Harbour House Sundkrogsgade 21, 2100 Copenhagen

CVR no. 25 78 48 47

Annual Report 2015

Chairman

Kitt Æbelø Laurenz

Approved at the Company's Annual General Meeting on 08-06-2016

CONTENTS

	2
Management's report	4
Independent auditors' report	3
Company information	
Management's review	
Accounting policies	
Income statement for the period 1 January - 31 December	
Proposed distribution of profit/loss	11
Balance 31 December	12
Notes to the financial statements	14

MANAGEMENT'S REPORT

The Management has today discussed and approved the Annual Report of Des Alpes Holding ApS for the financial year 1 January 2015 - 31 December 2015.

The Annual Report has been prepared in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act.

It is my opinion that the financial statements give a true and fair view of the Company's financial position at 31 December 2015 and of the results of the Company's operations for the financial year 1 January 2015 - 31 December 2015.

Further, in my opinion, the Management's review gives a fair review of the matters discussed in the Management's review.

I recommend that the Annual Report be approved at the annual general meeting.

Copenhagen, 8 June 2016

Management

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

To the shareholders of Des Alpes Holding ApS.

Independent auditors' report on the financial statements

We have audited the financial statements of Des Alpes Holding ApS for the financial year 1 January 2015 – 31 December 2015, which comprise a summary of significant accounting policies, income statement, balance sheet and notes. The financial statements are prepared in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act.

Management's responsibility for the financial statements

Management is responsible for the preparation of financial statements that give a true and fair view in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act. Management is also responsible for such internal control that Management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditors' responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing and additional requirements under Danish audit regulation. This requires that we comply with ethical requirements and plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance as to whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgement, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditors consider internal control relevant to the preparation of financial statements that give a true and fair view in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Company's internal control. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates made by Management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Qualification

Basis for opinion with qualification

The investments in Jocaja LTD are in the financial statements recognized at cost amounting to EUR 1,600,000. We have only received unaudited financial statements regarding the investment, and therefore we qualify our opinion due to the limitation in our audit of the financial statements.

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

Qualified Opinion

In our opinion, the financial statements, except for the possible effects of the matter described in the Basis for Qualified Opinion paragraph, give a true and fair view of the Company's financial position at 31 December 2015 and of the results of its operations for the financial year 1 January 2015 – 31 December 2015 in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act.

Statement on the Management's Review

Pursuant to the Danish Financial Statements Act, we have read the Management's review. We have not performed any other procedures in addition to the audit of the financial statements. On this basis, it is our opinion that the information provided in the Management's review is consistent with the financial statements.

Copenhagen, 8 June 2016

REDMARK

STATSAUTORISERET REVISIONSPARTNERSELSKAB
CVR 29442789

ANDERS SCHELDE-MOLLERUP FUNDER

State Authorized Public Accountant

COMPANY INFORMATION

Company name

Des Alpes Holding ApS

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CVR no.

25 78 48 47

Address

Harbour House Sundkrogsgade 21, 2100 Copenhagen

Date of incorporation

1. december 2000

Municipality of domicile

Copenhagen

Management

Pernille Ohlsen

Auditors

Redmark Statsautoriseret Revisionspartnerselskab

Dirch Passers Allé 76 DK-2000 Frederiksberg

Annual General Meeting

08-06-16

Chairman

Kitt Æbelø Laurenz

Ownership control

The Company is owned by: Ms. Basso Valentina Germana

Jean Charles Rey 34

Monte Carlo

Subsidiaries

Jocaja Ltd

MANAGEMENT'S REVIEW

Principal activities of the Company

The principal activity of the Company is to hold shares in subsidiaries as a capital investment and to manage the assets of the company.

Unusual circumstances

No unusual circumstances have affected the Company's activities during the year.

Development in activities and financial matters

The Company's financial position and the result of the year will be shown in the following income statement of the financial year 1 January 2015 - 31 December 2015 and the balance sheet as per 31 December 2015.

It is the Company's 15th financial year. The Annual Report is prepared in EUR.

The result for the year shows a loss of EUR 26,938. The Management considers the result to be unsatisfactory.

Employees

There have been no employees in the Company during the period.

Subsequent events

No significant events have occurred after the balance sheet date, which could have influence on the evaluation of the Annual Report.

Future prospects

The Company expects a similar result for the coming year.

ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The Annual Report of the Company has been prepared in accordance with the provisions of the Danish Financial Statements Act for Class B companies.

The most significant elements of the accounting principles applied are described below. The accounting principles were applied consistently with the principles of prior year's financial reporting.

Consolidated financial statements

In accordance with the Danish Company's Accounting Act, section 110, the Company has used the option not to prepare consolidated financial statements.

Recognition and measurement

Revenue is recognised in the income statement as it is earned. Furthermore, value adjustments of financial assets and liabilities measured at fair value or amortised costs are recognised. Moreover, all expenses incurred to achieve the earnings for the year are recognised in the income statement, including depreciation, amortisation, write downs and provisions.

Assets are recognised in the balance sheet when it is probable that future economic benefits will flow to the Company and the value of the asset can be measured reliably.

Liabilities are recognised in the balance sheet when it is probable that future economic benefits will flow from the Company and the value of the liability can be measured reliably.

On initial recognition, assets and liabilities are measured at cost. Subsequently, assets and liabilities are measured as described for each individual item below.

Certain financial assets and liabilities are measured at cost, thus recognising a constant effective interest over the term. Amortised cost is computed as original cost less deductions, if any, as well as additions/deductions of the accumulated amortisation of the difference between cost and nominal value.

When recognising and measuring assets and liabilities, any gains, losses and risks occurred prior to the presentation of the Annual Report will be considered and evidence of such conditions existing at the balance sheet date will be taken into account.

Foreign currency translation

Transactions denominated in foreign currencies are translated at the exchange rates at the date of the transaction.

Receivables, liabilities and other items in foreign currencies which have not been settled at the balance sheet date are translated at the exchange rates at the balance sheet date.

Realised and unrealised exchange rate adjustments are included in the income statement as financial income/expenses.

ACCOUNTING POLICIES

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Income statement

Other external expenses

Other external expenses comprise expenses for distribution, sale, marketing, administration, premises, bad debts, etc.

Financial items

Financial income and expense and similar items are recognised in the income statement with the amounts relating to the reporting period. Net financials include interest income and expense and realised and unrealised exchange rate gains and losses on foreign currency transactions.

Tax on profit/loss for the year

Tax for the year consists of current tax for the year and deferred tax for the year. The tax relating to the profit for the year is recognised in the income statement, whereas the tax related to equity transactions is recognised directly in equity.

Any changes in deferred tax due to changes to tax rates are recognised in the income statement.

Balance sheet

Investments in subsidiaries

Investments in subsidiaries are measured at cost. If the cost exceeds the recoverable amount, writedown is provided to the lower value. The investment is reduced with declared dividend that exceeds retained earnings during the period of ownership.

Receivables

Receivables are measured at amortised cost. Write-downs for bad debt are based on individual assessment of receivables.

Tax assets, receivables and liabilities

Current tax liabilities and outstanding current tax are recognised in the balance sheet as computed tax on the taxable income for the year adjusted for tax on previous years' taxable income as well as for tax paid on account.

Deferred tax is measured according to the liability method in respect of temporary differences between accounting and tax values of assets and liabilities. In cases, e.g. regarding shares where computation of the tax value can be made according to alternative tax rules, deferred tax is measured either on basis of the planned use of the asset or on settlement of the liability.

Deferred tax assets, including the tax value of tax loss carry forwards, are measured at expected realisable value, either by payment of tax on future earnings or by set-off against deferred tax liabilities within the same legal tax entity. Deferred net tax assets, if any, are measured at net realisable value.

ACCOUNTING POLICIES

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Deferred tax is measured on basis of the tax rules and tax rates ruling at balance sheet date, when the deferred tax is expected to become current tax. Changes in deferred tax because of changes in tax rates are recognised in the income statement. On the basis of the assessment made by the management in regards to realisation of the Company's assets a tax rate of 22% has been applied when calculating deferred tax. When calculating tax on a net profit for the year the current tax rate of 23.5% has been applied.

Liabilities

Liabilities are measured at amortised cost equal to nominal value.

INCOME STATEMENT FOR THE PERIOD 1 JANUARY - 31 DECEMBER

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	Note	2015	2014
		EUR	EUR
Other external costs	-	(19,073)	(17,930)
Profit/(loss) before financial items		(19,073)	(17,930)
Financial income		0	1
Financial expenses	-	(7,865)	(6,700)
Profit/(loss) before tax		(26,938)	(24,629)
Tax on net profit/(loss) for the year	1	0	0
Net profit/(loss) for the year	-	(26,938)	(24,629)

PROPOSED DISTRIBUTION OF PROFIT/LOSS

	Note	2015	2014
		EUR	EUR
Proposed distribution of profit/loss			
Retained earnings	-	(26,938)	(24,629)
Total Distribution	_	(26,938)	(24,629)

BALANCE 31 DECEMBER

	Note	2015	2014
		EUR	EUR
ASSETS			
Investments in subsidiaries	2	1,600,000	1,600,000
Total financial fixed assets	-	1,600,000	1,600,000
Total fixed assets	-	1,600,000	1,600,000
Cash and cash equivalents	-	58	235
Total cash and cash equivalents	-	58	235
Total current assets	-	58	235
Total assets	-	1,600,058	1,600,235

BALANCE 31 DECEMBER

	Note	2015	2014
		EUR	EUR
EQUITY AND LIABILITIES			
Share capital		20,970	20,970
Share premium account		192,771	192,771
Retained earnings/(losses)		1,194,075	1,221,013
Total shareholders' equity	3 _	1,407,816	1,434,754
Payables to affiliates	_	189,617	160,937
Total long-term liabilities	-	189,617	160,937
Trade payables	_	2,625	4,544
Total short-term liabilities	-	2,625	4,544
Total liabilities		192,242	165,481
Total liabilities and shareholders' equity	-	1,600,058	1,600,235
Contractual obligations and contingencies, etc.	4		

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

1	Tax on net pro	ofit/(loss) for the y	rear)15 UR	2014 EUR
	Tax of the year	result					0 _	0
	Tax on net pr	ofit/(loss) for the y	ear tota	ıI			0	0
2	Investments i	n subsidiaries				2015 EUR		2014 EUR
	Cost beginning	g of the year				1,60	0,000	1,600,000
	Cost end of the	e year				1,60	0,000	1,600,000
	Investments in subsidiaries total			_			0,000	1,600,000
-	Name	Place of registration	Curr.	Share capi		Votes and ownership	Equity at 3 Decembe 201 EUR	er profit/loss
*	Jocaja Ltd	British Virgin Island	EUR	3.800.0	000	100%	3,800.00	0 (1.400)
*	Number from 2012	1						
3	Shareholders	equity	c	Share capital	pre	hare mium count	Retained earnings	Total
			E	EUR'000	EU	JR'000	EUR'000	
	Balance 1 Januar Result of the year		<u>,,</u>	21 0		193 0	1,221 (27)	1,435 (27)
	Shareholders	s' equity total		21		193	1,194	1,408

The capital comprises 156 shares of EUR 1,000 each.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

4 Contractual obligations and contingencies, etc.

The Company has not assumed any liabilities, in excess of the liabilities resulting from its ordinary business.