This includes an ongoing assessment of the working capital versus the development in the client portfolio and new business initiatives.



Non-financial matters

The Company's Board of Directors

FundConnect's presidency was unchanged in 2018 with Managing Director Marc Bayot, (Belgium) as chairman and Deputy Michael Petersen as vice chairman. Furthermore, the Board consisted of Finn Kjærgård, attorney-at-law Finn Schwarz and CEO Carsten Mahler.

The Board held six meetings in 2018. Focus was primarily on business development and the overall business strategy especially in the light of an ongoing, and the transition of aktivities from the Israeli to the Polish business entity. The Board of Directors has especially been closely monitoring the implementation of the MIFID/PRIIPs services.

Events after the balance sheet date

No events materially affecting the Company's financial position have occurred subsequent to the financial year-end.

Outlook

The outlook for 2019 is positive, as the Company expects growth in both revenue and earnings. The Company experiences a satisfactory growth in recurring revenue, resulting in a better earnings structure where non-recurring revenue accounts for a still decreasing share of total revenue. The development in expenses is moderate and is expected to increase only as the business expands. Furthermore, the Polish operations are expected to ensure a lower break-even for the data infrastructure product. FundConnect's interest payments are expected to continue to fall, as the long-term loan is amortised. The associate FundCollect continues to consolidate at a stable level and expects to pay a higher dividend as well.

FundConnect's ownership structure

The following shareholders are registered in FundConnect's registry as owning more than 5% of FundConnect's share capital:

- Danske Invest Management A/S, Copenhagen
- Jyske Invest Fund Management A/S, Silkeborg
- Mahler Holding ApS, Lyngby-Taarbæk
- Nordea Funds Ltd., Helsinki
- Nykredit Portefølje Administration A/S, Copenhagen
- Prolab Holding A/S, Lyngby-Taarbæk
- Søren Mygind Holding A/S, Copenhagen

Prolab Holding A/S is a subsidiary of Mahler Holding ApS, which owns 43% of FundConnect's shares.



Income statement

Note	DKK	2018	2017
3	Revenue Work completed at own costs Other external expenses	20,621,836 4,835,077 -9,836,795	18,125,169 4,790,940 -7,854,573
4	Gross margin Staff costs Amortisation/depreciation and impairment of intangible	15,620,118 -11,134,965	15,061,536 -10,711,083
	assets and property, plant and equipment	-4,257,339	-4,014,357
5	Profit before net financials Income from investments Financial expenses	227,814 950,760 -419,655	336,096 945,067 -478,338
6	Profit before tax Tax for the year	758,919 -506,105	802,825 -323,486
	Profit for the year	252,814	479,339
	Recommended appropriation of profit		
	Reserve for development costs	3,285,977	3,705,682
	Retained earnings/accumulated loss	-3,033,163	-3,226,343
		252,814	479,339



Balance sheet

Note	DKK	2018	2017
7	ASSETS Non-current assets Intangible assets		
	Software	12,917,320	12,215,078
	Patents and licenses	9,083	16,868
		12,926,403	12,231,946
8	Property, plant and equipment		
	Other fixtures and fittings, tools and equipment	146,395	263,113
		146,395	263,113
9	Financial assets		
	Investments in group entities	64,884	0
	Investments in associates	17,713,000	14,407,000
	Deposits	372,702	364,764
10	Deferred tax assets	3,599,819	4,105,924
		21,750,405	18,877,688
	Total non-current assets	34,823,203	31,372,747
	Current assets Receivables		
	Trade receivables	903,612	691,194
	Receivables from subsidiaries	12,550	55,621
	Receivables from associates	278,195	43,187
	Prepayments	602,131	1,394,748
		1,796,488	2,184,750
	Cash	9,302	9,302
	Total current assets	1,805,790	2,194,052
	TOTAL ASSETS	36,628,993	33,566,799



Balance sheet

Note	DKK	2018	2017
	EQUITY AND LIABILITIES Equity		
	Share capital	1,164,333	1,164,333
	Reserve for development costs	11,356,979	8,071,002
	Reserve for revaluation	16,435,000	13,129,000
	Retained earnings	-6,844,296	-3,811,133
	Total equity	22,112,016	18,553,202
11	Non-current liabilities		
	Payables to shareholders and management	1,722,641	1,826,155
	Payables to associates	5,053,290	4,940,717
	Loan from The Danish Growth Fund	737,665	1,466,630
	Total non-current liabilities	7,513,596	8,233,502
	Current liabilities		
	Current portion of non-current liabilities	1,071,350	1,005,659
	Payables to credit institutions	1,115,648	632,126
	Trade payables	307,608	583,401
	Payables to subsidiaries	82,462	352,788
	Other payables	2,174,501	1,934,108
	Deferred income	2,251,812	2,272,013
	Total current liabilities	7,003,381	6,780,095
	Total liabilities	14,516,977	15,013,597
	TOTAL EQUITY AND LIABILITIES	36,628,993	33,566,799

- Accounting policies
 Recognition and measurement uncertainties
 Contractual obligations and contingencies, etc.
 Collateral



Statement of changes in equity

DKK	Share capital	Reserve for development costs	Reserve for revaluation	Retained earnings	Total
	1 1 (1 0 0 0	4 2 4 5 2 2 2	12.006.000	504.700	10.040.063
Equity at 1 January 2017	1,164,333	4,365,320	13,096,000	-584,790	18,040,863
Transfer through appropriation of loss	0	0	0	-3,226,343	-3,226,343
	0	3,705,682	0	0	3,705,682
Profit/loss in subsidiaries	0	0	33,000	0	33,000
Equity at 1 January 2018	1,164,333	8,071,002	13,129,000	-3,811,133	18,553,202
Transfer through appropriation of loss	0	0	0	-3,033,163	-3,033,163
	0	3,285,977	0	0	3,285,977
Profit/loss in subsidiaries	0	0	3,306,000	0	3,306,000
Equity at 31 December 2018	1,164,333	11,356,979	16,435,000	-6,844,296	22,112,016



Notes to the financial statements

1 Accounting policies

The annual report of FundConnect A/S for 2018 has been prepared in accordance with the provisions in the Danish Financial Statements Act applying to reporting class B entities and elective choice of certain provisions applying to reporting class C entities.

In accordance with section 110(1) of the Danish Financial Statements Act, the Company has not prepared consolidated financial statements.

The accounting policies used in the preparation of the financial statements are consistent with those of last year.

Foreign currency translation

On initial recognition, transactions denominated in foreign currencies are translated at the exchange rate at the transaction date. Foreign exchange differences arising between the exchange rates at the transaction date and the date of payment are recognised in the income statement as financial income or financial expenses.

Non-current assets acquired in foreign currencies are measured at the exhange rates at the date of transaction.

Income statement

Revenue

Revenue comprising accrued subscriptions for the financial year as well as other services is recognised in the income statement when delivery and transfer of risk to the buyer have taken place and provided that the income can be reliably measured and is expected to be received.

Revenue is measured at the fair value of the agreed consideration excluding VAT and taxes charged on behalf of third parties. All discounts and rebates granted are recognised in revenue.

Other external expenses

Other external expenses include expenses related to external consultants, distribution, sale, advertising, administration, premises, payments under operatinf leases, etc.

Staff costs

Staff costs consist of wages and salaries and other staff-related costs.

Amortisation/depreciation

The item comprises amortisation/depreciation of intangible assets and property, plant and equipment.

The basis of depreciation, which is calculated as cost less any residual value, is depreciated on a straight line basis over the expected useful life. The expected useful lives of the assets are as follows:

Other fixtures and fittings, tools and equipment

5 years

The residual value is determined at the time of acquisition and are reassessed every year. Where the residual value exceeds the carrying amount of the asset, no further depreciation charges are recognised. In case of changes in the residual value, the effect on the depreciation charges is recognised prospectively as a change in accounting estimates.



Notes to the financial statements

1 Accounting policies (continued)

Profit from investments in subsidiaries and associates

The item includes dividend received from subsidiaries and associates.

Financial expenses

Financial expenses comprise interest expense, realised and unrealised losses on securities, payables and transactions denominated in foreign currencies, amortisation of financial liabilities as well as surcharges and refunds under the on-account tax scheme etc.

Tax

Tax for the year includes current tax on the year's expected taxable income and the year's deferred tax adjustments. The portion of the tax for the year that relates to the profit/loss for the year is recognised in the income statement, whereas the portion that relates to transactions taken to equity is recognised in equity.

Balance sheet

Intangible assets

Intangible assets comprise patents, deposits and software.

Software comprise development costs, such as wages and salaries and other expenses that can be ascribed directly to the Company's development activities.

Development projects which are clearly defined and identifiable, where the technical rate of amortisation, adequate resources and a potential future market or development potential in the Company can be established and where it is the intention to produce, market or amortise the project, are recognised as intangible assets if cost can be calculated reliably and if sufficient assurance is obtained as to the ability of future revenue to cover expenses relating to production, sale, administration and development. Other development costs are recognised in the income statement as defraved.

Capitalised development costs are measured at the lower of cost less accumulated amortisation and recoverable amount.

After completion of the development project, development costs are amortised on a straight-line basis over the estimated useful-life. The amortisation period is 5 years.

Patented trademarks are amortised on a straight-line basis over 5 years.

Gains and losses from disposals of development projects, patents and licenses are measured as the difference between sales price less sales costs and the carrying amount at the time of disposals. Gains or losses are recognised in the income statement as other operating income or other operating expenses.

Property, plant and equipment

Items of property, plant and equipment are measured at cost less accumulated depreciation and impairment losses. Cost includes the acquisition price and costs directly related to the acquisition until the time at which the asset is ready for use.



Notes to the financial statements

1 Accounting policies (continued)

Gains or losses are calculated as the difference between the selling price less selling costs and the carrying amount at the date of disposal. Gains and losses from the disposal of property, plant and equipment are recognised in the income statement as other operating income or other operating expenses.

Investments in subsidiaries and associates

Investments in associates and subsidiaries are measured at fair value. Revaluations and reversals hereof are taken directly to equity.

Impairment of non-current assets

The carrying amount of intangible assets, property, plant and equipment and investments in subsidiaries and associates is assessed for impairment on an annual basis.

Impairment tests are conducted on assets or groups of assets when there is evidence of impairment. The carrying amount of impaired assets is reduced to the higher of the net selling price and the value in use (recoverable amount).

The recoverable amount is the higher of the net selling price of an asset and its value in use. The value in use is calculated as the present value of the expected net cash flows from the use of the asset or the group of assets and the expected net cash flows from the disposal of the asset or the group of assets after the end of the useful life.

Receivables

Receivables are measured at amortised cost.

The Company has chosen IAS 39 as interpretation for impairment of financial receivables.

Prepayments

Prepayments recognised under "Assets" comprise prepaid expenses regarding subsequent financial reporting years.

Cash

Cash comprise cash and short term securities which are readily convertible into cash and subject only to minor risks of changes in value.

Equity

Revaluation reserve

The reserve comprises revaluations investments in subsidiaries and associates.



Notes to the financial statements

1 Accounting policies (continued)

Reserve for development costs

The reserve for development costs comprises recognised development costs. The reserve cannot be used to distribute dividends or cover losses. The reserve will be reduced or dissolved if the recognised development costs are no longer part of the Company's operations by a transfer directly to the distributable reserves under equity.

Proposed dividends

Dividend proposed for the year is recognised as a liability once adopted at the annual general meeting (declaration date). Dividends expected to be distributed for the financial year are presented as a separate item under "Equity".

Income tax and deferred tax

Current tax payables and receivables are recognised in the balance sheet as the estimated income tax charge for the year, adjusted for prior-year taxes and tax paid on account.

Deferred tax is measured according to the liability method on all temporary differences between the carrying amount and the tax base of assets and liabilities. Where alternative tax rules can be applied to determine the tax base, deferred tax is measured based on Management's intended use of the asset or settlement of the liability, respectively.

Deferred tax is measured according to the tax rules and at the tax rates applicable at the balance sheet date when the deferred tax is expected to crystallise as current tax. Deferred tax assets are recognised at the expected value of their utilisation; either as a set-off against tax on future income or as a set-off against deferred tax liabilities in the same legal tax entity. Changes in deferred tax due to changes in the tax rate are recognised in the income statement.

Liabilities

Financial liabilities are recognised at the date of borrowing at the net proceeds received less transaction costs paid. On subsequent recognition, financial liabilities are measured at amortised cost, corresponding to the capitalised value, using the effective interest rate. Accordingly, the difference between the proceeds and the nominal value is recognised in the income statement over the term of the loan.

Other liabilities are measured at net realisable value.

Deferred income

Deferred income recognised as a liability comprises payments received concerning income in subsequent financial reporting years.

2 Recognition and measurement uncertainties

The valuation of the shares in the associate FundCollect is based on Management's expectations as to the fair value of the shares at 31 December 2018.

Management has on this basis carried out a valuation of the shares in FundCollect to DKK 17,713 thousand with a background in FundCollect's current and projected earnings ratio.

The income statement item "Work completed at own cost" covers self-developed software, which is a pre-condition for the operations of FundConnect. This item is recognised as an asset, calculated at cost and amortised in accordance with the accounting policies.



Notes to the financial statements

Deferred tax assets totalling DKK 3,600 thousand (2017: DKK 4,106 thousand) have been reconciled in the balance sheet. The tax assets mainly consist of tax loss carry-forwards.

The computation of deferred tax assets has been based on the Executive Board's and the Board of Directors' expectations as to the results of operations for the coming five years and the consequential use of tax losses. In case FundConnect does not achieve the estimated results of operations, the tax asset will be written down accordingly.

	DKK	2018	2017
3	Segment information		
	Breakdown of revenue by business segment:		
	Revenue, associate External revenue	6,711,798 13,910,038	6,637,633 11,487,536
		20,621,836	18,125,169
	•		
4	Staff costs		
	Wages/salaries Pensions Other social security costs Other staff costs	10,205,728 396,872 109,037 423,328	9,679,956 427,214 129,127 474,786
		11,134,965	10,711,083
		17	17
	Average number of full-time employees		
	The number of full-time employees in fully-owned subsidiaries amour and 9 in FundConnect Israel as of 31 December 2018.	nts to 14 in Fund(Connect Poland
5	Financial expenses		
	Intereset, banks	45,061	64,400 201,114
	Interest, payables to shareholders and Management Interest expenses, associates	196,790 107,588	150,539
	Other financial expenses	70,216	62,285
		419,655	478,338
6	Tax for the year Estimated tax charge for the year	0	137,556
	Deferred tax adjustments in the year	506,105	185,930
		506,105	323,486



Notes to the financial statements

7 Intangible assets

DKK	Software	Patents and licenses	Total
Cost at 1 January 2018 Additions in the year	47,020,622 4,835,077	120,177 0	47,140,799 4,835,077
Cost at 31 December 2018	51,855,699	120,177	51,975,876
Impairment losses and amortisation at 1 January 2018 Amortisation/depreciation in the year	34,805,544 4,132,835	103,309 7,785	34,908,853 4,140,620
Impairment losses and amortisation at 31 December 2018	38,938,379	111,094	39,049,473
Carrying amount at 31 December 2018	12,917,320	9,083	12,926,403
Amortised over	5 years		

8 Property, plant and equipment

DKK	Other fixtures and fittings, tools and equipment
Cost at 1 January 2018	467,990
Cost at 31 December 2018	467,990
Impairment losses and depreciation at 1 January 2018 Amortisation/depreciation in the year	204,877 116,718
Impairment losses and depreciation at 31 December 2018	321,595
Carrying amount at 31 December 2018	146,395
Depreciated over	5 years

9 Investments

DKK	Investments in group entities	Investments in associates	Deposits	Total
Cost at 1 January 2018 Additions in the year	0 64,884	14,407,000 0	364,764 7,938	14,771,764 72,822
Cost at 31 December 2018 Revaluations for the year	64,884	14,407,000 3,306,000	372,702	14,844,586 3,306,000
Value adjustments at 31 December 2018	0	3,306,000	0	3,306,000
Carrying amount at 31 December 2018	64,884	17,713,000	372,702	18,150,586
Fair value at 31 December 2018	64,884	17,713,000		



Notes to the financial statements

9 Investments (continued)

Name	Domicile	Interest	Equity DKK	Profit/loss DKK
Subsidiaries				
FundConnect Data Services Spólka	Poland	100.00%	64,889	56,657
FundConnect Dataservices LTD				
IS Fund Connect UK Limited	Israel UK	100.00% 100.00%	-51,462 41,360	105,447 12,408

Fund Connect UK Limited has not yet prepared the financial statements for 2018. The amounts is based on the financial statements for 2017.

Associates

FundCollect

A/S A/S Denmark 50.00% 3,307,894 2,450,584

10 Deferred tax assets

Deffered tax asset totalling DKK 1,724 thousand (2017: DKK 1,235 thousand) have not been recognised in the balance sheet.

The tax asset is capitalised reflects the Company's expectations regarding earnings in the coming 4 - 5 years. The Company does not lose the right to utilise the tax loss in case of write-down, and the Company can realise taxable income of DKK 25,562 thousand before having to pay tax.

11 Non-current liabilities

Of the long-term liabilities, DKK O falls due for payment after more than 5 years after the balance sheet date.

Payables to associates

At 31 December 2018, the amount is attributable to 12 months' prepayment regarding sale of services to the associate FundCollect. The agreement with FundCollect can be terminated at 3 years' notice.

12 Contractual obligations and contingencies, etc.

Other financial obligations

Other rent and lease liabilities:

DKK	2018	2017
Rent and lease liabilities	268,842	250,000

Rent and lease liabilities include a rent obligation totalling DKK 268,482 in interminable rent agreements with remaining contract terms of 6 months.



Notes to the financial statements

13 Collateral

The Company's bank commitments and loan from the Danish Growth Fund are secured upon an owner's mortgage, and mortgages are issued totalling DKK 11,400 thousand (company charge) with collateral in fixtures and fittings, tools and equipment and trade receivables with a carrying amount totalling DKK 1,059 thousand.

In addition, the Company's bank commitment is secured upon nominal 300,000 shares in the associate FundCollect A/S at the carrying amount of DKK 17,713 thousand at 31 December 2018.

A charge on the source code has been provided as security for the amounts owed to the associate FundCollect A/S mentioned in note 12. The carrying amount of software amounts to DKK 12,917 thousand.