UTC FS Denmark Holding A/S

Industriholmen 17-19, DK-Hvidovre

Annual Report for 2019

CVR No 21 70 04 44

The Annual Report was presented and adopted at the Annual General Meeting of the Company on 19/5 2020

Michael Keldsen Chairman of the General Meeting

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Management's Statement

The Executive Board and Board of Directors have today considered and adopted the Annual Report of UTC FS Denmark Holding A/S for the financial year 1 January - 31 December 2019.

The Annual Report is prepared in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act.

In our opinion the Financial Statements give a true and fair view of the financial position at 31 December 2019 of the Company and of the results of the Company operations for 2019.

In our opinion, Management's Review includes a true and fair account of the matters addressed in the Review.

We recommend that the Annual Report be adopted at the Annual General Meeting.

Hvidovre, 19 May 2020

Executive Board

Edgar Skjervold CEO

Board of Directors

Michael Keldsen Chairman Edgar Skjervold

Thomas Rønnebek

Independent Auditor's Report

To the Shareholder of UTC FS Denmark Holding A/S

Opinion

In our opinion, the Financial Statements give a true and fair view of the financial position of the Company at 31 December 2019 and of the results of the Company's operations for the financial year 1 January - 31 December 2019 in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act.

We have audited the Financial Statements of UTC FS Denmark Holding A/S for the financial year 1 January - 31 December 2019, which comprise income statement, balance sheet, statement of changes in equity and notes, including a summary of significant accounting policies ("the Financial Statements").

Basis for opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing (ISAs) and the additional requirements applicable in Denmark. Our responsibilities under those standards and requirements are further described in the "Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the Financial Statements" section of our report. We are independent of the Company in accordance with the International Ethics Standards Board for Accountants' Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants (IESBA Code) and the additional requirements applicable in Denmark, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Statement on Management's Review

Management is responsible for Management's Review.

Our opinion on the Financial Statements does not cover Management's Review, and we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the Financial Statements, our responsibility is to read Management's Review and, in doing so, consider whether Management's Review is materially inconsistent with the Financial Statements or our knowledge obtained during the audit, or otherwise appears to be materially misstated.

Moreover, it is our responsibility to consider whether Management's Review provides the information required under the Danish Financials Statements Act.

Based on the work we have performed, in our view, Management's Review is in accordance with the Financial Statements and has been prepared in accordance with the requirements of the Danish Financial Statements Act. We did not identify any material misstatement in Management's Review.

Management's responsibilities for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation of financial statements that give a true and fair view in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act, and for such internal control as Management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Independent Auditor's Report

In preparing the Financial Statements, Management is responsible for assessing the Company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting in preparing the Financial Statements unless Management either intends to liquidate the Company or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the Financial Statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs and the additional requirements applicable in Denmark will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these Financial Statements.

As part of an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs and the additional requirements applicable in Denmark, we exercise professional judgement and maintain professional scepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the Financial Statements, whether due to
 fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a
 material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures
 that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Company's internal control.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by Management.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of Management's use of the going concern basis of accounting in preparing the Financial Statements and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Company's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the Financial Statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Company to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and contents of the Financial Statements, including the
 disclosures, and whether the Financial Statements represent the underlying transactions and events
 in a manner that gives a true and fair view.

We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned

Independent Auditor's Report

scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

Hellerup, 19 May 2020 **PricewaterhouseCoopers** Statsautoriseret Revisionspartnerselskab *CVR No 33 77 12 31*

Leif Ulbæk Jensen State Authorized Public Accountant mne23327 Thomas Lauritsen State Authorized Public Accountant mne34342

Company Information

The Company UTC FS Denmark Holding A/S

Industriholmen 17-19

DK-Hvidovre

Telephone: + 45 36 86 96 00

CVR No: 21 70 04 44

Financial period: 1 January - 31 December Municipality of reg. office: Hvidovre

Board of Directors Michael Keldsen, Chairman

Edgar Skjervold Thomas Rønnebek

Executive Board Edgar Skjervold

Auditors PricewaterhouseCoopers

Statsautoriseret Revisionspartnerselskab

Strandvejen 44 DK-2900 Hellerup

Lawyers Gorrissen Federspiel

Axeltorv 2

DK - 1609 København V

Bankers Nordea Commercial Banking Sjælland

Vesterbrogade 8

DK - 0900 København C

Management's Review

Key activities

The object of the Company is to act as a holding company, to acquire and own shares and other securities and to carry out other related activities.

Development in the year

The income statement of the Company for 2019 shows a loss of DKK 2,231,011, and at 31 December 2019 the balance sheet of the Company shows equity of DKK 94,120,375.

The Company's result is significantly influenced by income from the share of the negative result in the subsidiary Autronica Fire and Security A/S of DKK 2 million.

Autronica Fire and Security A/S shows a loss after tax for 2019 of DKK 2 million, which is a decrease of DKK 3.2 million compared to last year.

Management expects a result before income from investment in subsidiaries for the financial year 2020 similar to the result for 2019.

Subsequent events

No events materially affecting the assessment of the Annual Report have occurred after the balance sheet date. However, we refer to note 1, which further describes the COVID-19 situation and change in group structure.

Income Statement 1 January - 31 December

	Note	2019	2018
		DKK	DKK
Income from investments in subsidiaries	2	-2.003.675	12.290.771
Other external expenses	_	-288.564	-308.300
Gross profit/loss		-2.292.239	11.982.471
Profit/loss before financial income and expenses		-2.292.239	11.982.471
Financial income	3	8.618	8.938
Financial expenses	_	-2.926	-12.864
Profit/loss before tax		-2.286.547	11.978.545
Tax on profit/loss for the year	4	55.536	57.646
Net profit/loss for the year	-	-2.231.011	12.036.191
Distribution of profit			
Proposed distribution of profit			
Extraordinary dividend paid		0	45.000.000
Retained earnings	_	-2.231.011	-32.963.809
		-2.231.011	12.036.191

Balance Sheet 31 December

Assets

	Note	2019 DKK	2018 DKK
Investments in subsidiaries	5	9.104.475	11.108.150
Fixed asset investments		9.104.475	11.108.150
Fixed assets		9.104.475	11.108.150
Receivables from group enterprises		85.000.283	85.000.283
Corporation tax		88.542	90.558
Receivables		85.088.825	85.090.841
Cash at bank and in hand		39.575	418.158
Currents assets		85.128.400	85.508.999
Assets		94.232.875	96.617.149

Balance Sheet 31 December

Liabilities and equity

	Note	2019	2018
		DKK	DKK
Share capital		80.800.000	80.800.000
Retained earnings		13.320.375	15.551.386
Equity		94.120.375	96.351.386
Trade payables		112.500	265.763
Short-term debt		112.500	265.763
Debt		112.500	265.763
Liabilities and equity		94.232.875	96.617.149
Subsequent events	1		
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Statement of Changes in Equity

	Retained		
	Share capital	earnings	Total
	DKK	DKK	DKK
Equity at 1 January	80.800.000	15.551.386	96.351.386
Net profit/loss for the year	0	-2.231.011	-2.231.011
Equity at 31 December	80.800.000	13.320.375	94.120.375

1 Subsequent events

The implications of COVID-19 where the Danish government decided to "close down Denmark" will have negative impact on the Danish economy. Management considers the implications of COVID-19 a subsequent event occurred after the balance sheet date (31 December 2019), which is therefore a non-adjusting event to the Company.

The company is not directly affected by the events of COVID-19 but inderictly through its subsidiary. See the annual report of Autronica Fire and Security A/S for a more detailed description.

On April 3, 2020, United Technologies Corporation ("UTC") separated into three independent, publicly traded companies; UTC, Otis Worldwide Corporation and Carrier Global Corporation (the "Separation"). As a result of the Separation, the ultimate parent of the Company changed from UTC to Carrier Global Corporation.

		2019	2018
		DKK	DKK
2	Income from investments in subsidiaries		
	Share of profits of subsidiaries after tax	0	1.217.159
	Share of losses of subsidiaries	-2.003.675	0
	Gain on disposals of subsidiaries	0	11.073.612
		-2.003.675	12.290.771
3	Financial income		
	Interest received from group enterprises	8.618	8.938
		8.618	8.938
4	Tax on profit/loss for the year		
	Current tax for the year	-55.536	-57.651
	Adjustment of deferred tax concerning previous years	0	5
		-55.536	-57.646

5	Investments in subsidiaries	2019 DKK	2018 DKK
	Cost at 1 January	82.800.000	106.809.085
	Disposals for the year	0	-24.009.085
	Cost at 31 December	82.800.000	82.800.000
	Value adjustments at 1 January	-71.691.850	-53.919.767
	Disposals for the year	0	13.510.758
	Net profit/loss for the year	-2.003.675	1.217.159
	Dividend to the Parent Company	0	-32.500.000
	Value adjustments at 31 December	-73.695.525	-71.691.850
	Carrying amount at 31 December	9.104.475	11.108.150

Investments in subsidiaries are specified as follows:

	Place of		Votes and		Net profit/loss
Name	registered office	Share capital	ownership	Equity	for the year
Autronica Fire and Security	Hvidovre,				
A/S	Denmark	8.308.000	100%	9.104.475	-2.003.675

6 Contingent assets, liabilities and other financial obligations

Contingent liabilities

The Danish group companies are jointly and severally liabel for the tax in the jointly taxed incomes etc of the Group, with Otis A/S as administation company. Moreover, the Danish group companies are jointly and severally liable for Danish withholding taxes by way of dividend tax, on royaltypayments and tax on unearned income.

UTC Fire & Security Luxembourg S.a.r.l. (Luxembourg)

7 Related parties

Basis			

Controlling shareholder

Transactions

Controlling interest

The Company has chosen only to disclose transactions which have not been made on an arm's length basis in accordance with section 98(c)(7) of the Danish Financial Statements Act.

Transactions with related parties solely comprise loans as well as management fee.

Ownership

The following shareholder is recorded in the Company's register of shareholders as holding at least 5% of the votes or at least 5% of the share capital:

UTC Fire & Security Luxembourg S.a.r.l.

Consolidated Financial Statements

The company is included in the consolidated report of the Parent Company United Technologies Corporation.

The consolidated report for United Technologies Corporation can be obtained at the following address:

Name	Place of registered office
United Technologies Corporation	United Technologies Corporation
	United Technologies Building
	Hartford, CT 06101
	USA

8 Accounting Policies

The Annual Report of UTC FS Denmark Holding A/S for 2019 has been prepared in accordance with the provisions of the Danish Financial Statements Act applying to enterprises of reporting class B as well as selected rules applying to reporting class C.

The order of the items of the income statement differs from the format prescribed by the Danish Financial Statements Act as the order has been adjusted to the nature of the Company's activities.

The accounting policies applied remain unchanged from last year.

The Financial Statements for 2019 are presented in DKK.

Consolidated financial statements

With reference to section 112 of the Danish Financial Statements Act and to the consolidated financial statements of United Technologies Corporation, the Company has not prepared consolidated financial statements.

Recognition and measurement

Revenues are recognised in the income statement as earned. Furthermore, value adjustments of financial assets and liabilities measured at fair value or amortised cost are recognised. Moreover, all expenses incurred to achieve the earnings for the year are recognised in the income statement, including depreciation, amortisation, impairment losses and provisions as well as reversals due to changed accounting estimates of amounts that have previously been recognised in the income statement.

Assets are recognised in the balance sheet when it is probable that future economic benefits attributable to the asset will flow to the Company, and the value of the asset can be measured reliably.

Liabilities are recognised in the balance sheet when it is probable that future economic benefits will flow out of the Company, and the value of the liability can be measured reliably.

Assets and liabilities are initially measured at cost. Subsequently, assets and liabilities are measured as described for each item below.

Certain financial assets and liabilities are measured at amortised cost, which involves the recognition of a constant effective interest rate over the maturity period. Amortised cost is calculated as original cost less any repayments and with addition/deduction of the cumulative amortisation of any difference between cost and the nominal amount. In this way, capital losses and gains are allocated over the maturity period.

Recognition and measurement take into account predictable losses and risks occurring before the presentation of the Annual Report which confirm or invalidate affairs and conditions existing at the balance sheet date.

8 Accounting Policies (continued)

Translation policies

Transactions in foreign currencies are translated at the exchange rates at the dates of transaction. Exchange differences arising due to differences between the transaction date rates and the rates at the dates of payment are recognised in financial income and expenses in the income statement.

Receivables, payables and other monetary items in foreign currencies that have not been settled at the balance sheet date are translated at the exchange rates at the balance sheet date. Any differences between the exchange rates at the balance sheet date and the rates at the time when the receivable or the debt arose are recognised in financial income and expenses in the income statement.

Fixed assets acquired in foreign currencies are measured at the transaction date rates.

Income Statement

Other external expenses

Other external expenses comprise administration costs, audit fees etc.

Income from investments in subsidiaries

The item "Income from investments in subsidiaries" in the income statement includes the proportionate share of the profit for the year and gain from disposals.

Financial income and expenses

Financial income and expenses are recognised in the income statement at the amounts relating to the financial year.

Tax on profit/loss for the year

Tax for the year consists of current tax for the year and changes in deferred tax for the year. The tax attributable to the profit for the year is recognised in the income statement, whereas the tax attributable to equity transactions is recognised directly in equity.

The Company is jointly taxed with its wholly owned Danish subsidiary Autronica Fire and Security A/S as well as the other Danish companies in the United Technologies Corporation Group. The tax effect of the joint taxation is allocated to Danish enterprises in proportion to their taxable incomes.

8 Accounting Policies (continued)

Balance Sheet

Investments in subsidiaries

Investments in subsidiaries are recognised and measured under the equity method.

The item"Investments in subsidiaries" in the balance sheet include the proportionate ownership share of the net asset value of the enterprises calculated on the basis of the fair values of identifiable net assets at the time of acquisition.

The total net revaluation of investments in subsidiaries is transferred upon distribution of profit to "Reserve for net revaluation under the equity method" under equity. The reserve is reduced by dividend distributed to the Parent Company and adjusted for other equity movements in the subsidiaries.

Subsidiaries with a negative net asset value are recognised at DKK o. Any legal or constructive obligation of the Parent Company to cover the negative balance of the enterprise is recognised in provisions.

Receivables

Receivables are measured in the balance sheet at the lower of amortised cost and net realisable value, which corresponds to nominal value less provisions for bad debts.

Equity

Dividend

Dividend distribution proposed by Management for the year is disclosed as a separate equity item.

Current tax receivables and liabilities

Current tax liabilities and receivables are recognised in the balance sheet as the expected taxable income for the year adjusted for tax on taxable incomes for prior years and tax paid on account. Extra payments and repayment under the on-account taxation scheme are recognised in the income statement in financial income and expenses.

Financial debts

Debts are measured at amortised cost, substantially corresponding to nominal value.