# **GR HB ApS**

Fridtjof Nansens Plads 5, 2100 København Ø CVR no. 25 59 76 99

# Annual report 2017

Approved at the Company's annual general meeting on 8 May 2018

Chairman:





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Katia Ciesielska



### Statement by the Board of Directors and the Executive Board

Today, the Executive Board has discussed and approved the annual report of GR HB ApS for the financial year 1 January - 31 December 2017.

The annual report is prepared in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act.

In our opinion, the financial statements give a true and fair view of the financial position of the Company at 31 December 2017 and of the results of the Company's operations for the financial year 1 January - 31 December 2017.

Further, in our opinion, the Management's review gives a fair review of the matters discussed in the Management's review.

We recommend that the annual report be approved at the annual general meeting.

Copenhagen, 8 May 2018 Executive Board:

Carl Edgar Serge Vøgg

Robert McCorduck



### Independent auditor's report

### To the shareholders of GR HB ApS

### Opinion

We have audited the financial statements of GR HB ApS for the financial year 1 January - 31 December 2017, which comprise income statement, balance sheet, statement of changes in equity and notes, including accounting policies. The financial statements are prepared in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act.

In our opinion, the financial statements give a true and fair view of the financial position of the Company at 31 December 2017 and of the results of the Company's operations for the financial year 1 January - 31 December 2017 in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act.

### Basis for opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing (ISAs) and the additional requirements applicable in Denmark. Our responsibilities under those standards and requirements are further described in the "Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements" section of our report. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

### Independence

We are independent of the Group in accordance with the International Ethics Standards Board for Accountants' Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants (IESBA Code) and the additional requirements applicable in Denmark, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these rules and requirements.

### Management's responsibilities for the financial statements

Management is responsible for the preparation of financial statements that give a true and fair view in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act and for such internal control as Management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, Management is responsible for assessing the Company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting in preparing the financial statements unless Management either intends to liquidate the Company or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

### Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance as to whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs and the additional requirements applicable in Denmark will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of the financial statements.

As part of an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs and the additional requirements applicable in Denmark, we exercise professional judgement and maintain professional scepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Company's internal control.



### Independent auditor's report

- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by Management.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of Management's use of the going concern basis of accounting in preparing the financial statements and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Company's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Company to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and contents of the financial statements, including the note disclosures, and whether the financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that gives a true and fair view.

We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

### Statement on the Management's review

Management is responsible for the Management's review.

Our opinion on the financial statements does not cover the Management's review, and we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the financial statements, our responsibility is to read the Management's review and, in doing so, consider whether the Management's review is materially inconsistent with the financial statements or our knowledge obtained during the audit, or otherwise appears to be materially misstated.

Moreover, it is our responsibility to consider whether the Management's review provides the information required under the Danish Financial Statements Act.

Based on the work we have performed, we conclude that the Management's review is in accordance with the financial statements and has been prepared in accordance with the requirements of the Danish Financial Statement Act. We did not identify any material misstatement of the Management's review.

Odense, 8 May 2018 FRNST & YOUNG

Godkendt Revisionspartnerselskab

CVR no. 30 70 Q2 28

Morten Schougaard Sørensen State Authorised Public Accountant

MNE no.: mne32129



### Management's review

### Company details

Name

Address, Postal code, City

CVR no.

Established

Registered office

Financial year

**Executive Board** 

**Auditors** 

GR HB ApS

Fridtjof Nansens Plads 5, 2100 København Ø

25 59 76 99

18 December 2013

Copenhagen

1 January - 31 December

Carl Edgar Serge Vøgg

Robert McCorduck Katia Ciesielska

Ernst & Young Godkendt Revisionspartnerselskab

Englandsgade 25, P.O. Box 200, 5100 Odense C, Denmark



### Management's review

### **Business review**

It is the Company's objective to own and hold ownership interests in companies, to purchase, own, sell, rent and rent out real estate and all other related activities.

### Financial review

The income statement for 2017 shows a profit of DKK 1,837,363 against a profit of DKK 2,959,208 last year, and the balance sheet at 31 December 2017 shows equity of DKK 78,043,726.

Management considers the Company's financial performance in the year as expected.

### Events after the balance sheet date

No events materially affecting the Company's financial position have occurred subsequent to the financial year-end 2017.



### Income statement

DKK	2017	2016
Gross margin Staff costs	-55,697 0	-132,650 0
Profit/loss before net financials Income from investments in group entities Other financial income from group enterprises Financial expenses	-55,697 1,308,766 1,465,360 -729,314	-132,650 2,116,241 1,584,600 -582,367
Profit before tax Tax for the year	1,989,115 -151,752	2,985,824 -26,616
Profit for the year	1,837,363	2,959,208
Recommended appropriation of profit		
	Toronto terrorial de la constanti de la consta	0
		2.050.200
Retained earnings/accumulated 1055	-62,300,612	2,959,208
	1,837,363	2,959,208
	Gross margin Staff costs  Profit/loss before net financials Income from investments in group entities Other financial income from group enterprises Financial expenses  Profit before tax Tax for the year  Profit for the year	Gross margin Staff costs  Profit/loss before net financials Income from investments in group entities Other financial income from group enterprises Financial expenses Frofit before tax Profit before tax Tax for the year Profit for the year  Recommended appropriation of profit Proposed dividend recognised under equity Net revaluation reserve according to the equity method Retained earnings/accumulated loss  -55,697 1,308,766 1,465,360 -729,314 -729,3



### Balance sheet

Note	DKK	2017	2016
	ASSETS Fixed assets Investments		
	Investments in group entities	80,229,775	78,921,009
		80,229,775	78,921,009
	Total fixed assets	80,229,775	78,921,009
	Non-fixed assets Receivables		
	Receivables from group entities	29,010,349	31,069,415
		29,010,349	31,069,415
	Cash	13,675,991	7,878,819
	Total non-fixed assets	42,686,340	38,948,234
	TOTAL ASSETS	122,916,115	117,869,243



### Balance sheet

Note	DKK	2017	2016
	EQUITY AND LIABILITIES Equity		
	Share capital	80,000	80,000
	Net revaluation reserve according to the equity method	569,354	0
	Retained earnings	13,825,751	76,126,363
	Dividend proposed for the year	63,568,621	0
	Total equity	78,043,726	76,206,363
	Liabilities other than provisions		
	Current liabilities other than provisions		
	Bank debt	37,523,788	36,451,032
	Payables to group entities	7,166,308	5,131,510
	Income taxes payable	159,918	65,462
	Other payables	22,375	14,876
		44,872,389	41,662,880
	Total liabilities other than provisions	44,872,389	41,662,880
	TOTAL EQUITY AND LIABILITIES	122,916,115	117,869,243

Accounting policies
 Contractual obligations and contingencies, etc.

<sup>4</sup> Collateral



# Statement of changes in equity

DKK Equity at 1 January 2016
Transfer through appropriation of profi
Equity at 1 January 2017 Transfer through appropriation of profi
Equity at 31 December 2017

Total	73,247,155 2,959,208	76,206,363 1,837,363	78,043,726
Dividend proposed for the year	00	0 63,568,621	63,568,621
Retained earnings	73,167,155 2,959,208	76,126,363 -62,300,612	13,825,751
Net revaluation reserve according to the equity method	00	0 569,354	569,354
Share capital	80,000	80,000	80,000



### Notes to the financial statements

### 1 Accounting policies

The annual report of GR HB ApS for 2017 has been prepared in accordance with the provisions in the Danish Financial Statements Act applying to reporting class B entities and elective choice of certain provisions applying to reporting class C entities.

In accordance with section 110(1) of the Danish Financial Statements Act, the Company has not prepared consolidated financial statements.

The accounting policies used in the preparation of the financial statements are consistent with those of last year.

### Income statement

### Gross margin

With reference to section 32 of the Danish Financial Statements Act, the items 'Revenue', 'Property expenses', 'Other external expenses' and 'Other operating income' are consolidated into one item designated 'Gross margin'.

### Other external expenses

Other external expenses include the year's expenses relating to the entity's core activities, including expenses relating to advertising, administration, etc.

### Income from investments in subsidiaries

The item includes the entity's proportionate share of the profit/loss for the year in subsidiaries and associates after elimination of intra-group income or losses and net of amortisation and impairment of goodwill and other excess values at the time of acquisition.

### Financial expenses

Financial income and expenses are recognised in the income statements at the amounts that concern the financial year.

### Tax

Tax for the year includes current tax on the year's expected taxable income and the year's deferred tax adjustments. The portion of the tax for the year that relates to the profit/loss for the year is recognised in the income statement, whereas the portion that relates to transactions taken to equity is recognised in equity.

The Company and its group entities are jointly taxed. The income tax charge is allocated between profit making and loss making Danish entities in proportion to their taxable income).

Jointly taxed entities entitled to a tax refund are reimbursed by the management company based on the rates applicable to interest allowances, and jointly taxed entities which have paid too little tax pay a surcharge according to the rates applicable to interest surcharges to the management company.



### Notes to the financial statements

### 1 Accounting policies (continued)

### Balance sheet

### Investments in subsidiaries

Investments in subsidiaries and associates are measured, using the equity method, at the parent's proportionate share of such entities' equity.

On initial recognition, equity investments in subsidiaries are measured at cost, i.e. plus transaction costs. The cost is allocated in accordance with the acquisition method.

The cost is adjusted by shares of profit/loss after tax calculated in accordance with the Group's accounting policies less or plus unrealised intra-group gains/losses.

Dividend received is deduced from the carrying amount.

Equity investments in subsidiaries measured at net asset value are subject to impairment test requirements if there is any indication of impairment.

### Receivables

Receivables are measured at amortised cost, which usually corresponds to the nominal value. Provisions are made for bad debts on the basis of objective evidence that a receivable or a group of receivables are impaired. Provisions are made to the lower of the net realisable value and the carrying amount.

### Cash

Cash comprises bank balances.

### Equity

### Reserve for net revaluation according to the equity method

The net revaluation reserve according to the equity method includes net revaluations of investments in subsidiaries and associates relative to cost. The reserve can be eliminated in case of losses, realisation of investments or a change in accounting estimates. The reserve cannot be recognised at a negative amount.

### Proposed dividends

Dividend proposed for the year is recognised as a liability once adopted at the annual general meeting (declaration date). Dividends expected to be distributed for the financial year are presented as a separate item under "Equity".



### Notes to the financial statements

### 1 Accounting policies (continued)

### Income taxes

Current tax payables and receivables are recognised in the balance sheet as the estimated income tax charge for the year, adjusted for prior-year taxes and tax paid on account.

Provisions for deferred tax are calculated, based on the liability method, of all temporary differences between carrying amounts and tax values.

Deferred tax is measured according to the tax rules and at the tax rates applicable at the balance sheet date when the deferred tax is expected to crystallise as current tax. Deferred tax assets are recognised at the expected value of their utilisation; either as a set-off against tax on future income or as a set-off against deferred tax liabilities in the same legal tax entity. Changes in deferred tax due to changes in the tax rate are recognised in the income statement.

### Other payables

Other payables are measured at net realisable value.

### 2 Staff costs

The Company has no employees.

### 3 Contractual obligations and contingencies, etc.

### Contingent liabilities

Guarantee has been provided in respect of bank commitments in subsidiaries and GR HB ApS. The total debt to banks and mortage debt in these companies is DKK 184,148 thousand.

### Other contingent liabilities

The company is jointly taxed with other Danish group entities and is jointly and severally liable with other jointly taxed group entities for payment of income taxes as well as withholding taxes on interest and dividends.

### 4 Collateral

As security for the company's debt to banks, the company has placed investments in group entities with an equityvalue of DKK 80,230 thousand.