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Adapt Mobile ApS

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CVR no. 25 43 38 07

Annual report for 2017

Adopted at the annual general
meeting on 16 March 2018

Kresten Finsen Wiingaard
chairman



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Statement by management on the annual report

The supervisory and executive boards have today discussed and approved the annual report of Adapt Mobile ApS for the financial year 1 January - 31 December 2017.

The annual report is prepared in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act.

In our opinion, the financial statements give a true and fair view of the company's financial position at 31 December 2017 and of the results of the company's operations for the financial year 1 January - 31 December 2017.

In our opinion, management's review includes a fair review of the matters dealt with in the management's review.

Management recommends that the annual report should be approved at the annual general meeting.

Copenhagen, 16 March 2018

Executive board

Tommy Vange Davis
Director

Supervisory board

Kresten Finsen Wiingaard
chairman

Carsten Anthonisen

Peter Bloch

Anders Skov Pape

Martin Povlsen

Independent auditor's report

To the shareholder of Adapt Mobile ApS

Opinion

We have audited the financial statements of Adapt Mobile ApS for the financial year 1 January - 31 December 2017, which comprise a summary of significant accounting policies, income statement, balance sheet, statement of changes in equity and notes. The financial statements are prepared under the Danish Financial Statements Act.

In our opinion, the financial statements give a true and fair view of the company's financial position at 31 December 2017 and of the results of the company's operations for the financial year 1 January - 31 December 2017 in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act.

Basis for Opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing (ISAs) and the additional requirements applicable in Denmark. Our responsibilities under those standards and requirements are further described in the "Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements" section of our report. We are independent of the company in accordance with the International Ethics Standards Board for Accountants' Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants (IESBA Code) and the additional requirements applicable in Denmark, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Management's responsibilities for the financial statements

Management is responsible for the preparation of financial statements that give a true and fair view in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act, and for such internal control as management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is responsible for assessing the company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting in preparing the financial statements unless management either intends to liquidate the company or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs and the additional requirements applicable in Denmark will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements

Independent auditor's report

As part of an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs and the additional requirements applicable in Denmark, we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.

We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the company's internal control.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by management.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of management's use of the going concern basis of accounting in preparing the financial statements and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the company's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the company to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and contents of the financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that gives a true and fair view.

We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

Independent auditor's report

Statement on management's review

Management is responsible for management's review.

Our opinion on the financial statements does not cover management's review, and we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the financial statements, our responsibility is to read management's review and, in doing so, consider whether management's review is materially inconsistent with the financial statements or our knowledge obtained during the audit, or otherwise appears to be materially misstated.

Moreover, it is our responsibility to consider whether management's review provides the information required under the Danish Financial Statements Act.

Based on the work we have performed, we conclude that management's review is in accordance with the financial statements and has been prepared in accordance with the requirements of the Danish Financial Statements Act. We did not identify any material misstatement of management's review.

Copenhagen, 16 March 2018

Addea Audit
Statsautoriseret revisionspartnerselskab
CVR no. 36 07 49 81

Anders Salomonsen
state authorized public accountant
MNE no. mne40143

Company details

The company

Adapt Mobile ApS
Langebrogade 6 E, 3.
1411 København K

CVR no.: 25 43 38 07

Reporting period: 1 January - 31 December 2017

Incorporated: 1. December 2013

Financial year: 4th financial year

Domicile: Copenhagen

Supervisory board

Kresten Finsen Wiingaard, chairman
Carsten Anthonisen
Peter Bloch
Anders Skov Pape
Martin Povlsen

Executive board

Tommy Vange Davis, director

Auditors

Addea Audit
Statsautoriseret revisionspartnerselskab
Hammerensgade 1, 2.
1267 København K

Management's review

Business activities

The Company's principal activity is development of apps and software development for mobile devices.

Business review

The Company's income statement for the year ended 31. december shows a loss of DKK 2.033.469, and the balance sheet at 31 December 2017 shows negative equity of DKK 1.440.336.

Management is aware that the company has lost its equity during 2017. Management believes that the equity can be re-established through own future earnings.

Adapt Group A/S has issued a statement of support and will thus support the company in the coming years.

Accounting policies

The annual report of Adapt Mobile ApS for 2017 has been prepared in accordance with the provisions of the Danish Financial Statements Act applying to enterprises of reporting class B as well as selected provisions as regards larger entities.

The accounting policies applied are consistent with those of last year.

The annual report for 2017 is presented in DKK

Basis of recognition and measurement

Income is recognised in the income statement as earned, including value adjustments of financial assets and liabilities. All expenses, including amortisation, depreciation and impairment losses, are also recognised in the income statement.

Assets are recognised in the balance sheet when it is probable that future economic benefits will flow to the company and the value of the asset can be measured reliably.

Liabilities are recognised in the balance sheet when it is probable that future economic benefits will flow from the company and the value of the liability can be measured reliably.

On initial recognition, assets and liabilities are measured at cost. On subsequent recognition, assets and liabilities are measured as described below for each individual accounting item.

On recognition and measurement, allowance is made for predictable losses and risks which occur before the annual report is presented and which confirm or invalidate matters existing at the balance sheet date.

Income statement

Gross profit

In pursuance of section 32 of the Danish Financial Statements Act, the company does not disclose its revenue.

Gross profit reflects an aggregation of revenue, changes in work in progress and other operating income and consumables and other external expenses.

Revenue

Income from the sale is recognised in the income statement, provided that the transfer of risk, usually on delivery to the buyer, has taken place and that the income can be measured reliably and is expected to be received.

Revenue is measured at the fair value of the agreed consideration, excluding VAT and other indirect taxes. Revenue is net of all types of discounts granted.

Accounting policies

Revenue from customised products is recognised as the production is carried out, implying that revenue corresponds to the selling price of contracts completed in the year (percentage-of-completion method). This method is applied where the total revenue and expenses relating to the contract and the stage of completion at the balance sheet date can be estimated reliably and it is probable that future economic benefits will flow to the Company.

Other operating income

Other operating income comprises items of a secondary nature relative to the company's activities, including gains on the sale of intangible assets and property, plant and equipment.

Other external costs

Other external costs include expenses related to distribution, sale, advertising, administration, premises, bad debts, etc.

Staff costs

Staff costs include wages and salaries, including compensated absence and pensions, as well as other social security contributions, etc. made to the entity's employees. The item is net of refunds made by public authorities.

Amortisation, depreciation and impairment losses

Amortisation, depreciation and impairment losses comprise the year's amortisation, depreciation and impairment of property, plant and equipment.

Financial income and expenses

Financial income and expenses are recognised in the income statement at the amounts relating to the financial year. Net financials include interest income and expenses, realised and unrealised capital/exchange gains and losses on securities and foreign currency transactions and surcharges and allowances under the advance-payment-of-tax scheme, etc.

Tax on profit/loss for the year

The company is subject to the Danish rules on compulsory joint taxation.

On payment of joint taxation contributions, the current Danish income tax is allocated between the jointly taxed entities in proportion to their taxable income. Entities with tax losses receive joint taxation contributions from entities that have been able to use tax losses to reduce their own taxable profits.

Tax for the year, which comprises the current tax charge for the year and changes in the deferred tax charge, including changes arising from changes in tax rates, is recognised in the income statement as regards the portion that relates to entries directly in equity.

Accounting policies

Balance sheet

Tangible assets

Items of plant and machinery and fixtures and fittings, tools and equipment are measured at cost less accumulated depreciation and impairment losses.

The depreciable amount is cost less the expected residual value at the end of the useful life.

Cost comprises the purchase price and any costs directly attributable to the acquisition until the date when the asset is available for use. The cost of self-constructed assets comprises direct and indirect costs of materials, components, sub-suppliers and wages.

Straight-line depreciation is provided on the basis of the following estimated useful lives of the assets:

	Useful life	Residual value
Other fixtures and fittings, tools and equipment	3 years	0-30 %

Gains or losses from the disposal of property, plant and equipment are recognised in the income statement as other operating income or other operating expenses.

Receivables

Receivables are measured at amortised cost.

Contract work in progress

Contract work in progress is measured at the selling price of the work performed. The selling price is measured based on the stage of completion at the balance sheet date and the expected aggregate income from the individual work in progress. The stage of completion is determined as the share of the expenses incurred relative to the expected total expenses for the individual work in progress.

Where the selling price of work in progress cannot be reliably determined, the selling price is measured at the lower of costs incurred and net realisable value.

The individual work in progress is recognised in the balance sheet under receivables or payables. Net assets comprise the sum of work in progress where the selling price of the work performed exceeds invoicing on account. Net liabilities comprise the sum of work in progress where invoicing on account exceeds the selling price.

Selling costs and costs incurred in securing contracts are recognised in the income statement as incurred.

Prepayments

Prepayments comprise costs incurred concerning subsequent financial years.

Accounting policies

Provisions

Provisions comprise expected expenses relating to guarantee commitments, losses on work in progress, reconstructions, etc. Provisions are recognised when as a result of a past event the company's has a legal or constructive obligation and it is probable that an outflow of resources embodying economic benefits will be required to settle the obligation.

Income tax and deferred tax

Current tax liabilities and current tax receivables are recognised in the balance sheet as the estimated tax on the taxable income for the year, adjusted for tax on the taxable income for previous years and tax paid on account.

Joint taxation contributions payable and receivable are recognised in the balance sheet as 'Joint taxation contributions receivable' or 'Joint taxation contributions payable'.

Deferred tax is measured according to the liability method in respect of temporary differences between the carrying amount of assets and liabilities and their tax base, calculated on the basis of the planned use of the asset and settlement of the liability, respectively.

Deferred tax assets, including the tax base of tax loss allowed for carry forward are measured at the value to which the asset is expected to be realised, either by elimination in tax on future income or by offsetting against deferred tax liabilities within the same legal tax entity. Any deferred net tax assets are measured at net realisable value.

Liabilities

Other liabilities are measured at amortised cost, which is usually equivalent to nominal value.

Deferred income

Deferred income comprises payments received concerning income in subsequent reporting years.

Income statement 1 January 2017 - 31 December 2017

	<u>Note</u>	<u>2017</u> DKK	<u>2016</u> DKK
Gross profit		4.713.514	7.581.148
Staff costs	1	<u>-7.278.171</u>	<u>-6.831.162</u>
Earnings Before Interest Taxes Depreciation and Amortization		-2.564.657	749.986
Depreciation, amortisation and impairment of assets and equipment		<u>-13.225</u>	<u>-22.671</u>
Profit/loss before financial income and expenses		-2.577.882	727.315
Financial costs		<u>-28.221</u>	<u>-4.218</u>
Profit/loss before tax		-2.606.103	723.097
Tax on profit/loss for the year	2	<u>572.634</u>	<u>-159.190</u>
Net profit/loss for the year		<u>-2.033.469</u>	<u>563.907</u>
Proposed dividend for the year		0	450.000
Retained earnings		<u>-2.033.469</u>	<u>113.907</u>
		<u>-2.033.469</u>	<u>563.907</u>

Balance sheet at 31 December 2017

	<u>Note</u>	<u>2017</u> DKK	<u>2016</u> DKK
Assets			
Other fixtures and fittings, tools and equipment		0	13.226
Tangible assets		0	13.226
Deposits		189.468	189.468
Fixed asset investments		189.468	189.468
Fixed assets total		189.468	202.694
Trade receivables		1.091.738	2.013.234
Contract work in progress	4	0	69.000
Receivables from subsidiaries		101.456	386.705
Deferred tax asset		4.734	3.403
Joint taxation contributions receivable		571.303	0
Prepayments		7.227	7.439
Receivables		1.776.458	2.479.781
Cash at bank and in hand		73.946	973.226
Current assets total		1.850.404	3.453.007
Assets total		2.039.872	3.655.701

Balance sheet at 31 December 2017

	<u>Note</u>	<u>2017</u> DKK	<u>2016</u> DKK
Liabilities and equity			
Share capital		80.000	80.000
Retained earnings		-1.520.336	513.133
Proposed dividend for the year		<u>0</u>	<u>450.000</u>
Equity	5	<u>-1.440.336</u>	<u>1.043.133</u>
Other credit institutions		12.185	44.511
Prepayments received from customers		0	235.125
Trade payables		49.057	34.817
Payables to subsidiaries		2.380.925	609.799
Corporation tax		0	162.074
Other payables		<u>1.038.041</u>	<u>1.526.242</u>
Short-term debt		<u>3.480.208</u>	<u>2.612.568</u>
Debt total		<u>3.480.208</u>	<u>2.612.568</u>
Liabilities and equity total		<u>2.039.872</u>	<u>3.655.701</u>
Contingent assets, liabilities and other financial obligations	6		

Statement of changes in equity

	Share capital	Retained earnings	Proposed dividend for the year	Total
Equity at 1 January 2017	80.000	513.133	450.000	1.043.133
Ordinary dividend paid	0	0	-450.000	-450.000
Net profit/loss for the year	0	-2.033.469	0	-2.033.469
Equity at 31 December 2017	80.000	-1.520.336	0	-1.440.336

Notes

	<u>2017</u>	<u>2016</u>
	DKK	DKK
1 Staff costs		
Wages and salaries	6.119.445	5.723.724
Pensions	798.268	650.458
Other social security costs	66.351	112.507
Other staff costs	294.107	344.473
	<u>7.278.171</u>	<u>6.831.162</u>
Average number of employees	<u>14</u>	<u>13</u>
2 Tax on profit/loss for the year		
Current tax for the year	-571.303	162.074
Deferred tax for the year	-1.331	-2.884
	<u>-572.634</u>	<u>159.190</u>
3 Tangible assets		
		<u>Other fixtures and fittings, tools and equipment</u>
Cost at 1 January 2017		68.014
Cost at 31 December 2017		<u>68.014</u>
Impairment losses and depreciation at 1 January 2017		54.789
Depreciation for the year		<u>13.225</u>
Impairment losses and depreciation at 31 December 2017		<u>68.014</u>
Carrying amount at 31 December 2017		<u>0</u>

Notes

	<u>2017</u> DKK	<u>2016</u> DKK
4 Contract work in progress		
Work in progress, selling price	0	69.000
	<u>0</u>	<u>69.000</u>

5 Equity

The share capital consists of 80.000 shares of a nominal value of DKK 1. No shares carry any special rights.

There have been no changes in the share capital since the foundation.

6 Contingent assets, liabilities and other financial obligations

The company is jointly taxed with its parent company, Adapt Group A/S (management company), and is jointly and severally liable with the other jointly taxed entities for the payment of income taxes and withholding taxes on dividends, interest and royalties. Referring to the annual report of Adapt Group A/S for the state of total liabilities.

Rental and lease obligations

Rental agreement interminable for 6 months, max. commitment: DKK 309.391.

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Kresten Finsen Wiingaard

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Peter Bloch

Bestyrelsesmedlem

Serienummer: PID:9208-2002-2-234227877419

IP: 83.88.251.10

2018-03-18 11:34:05Z

NEM ID 

Tommy Vange Davis

Direktør

Serienummer: PID:9208-2002-2-080053834575

IP: 195.249.150.240

2018-03-19 07:17:52Z

NEM ID 

Martin Povlsen

Bestyrelsesmedlem

Serienummer: PID:9208-2002-2-008138564463

IP: 94.18.215.66

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Carsten Anthonisen

Bestyrelsesmedlem

Serienummer: PID:9208-2002-2-225521708197

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2018-03-22 08:25:56Z

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Anders Skov Pape

Bestyrelsesmedlem

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2018-03-22 17:41:29Z

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Anders Salomonsen

Statsautoriseret revisor

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Serienummer: CVR:36074981-RID:98866845

IP: 152.115.86.70

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NEM ID 

Kresten Finsen Wiingaard

Dirigent

Serienummer: PID:9208-2002-2-782954382498

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