J. Walter Thompson Copenhagen A/S

Toldbodgade 55, DK-1253 Copenhagen K

Annual Report for 1 January - 31 December 2016

CVR No 25 79 92 91

The Annual Report was presented and adopted at the Annual General Meeting of the Company on 8 /6 2017

Lars Petersen Chairman

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Management's Statement

The Executive Board and Board of Directors have today considered and adopted the Annual Report of J. Walter Thompson Copenhagen A/S for the financial year 1 January - 31 December 2016.

The Annual Report is prepared in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act.

In our opinion the Financial Statements give a true and fair view of the financial position at 31 December 2016 of the Company and of the results of the Company operations for 2016.

In our opinion, Management's Review includes a true and fair account of the matters addressed in the Review.

We recommend that the Annual Report be adopted at the Annual General Meeting.

Copenhagen, 8 June 2017

Executive Board

Torben Snowman CEO

Board of Directors

Sally Sharon Bird Spensley Christopher Henry St John Carsten Kaag Chairman Hoare

Torben Snowman

Independent Auditor's Report

To the Shareholder of J. Walter Thompson Copenhagen A/S

Opinion

We have audited the Financial Statements of J. Walter Thompson Copenhagen A/S for the financial year 1 January - 31 December 2016, which comprise income statement, balance sheet, statement of changes in equity and notes, including a summary of significant accounting policies. The Financial Statements are prepared in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act.

In our opinion, the Financial Statements give a true and fair view of the financial position of the Company at 31 December 2016 and of the results of the Company's operations for the financial year 1 January - 31 December 2016 in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act.

Basis for opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing (ISAs) and the additional requirements applicable in Denmark. Our responsibilities under those standards and requirements are further described in the "Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the Financial Statements" section of our report. We are independent of the Company in accordance with the International Ethics Standards Board for Accountants' Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants (IESBA Code) and the additional requirements applicable in Denmark, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Emphasis of Matter

Please refer to the Management Review and the description in accounting policies stating that the Executive Board is planning to close down the Company during 2017. The accounting policies are therefore changed compared to last year, so that the financial statements are prepared in accordance with the net realizable principles.

Management's responsibilities for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation of financial statements that give a true and fair view in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act, and for such internal control as Management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Independent Auditor's Report

Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the Financial Statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs and the additional requirements applicable in Denmark will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these Financial Statements.

As part of an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs and the additional requirements applicable in Denmark, we exercise professional judgement and maintain professional scepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the Financial Statements, whether due to
 fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a
 material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures
 that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Company's internal control.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by Management.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and contents of the Financial Statements, including the
 disclosures, and whether the Financial Statements represent the underlying transactions and events
 in a manner that gives a true and fair view.

We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

Independent Auditor's Report

Statement on Management's Review

Management is responsible for Management's Review.

Our opinion on the Financial Statements does not cover Management's Review, and we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the Financial Statements, our responsibility is to read Management's Review and, in doing so, consider whether Management's Review is materially inconsistent with the Financial Statements or our knowledge obtained during the audit, or otherwise appears to be materially misstated.

Moreover, it is our responsibility to consider whether Management's Review provides the information required under the Danish Financials Statements Act.

Based on the work we have performed, in our view, Management's Review is in accordance with the Financial Statements and has been prepared in accordance with the requirements of the Danish Financial Statements Act. We did not identify any material misstatement in Management's Review.

Copenhagen, 8 June 2017

Deloitte

Statsautoriseret Revisionspartnerselskab *CVR No 33 96 35 56*

Kim Takata Mücke State Autorised Public Accountant Morten Jarlbo State Autorised Public Accountant

Company Information

The Company J. Walter Thompson Copenhagen A/S

Toldbodgade 55

DK-1253 Copenhagen K

Telephone: + 45 33326031 Facsimile: + 45 33326041

CVR No: 25 79 92 91

Financial period: 1 January - 31 December Municipality of reg. office: Copenhagen

Board of Directors Sally Sharon Bird Spensley, Chairman

Christopher Henry St John Hoare

Carsten Kaag Torben Snowman

Executive Board Torben Snowman

Auditors Deloitte

Statsautoriseret Revisionspartnerselskab

Weidekampsgade 6 DK-0900 Copenhagen C

Management's Review

Key activities

The company's activity is serving as a advertising agency. The customers are Danish as well as International.

Development in the year

The income statement for the Company for 2016 shows a loss of t.DKK 3.752. The result is considered unsatisfactory and it has been decided to close the Company, and costs and obligations related to the closing have been provided at 31 December.

At 31 December, the balance sheet of the Company shows negative equity of t.DKK 541. The Company is part of WPP Group and hence included in the WPP Group financing arrangement which allows access to a Danish cash pooling, administrated by WPP Holding Denmark A/S.

WPP Holding Denmark A/S has agreed to accept to pay all costs related to the closing in case the Company does not have sufficient own funds.

Because of the support from WPP Holding Denmark A/S, it is expected that the closing will take place as a solvent liquidation.

Income Statement 1 January - 31 December

	Note	2016	2015
		DKK	DKK
Revenue		24.040.543	42.400.073
Cost of sales		-10.174.607	-24.561.226
Other external expenses		-4.989.330	-6.042.193
Gross profit/loss		8.876.606	11.796.654
Staff expenses	1	-13.890.741	-15.595.372
Depreciation, amortisation and impairment of intangible assets and			
property, plant and equipment		-120.629	-133.499
Profit/loss before financial income and expenses		-5.134.764	-3.932.217
Income from investments in subsidiaries		428.372	340.070
Financial expenses	2	-54.759	-91.229
Profit/loss before tax		-4.761.151	-3.683.376
Tax on profit/loss for the year	3	1.008.838	897.507
Net profit/loss for the year		-3.752.313	-2.785.869
Distribution of profit			
Proposed distribution of profit			
Retained earnings		-3.752.313	-2.785.869
		-3.752.313	-2.785.869

Balance Sheet 31 December

Assets

	Note	2016	2015
		DKK	DKK
Other fixtures and fittings, tools and equipment		87.339	120.614
Leasehold improvements	_	7.251	29.072
Property, plant and equipment	-	94.590	149.686
Investments in subsidiaries	4	3.245.095	2.816.723
Deposits	_	636.708	620.494
Fixed asset investments	-	3.881.803	3.437.217
Fixed assets	-	3.976.393	3.586.903
Trade receivables		2.443.289	6.693.537
Contract work in progress	5	614.347	499.356
Receivables from group enterprises		2.375.064	0
Deferred tax asset		606.095	192.764
Corporation tax		522.000	861.914
Prepayments	<u>-</u>	19.166	26.182
Receivables	-	6.579.961	8.273.753
Cash at bank and in hand	-	5.328	3.673
Currents assets		6.585.289	8.277.426
Assets	-	10.561.682	11.864.329

Balance Sheet 31 December

Liabilities and equity

	Note	2016	2015
		DKK	DKK
Share capital		750.000	713.658
Retained earnings		-1.291.175	-1.256.703
Equity	6	-541.175	-543.045
Trade payables		245.185	505.702
Contract work in progress, liabilities	5	518.311	1.489.245
Payables to group enterprises		5.807.636	8.532.097
Other payables	7	4.531.725	1.880.330
Short-term debt		11.102.857	12.407.374
Debt		11.102.857	12.407.374
Liabilities and equity		10.561.682	11.864.329
Contingent assets, liabilities and other financial obligations	8		
Related parties	9		

Statement of Changes in Equity

	Share capital	Share premium account DKK	Retained earnings DKK	Total DKK
Equity at 1 January	713.658	0	-1.256.703	-543.045
Cash capital increase	36.342	3.717.841	0	3.754.183
Net profit/loss for the year	0	0	-3.752.313	-3.752.313
Transfer from share premium account	0	-3.717.841	3.717.841	0
Equity at 31 December	750.000	0	-1.291.175	-541.175

		2016	2015
	Staff avnances	DKK	DKK
1	Staff expenses		
	Wages and salaries	11.677.078	15.000.826
	Pensions	382.349	482.920
	Other social security expenses	50.556	111.626
	Other staff expenses	1.780.758	0
		13.890.741	15.595.372
	Average number of employees	23	22
	Other staff expenses comprise expenses related to the closedown of the comp	any.	
2	Financial expenses		
	Interest paid to group enterprises	42.225	58.668
	Other financial expenses	3.543	10.501
	Exchange loss	8.991	22.060
		54.759	91.229
3	Tax on profit/loss for the year		
	Current tay for the year	F22.000	064 044
	Current tax for the year Deferred tax for the year	-522.000 -413.331	-861.914 0
	Adjustment of tax concerning previous years	-73.507	-35.593
	, tajata in anti-anti-anti-anti-anti-anti-anti-anti-	-1.008.838	-897.507
		-1.000.030	-097.307
	Investments in subsidiaries		
4	investments in subsidiaries		
	Cost at 1 January	4.421.153	4.421.153
	Cost at 31 December	4.421.153	4.421.153
	Value adjustments at 1 January	-1.604.430	-1.944.500
	Net profit/loss for the year	428.372	340.070
	Value adjustments at 31 December	-1.176.058	-1.604.430
	Carrying amount at 31 December	3.245.095	2.816.723

4 Investments in subsidiaries (continued)

Investments in subsidiaries are specified as follows:

Name Place office	e of registered	Votes and ownership
Friendly Content A/S Dann	nark	100%
5 Contract work in progress	2016 DKK	2015 DKK
5 Contract work in progress		
Selling price of work in progress	796.858	1.128.800
Invoices on account	-700.822	-2.118.689
	96.036	-989.889
Recognised in the balance sheet as follows:		
Contract work in progress (net value), where the sales value exceeds on		
accounts billings	614.347	499.356
Contract work in progress (net value), where the billings on account		
exceeds sales value	-518.311	-1.489.245
	96.036	-989.889

6 Equity

The share capital is broken down as follow:

				Number	Nominal value
			_		DKK
A-shares				678.570	678.570
B-shares				71.430	71.430
					750.000
The share capital has develop	ed as follows:				
	2016	2015	2014	2013	2012
-	DKK	DKK	DKK	DKK	DKK
Share capital at 1 January	713.658	713.658	713.658	713.658	713.658
Capital increase	36.342	0	0	0	0
Capital decrease	0	0	0	0	0
Share capital at 31					
December	750.000	713.658	713.658	713.658	713.658

At 31 December, the balance sheet of the Company shows negative equity of t.DKK 541. The Company is part of WPP Group and hence included in the WPP Group financing arrangement which allows access to a Danish cash pooling, administrated by WPP Holding Denmark A/S.

WPP Holding Denmark A/S has agreed to accept to pay all costs related to the closing in case the Company does not have sufficient own funds.

Because of the support from WPP Holding Denmark A/S, it is expected that the closing will take place as a solvent liquidation.

7	Other payables	2016 DKK	2015 DKK
	Value added tax etc	244.001	177.576
	Labour Market Supplementary Pension (ATP)	15.336	18.360
	Holiday pay obligation	1.269.071	1.227.797
	Settlement costs	2.861.160	0
	Other debt	142.157	456.597
		4.531.725	1.880.330

8 Contingent assets, liabilities and other financial obligations

Rental and lease obligations

Commitments under rental agreements or leases until expiry	0	626.466
Other contingent liabilities		
Other contingent liabilities	0	29.239

The group companies are jointly and severally liable for tax on the jointly taxed incomes etc of the Group. The total amount of corporation tax payable is disclosed in the Annual Report of WPP Holding Denmark A/S, which is the management company of the joint taxation purposes. Moreover, the group companies are jointly and severally liable for Danish withholding taxes by way of dividend tax, tax on royalty payments and tax on unearned income. Any subsequent adjustments of corporation taxes and withholding taxes may increase the Company's liability.

9 Related parties

Consolidated Financial Statements

Name and registered office of the Parent preparing consolidated financial statements for the smallest and largest group:

Name Place of registered office	
WPP Plc.	Queensway House, Hilgrove Street, St Helier,
	Jersey, JEI IES

The Group Annual Report of WPP plc. may be obtained at: www.wppinvestor.com

Basis of Preparation

The Annual Report of J. Walter Thompson Copenhagen A/S for 2016 has been prepared in accordance with the provisions of the Danish Financial Statements Act applying to enterprises of reporting class B as well as selected rules applying to reporting class C.

Due to the management decision of closing the company, assets and liabilities are recognised at expected realisable values if lower than the booked value, and provision has been made for costs to settle the company in the debt in the Annual Report. Comparative figures for previous years have not been restated.

Financial Statements for 2016 are presented in DKK.

Consolidated financial statements

With reference to section 110 of the Danish Financial Statements Act, no consolidated financial statements are prepared.

Recognition and measurement

Assets are recognised in the balance sheet when it is probable that future economic benefits attributable to the asset will flow to the Company, and the value of the asset can be measured reliably.

Liabilities are recognised in the balance sheet when it is probable that future economic benefits will flow out of the Company, and the value of the liability can be measured reliably.

Assets and liabilities are initially measured at cost. Subsequently, assets and liabilities are measured as described for each item below.

Recognition and measurement take into account predictable losses and risks occurring before the presentation of the Annual Report which confirm or invalidate affairs and conditions existing at the balance sheet date.

Translation policies

Transactions in foreign currencies are translated at the exchange rates at the dates of transaction. Exchange differences arising due to differences between the transaction date rates and the rates at the dates of payment are recognised in financial income and expenses in the income statement.

Income Statement

Revenue

Revenue from the sale of advertising services etc. is recognised in the income statement as work is performed. Revenue is recognised net of VAT, duties and sale discounts.

Contract work in progress is included in revenue based on the stage of completion so that revenue corresponds to the sales value of work performed.

Cost of sales

Cost of sales comprises costs incurred to earn revenue.

Other external expenses

Other external expenses comprise expenses for premises, stationery and office supplies, marketing costs and services provided by group related companies etc. This item also includes write-downs of receiveables recognised in current assets.

Staff expenses

Staff expenses comprise wages and salaries as well as payroll expenses including social security contributions, pension contributions etc.

Amortisation, depreciation and impairment losses

Amortisation, depreciation and impairment losses relating to property, plant and equipment comprise amortisation, depreciation and impairment losses for the financial year, calculated on the basis of the residual values and useful lives of the individual assets and impairment testing as well as gains and losses from the sale of property, plant and equipment.

Income from investments in subsidiaries

The item "Income from investments in subsidiaries" in the income statement includes the proportionate share of the profit for the year.

Financial income and expenses

Financial income and expenses are recognised in the income statement at the amounts relating to the financial year.

Tax on profit/loss for the year

Tax for the year consists of current tax for the year and changes in deferred tax for the year. The tax attributable to the profit for the year is recognised in the income statement, whereas the tax attributable to equity transactions is recognised directly in equity.

The Company is jointly taxed with the other WPP companies in Denmark. The tax effect of the joint taxation is allocated to enterprises in proportion to their taxable incomes.

Balance Sheet

Property, plant and equipment

Property, plant and equipment are measured at cost less accumulated depreciation and less any accumulated impairment losses.

Cost comprises the cost of acquisition and expenses directly related to the acquisition up until the time when the asset is ready for use.

Depreciation based on cost reduced by any residual value is calculated on a straight-line basis over the expected useful lives of the assets, which are:

Other fixtures and fittings,

tools and equipment 3-5 years Leasehold improvements 5 years

Investments in subsidiaries

Investments in subsidiaries are recognised and measured under the equity method.

Subsidiaries with a negative net asset value are recognised at DKK o. Any legal or constructive obligation of the Parent Company to cover the negative balance of the enterprise is recognised in provisions.

Cash pool

The Company is part of a cash pool scheme with other Danish WPP companies. Consequently, a considerable portion of the Company's bank deposits and debt is included in receivables from and payables to group enterprises, respectively.

Receivables

Receivables are recognised in the balance sheet at amortised cost, which substantially corresponds to nominal value. Provisions for estimated bad debts are made.

Contract work in progress

Contract work in progress regarding service is measured at selling price of the work performed calculated on the basis of the stage of completion. The stage of completion is measured by the proportion that the contract expenses incurred to date bear to the estimated total contract expenses. Where it is probable that total contract expenses will exceed total revenues from a contract, the expected loss is recognised as an expense in the income statement.

Where the selling price cannot be measured reliably, the selling price is measured at the lower of expenses incurred and net realisable value.

Invoices on account are set off against the selling price. The individual contracts are classified as receivables when the net selling price is positive and as liabilities when the net selling price is negative.

Expenses relating to sales work and the winning of contracts are recognised in the income statement as incurred.

Prepayments

Prepayments comprise prepaid expenses concerning rent, insurance premiums, subscriptions and interest.

Deferred tax assets and liabilities

Deferred income tax is measured using the balance sheet liability method in respect of temporary differences arising between the tax bases of assets and liabilities and their carrying amounts for financial reporting purposes on the basis of the intended use of the asset and settlement of the liability, respectively.

Deferred tax assets are measured at the value at which the asset is expected to be realised, either by elimination in tax on future earnings or by set-off against deferred tax liabilities within the same legal tax entity.

Deferred tax is measured on the basis of the tax rules and tax rates that will be effective under the legislation at the balance sheet date when the deferred tax is expected to crystallise as current tax. Any changes in deferred tax due to changes to tax rates are recognised in the income statement or in equity if the deferred tax relates to items recognised in equity.

Current tax receivables and liabilities

Current tax liabilities and receivables are recognised in the balance sheet as the expected taxable income for the year adjusted for tax on taxable incomes for prior years and tax paid on account. Extra payments and repayment under the on-account taxation scheme are recognised in the income statement in financial income and expenses.

Financial debts

Debts are measured at amortised cost, substantially corresponding to nominal value.