

Jysk System Holding ApS

Farvervej 16, 8800 Viborg

Company reg. no. 24 23 73 62

Annual report

1 January - 31 December 2016

The annual report have been submitted and approved by the general meeting on the 20 June 2017.

Edmund Pedersen
Chairman of the meeting

Notes:

- To ensure the greatest possible applicability of this document, British English terminology has been used.
- Please note that decimal points have not been used in the usual English way. This means that for instance DKK 146.940 means the amount of DKK 146,940, and that 23,5 % means 23.5 %.

Contents

	<u>Page</u>
Reports	
Management's report	1
Independent auditor's report	2
 Management's review	
Company data	5
Group enterprises	6
Consolidated financial highlights	7
Management's review	8
 Consolidated annual accounts and annual accounts 1 January - 31 December 2016	
Accounting policies used	9
Profit and loss account	17
Balance sheet	18
Cash flow statement	22
Notes	23

Management's report

The managing director has today presented the annual report of Jysk System Holding ApS for the financial year 1 January to 31 December 2016.

The annual report has been presented in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act.

I consider the accounting policies used appropriate, and in my opinion, the consolidated annual accounts and the annual accounts provide a true and fair view of the assets, the liabilities and the financial position, consolidated and for the company respectively as on 31 December 2016, and of the results of the activities, consolidated and of the company respectively and of consolidated cash flows in the financial year 1 January to 31 December 2016.

I am of the opinion that the management's review includes a fair description of the issues dealt with.

The annual report is recommended for approval by the general meeting.

Viborg, 19 June 2017

Managing Director

Edmund Pedersen

Independent auditor's report

To the shareholders of Jysk System Holding ApS

Opinion

We have audited the consolidated annual accounts and the annual accounts of Jysk System Holding ApS for the financial year 1 January to 31 December 2016, which comprise accounting policies used, profit and loss account, balance sheet and notes, consolidated and for the company respectively and consolidated cash flow statement. The consolidated annual accounts and the annual accounts are prepared in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act.

In our opinion, the consolidated annual accounts and the annual accounts give a true and fair view of the assets, liabilities and financial position, consolidated and for the company respectively at 31 December 2016 and of the results of the company's operations, consolidated and for the company respectively and of consolidated cash flows for the financial year 1 January to 31 December 2016 in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act.

Basis for opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with international standards on auditing and the additional requirements applicable in Denmark. Our responsibilities under those standards and requirements are further described in the below section "Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the consolidated annual accounts and the annual accounts". We are independent of the company in accordance with international ethics standards for accountants (IESBA's Code of Ethics) and the additional requirements applicable in Denmark, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these standards and requirements. We believe that the audit evidence obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

The management's responsibilities for the consolidated annual accounts and the annual accounts

The management is responsible for the preparation of consolidated annual accounts and annual accounts that give a true and fair view in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act. The management is also responsible for such internal control as the management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of consolidated annual accounts and annual accounts that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the consolidated annual accounts and the annual accounts, the management is responsible for evaluating the group's and the company's ability to continue as a going concern, and, when relevant, disclosing matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting when preparing the consolidated annual accounts and the annual accounts, unless the management either intends to liquidate the group or the company or to cease operations, or if it has no realistic alternative but to do so.

Independent auditor's report

Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the consolidated annual accounts and the annual accounts

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the consolidated annual accounts and the annual accounts as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report including an opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with international standards on auditing and the additional requirements applicable in Denmark will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements may arise due to fraud or error and may be considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions made by users on the basis of the consolidated annual accounts and the annual accounts

As part of an audit conducted in accordance with international standards on auditing and the additional requirements applicable in Denmark, we exercise professional evaluations and maintain professional scepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement in the consolidated annual accounts and the annual accounts, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures in response to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than the risk of not detecting a misstatement resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of the internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the group's and the company's internal control.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used by the management and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by the management.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of the management's preparation of the consolidated annual accounts and the annual accounts being based on the going concern principle and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may raise significant doubt about the group's and the company's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the consolidated annual accounts and the annual accounts or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the group and the company to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and contents of the consolidated annual accounts and the annual accounts, including the disclosures in the notes, and whether the consolidated annual accounts and the annual accounts reflect the underlying transactions and events in a manner that gives a true and fair view.

Independent auditor's report

- Obtain sufficient and appropriate audit evidence regarding the financial information of the entities or the business activities within the group to express an opinion on the consolidated annual accounts. We are responsible for the direction, supervision and performance of the group audit. We remain solely responsible for our audit opinion.

We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in the internal control that we identify during our audit.

Statement on the management's review

The management is responsible for the management's review.

Our opinion on the consolidated annual accounts and the annual accounts does not cover the management's review, and we do not express any kind of assurance opinion on the management's review.

In connection with our audit of the consolidated annual accounts and the annual accounts, our responsibility is to read the management's review and in that connection consider whether the management's review is materially inconsistent with the consolidated annual accounts and the annual accounts or our knowledge obtained during the audit, or whether it otherwise appears to contain material misstatement.

Furthermore, it is our responsibility to consider whether the management's review provides the information required under the Danish Financial Statements Act.

Based on the work we have performed, we believe that the management's review is in accordance with the consolidated annual accounts or the annual accounts and that it has been prepared in accordance with the requirements of the Danish Financial Statement Acts. We did not find any material misstatement in the management's review.

Viborg, 19 June 2017

Ullits & Winther

State Authorised Public Accountants
Company reg. no. 32 09 32 72

Claus Søndergaard Nielsen
State Authorised Public Accountant

Company data

The company

Jysk System Holding ApS
Farvervej 16
8800 Viborg

Company reg. no. 24 23 73 62
Established: 1 September 1999
Domicile: Viborg
Financial year: 1 January - 31 December

Managing Director

Edmund Pedersen

Auditors

Ullits & Winther Statsautoriseret Revisionspartnerselskab
Agerlandsvej 1
8800 Viborg

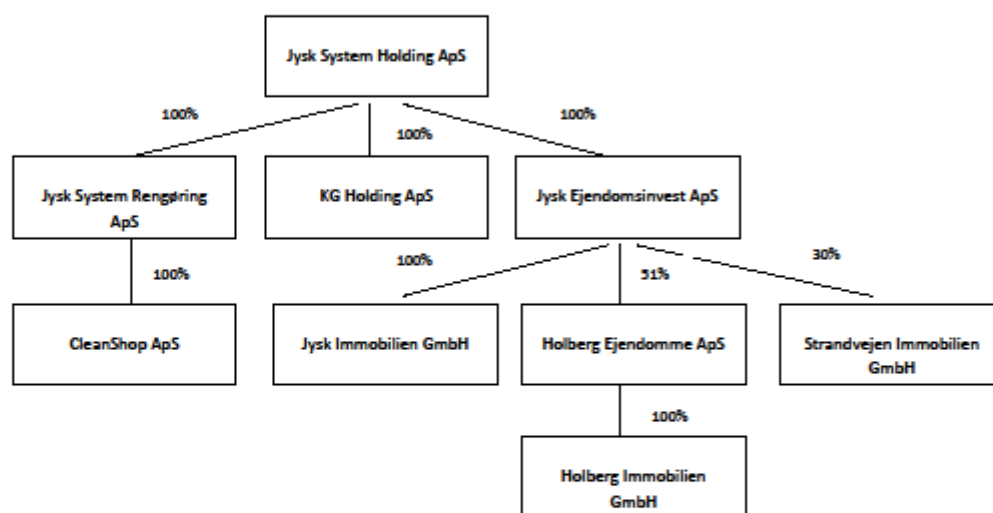
Subsidiaries

Jysk System Rengøring A/S, Viborg
CleanShop ApS, Viborg
Jysk Ejendomsinvest ApS, Viborg
KG Holding ApS, Viborg
Holberg Ejendomme ApS, Viborg
Jysk Immobilien GmbH, Germany
Holberg Immobilien GmbH, Germany

Associated enterprise

Strandvej Immobilien GmbH, Germany

Group enterprises



Consolidated financial highlights

DKK in thousands.

Profit and loss account:

	2016	2015	2014	2013	2012
Gross profit	37.627	17.814	27.801	30.252	27.414
Results from operating activities	19.310	942	3.031	701	3.814
Net financials	-2.151	-1.370	-1.275	-752	1.155
Results for the year	11.747	-811	51	-908	3.719

Balance sheet:

Balance sheet sum	91.338	228.766	109.478	51.652	44.280
Investments in tangible fixed assets represent	1.121	276	2.852	5.931	752
Equity	35.004	23.422	24.373	24.480	24.040

Cash flow:

Operating activities	10.943	23.172	12.343	-5.097	-15.743
Investment activities	-3.410	-450	-2.833	-3.551	209
Financing activities	-443	-1.206	-1.324	1.499	79
Cash flow in total	7.089	21.515	8.186	-7.149	-15.455

Employees:

Average number of full time employees	39	41	78	77	62
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Key figures in %:

Solvency ratio	38,3	10,2	22,3	45,9	54,3
Return on equity	40,2	-3,4	0,2	-3,7	16,6

*) The key figures have been laid out in accordance with the publication "Anbefalinger & Nøgletal 2015" ("Recommendations & Key Figures 2015") published by the CFA Society Denmark. As to definitions, please see the section on accounting policies used.

The key figures appearing from the survey have been calculated as follows:

$$\text{Equity share} = \frac{\text{Equity less minority interests, closing balance} \times 100}{\text{Assets in total, closing balance}}$$

$$\text{Return on equity} = \frac{\text{*Results} \times 100}{\text{Average equity exclusive of minority interests}}$$

Management's review

The principal activities of the group

The object of the entity is to hold securities and investments. Aside from its ordinary securities portfolio, the Entity is the principal shareholder of several unlisted entities.

The object of the Group subsidiaries is rental of property, cleaning, holding investments and activities related to this.

Development in activities and financial matters

The profit and loss account covers the period 1 January to 31 December 2016 and shows a result of TDKK 11,747 against a result of TDKK -811 last year. The balance sheet shows equity of TDKK 35,004.

The German activities in the subsidiary Jysk Immobilien GmbH have progressed as planned. After several years of planning with purchase of land, development of land, drawing and permits, the project is on its way to completion. Most of the apartments have been delivered in 2016, and the final completion is expected in first half year of 2017. The investment property activities has affected the result of 2016 positively with around TDKK 13,200

The management considers the performance realised as very satisfactory.

The expected development

The management expects lower result in the year to come as a result of the near completion of the property activities abroad. New smaller property projects however could appear in the coming years which are expected to contribute positively to the Entity's operations.

Events subsequent to the financial year

No events have occurred subsequent to the balance sheet date, which would have material impact on the financial position of the company.

Accounting policies used

The annual report for Jysk System Holding ApS is presented in accordance with those regulations of the Danish Financial Statements Act concerning companies identified as class B enterprises. Furthermore, the company has chosen to comply with some of the rules applying for class C enterprises.

The accounting policies used are unchanged compared to last year, and the annual accounts are presented in Danish kroner (DKK).

Recognition and measurement in general

Income is recognised in the profit and loss account concurrently with its realisation, including the recognition of value adjustments of financial assets and liabilities. Likewise, all costs, these including depreciation, amortisation, writedown, provisions, and reversals which are due to changes in estimated amounts previously recognised in the profit and loss account are recognised in the profit and loss account.

Assets are recognised in the balance sheet when the group is liable to achieve future, financial benefits and the value of the asset can be measured reliably.

Liabilities are recognised in the balance sheet when the group is liable to lose future, financial benefits and the value of the liability can be measured reliably.

At the first recognition, assets and liabilities are measured at cost. Later, assets and liabilities are measured as described below for each individual accounting item.

At recognition and measurement, such predictable losses and risks are taken into consideration, which may appear before the annual report is presented, and which concerns matters existing on the balance sheet date.

Translation of foreign currency

Transactions in foreign currency are translated by using the exchange rate prevailing at the date of the transaction. Differences in the rate of exchange arising between the rate at the date of transaction and the rate at the date of payment are recognised in the profit and loss account as an item under net financials.

Debtors, creditors, and other monetary items in foreign currency are translated by using the closing rate. The difference between the closing rate and the rate at the time of the occurrence or the recognition in the latest annual accounts of the amount owed or the liability is recognised in the profit and loss account under financial income and expenses.

The consolidated annual accounts

The consolidated annual accounts comprise the parent company Jysk System Holding ApS and those group enterprises of which Jysk System Holding ApS directly or indirectly owns more than 50 % of the voting rights or in other ways has controlling interest. As it appears from the group chart, enterprises of which the group owns between 20 and 50 % of the voting rights and exercises considerable, but not controlling interest are considered associated enterprises.

Accounting policies used

By the consolidation, elimination of intercompany income and costs, shareholding, intercompany balances and dividends and realised and unrealised gains and losses from transactions among the consolidated enterprises takes place.

Equity interests in group enterprises are settled by the proportional share of the group enterprises' trade value of net assets and liabilities at the date of acquisition.

Newly acquired or newly established enterprises are recognised in the consolidated annual accounts as of the date of acquisition. Disposed or terminated enterprises are recognised in the consolidated annual accounts until the date of disposal. In relation to newly acquired, disposed or terminated enterprises, comparative figures are not adjusted.

In connection with the acquisition of new enterprises, the acquisition method is applied, by which the acquirees' identifiable assets and liabilities are measured at fair value at the time of acquisition. Costs for restructuring which are recognised in the acquiree before the acquisition date and which have not been agreed upon as part of the acquisition, are recognised in the pre-acquisition balance sheet and thereby forms part of the measurement of goodwill. Restructuring decided by the acquiree is recognised in the profit and loss account. The tax effect of the revaluations carried out is taken into consideration.

Positive balances (goodwill) between cost and fair value of the acquired, identifiable assets and liabilities, including provisions for restructuring, are recognised under intangible fixed assets and in accordance with an individual evaluation allocated on a systematic basis over their useful lives in the profit and loss account. Negative balances (negative goodwill) is recognised as income in the profit and loss account at the date of acquisition when the general requirements for recognition of income are met.

Goodwill and negative goodwill from acquirees may be adjusted until 12 months after the acquisition.

Gains or losses from the disposal or termination of group enterprises or associated enterprises are recognised as the difference between the sales price or the termination sum and the book value of the net assets at the sales date and expected costs of sale or termination.

In case of business combinations such as acquisition and sale of equity investments, mergers, demergers, addition of assets and exchange of shares etc. with participation of enterprises under the control of the parent company, the merger method is applied, in which case the merger is considered implemented on the first day of the financial year, and restatement of comparative figures is made.

Minority interests

The items of the group enterprises are recognised by 100 % in the consolidated annual accounts. The minority interests' proportionate share of the profit or loss and the equity of the group enterprises are adjusted annually, and they are recognised as a separate item below the profit and loss account and as a separate item in the balance sheet respectively.

Accounting policies used

The profit and loss account

Gross profit

The gross profit comprises the net turnover, changes in inventories of finished goods and work in progress, work performed for own purposes and capitalised, other operating income, and external costs.

The net turnover is recognised in the profit and loss account if delivery and risk transfer to the buyer have taken place before the end of the year, and if the income can be determined reliably and is expected to be received. The net turnover is recognised exclusive of VAT and taxes and with the deduction of any discounts granted in connection with the sale.

Rental income from investment property

Rental income comprises income from the lease of property and from charged joint costs, and it is recognised in the profit and loss account for the period relating to the lease payment. Income from the heating account is recognised in the balance sheet as a balance among the lessees.

Costs of sales includes costs for the purchase of raw materials and consumables less discounts and changes in inventories.

Other external costs comprise costs for distribution, sales, advertisement, administration, premises, loss on debtors, and operational leasing costs.

Staff costs

Staff costs include salaries and wages including holiday allowances, pensions and other costs for social security etc. for staff members. Staff costs are less public reimbursements.

Depreciation, amortisation and writedown

Depreciation, amortisation and writedown comprise depreciation on, amortisation of and writedown relating to intangible and tangible fixed assets respectively.

Results from equity investments in group enterprises and associated enterprises

After full elimination of intercompany profit or loss and deduction of amortisation of consolidated goodwill, the equity investment in the individual group enterprises are recognised in the profit and loss account at a proportional share of the group enterprises' results after tax.

After full elimination of intercompany profit or loss and deduction of amortisation of consolidated goodwill, the equity investment in the individual associated enterprises are recognised in the profit and loss account at a proportional share of the associated enterprises' results after tax.

Accounting policies used

Net financials

Net financials comprise interest, realised and unrealised capital gains and losses concerning financial assets and liabilities, amortisation of financial assets and liabilities, additions and reimbursements under the Danish tax prepayment scheme, etc. Financial income and expenses are recognised in the profit and loss account with the amounts that concerns the financial year.

Tax of the results for the year

The tax for the year comprises the current tax for the year and the changes in deferred tax, and it is recognised in the profit and loss account with the share referring to the results for the year and directly in the equity with the share referring to entries directly on the equity.

The parent enterprise and the Danish group enterprises are subject to the Danish rules on compulsory joint taxation of the consolidated Danish enterprises. The parent enterprise acts as an administration company in relation to the joint taxation. This means that the total Danish tax payable of the income of the Danish consolidated companies is paid to the tax authorities by the company.

The current Danish corporate tax is allocated among the jointly taxed companies in proportion to their respective taxable income (full allocation with reimbursement of tax losses).

The balance sheet

Intangible fixed assets

Goodwill

Goodwill is amortised over its estimated useful life, which is determined on the basis of the management's experience with the individual business areas. Goodwill is amortised on a straight-line basis over the amortisation period, which is between 0 and 7 years. The amortisation period is determined on the basis of an expected payback period, being the longer for strategical acquirees with a strong market position and an expected long-term earnings profile.

Tangible fixed assets

Tangible fixed assets are measured at cost with deduction of accrued depreciation and writedown. Land is not depreciated.

The basis of depreciation is cost with deduction of any expected residual value after the end of the useful life of the asset. The amortisation period and the residual value are determined at the acquisition date and reassessed annually. If the residual value exceeds the book value, the amortisation discontinues.

The cost comprises the acquisition cost and costs directly attached to the acquisition until the time when the asset is ready for use.

Accounting policies used

Depreciation takes place on a straight line basis and based on an evaluation of the expected useful life:

Buildings	75 years
Other plants, operating assets, fixtures and furniture	5 years

Minor assets with an expected useful life of less than 1 year are recognised as costs in the profit and loss account in the year of acquisition.

Profit or loss deriving from the sales of tangible fixed assets is measured as the difference between the sales price reduced by the selling costs and the book value at the time of the sale. Profit or losses are recognised in the profit and loss account as other operating income or other operating expenses.

Financial fixed assets

Equity investments in group enterprises and associated enterprises

Equity investments in group enterprises and associated enterprises are recognised in the balance sheet at a proportional share under the equity method, the value being calculated on the basis of the accounting policies of the parent company by the deduction or addition of unrealised intercompany profits and losses, and with the addition or deduction of residual value of positive or negative goodwill measured by applying the acquisition method.

Group enterprises and associated enterprises with negative equity are recognised without any value, and to the extent they are considered irrevocable, amounts owed by these companies are written down by the parent's share of the equity. If the negative equity exceeds the debtors, the residual amount is recognised under liability provisions to the extent the parent has a legal or actual liability to cover the negative equity of the subsidiary.

To the extent the equity exceeds the cost, the net revaluation of equity investments in group enterprises and associated enterprises are transferred to the reserves under the equity for net revaluation as per the equity method. Dividends from group enterprises expected to be decided before the approval of this annual report are not subject to a limitation of the revaluation reserves. The reserves are adjusted by other equity movements in group enterprises and associated enterprises.

Other securities and equity investments

Securities and equity investments recognised under fixed assets comprise listed bonds and shares which are measured at fair value on the balance sheet date. Listed securities are measured at market price.

Other unlisted securities are measured at fair value. The measurement is made on the basis of a return-based cash flow model based on expected future net cash flow over a period of 5 years and a terminal period. Furthermore, the fair value is adjusted for net interest-bearing debt.

Other unlisted securities are measured at cost. Writedown takes place to the recoverable amount, if this value is lower than the book value.

Accounting policies used

Inventories

Inventories are measured at cost on basis of the FIFO method. In case the net realisable value of the inventories is lower than the cost, writedown takes place to this lower value.

The cost for trade goods, raw materials, and consumables comprises the acquisition cost with the addition of the delivery costs.

The cost for manufactured goods and works in progress comprises the cost for raw materials, consumables, direct wages, and indirect production costs. Indirect production costs comprise indirect materials and wages, maintenance of and depreciation on machinery, factory buildings and equipment applied during the production process, and costs for factory administration and factory management. Borrowing costs are recognised in cost.

The net realisable value for inventories is recognised as the market price with deduction of completion costs and selling costs. The net realisable value is determined taking into consideration the negotiability, obsolescence, and development of the expected market price.

Debtors

Debtors are measured at amortised cost which usually corresponds to face value. In order to meet expected losses, writedown takes place at the net realisable value.

Accrued income and deferred expenses

Accrued income and deferred expenses recognised under assets comprise incurred costs concerning the next financial year.

Securities and equity investments

Securities and equity investments recognised as current assets are measured at fair value on the balance sheet date.

Available funds

Available funds comprise cash at bank and in hand.

Equity

Reserves for net revaluation as per the equity method

Reserves for net revaluation as per the equity method comprise net revaluation of equity investments in subsidiaries and associates in proportion to cost.

The reserves may be eliminated in case of losses, realisation of equity investments or changes in the financial estimates.

It is not possible to recognise the reserves with a negative amount.

Accounting policies used

Dividend

Dividend expected to be distributed for the year is recognised as a separate item under the equity. Proposed dividend is recognised as a liability at the time of approval by the general meeting (the time of declaration).

Corporate tax and deferred tax

Current tax receivable and tax liabilities are recognised in the balance sheet at the amount calculated on the basis of the expected taxable income for the year adjusted for tax on previous years' taxable income and prepaid taxes. Tax receivable and tax liabilities are set off to the extent that legal right of set-off exists and if the items are expected to be settled net or simultaneously.

Jysk System Holding ApS is jointly taxed with the Danish group companies and acts in this respect as the administration company. According to the rules of joint taxation, Jysk System Holding ApS is unlimited, jointly and severally liable towards the Danish tax authorities for the total corporation tax, including withholding tax on interest, royalties and dividends, arising within the jointly taxed group of companies.

Payable and receivable joint taxation contributions are recognised in the balance sheet as "Receivable corporate tax" or "Payable corporate tax".

Deferred tax is measured on the basis of all temporary differences in assets and liabilities with a balance sheet focus.

Deferred tax is measured based on the tax rules and tax rates applying under the legislation on the balance sheet date and prevailing when the deferred tax is expected to be released as current tax.

Other provisions

Provisions comprise expected costs for guarantee liabilities, loss on work in progress, restructuring, etc. Provisions are recognised when the group has a legal or actual liability which is due to a previous event and when it is likely that the settlement of the liability will result in expenditure of the financial resources of the group.

If the settlement of the liability is expected to take place in some remote future, provisions are measured at the net realisable value or at fair value.

Liabilities

Other liabilities are measured at amortised cost which usually corresponds to the nominal value.

The cash flow statement

The cash flow statement shows the cash flow of the group for the year, divided in cash flows deriving from operating activities, investment activities, and financing activities respectively, the changes in the liabilities, and the available funds at the beginning and the end of the year respectively.

Accounting policies used

The effect of cash flow deriving from purchase and sale of enterprises appears separately under cash flow from investment activities. In the cash flow statement, cash flow deriving from purchased enterprises is recognised as of the date of acquisition, and cash flow deriving from sold enterprises is recognised until the sales date.

Cash flow from operating activities

Cash flow from operating activities are calculated as the results for the year adjusted for non-cash operating items, the change in the working capital, and corporate tax paid.

Cash flow from investment activities

Cash flow from investment activities comprises payments in connection with the acquisition and sale of enterprises and activities as well as the acquisition and sale of intangible and tangible fixed assets and fixed asset investments respectively.

Cash flow from financing activities

Cash flow from financing activities comprises changes in the size or the composition of the share capital and the costs in this connection. Furthermore, these activities comprise borrowings, instalments on interestbearing debt, and payment of dividend to the shareholders.

Available funds

Available funds comprise cash funds with deduction of short-term bank debt and short-term securities with a term of less than 3 months which can easily be converted into cash funds and on which only an insignificant risk of value changes exists.

Profit and loss account 1 January - 31 December

All amounts in DKK.

Note	Group		Parent enterprise	
	2016	2015	2016	2015
Gross profit	37.627.325	17.813.708	919.339	1.017.702
1 Staff costs	-16.287.019	-16.271.241	-116.986	-419.113
Depreciation, amortisation and writedown relating to tangible and intangible fixed assets	-2.030.267	-600.651	-34.159	-16.597
Operating profit	19.310.039	941.816	768.194	581.992
2 Income from equity investments in group enterprises	0	0	12.132.036	-1.388.985
Income from equity investments in associated enterprises	-3.254	-14.450	0	0
Other financial income from group enterprises	0	0	716.526	1.386.338
Other financial income	17.036	184.821	10.241	147.703
3 Other financial costs	-2.165.064	-1.540.553	-1.902.731	-1.356.542
Results before tax	17.158.757	-428.366	11.724.266	-629.494
Tax on ordinary results	-5.388.874	-182.636	22.958	-181.913
Results for the year	11.769.883	-611.002	11.747.224	-811.407
Group distribution:				
Shareholders in Jysk System Holding ApS	11.747.224	-811.407		
Minority interests	22.659	200.405		
	11.769.883	-611.002		
Proposed distribution of the results:				
Reserves for net revaluation as per the equity method			12.132.036	-2.187.102
Dividend for the financial year			103.400	150.600
Allocated to results brought forward			0	1.225.095
Allocated from results brought forward			-488.212	0
Distribution in total			11.747.224	-811.407

Balance sheet 31 December

All amounts in DKK.

Assets				
<u>Note</u>	Group		Parent enterprise	
	2016	2015	2016	2015
Fixed assets				
4 Goodwill	172.386	234.386	0	0
Intangible fixed assets in total	172.386	234.386	0	0
5 Land and property	11.918.357	11.805.205	2.743.188	2.487.636
6 Other plants, operating assets, and fixtures and furniture	1.417.224	878.820	831.660	0
Tangible fixed assets in total	13.335.581	12.684.025	3.574.848	2.487.636
7 Equity investments in group enterprises	0	0	18.905.361	4.565.194
8 Equity investments in associated enterprises	802.209	808.508	0	0
Other securities and equity investments	38.659	38.805	0	0
Other debtors	15.547	2.000.000	0	2.000.000
Financial fixed assets in total	856.415	2.847.313	18.905.361	6.565.194
Fixed assets in total	14.364.382	15.765.724	22.480.209	9.052.830

Balance sheet 31 December

All amounts in DKK.

Assets

Note	Group		Parent enterprise	
	2016	2015	2016	2015
Current assets				
Manufactured goods and trade goods	31.288.523	90.456.599	0	0
Prepayments for goods	2.619.027	11.132.530	0	0
Inventories in total	33.907.550	101.589.129	0	0
Trade debtors	11.636.259	2.500.394	59.508	59.509
Amounts owed by group enterprises	0	0	18.067.344	36.270.863
Receivables from associates	148.609	183.832	0	0
Deferred tax assets	5.000	0	0	7.300
Receivable corporate tax	0	31.245	208.000	36.823
Receivable tax from group entities	0	0	57.740	176.760
Other debtors	517.563	698.863	394.898	520.744
Prepayments	39.348	3.367.493	0	0
Debtors in total	12.346.779	6.781.827	18.787.490	37.071.999
Other investments	44.154	41.202	0	0
Securities in total	44.154	41.202	0	0
Cash	30.675.047	104.587.799	0	0
Current assets in total	76.973.530	212.999.957	18.787.490	37.071.999
Assets in total	91.337.912	228.765.681	41.267.699	46.124.829

Balance sheet 31 December

All amounts in DKK.

Equity and liabilities				
<u>Note</u>	Group		Parent enterprise	
	<u>2016</u>	<u>2015</u>	<u>2016</u>	<u>2015</u>
Equity				
9	Contributed capital	200.000	200.000	200.000
10	Reserves for net revaluation as per the equity method	742.966	749.265	16.105.038
11	Results brought forward	33.957.815	22.322.011	18.595.743
12	Proposed dividend for the financial year	103.400	150.600	103.400
	Equity before non- controlling interest.	35.004.181	23.421.876	35.004.181
	Minority interests	1.056.904	1.749.064	0
	Equity in total	36.061.085	25.170.940	35.004.181
Provisions				
	Provisions for deferred tax	0	19.040	32.000
	Other provisions	5.507.118	3.525.589	0
	Provisions in total	5.507.118	3.544.629	32.000
Liabilities				
13	Mortgage debt	4.519.154	4.819.734	0
	Long-term liabilities in total	4.519.154	4.819.734	0

Balance sheet 31 December

All amounts in DKK.

Equity and liabilities

Note	Group		Parent enterprise	
	2016	2015	2016	2015
Short-term part of long-term liabilities	353.000	345.136	0	0
Bank debts	6.343.951	87.343.248	5.855.889	22.394.382
Prepayments received from customers	381.675	0	0	0
Trade creditors	407.617	194.593	98.831	10.300
Debt to group enterprises	0	0	176.647	255.562
Corporate tax	5.207.818	0	0	0
Other debts	32.556.494	107.347.401	100.151	42.709
Short-term liabilities in total	45.250.555	195.230.378	6.231.518	22.702.953
Liabilities in total	49.769.709	200.050.112	6.231.518	22.702.953
Equity and liabilities in total	91.337.912	228.765.681	41.267.699	46.124.829

14 Mortgage and securities

15 Contingencies

Cash flow statement 1 January - 31 December

All amounts in DKK.

Note	Group	
	2016	2015
Results for the year	11.769.883	-611.002
16 Adjustments	11.551.952	4.780.460
17 Change in working capital	-10.121.374	20.446.748
Cash flow from operating activities before net financials	13.200.461	24.616.206
Interest received and similar amounts	14.084	142.540
Interest paid and similar amounts	-2.093.109	-1.513.034
Cash flow from ordinary activities	11.121.436	23.245.712
Corporate tax paid	-178.362	-74.065
Cash flow from operating activities	10.943.074	23.171.647
Purchase of intangible fixed assets	-1.508.200	-195.000
Purchase of tangible fixed assets	-1.332.811	-275.604
Sale of tangible fixed assets	145.000	20.523
Purchase of financial fixed assets	-714.250	-98
Dividends received	0	0
Cash flow from investment activities	-3.410.261	-450.179
Repayments of long-term debt	-292.716	-193.519
Dividend paid	-150.600	-1.012.874
Cash flow from financing activities	-443.316	-1.206.393
Changes in available funds	7.089.497	21.515.075
Available funds opening balance	17.285.753	-4.229.322
Available funds closing balance	24.375.250	17.285.753
Available funds		
Cash	30.675.047	104.587.799
Short-term bank debts	-6.343.951	-87.343.248
Securities	44.154	41.202
Available funds closing balance	24.375.250	17.285.753

Notes

All amounts in DKK.

	Group		Parent enterprise	
	2016	2015	2016	2015
1. Staff costs				
Salaries and wages	14.107.116	14.072.965	111.514	414.920
Pension costs	1.619.012	1.735.791	0	0
Other costs for social security	514.447	461.255	5.472	4.193
Other staff costs	46.444	1.230	0	0
	16.287.019	16.271.241	116.986	419.113
Average number of employees	39	41	1	1
2. Income from equity investments in group enterprises				
Result from Jysk System Rengøring A/S			801.760	189.377
Depreciation goodwill, Jysk System Rengøring A/S			-1.508.200	0
Result from Jysk Ejendomsinvest ApS			12.838.476	-1.578.362
			12.132.036	-1.388.985
3. Other financial costs				
Financial costs, group enterprises	0	0	3.829	0
Other financial costs	2.165.064	1.540.553	1.898.902	1.356.542
	2.165.064	1.540.553	1.902.731	1.356.542

Notes

All amounts in DKK.

	Group		Parent enterprise	
	31/12 2016	31/12 2015	31/12 2016	31/12 2015
4. Goodwill				
Cost opening balance	2.410.000	2.215.000	0	0
Additions during the year	1.508.200	195.000	0	0
Cost closing balance	3.918.200	2.410.000	0	0
Amortisation and writedown opening balance	-2.175.614	-2.140.833	0	0
Depreciation, amortisation and writedown for the year, assets disposed of	-1.570.200	-34.781	0	0
Amortisation and writedown closing balance	-3.745.814	-2.175.614	0	0
Book value closing balance	172.386	234.386	0	0
5. Land and property				
Cost opening balance	12.065.586	11.929.982	2.520.830	2.520.830
Additions during the year	264.071	135.604	264.071	0
Disposals during the year	-75.879	0	0	0
Cost closing balance	12.253.778	12.065.586	2.784.901	2.520.830
Depreciation and writedown opening balance	-260.381	-177.152	-33.194	-16.597
Depreciation for the year	-75.040	-83.229	-8.519	-16.597
Depreciation and writedown closing balance	-335.421	-260.381	-41.713	-33.194
Book value closing balance	11.918.357	11.805.205	2.743.188	2.487.636

Notes

All amounts in DKK.

	Group		Parent enterprise	
	31/12 2016	31/12 2015	31/12 2016	31/12 2015
6. Other plants, operating assets, and fixtures and furniture				
Cost opening balance	3.970.790	3.850.371	0	0
Translation by use of the exchange rate valid on balance sheet date closing balance	-650	59.599	0	0
Additions during the year	1.000.689	140.000	857.300	0
Disposals during the year	-796.525	-79.180	0	0
Cost closing balance	4.174.304	3.970.790	857.300	0
Amortisation and writedown opening balance	-3.091.970	-2.642.105	0	0
Translation by use of the exchange rate valid on balance sheet date closing balance	332	-36.404	0	0
Depreciation for the year	-409.136	-472.118	-25.640	0
Reversal of depreciation, amortisation and writedown, assets disposed of	743.694	58.657	0	0
Amortisation and writedown closing balance	-2.757.080	-3.091.970	-25.640	0
Book value closing balance	1.417.224	878.820	831.660	0

Notes

All amounts in DKK.

	Group		Parent enterprise	
	31/12 2016	31/12 2015	31/12 2016	31/12 2015
7. Equity investments in group enterprises				
Acquisition sum, opening balance opening balance	0	0	577.873	577.873
Additions during the year	0	0	2.222.450	0
Cost closing balance	0	0	2.800.323	577.873
Revaluations, opening balance opening balance	0	0	3.987.321	6.163.925
Exchange rate adjustments	0	0	-14.319	10.498
Results for the year before goodwill amortisation	0	0	13.640.236	-1.388.985
Dividend	0	0	0	-798.117
Revaluation closing balance	0	0	17.613.238	3.987.321
Amortisation of goodwill for the year	0	0	-1.508.200	0
Depreciation on goodwill closing balance	0	0	-1.508.200	0
Book value closing balance	0	0	18.905.361	4.565.194
Group enterprises:				
			Domicile	Share of ownership
Jysk System Rengøring A/S			Viborg	100 %
CleanShop ApS			Viborg	100 %
Jysk Ejendomsinvest ApS			Viborg	100 %
KG Holding ApS			Viborg	100 %
Holberg Ejendomme ApS			Viborg	51 %
Jysk Immobilien GmbH			Germany	100 %
Holberg Immobilien GmbH			Germany	51 %

Notes

All amounts in DKK.

	Group		Parent enterprise	
	31/12 2016	31/12 2015	31/12 2016	31/12 2015
8. Equity investments in associated enterprises				
Acquisition sum, opening balance opening balance	59.243	59.243	0	0
Cost closing balance	59.243	59.243	0	0
Revaluation, opening balance opening balance	749.265	761.649	0	0
Translation by use of the exchange rate valid on balance sheet date	-3.045	2.066	0	0
Results for the year before goodwill amortisation	-3.254	-10.975	0	0
Dividend	0	-3.475	0	0
Revaluation closing balance	742.966	749.265	0	0
Book value closing balance	802.209	808.508	0	0
Associated enterprises:				
			Domicile	Share of ownership
Strandvej Immobilien GmbH			Germany	30 %
9. Contributed capital				
Contributed capital opening balance	200.000	200.000	200.000	200.000
	200.000	200.000	200.000	200.000

Notes

All amounts in DKK.

	Group		Parent enterprise	
	31/12 2016	31/12 2015	31/12 2016	31/12 2015
10. Reserves for net revaluation as per the equity method				
Reserves for net revaluation opening balance	749.265	901.463	3.987.321	6.163.925
Share of results	-3.254	-154.264	12.132.036	-2.187.102
Exchange rate adjustments	-3.045	2.066	-14.319	10.498
	742.966	749.265	16.105.038	3.987.321
11. Results brought forward				
Results brought forward opening balance	22.322.011	23.121.322	19.083.955	17.858.860
Profit or loss for the year brought forward	11.647.078	-807.743	-488.212	1.225.095
Exchange rate adjustments	-11.274	8.432	0	0
	33.957.815	22.322.011	18.595.743	19.083.955
12. Proposed dividend for the financial year				
Dividend opening balance	150.600	149.900	150.600	149.900
Distributed dividend	-150.600	-149.900	-150.600	-149.900
Dividend for the financial year	103.400	150.600	103.400	150.600
	103.400	150.600	103.400	150.600
13. Mortgage debt				
Mortgage debt in total	4.872.154	5.164.870	0	0
Share of amount due within 1 year	-353.000	-345.136	0	0
	4.519.154	4.819.734	0	0
Share of liabilities due after 5 years	3.001.000	3.333.000	0	0

Notes

All amounts in DKK.

14. Mortgage and securities

As security for the mortgage debts there are issued mortgage deeds on land and properties.

For the safety of bank debts on TDKK 6,344 mortgage deeds on nom. TDKK 2,950 are deposited with security on land and properties with a carrying value of TDKK 11,918 by 31 December 2016 compared to TDKK 11,805 last year.

The Entity has guaranteed the subsidiaries' debt to credit institutions. The recourse guarantee is unlimited. The bank loans of the subsidiaries amount to TDKK 0. The mortgage debt of the subsidiaries totals TDKK 4,872 by 31 December 2016 compared to TDKK 5,165 last year.

Shares in Jysk Ejendomsinvest ApS with a carrying value of TDKK 16,661 by 31 December 2016 has been provided as collateral for loans with credit institutions in favour of Jysk System Holding and Jysk Ejendomsinvest ApS.

Owner Association in Sommerstedgade 28 have mortgage deeds of TDKK 5 in the property.

15. Contingencies

Joint taxation

The company is the administration company of the group of companies subject to the Danish scheme of joint taxation and unlimited jointly and severally liable with the other jointly taxed companies for the total corporation tax.

The company is unlimited jointly and severally liable with the other jointly taxed companies for any obligation to withhold tax on interest, royalties and dividends.

Any subsequent adjustments of corporate taxes or withheld taxes etc. may cause changes in the company's liabilities.

Notes

All amounts in DKK.

	Group 2016	2015
16. Adjustments		
Depreciation and amortisation	2.030.267	590.128
Income from equity investments in group enterprises	0	0
Income from equity investments in associated enterprises	3.254	14.450
Other financial income	-17.036	-184.821
Other financial costs	2.165.064	1.540.553
Tax on ordinary results	5.388.874	182.636
Other provisions	1.981.529	2.637.514
	11.551.952	4.780.460
17. Change in working capital		
Change in inventories	67.681.579	-49.751.533
Change in debtors	-3.606.744	-348.072
Change in trade creditors and other liabilities	-74.196.209	70.546.353
	-10.121.374	20.446.748