Ringager 4 C, st,

2605 Brøndby

CVR No. 25510259

# **Annual Report 2021**

21. financial year

The Annual Report was presented and adopted at the Annual General Meeting of the Company on 15 July 2022

Michael Morton Chairman

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## **Management's Statement**

Today, Management has considered and adopted the Annual Report of TTI Electronics Denmark ApS for the financial year 1 January 2021 - 31 December 2021.

The Annual Report is presented in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act.

In our opinion, the Financial Statements give a true and fair view of the assets, liabilities and financial position of the Company at 31 December 2021 and of the results of the Company's operations for the financial year 1 January 2021 - 31 December 2021.

In our opinion, the Management's Review includes a true and fair account of the matters addressed in the review.

We recommend that the Annual Report be adopted at the Annual General Meeting.

Brøndby, 15 July 2022

## **Executive Board**

Lars Håkan Dahlström Manager

## **Supervisory Board**

Michael Morton

Thomas William Heilbuth

## **Independent Auditor's Report**

## To the shareholders of TTI Electronics Denmark ApS

#### **Opinion**

We have audited the financial statements of TTI Electronics Denmark ApS for the financial year 1 January 2021 - 31 December 2021, which comprise an income statement, balance sheet and notes. The financial statements are prepared in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act.

In our opinion, the financial statements give a true and fair view of the Company's financial position at 31 December 2021 and of the results of its operations for the financial year 1 January 2021 - 31 December 2021 in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act.

## **Basis of opinion**

We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing (ISAs) and additional requirements applicable in Denmark. Our responsibility under those standards and requirements are further described in our auditors' report under "Auditors' responsibility for the audit of the financial statements". As required by the International Ethics Standards Board for Accountants' Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants (IESBA Code) and additional requirements applicable in Denmark, we are independent of the Company, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

## Management's responsibility for the financial statements

Management is responsible for the preparation of financial statements that give a true and fair view in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act and for such internal control as Management considers necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, Management is responsible for assessing the Company's ability to continue as a going concern; disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern; and using the going concern basis of accounting in preparing the financial statements unless Management either intends to either liquidate the Company or suspend operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

## The auditor's responsibility for the audit of the financial statements

Our responsibility is to obtain reasonable assurance as to whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditors' report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is no guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs and additional requirements applicable in Denmark will always detect material misstatements. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and can be considered material if it would be reasonable to expect that these - either individually or collectively - could influence the economic decisions taken by the users of financial statements on the basis of these financial statements.

As part of an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs and additional requirements applicable in Denmark, we exercise professional judgement and maintain an attitude of professional skepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- \* Identify and assess the risk of material misstatements in the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for a material misstatement resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations or override of internal control.
- \* Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Company's internal control.

## **Independent Auditor's Report**

- \* Evaluate whether the accounting policies used are appropriate and whether the accounting estimates and the related disclosures made by Management are reasonable.
- \* Conclude on whether Management's use of the going concern basis of accounting in preparing the financial statements is appropriate and, based on the audit evidence obtained, conclude on whether a material uncertainty exists relating to events or conditions, which could cast significant doubt on the Company's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditors' report to the related disclosures in the financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditors' report. However, future events or conditions may imply that the Company can no longer remain a going concern.
- \* Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and contents of the financial statements, including note disclosures, and whether the financial statements reflect the underlying transactions and events in a manner that gives a true and fair view.

We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control which we identify during our audit.

## **Statement on Management's Review**

Management is responsible for the Management's review.

Our opinion on the financial statements does not cover the Management's review, and we do not express any form of opinion providing assurance regarding the Management's review.

Our responsibility in connection with our audit of the financial statements is to read the Management's review and, in doing so, consider whether the Management's review is materially inconsistent with the financial statements or with the knowledge we have gained during the audit, or otherwise appears to be materially misstated.

Moreover, it is our responsibility to consider whether the Management's review meets the disclosure requirements in the Danish Financial Statements Act.

Based on our procedures, we are of the opinion that the Management's review is in accordance with the financial statements and has been prepared in accordance with the requirements in the Danish Financial Statements Act. In our opinion, the Management's review is not materially misstated.

Søborg, 15 July 2022

inforevision

Statsautoriseret Revisionsaktieselskab

CVR-no. 19263096

Sten Pedersen State Authorised Public Accountant mne23408

# **Management's Review**

## The Company's principal activities

The Company's principal activities consist in trading in passive components and inter-connects.

## **Development in activities and financial matters**

The Company's Income Statement of the financial year 1 January 2021 - 31 December 2021 shows a result of DKK 1.271.190 and the Balance Sheet at 31 December 2021 a balance sheet total of DKK 38.451.686 and an equity of DKK 36.200.399.

## **Accounting Policies**

## **Reporting Class**

The Annual Report of TTI Electronics Denmark ApS for 2021 has been presented in accordance with the provisions of the Danish Financial Statements Act applying to enterprises of reporting class B.

The accounting policies applied remain unchanged from last year.

## Reporting currency

The Annual Report is presented in Danish kroner.

#### **Translation policies**

Transactions in foreign currencies are translated into DKK at the exchange rate prevailing at the date of transaction. Monetary assets and liabilities in foreign currencies are translated into DKK based on the exchange rates prevailing at the balance sheet day. Realised and unrealised foreign exchange gains and losses are included in the Income Statement under Financial Income and Expenses.

## **Income Statement**

#### Revenue

Revenue is recognised in the income statement if the goods have been delivered and the risk has passed to the byer before year-end and if the revenue can be reliably calculated and expected to be received. Revenue is recognised exclusive og VAT and net of sales discounts.

## Other external expenses

Other external expenses include costs for sales and administration.

## **Employee benefits expense**

Employee benefits expenses comprise wages, salaries, pensions and social security costs.

Other employee benefits expenses are recognised in other external expenses.

## Amortisation and impairment of tangible assets

Amortisation and impairment of tangible assets has been performed based on a continuing assessment of the useful life of the assets in the Company. Non-current assets are amortised on a straight line basis, based on cost, on the basis of the following assessment of useful life and residual values:

	Residual
Useful	l life value
Fixtures and fittings, tools and equipment 4 ye	ears 0%

Property, plant and equipment in progress and prepayments for property, plant and equipment is not amortised.

Profit or loss resulting from the sale of tangible assets is determined as the difference between the selling price less selling costs and the carrying amount at the date of sale, and is recognised in the Income Statement under other operating income or expenses.

## Financial income and expenses

Financial income and expenses are recognised in the Income Statement based on the amounts that concern the financial year. Financial income and expenses include interest revenue and expenses, realised and unrealised capital gains and losses regarding accounts payable and transactions in foreign currencies.

## **Accounting Policies**

#### Tax on net profit for the year

Tax on net profit/loss for the year comprises current tax on expected taxable income of the year and the year's adjustment of deferred tax less the part of the tax of the year that relates to changes in equity. Current and deferred tax regarding changes in equity is recognised directly in equity.

The Company and the Danish associates are taxed jointly. The Danish income tax is distributed between profit- and loss-making Danish enterprises in relation to their taxable income (full distribution).

#### **Balance Sheet**

#### **Tangible assets**

Tangible assets are measured at cost on initial recognition and subsequently at cost less accumulated depreciation and impairment losses.

The depreciable amount is calculated taking into consideration the residual value of the asset at the end of its useful life, reduced by impairment losses, if any. The depreciation period and the residual value are determined at the data of acquisition. If the residual value exceeds the carrying amount of the asset, depreciation is discontinued.

In case of changes in depreciation period or residual value, the effect of a change in depreciation period is recognised prospectively in accounting estimates.

Cost includes the purchase priceand expenses directly related to the acquisition until the time when the asset is ready for use. The cost of self-constructed assets includes costs for materials, components, subcontractors, direct payroll costs and indirect production costs.

The cost of composite asset is disaggregated into components, which are seperately depreciated if the usefull lives of the individual components differ.

## **Deposits**

Deposits are measured at cost.

## **Receivables**

Receivables are measured at amortised cost which usually corresponds to the nominal value. The value is reduced by write-downs for expected bad debts.

#### Accrued income, assets

Accrued income recognised in assets comprises prepaid costs regarding subsequent financial years.

#### Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents comprise cash at bank and in hand.

## **Equity**

Equity comprises the working capital and a number of equity items that may be statutory or stipulated in tha articles of association.

# **Accounting Policies**

#### **Deferred tax**

Deferred tax and the associated adjustments for the year are determined according to the balance-sheet liability method as the tax base of all temporary differences between carrying amounts and the tax bases of assets and liabilities.

Deferred tax assets, including the tax base of tax losses allowed for carryforward, are recognised at the value at which they are expected to be used, either by elimination in tax on future earnings or by set-off against deferred tax liabilities in enterprises within the same legal entity and jurisdiction.

Deferred tax is measured on the basis of the tax rules and tax rates that will be effective under the legislation applicable at the balance sheet date when the deferred tax is expected to crystallise as current tax.

#### **Current tax liabilities**

Current tax liabilities and current tax receivables are recognised in the Balance Sheet as calculated tax on the expected taxable income for the year, adjusted for tax on taxable income for previous years as well as for tax prepaid.

#### **Payables**

Paybles are measured at amortised cost which usually corresponds to the nominal value.

## **Contingent assets and liabilities**

Contingent assets and liabilities are not recognised in the Balance Sheet but appear only in the notes.

# **Income Statement**

	Note	2021 kr.	2020 kr.
Gross profit		11.706.627	10.785.487
Employee benefits expense  Depreciation and impairment of Property, plant and	1	-9.734.430	-9.531.805
equipment assets		-28.320	-40.276
Profit from ordinary operating activities		1.943.877	1.213.406
Other finance income		-164.201	104.967
Finance expences		-279.206	-277.332
Profit from ordinary activities before tax		1.500.470	1.041.041
Tax expense on ordinary activities	2	-229.280	-267.756
Profit	_	1.271.190	773.285
Distribution of profit			
Retained earnings		1.271.190	773.285
Distribution of profit	_	1.271.190	773.285

# **Balance Sheet as of 31 December**

	Note	2021 kr.	2020 kr.
Assets	Note	KI.	KI.
Fixtures, fittings, tools and equipment		42.728	71.048
Property, plant and equipment	_	42.728	71.048
Deposits, investments		145.070	143.746
Investments	<u> </u>	145.070	143.746
Fixed assets	_	187.798	214.794
Short-term receivables from group enterprises		36.430.030	35.632.854
Other short-term receivables		145.737	446.922
Deferred income		209.317	53.407
Receivables	_	36.785.084	36.133.183
Cash and cash equivalents	_	1.478.804	880.927
Current assets	_	38.263.888	37.014.110
Assets		38.451.686	37.228.904

# **Balance Sheet as of 31 December**

	Note	2021 kr.	2020 kr.
Liabilities and equity	Note	KI.	KI.
Contributed capital		125.000	125.000
Retained earnings	_	36.075.399	34.804.209
Equity		36.200.399	34.929.209
Trade payables		319.783	78.309
Tax payables to group enterprises		59.934	308.871
Other payables		1.761.794	1.823.093
Deferred income, liabilities		109.776	89.422
Short-term liabilities other than provisions	_	2.251.287	2.299.695
Liabilities other than provisions within the business		2.251.287	2.299.695
Liabilities and equity		38.451.686	37.228.904
Contingent liabilities	3		
Collaterals and assets pledges as security	4		
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# Statement of changes in Equity

	Contributed	Retained	
	capital	earnings	Total
Equity 1 January 2021	125.000	34.804.209	34.929.209
Profit (loss)	0	1.271.190	1.271.190
Equity 31 December 2021	125.000	36.075.399	36.200.399

The share capital has remained unchanged for the last 5 years.

## **Notes**

	2021	2020
1. Employee benefits expense		
Wages and salaries	8.854.310	8.759.161
Post-employement benefit expense	678.551	653.873
Social security contributions	201.569	118.771
	9.734.430	9.531.805
Average number of employees	14	14
2. Tax expense		
Company income tax	337.659	238.270
Adjustment of previous years tax	-108.379	29.486
	229.280	267.756

## 3. Contingent liabilities

The company has leasing obligation of DKK 282.921

The company has not undertaken any further liabilities, excess of liabilities pursuants to its ordinary business exist at the balance sheet day.

The Company is jointly taxed with the other enterprises in the group and are jointly and severally liable for the taxes that concern the joint taxation.

The total amount appears from the annual report of CTB Denmark Holding ApS which is the administration company in the joint taxation.

# 4. Collaterals and securities

No securities or mortgages exist at the balance sheet date.

## 5. Related parties

The company's financials are included in the consolidated financials of TTI, Inc;2441 Northeast Parkway, Fort Worth, Texas, USA.