Radisson Russia A/S

Amager Strandvej 60-64 2300 Copenhagen S Central Business Registration No 25441893

Annual report 2017

The Annual General Meeting adopted the annual report on 31.05.2018

Chairman of the General Meeting

Name: Tina Øster Larsen

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Entity details

Entity

Radisson Russia A/S Amager Strandvej 60-64 2300 Copenhagen S

Central Business Registration No: 25441893

Registered in: Copenhagen

Financial year: 01.01.2017 - 31.12.2017

Board of Directors

Knut Jan Kleiven, Chairman Eva-Maria Margaretha Erauw Lars Gordon Nielsen Sven Gösta Andreas Fondell Inigo Capell Arrieta

Executive Board

Gopal Krishan Sawhney, Chief Executive Officer

Entity auditors

PricewaterhouseCoopers Statsautoriseret Revisionspartnerselskab Strandvejen 44 2900 Hellerup

Statement by Management on the annual report

The Board of Directors and the Executive Board have today considered and approved the annual report of Radisson Russia A/S for the financial year 01.01.2017 - 31.12.2017.

The annual report is presented in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act.

In our opinion, the financial statements give a true and fair view of the Entity's financial position at 31.12.2017 and of the results of its operations for the financial year 01.01.2017 - 31.12.2017.

We believe that the management commentary contains a fair review of the affairs and conditions referred to therein.

We recommend the annual report for adoption at the Annual General Meeting.

Copenhagen, 31.05.2018

Executive Board

Gopal Krishan Sawhney

Chief Executive Officer

Board of Directors

Kaut Jan Kleh

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Eva-Maria Margaretha Erauw

Inigo Capell Arrieta

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Independent auditor's report

To the shareholder of Radisson Russia A/S

Opinion

In our opinion, the financial statements give a true and fair view of the financial position of the Company at 31.12,2017, and of the results of the Company's operations for the financial year 01.01.2017 – 31.12 2017 in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act.

We have audited the financial statements of Radisson Russia A/S for the financial year 01.01.2017 – 31.12.2017, which comprise income statement, balance sheet, statement of changes in equity and notes, including a summary of significant accounting policies ("financial statements").

Basis for opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing (ISAs) and the additional requirements applicable in Denmark. Our responsibilities under those standards and requirements are further described in the *Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements* section of our report. We are independent of the Company in accordance with the International Ethics Standards Board for Accountants' Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants (IESBA Code) and the additional requirements applicable in Denmark, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Management's responsibilities for the financial statements

Management is responsible for the preparation of financial statements that give a true and fair view in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act, and for such internal control as Management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, Management is responsible for assessing the Company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting in preparing the financial statements unless Management either intends to liquidate the Company or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs and the additional requirements applicable in Denmark will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

As part of an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs and the additional requirements applicable in Denmark, we exercise professional judgement and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit. We also:

Independent auditor's report

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures
 that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the
 effectiveness of the Company's internal control.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by Management.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of Management's use of the going concern basis of accounting in preparing the financial statements and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Company's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Company to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and contents of the financial statements, including the
 disclosures, and whether the financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in
 a manner that gives a true and fair view,

We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

Statement on the management commentary

Management is responsible for the management commentary.

Our opinion on the financial statements does not cover the management commentary, and we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the financial statements, our responsibility is to read the management commentary and, in doing so, consider whether management commentary is materially inconsistent with the financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the audit, or otherwise appears to be materially misstated.

Moreover, it is our responsibility to consider whether management commentary provides the information required under the Danish Financial Statements Act.

Independent auditor's report

Based on the work we have performed, in our view, management commentary is in accordance with the financial statements and has been prepared in accordance with the requirements of the Danish Financial Statements Act. We did not identify any material misstatement in management commentary.

Hellerup, 31.05.2018

PricewaterhouseCoopers

Statsautoriseret Revisionspartnerselskab Central Business Registration No: 33771231

Ifrik Ræbild

State-Authorised Public Accountant Identification number (MNE) mne33262

Steffen Kaj Pedersen

State-Aythorised Public Accountant
Identification number (MNE) mne34357

Management commentary

Primary activities

The Company's activities consist of hotel management and development as well as hotel business.

Development in activities and finances

Loss for the year amounts to EUR 1,114 thousand, which is considered unsatisfactory.

The company have in the financial year received EUR 1 million in capital contribution from the parent company to support the future operations of the company.

Income statement for 2017

	Notes	2017 EUR'000	2016 EUR'000
Revenue Other external expenses Gross profit/loss		4.256 (1.643) 2.613	3.949 (1.482) 2.467
Staff costs Depreciation, amortisation and impairment losses Operating profit/loss	2	(3.408) (63) (858)	(3.111) (47) (691)
Other financial income Other financial expenses Profit/loss before tax Tax on profit/loss for the year	3	327 (562) (1.093)	(338) (375)
Profit/loss for the year	3	(1.114)	(388)
Proposed distribution of profit/loss Retained earnings		(1.114) (1.114)	(388) (388)

Balance sheet at 31.12.2017

	Notes	2017 EUR'000	2016 EUR'000
Other fixtures and fittings, tools and equipment		254	183
Property, plant and equipment		254	183
Fixed assets		254	183
Manufactured goods and goods for resale		7_	8
Inventories		7	8
Trade receivables		158	295
Receivables from group enterprises		363	231
Other receivables		33	0
Income tax receivable		3	3
Prepayments		73	425
Receivables		630	954
Cash	2	417	71
Current assets		1.054	1.033
Assets	e	1.308	1.216

Balance sheet at 31.12.2017

	Notes_	2017 EUR'000	2016 EUR'000
Contributed capital Retained earnings Equity	4	670 (236) 434	670 (262) 408
Trade payables Payables to group enterprises Other payables Current liabilities other than provisions		34 15 825 874	90 176 542 808
Liabilities other than provisions		874	808
Equity and liabilities		1.308	1.216
Events after the balance sheet date Contingent liabilities Related parties with controlling interest Group relations	1 5 6 7		

Statement of changes in equity for 2017

	 capital EUR'000	Retained earnings EUR'000	Total EUR'000
Equity beginning of year	670	(262)	408
Exchange rate adjustments	0	140	140
Other equity postings	0	1.000	1.000
Profit/loss for the year	0	(1.114)	(1.114)
Equity end of year	 670	(236)	434

Notes

1. Events after the balance sheet date

No events have occurred after the balance sheet date to this date, which would influence the evaluation of this annual report.

2. Staff costs Wages and salaries Other social security costs Other staff costs		2017 EUR'000 2.504 234 670	2016 EUR'000 2.268 190 653
		3.408	3,111
3. Tax on profit/loss for the year Tax on current year taxable income		2017 EUR'000 21	2016 EUR'000
4. Contributed capital	Number	Par value EUR'000	Nominal value EUR'000
Ordinary shares	5.000	0,134	670
u u	5.000		670

5. Contingent liabilities

The Company is jointly taxed with all Danish subsidiaries of the Radisson Group and other Danish entities controlled by HNA Group Co., Ltd. The Company has unlimited joint and several liability for Danish corporation taxes and withholding taxes on dividends, interest and royalties under the joint taxation scheme.

The Company is jointly and severally liable with the jointly registered group enterprises for the total VAT liability.

Notes

6. Related parties with controlling interest

Related parties with a controlling interest in Radisson Russia A/S:

Name	Registered office	Basic of influence
Radisson Hospitality Denmark ApS	Copenhagen	Parent
Radisson Hospitality Holding AB	Stockholm	Parent
Radisson Hotel Group AB	Stockholm	Parent
HNA Group Co., Ltd.	Haikou City, China	Ultimate Parent

7. Group relations

Name and registered office of the Parent preparing consolidated financial statements for the largest group:

HNA Group Co., Ltd., Haikou City, China

The consolidated financial statements are not published.

Name and registered office of the Parent preparing consolidated financial statements for the smallest group:

Radisson Hotel Group AB, Stockholm, Sweden Group accounts are available at www.radissonhotelgroup.com

Accounting policies

Reporting class

This annual report has been presented in accordance with the provisions of the Danish Financial Statements Act governing reporting class B enterprises with addition of certain provisions for reporting class C enterprises.

The accounting policies applied to these financial statements are consistent with those applied last year.

Recognition and measurement

Assets are recognised in the balance sheet when it is probable as a result of a prior event that future economic benefits will flow to the Entity, and the value of the asset can be measured reliably.

Liabilities are recognised in the balance sheet when the Entity has a legal or constructive obligation as a result of a prior event, and it is probable that future economic benefits will flow out of the Entity, and the value of the liability can be measured reliably.

On initial recognition, assets and liabilities are measured at cost. Measurement subsequent to initial recognition is effected as described below for each financial statement item.

Anticipated risks and losses that arise before the time of presentation of the annual report and that confirm or invalidate affairs and conditions existing at the balance sheet date are considered at recognition and measurement.

Income is recognised in the income statement when earned, whereas costs are recognised by the amounts attributable to this financial year.

Foreign currency translation

On initial recognition, foreign currency transactions are translated applying the exchange rate at the transaction date. Receivables, payables and other monetary items denominated in foreign currencies that have not been settled at the balance sheet date are translated using the exchange rate at the balance sheet date. Exchange differences that arise between the rate at the transaction date and the one in effect at the payment date, or the rate at the balance sheet date, are recognised in the income statement as financial income or financial expenses. Property, plant and equipment, intangible assets, inventories and other non-monetary assets that have been purchased in foreign currencies are translated using historical rates.

Income statement

Revenue

Revenue comprises fees for the year.

Other external expenses

Other external expenses include expenses for administration.

Staff costs

Staff costs comprise salaries and wages as well as social security contributions, pension contributions, etc for entity staff.

Accounting policies

Depreciation, amortisation and impairment losses

Amortisation, depreciation and impairment losses relating to property, plant and equipment comprise amortisation, depreciation and impairment losses for the financial year, calculated on the basis of the residual values and useful lives of the individual assets and impairment testing as well as gains and losses from the sale of property, plant and equipment.

Other financial income

Other financial income comprises payables and transactions in foreign currencies as well as tax relief under the Danish Tax Prepayment Scheme etc.

Other financial expenses

Other financial expenses comprise interest expenses, payables and transactions in foreign currencies as well as tax surcharge under the Danish Tax Prepayment Scheme etc.

Tax on profit/loss for the year

Tax for the year, which consists of current tax for the year and changes in deferred tax, is recognised in the income statement by the portion attributable to the profit for the year and recognised directly in equity by the portion attributable to entries directly in equity.

The Entity is jointly taxed with all Danish subsidiaries in the Radisson Group and other Danish companies controlled by HNA Group Co., Ltd. The current Danish income tax is allocated among the jointly taxed entities proportionally to their taxable income (full allocation with a refund concerning tax losses).

Balance sheet

Property, plant and equipment

Other fixtures and fittings, tools and equipment are measured at cost less accumulated depreciation and impairment losses.

Cost comprises the acquisition price, costs directly attributable to the acquisition and preparation costs of the asset until the time when it is ready to be put into operation.

The basis of depreciation is cost less estimated residual value after the end of useful life. Straight-line depreciation is made on the basis of the following estimated useful lives of the assets:

Other fixtures and fittings, tools and equipment

5 years

Estimated useful lives and residual values are reassessed annually.

Property, plant and equipment are written down to the lower of recoverable amount and carrying amount.

Accounting policies

Inventories

Inventories are measured at the lower of cost using the FIFO method and net realisable value.

Cost consists of purchase price.

The net realisable value of inventories is calculated as the estimated selling price less completion costs and costs incurred to execute sale.

Receivables

Receivables are measured at amortised cost, equalling nominal value, less write-downs for bad and doubtful debts.

Income tax payable or receivable

Current tax payable or receivable is recognised in the balance sheet, stated as tax calculated on this year's taxable income, adjusted for prepaid tax.

Prepayments

Prepayments comprise incurred costs relating to subsequent financial years. Prepayments are measured at cost.

Cash

Cash comprises cash in hand and bank deposits.

Other financial liabilities

Other financial liabilities are measured at amortised cost, which corresponds to nominal value.