

Lacto Foods A/S

Lysholt Allé 3, DK-7100 Vejle

CVR no. 21 65 88 71

Annual report 2021

Approved at the Company's annual general meeting on 30 March 2022

Chair of the meeting:

.....
Frank Therkildsen

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Statement by the Board of Directors and the Executive Board

Today, the Board of Directors and the Executive Board have discussed and approved the annual report of Lacto Foods A/S for the financial year 1 January - 31 December 2021.

The annual report is prepared in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act.

In our opinion, the financial statements give a true and fair view of the financial position of the Company at 31 December 2021 and of the results of the Company's operations for the financial year 1 January - 31 December 2021.

Further, in our opinion, the Management's review gives a fair review of the matters discussed in the Management's review.

We recommend that the annual report be approved at the annual general meeting.

Vejle, 30 March 2022
Executive Board:

Jens Bruun Haugstrup
Executive Board

Board of Directors:

Peter Nielsen
Chair

Susanne Hougaard
Steffensen

Jens Bruun Haugstrup

Independent auditor's report

To the shareholder of Lacto Foods A/S

Opinion

We have audited the financial statements of Lacto Foods A/S for the financial year 1 January - 31 December 2021, which comprise income statement, balance sheet, statement of changes in equity and notes, including accounting policies. The financial statements are prepared in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act.

In our opinion, the financial statements give a true and fair view of the financial position of the Company at 31 December 2021 and of the results of the Company's operations for the financial year 1 January - 31 December 2021 in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act.

Basis for opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing (ISAs) and the additional requirements applicable in Denmark. Our responsibilities under those standards and requirements are further described in the "Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements" section of our report. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Independence

We are independent of the Company in accordance with the International Ethics Standards Board for Accountants' Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants (IESBA Code) and the additional ethical requirements applicable in Denmark, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements and the IESBA Code.

Emphasis of matter in the financial statements

We draw attention to note 2 to the financial statements, which states the material uncertainty associated with the measurement of a receivable with an Ukrainian partner. We have not modified our opinion in respect of this matter.

Management's responsibilities for the financial statements

Management is responsible for the preparation of financial statements that give a true and fair view in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act and for such internal control as Management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, Management is responsible for assessing the Company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting in preparing the financial statements unless Management either intends to liquidate the Company or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance as to whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs and the additional requirements applicable in Denmark will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of the financial statements.

As part of an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs and the additional requirements applicable in Denmark, we exercise professional judgement and maintain professional scepticism throughout the audit. We also:

Independent auditor's report

- ▶ Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations or the override of internal control.
- ▶ Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Company's internal control.
- ▶ Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by Management.
- ▶ Conclude on the appropriateness of Management's use of the going concern basis of accounting in preparing the financial statements and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Company's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Company to cease to continue as a going concern.
- ▶ Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and contents of the financial statements, including the note disclosures, and whether the financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that gives a true and fair view.

We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

Statement on the Management's review

Management is responsible for the Management's review.

Our opinion on the financial statements does not cover the Management's review, and we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the financial statements, our responsibility is to read the Management's review and, in doing so, consider whether the Management's review is materially inconsistent with the financial statements or our knowledge obtained during the audit, or otherwise appears to be materially misstated.

Moreover, it is our responsibility to consider whether the Management's review provides the information required under the Danish Financial Statements Act.

Based on the work we have performed, we conclude that the Management's review is in accordance with the financial statements and has been prepared in accordance with the requirements of the Danish Financial Statement Act. We did not identify any material misstatement of the Management's review.

Horsens, 30 March 2022
EY Godkendt Revisionspartnerselskab
CVR no. 30 70 02 28

Morten Klarskov Larsen
State Authorised Public Accountant
mne32736

Management's review

Company details

Name	Lacto Foods A/S
Address, Postal code, City	Lysholt Allé 3, DK-7100 Vejle
CVR no.	21 65 88 71
Established	11 May 1999
Registered office	Vejle
Financial year	1 January - 31 December
Website	www.lactofoods.dk
E-mail	jens@lactofoods.dk
Telephone	+45 88 44 56 34
Board of Directors	Peter Nielsen, Chair Susanne Hougaard Steffensen Jens Bruun Haugstrup
Executive Board	Jens Bruun Haugstrup, Executive Board
Auditors	EY Godkendt Revisionspartnerselskab Holmboes Allé 12, 8700 Horsens, Denmark

Management's review

Business review

The Company is engaged in international trade with dairy products.

Recognition and measurement uncertainties

The Company has due a receivable from an Ukrainian supplier of approximately DKK 6.0 million as a result of prepayments made. The supplier has confirmed the debt relationship and is currently investigating various options for repayment, possibly through affiliated companies. As a result of the war in the region, it is uncertain whether the supplier has the opportunity to pay, and the measurement of the receivable is therefore confirmed with uncertainty.

Reference is made to note 2.

Financial review

The income statement for 2021 shows a profit of DKK 634 thousand against a loss of DKK 2,886 thousand last year, and the balance sheet at 31 December 2021 shows equity of DKK 10,083 thousand.

Events after the balance sheet date

The COVID-19 pandemic and the war in Ukraine will continue to impact the markets we are operating in. It will have an influence on our sourcing from Ukraine and Belarus and challenges for transportation of goods caused on lack of containers. However, we do not expect the events to have a material effect on the Company's financial position.

Financial statements 1 January - 31 December

Income statement

Note	DKK'000	2021	2020
	Gross profit/loss	828	-3,260
3	Staff costs	-571	-570
	Depreciation and impairment of property, plant and equipment	-76	-77
	Profit/loss before net financials	181	-3,907
	Income from investments in group entities	343	258
4	Financial income	608	508
5	Financial expenses	-416	-632
	Profit/loss before tax	716	-3,773
6	Tax for the year	-82	887
	Profit/loss for the year	634	-2,886
Recommended appropriation of profit/loss			
	Retained earnings/accumulated loss	634	-2,886
		634	-2,886

Financial statements 1 January - 31 December

Balance sheet

Note	DKK'000	2021	2020
	ASSETS		
	Fixed assets		
	Property, plant and equipment		
	Other fixtures and fittings, tools and equipment	0	264
		0	264
7	Investments		
	Investments in group entities	2,636	2,382
		2,636	2,382
	Total fixed assets	2,636	2,646
	Non-fixed assets		
	Inventories		
	Finished goods and goods for resale	1,492	5,114
	Prepayments for goods	0	5,606
		1,492	10,720
	Receivables		
	Trade receivables	194	83
	Receivables from group entities	5,505	3,578
	Deferred tax assets	67	0
	Other receivables	6,489	823
	Prepayments	45	21
		12,300	4,505
	Total non-fixed assets	13,792	15,225
	TOTAL ASSETS	16,428	17,871

Financial statements 1 January - 31 December

Balance sheet

Note	DKK'000	2021	2020
EQUITY AND LIABILITIES			
Equity			
Share capital		2,500	2,500
Hedging reserve		-52	-29
Retained earnings		7,635	7,001
Total equity		10,083	9,472
Provisions			
Deferred tax		0	1
Total provisions		0	1
Liabilities other than provisions			
Current liabilities other than provisions			
Bank debt		10	25
Trade payables		321	344
Payables to group entities		5,760	7,852
Income taxes payable		0	23
Other payables		254	154
Total liabilities other than provisions		6,345	8,398
TOTAL EQUITY AND LIABILITIES		16,428	17,871

- 1 Accounting policies
- 2 Recognition and measurement uncertainties
- 9 Contractual obligations and contingencies, etc.
- 10 Collateral
- 11 Related parties

Financial statements 1 January - 31 December

Statement of changes in equity

DKK'000	Share capital	Hedging reserve	Retained earnings	Total
Equity at 1 January 2020	2,500	0	9,887	12,387
Transfer through appropriation of loss	0	0	-2,886	-2,886
Adjustment of hedging instruments at fair value	0	-37	0	-37
Tax on items recognised directly in equity	0	8	0	8
Equity at 1 January 2021	2,500	-29	7,001	9,472
Transfer through appropriation of profit	0	0	634	634
Adjustment of hedging instruments at fair value	0	-30	0	-30
Tax on items recognised directly in equity	0	7	0	7
Equity at 31 December 2021	2,500	-52	7,635	10,083

Financial statements 1 January - 31 December

Notes to the financial statements

1 Accounting policies

The annual report of Lacto Foods A/S for 2021 has been prepared in accordance with the provisions in the Danish Financial Statements Act applying to reporting class B entities and elective choice of certain provisions applying to reporting class C entities.

In accordance with section 112(2) of the Danish Financial Statements Act, the Company has not prepared consolidated financial statements.

The accounting policies used in the preparation of the financial statements are consistent with those of last year.

Reporting currency

The financial statements are presented in Danish kroner (DKK'000).

Foreign currency translation

On initial recognition, transactions denominated in foreign currencies are translated at the exchange rate at the transaction date. Foreign exchange differences arising between the exchange rates at the transaction date and the date of payment are recognised in the income statement as financial income or financial expenses.

Receivables and payables and other monetary items denominated in foreign currencies are translated at the exchange rate at the balance sheet date. The difference between the exchange rates at the balance sheet date and the date at which the receivable or payable arose or was recognised in the most recent financial statements is recognised in the income statement as financial income or financial expenses.

Derivative financial instruments

On initial recognition, derivative financial instruments are recognised at cost in the balance sheet and are subsequently measured at fair value. Positive and negative fair values of derivative financial instruments are presented as separate items in the balance sheet.

Fair value adjustments of derivative financial instruments designated and qualifying as hedging of future assets or liabilities are recognised as separate items in the balance sheet and in the hedging reserve under equity. If the forecast transaction results in the recognition of assets or liabilities, amounts previously recognised in equity are transferred to the cost of the asset or liability, respectively. If the forecast transaction results in income or expenses, amounts previously recognised in equity are transferred to the income statement in the period in which the hedged item affects the income statement.

Income statement

Revenue

The Company has chosen IAS 11/IAS 18 as interpretation for revenue recognition.

Income from the sale of goods for resale and finished goods, in the form of dairy products, is recognised in revenue when the most significant rewards and risks have been transferred to the buyer and provided the income can be measured reliably and payment is expected to be received.

Revenue is measured at the fair value of the agreed consideration excluding VAT and taxes charged on behalf of third parties. All discounts and rebates granted are recognised in revenue.

Gross profit/loss

The items revenue, other operating income and external expenses have been aggregated into one item in the income statement called gross profit/loss in accordance with section 32 of the Danish Financial Statements Act.

Financial statements 1 January - 31 December

Notes to the financial statements

1 Accounting policies (continued)

Other operating income

Other operating income comprise items of a secondary nature relative to the Company's core activities, including gains on the sale of fixed assets.

Cost of sales

Cost of sales includes the cost of goods used in generating the year's revenue.

Other external expenses

Other external expenses include the year's expenses relating to the Company's core activities, including expenses relating to distribution, sale, advertising, administration, premises, bad debts, payments under operating leases, etc.

Staff costs

Staff costs include wages and salaries, including compensated absence and pension to the Company's employees, as well as other social security contributions, etc. The item is net of refunds from public authorities.

Depreciation

The item comprises depreciation of property, plant and equipment.

The basis of depreciation, which is calculated as cost less any residual value, is depreciated on a straight line basis over the expected useful life. The expected useful lives of the assets are as follows:

Other fixtures and fittings, tools and equipment	3 - 5 years
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Profit from investments in subsidiaries

A proportionate share of the underlying entities' profit/loss after tax is recognised in the income statement according to the equity method. Shares of profit/loss after tax in subsidiaries are presented as separate line items in the income statement. Full elimination of intra-group gains/losses is made for equity investments in subsidiaries.

Financial income and expenses

Financial income and expenses are recognised in the income statement at the amounts that relate to the financial reporting period. The items comprise interest income and expenses, e.g. from group entities and associates, exchange gains and losses and amortisation of financial assets and liabilities.

Tax

Tax for the year includes current tax on the year's expected taxable income and the year's deferred tax adjustments. The portion of the tax for the year that relates to the profit/loss for the year is recognised in the income statement, whereas the portion that relates to transactions taken to equity is recognised in equity.

The entity is jointly taxed with other group entities. The total Danish income tax charge is allocated between profit/loss-making Danish entities in proportion to their taxable income (full absorption).

Jointly taxed entities entitled to a tax refund are reimbursed by the management company based on the rates applicable to interest allowances, and jointly taxed entities which have paid too little tax pay a surcharge according to the rates applicable to interest surcharges to the management company.

Financial statements 1 January - 31 December

Notes to the financial statements

1 Accounting policies (continued)

Balance sheet

Property, plant and equipment

Items of property, plant and equipment are measured at cost less accumulated depreciation and impairment losses. Cost includes the acquisition price and costs directly related to the acquisition until the time at which the asset is ready for use.

Investments in subsidiaries

Equity investments in subsidiaries are measured according to the equity method.

On initial recognition, equity investments in subsidiaries are measured at cost, i.e. plus transaction costs. The cost is allocated in accordance with the acquisition method.

The cost is adjusted by shares of profit/loss after tax calculated in accordance with the Group's accounting policies less or plus unrealised intra-group gains/losses.

Identified increases in value and goodwill, if any, compared to the underlying entity's net asset value are amortised in accordance with the accounting policies for the assets and liabilities to which they can be attributed.

Dividend received is deducted from the carrying amount.

Equity investments in subsidiaries measured at net asset value are subject to impairment test requirements if there is any indication of impairment.

Inventories

Inventories are measured at cost in accordance with the FIFO method. Where the net realisable value is lower than cost, inventories are written down to this lower value. The net realisable value of inventories is calculated as the sales amount less costs of completion and expenses required to effect the sale and is determined taking into account marketability, obsolescence and development in the expected selling price.

Goods for resale are measured at cost, which comprises the cost of acquisition plus delivery costs as well as other expenses directly attributable to the acquisition.

Receivables

Receivables are measured at amortised cost.

The Company has chosen IAS 39 as interpretation for impairment of financial receivables.

An impairment loss is recognised if there is objective evidence that a receivable or a group of receivables is impaired. If there is objective evidence that an individual receivable has been impaired, an impairment loss is recognised on an individual basis.

Receivables in respect of which there is no objective evidence of individual impairment are tested for objective evidence of impairment on a portfolio basis. The portfolios are primarily based on the debtors' domicile and credit ratings in line with the Company's risk management policy. The objective evidence applied to portfolios is determined based on historical loss experience.

Impairment losses are calculated as the difference between the carrying amount of the receivables and the present value of the expected cash flows, including the realisable value of any collateral received. The effective interest rate for the individual receivable or portfolio is used as discount rate.

Prepayments

Prepayments recognised under "Assets" comprise prepaid expenses regarding subsequent financial reporting years.

Financial statements 1 January - 31 December

Notes to the financial statements

1 Accounting policies (continued)

Equity

Reserve for net revaluation according to the equity method

The net revaluation reserve according to the equity method includes net revaluations of investments in subsidiaries and associates relative to cost. The reserve can be eliminated in case of losses, realisation of investments or a change in accounting estimates. The reserve cannot be recognised at a negative amount.

Hedging reserve

The hedging reserve comprises the cumulative net change in the fair value of hedging transactions that qualify for recognition as a cash flow hedge and where the hedged transaction has not yet been realised. The reserve is dissolved when the hedged transaction is realised, if the hedged cash flows are no longer expected to be realised or if the hedging relationship is no longer effective. The reserve does not represent a limitation under company law and may therefore be negative.

Proposed dividends

Dividend proposed for the year is recognised as a liability once adopted at the annual general meeting (declaration date). Dividends expected to be distributed for the financial year are presented as a separate item under "Equity".

Income taxes

Current tax payables and receivables are recognised in the balance sheet as the estimated income tax charge for the year, adjusted for prior-year taxes and tax paid on account.

Deferred tax is measured according to the liability method on all temporary differences between the carrying amount and the tax base of assets and liabilities. However, deferred tax is not recognised on temporary differences relating to other items where temporary differences, apart from business combinations, arise at the date of acquisition without affecting either profit/loss for the year or taxable income. Where alternative tax rules can be applied to determine the tax base, deferred tax is measured based on Management's intended use of the asset or settlement of the liability, respectively.

Deferred tax is measured according to the tax rules and at the tax rates applicable at the balance sheet date when the deferred tax is expected to crystallise as current tax. Deferred tax assets are recognised at the expected value of their utilisation; either as a set-off against tax on future income or as a set-off against deferred tax liabilities in the same legal tax entity. Changes in deferred tax due to changes in the tax rate are recognised in the income statement.

Liabilities

Liabilities are measured at net realisable value.

Financial statements 1 January - 31 December

Notes to the financial statements

1 Accounting policies (continued)

Fair value

The fair value measurement is based on the principal market. If no principal market exists, the measurement is based on the most advantageous market, i.e. the market that maximises the price of the asset or liability less transaction and/or transport costs.

All assets and liabilities which are measured at fair value, or whose fair value is disclosed, are classified based on the fair value hierarchy, see below:

Level 1: Value in an active market for similar assets/liabilities

Level 2: Value based on recognised valuation methods on the basis of observable market information

Level 3: Value based on recognised valuation methods and reasonable estimates (non-observable market information).

2 Recognition and measurement uncertainties

The Company has due a receivable from an Ukrainian supplier of approximately DKK 6.0 million as a result of prepayments made. The supplier has confirmed the debt relationship and is currently investigating various options for repayment, possibly through affiliated companies. As a result of the war in the region, it is uncertain whether the supplier has the opportunity to pay, and the measurement of the receivable is therefore confirmed with uncertainty.

	DKK'000	2021	2020
3 Staff costs			
Wages/salaries	466	466	
Pensions	74	74	
Other social security costs	6	6	
Other staff costs	25	24	
	<hr/>	<hr/>	<hr/>
	571	570	
Average number of full-time employees	<hr/>	1	<hr/>
	<hr/>	1	<hr/>
4 Financial income			
Interest receivable, group entities	187	67	
Other financial income	421	441	
	<hr/>	<hr/>	<hr/>
	608	508	
5 Financial expenses			
Interest expenses, group entities	166	402	
Other financial expenses	250	230	
	<hr/>	<hr/>	<hr/>
	416	632	
6 Tax for the year			
Estimated tax charge for the year	151	-885	
Deferred tax adjustments in the year	-69	-2	
	<hr/>	<hr/>	<hr/>
	82	-887	
	<hr/>	<hr/>	<hr/>

Financial statements 1 January - 31 December

Notes to the financial statements

7 Investments

	<u>Investments in group entities</u>
DKK'000	
Cost at 1 January 2021	2,772
Cost at 31 December 2021	2,772
Value adjustments at 1 January 2021	-390
Dividend distributed	-89
Share of the profit/loss for the year	343
Value adjustments at 31 December 2021	-136
Carrying amount at 31 December 2021	2,636

See last page for overview of subsidiaries.

8 Derivative financial instruments and disclosure of fair values

Fair value disclosures

The Company has the following assets and liabilities measured at fair value:

	<u>Foreign Exchange contracts</u>
DKK'000	
Fair value at year end	67
Changes recognised in the hedging reserve	-30
Fair value level	2

9 Contractual obligations and contingencies, etc.

Other contingent liabilities

	2021	2020
Import guarantees	1,303	5,225
	1,303	5,225

The Company is jointly taxed with its ultimate parent, Fayrefield Ingredients Holding A/S, which acts as management company, and is jointly and severally liable with other jointly taxed group entities for payment of income taxes for the income year 2017 and onwards as well as withholding taxes on interest, royalties and dividends falling due for payment on or after 1 January 2017.

10 Collateral

The Company has issued a non-pledge statement to Sydbank regarding the shares in its subsidiaries.

11 Related parties

Information about consolidated financial statements

Parent	Domicile	Requisitioning of the parent company's consolidated financial statements
Fayrefield Ingredients Holding A/S	Vejle	Fayrefield Ingredients Holding A/S, Lysholdt Alle 3, 2., DK-7100 Vejle

Financial statements 1 January - 31 December

Notes to the financial statements

11 Related parties (continued)

Subsidiaries

Name	Domicile
AB Foods ApS	Vejle
AKH Foods ApS	Vejle
Avanti ApS	Vejle
Avlscenter Vest ApS	Vejle
Bamsemælk ApS	Vejle
Biolat ApS	Vejle
BVQ Foods ApS	Vejle
Caesin ApS	Vejle
Dan Dairy ApS	Vejle
Dairy Management ApS	Vejle
Danzai ApS	Vejle
Diet Cheese ApS	Vejle
DNR Imports ApS	Vejle
E. Bruun ApS	Vejle
EKH Foods ApS	Vejle
FG Foods ApS	Vejle
Grating Ingredients ApS	Vejle
GR Products ApS	Vejle
HH Products ApS	Vejle
JGP Imports ApS	Vejle
SW Holding 2021	Vejle
Say Cheese ApS	Vejle
Serost ApS	Vejle
Skimmeloste ApS	Vejle
Smørimportøren ApS	Vejle
Soft Foods ApS	Vejle
SPL Ost ApS	Vejle
String Cheese ApS	Vejle
Tangy ApS	Vejle
TN Foods ApS	Vejle
Unika ApS	Vejle
Valle Eksperten ApS	Vejle
Viby Mælkekcentral ApS	Vejle
Villac ApS	Vejle

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Jens Bruun Haugstrup

Direktion

På vegne af: Lacto Foods A/S

Serienummer: PID:9208-2002-2-214029706457

IP: 78.143.xxx.xxx

2022-03-31 08:49:36 UTC

NEM ID 

Peter Nielsen

Bestyrelse

På vegne af: Lacto Foods A/S

Serienummer: PID:9208-2002-2-450849922392

IP: 78.143.xxx.xxx

2022-03-31 08:52:11 UTC

NEM ID 

Jens Bruun Haugstrup

Bestyrelse

På vegne af: Lacto Foods A/S

Serienummer: PID:9208-2002-2-214029706457

IP: 78.143.xxx.xxx

2022-03-31 08:53:12 UTC

NEM ID 

Susanne Hougaard Steffensen

Bestyrelse

På vegne af: Lacto Foods A/S

Serienummer: PID:9208-2002-2-299855700169

IP: 78.143.xxx.xxx

2022-03-31 09:21:05 UTC

NEM ID 

Morten Klarskov Larsen

Statsautoriseret revisor

På vegne af: EY Godkendt Revisionspartnerselskab

Serienummer: CVR:30700228-RID:1274257778488

IP: 145.62.xxx.xxx

2022-03-31 09:25:57 UTC

NEM ID 

Frank Therkildsen

Dirigent

På vegne af: Lacto Foods A/S

Serienummer: PID:9208-2002-2-415042730941

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