

Danish P&I ApS

Kvæsthusgade 5, st. th. 1251 København K

CVR no. 25 43 75 78

Annual report for 2021

(22nd Financial year)

Adopted at the annual general meeting on 21 April 2022

John Kure chairman

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Statement by management on the annual report

The Executive Board has today discussed and approved the annual report of Danish P&I ApS for the financial year 1. januar - 31. december 2021.

The annual report is prepared in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act.

In my opinion, the financial statements give a true and fair view of the company's financial position at 31. december 2021 and of the results of the company's operations for the financial year 1. januar - 31. december 2021.

In my opinion, management's review includes a fair review of the matters dealt with in the management's review.

Management recommends that the annual report should be approved by the company in general meeting.

Copenhagen, 21 April 2022

Executive Board

Independent auditor's report

To the owner of Danish P&I ApS

Opinion

We have audited the financial statements of Danish P&I ApS for the financial year 1. januar - 31. december 2021, which comprise a summary of significant accounting policies, income statement, balance sheet, statement of changes in equity and notes. The financial statements are prepared under the Danish Financial Statements Act.

In our opinion, the financial statements give a true and fair view of the company's financial position at 31. december 2021 and of the results of the company's operations for the financial year 1. januar - 31. december 2021 in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act.

Basis for Opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing (ISAs) and the additional requirements applicable in Denmark. Our responsibilities under those standards and requirements are further described in the "Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements" section of our report. We are independent of the company in accordance with the International Ethics Standards Board for Accountants' Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants (IESBA Code) and the additional requirements applicable in Denmark, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements and IESBA Code. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Management's responsibilities for the financial statements

Management is responsible for the preparation of financial statements, that give a true and fair view in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act and for such internal control as management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of the financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is responsible for assessing the company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting in preparing the financial statements unless management either intends to liquidate the company or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

Independent auditor's report

Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs and the additional requirements applicable in Denmark will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

As part of an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs and the additional requirements applicable in Denmark, we exercise professional judgement and maintain professional scepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the company's internal control.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by management.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of management's use of the going concern basis of accounting in preparing the financial statements and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the company's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the company to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and contents of the financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that gives a true and fair view.

Independent auditor's report

We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

Statement on management's review

Management is responsible for management's review.

Our opinion on the financial statements does not cover management's review, and we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the financial statements, our responsibility is to read management's review and, in doing so, consider whether management's review is materially inconsistent with the financial statements or our knowledge obtained during the audit, or otherwise appears to be materially misstated.

Moreover, it is our responsibility to consider whether management's review provides the information required under the Danish Financial Statements Act.

Based on the work we have performed, we conclude that management's review is in accordance with the financial statements and has been prepared in accordance with the requirements of the Danish Financial Statements Act. We did not identify any material misstatement of management's review.

Næsset, 21 April 2022

SYDDANSK REVISION

GODKENDT REVISIONSFIRMA

CVR no. 15 68 15 86

Lennard Skjoldemose Hansen, HD authorized auditor

rucasa

MNE no. mne576

Company details

The company Danish P&I ApS

Kvæsthusgade 5, st. th. 1251 København K

CVR no.: 25 43 75 78

Reporting period: 1. januar - 31. december 2021

Domicile: Copenhagen

Executive Board John Kure

Auditors SYDDANSK REVISION

GODKENDT REVISIONSFIRMA

Næsset 26 5330 Munkebo

Management's review

Financial review

The company's income statement for the year ended 31 December 2021 shows a loss of DKK 206,386, and the balance sheet at 31. december 2021 shows equity of DKK 858,554.

Significant events occurring after the end of the financial year

No events have occurred after the balance sheet date which could significantly affect the company's financial position.

Accounting policies

The annual report of Danish P&I ApS for 2021 has been prepared in accordance with the provisions of the Danish Financial Statements Act applying to enterprises of reporting class B, as well as provisions applying to reporting class C entities.

The accounting policies applied are consistent with those of last year.

The annual report for 2021 is presented in DKK

Basis of recognition and measurement

Income is recognised in the income statement as earned, including value adjustments of financial assets and liabilities. All expenses, including amortisation, depreciation and impairment losses, are also recognised in the income statement.

Assets are recognised in the balance sheet when it is probable that future economic benefits will flow to the company and the value of the asset can be measured reliably.

Liabilities are recognised in the balance sheet when it is probable that future economic benefits will flow from the company and the value of the liability can be measured reliably.

On initial recognition, assets and liabilities are measured at cost. On subsequent recognition, assets and liabilities are measured as described below for each individual accounting item.

Certain financial assets and liabilities are measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method. Amortised cost is calculated as the historic cost less any installments and plus/less the accumulated amortisation of the difference between the cost and the nominal amount.

On recognition and measurement, allowance is made for predictable losses and risks which occur before the annual report is presented and which confirm or invalidate matters existing at the balance sheet date.

Income statement

Gross profit

In pursuance of section 32 of the Danish Financial Statements Act, the company does not disclose its revenue.

Gross profit reflects an aggregation of revenue, changes in inventories of finished goods and work in progress and other operating income less costs of raw materials and consumables and other external expenses.

Accounting policies

Revenue

Income from the sale of goods for resale and finished goods is recognised in the income statement, provided that the transfer of risk, usually on delivery to the buyer, has taken place and that the income can be measured reliably and is expected to be received.

Revenue is measured at the fair value of the agreed consideration, excluding VAT and other indirect taxes. Revenue is net of all types of discounts granted.

Other external expenses

Other external expenses include expenses related to distribution, sale, advertising, administration, premises, bad debts, payments under operating leases, etc.

Staff costs

Staff costs include wages and salaries, including compensated absence and pensions, as well as other social security contributions, etc. made to the entity's employees. The item is net of refunds made by public authorities.

Financial income and expenses

Financial income and expenses are recognised in the income statement at the amounts that relate to the financial year. Net financials include interest income and expenses, financial expenses relating to finance leases, realised and unrealised capital/exchange gains and losses on securities, liabilities and foreign currency transactions, amortisation of financial assets and liabilities and surcharges and allowances under the Danish Tax Prepayment Scheme, etc.

Tax on profit/loss for the year

Tax for the year, which comprises the current tax charge for the year and changes in the deferred tax charge, is recognised in the income statement as regards the portion that relates to the profit/loss for the year and directly in equity as regards the portion that relates to entries directly in equity.

Balance sheet

Receivables

Receivables are measured at amortised cost.

Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents comprise cash and deposits at banks.

Accounting policies

Equity

Dividends

Proposed dividends are disclosed as a separate item under equity. Dividends are recognised as a liability when declared by the annual general meeting of shareholders.

Income tax and deferred tax

Deferred tax is measured according to the tax rules and at the tax rates applicable in the respective countries at the balance sheet date when the deferred tax is expected to crystallise as current tax. Deferred tax adjustments resulting from changes in tax rates are recognised in the income statement, with the exception of items taken directly to equity.

Deferred tax assets, including the tax base of tax losses allowed for carry forward, are measured at the value to which the asset is expected to be realised, either as a set-off against tax on future income or as a set-off against deferred tax liabilities within the same legal tax entity. Any deferred net tax assets are measured at net realisable value.

Liabilities

Liabilities, which include trade payables, payables to group entities and other payables, are measured at amortised cost, which is usually equivalent to nominal value.

Foreign currency translation

On initial recognition, foreign currency transactions are translated applying the exchange rate at the transaction date. Foreign exchange differences arising between the exchange rates at the transaction date and at the date of payment are recognised in the income statement as financial income or financial expenses. If foreign currency instruments are considered cash flow hedges, any unrealised value adjustments are taken directly to a fair value reserve under 'Equity'.

Derivative financial instruments

On initial recognition in the balance sheet, derivative financial instruments are measured at cost and subsequently at fair value. Positive and negative fair values of derivative financial instruments are included in 'Other receivables' or 'Other payables', respectively.

Income statement 1 January 2021 - 31 December 2021

	Note -	2021 DKK	2020 DKK
Gross profit	=	522,297	1,039,839
Staff costs	1	-835,174	-722,809
Profit/loss before net financials		-312,877	317,030
Financial income	2	76,324	41
Financial costs	3	-25,344	-106,887
Profit/loss before tax	2	-261,897	210,184
Tax on profit/loss for the year	4	55,511	-48,166
Profit/loss for the year	-	-206,386	162,018
Recommended appropriation of profit/loss			
Retained earnings		-206,386	162,018
	_	-206,386	162,018

Balance sheet 31 December

	Note	2021 DKK	2020 DKK
Assets			
Deposits		87,815	84,210
Fixed asset investments		87,815	84,210
Total non-current assets		87,815	84,210
Trade receivables		890,074	479,664
Inter-company receivables		0	403,381
Other receivables		81,500	139,301
Deferred tax asset		55,511	0
Corporation tax		24,048	0
Receivables		1,051,133	1,022,346
Cash at bank and in hand		133,200	1,126,404
Total current assets		1,184,333	2,148,750
Total assets		1,272,148	2,232,960

Balance sheet 31 December

	Note	2021 DKK	2020 DKK
Equity and liabilities			
Share capital Retained earnings	:-	825,000 33,554	825,000 1,056,301
Equity	5	858,554	1,881,301
Trade payables Corporation tax Other payables		253,426 0 160,168	128,087 28,420 195,152
Total current liabilities		413,594	351,659
Total liabilities		413,594	351,659
Total equity and liabilities	8	1,272,148	2,232,960

Statement of changes in equity

		Retained	
	Share capital	earnings	Total
Equity at 1 January 2021	825,000	1,056,301	1,881,301
Extraordinary dividend paid	0	-816,361	-816,361
Net profit/loss for the year	0	-206,386	-206,386
Equity at 31 December 2021	825,000	33,554	858,554

Notes

		2021	2020
1 S	taff costs	DKK	DKK
P	Vages and salaries	698,379 124,649	600,866 110,714
	Other social security costs Other staff costs	5,718 6,428	4,972 6,257
		835,174	722,809
A	verage number of employees	1	1
2 F	inancial income		
	Other financial income xchange adjustments	48 76,276	41 0
		76,324	41
3 F	inancial costs		
E	other financial costs xchange adjustments costs ax interest	9,877 14,217 1,250 25,344	5,486 101,401 0 106,887
		23,344	
4 T	ax on profit/loss for the year		
	urrent tax of the year djustment of tax concerning previous years	-55,511 0	46,420 1,746
	en and an an animal branches have	-55,511	48,166

5 Equity

There have been no changes in the share capital during the last 5 years.