c/o Accountor Denmark A/S Herlev Hovedgade 195 2730 Herlev

CVR No. 21606391

# **Annual Report 2019**

20. financial year

The Annual Report was presented and adopted at the Annual General Meeting of the Company on 28 August 2020

Søren Eskildsen Chairman

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# **Management's Statement**

Today, Management has considered and adopted the Annual Report of Alcatel Submarine Networks Denmark ApS for the financial year 1 January 2019 - 31 December 2019.

The Annual Report is presented in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act.

In our opinion, the Financial Statements give a true and fair view of the assets, liabilities and financial position of the Company at 31 December 2019 and of the results of the Company's operations for the financial year 1 January 2019 - 31 December 2019.

We recommend that the Annual Report be adopted at the Annual General Meeting.

Copenhagen, 28 August 2020

#### **Executive Board**

Michael Edward Stephen McGovern Man. Director

### **Supervisory Board**

Søren Eskildsen Michael Edward Stephen Vincent Robert Pierre Lara

McGovern

Chairman Man. Director

### **Independent Auditor's Report**

#### To the shareholders of Alcatel Submarine Networks Denmark ApS

#### **Opinion**

We have audited the financial statements of Alcatel Submarine Networks Denmark ApS for the financial year 1. januar 2019 - 31. december 2019, which comprise an income statement, balance sheet and notes, including accounting policies. The financial statements are prepared in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act.

In our opinion, the financial statements give a true and fair view of the financial position of the Company at 31. december 2019 and of the results of the Company's operations for the financial year 1. januar 2019 - 31. december 2019 in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act.

### **Basis for opinion**

We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing (ISAs) and additional requirements applicable in Denmark. Our responsibilities under those standards and requirements are further described in the "Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements" section of our report. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

#### Independence

We are independent of the Company in accordance with the International Ethics Standards Board for Accountants' Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants (IESBA Code) and additional requirements applicable in Denmark, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these rules and requirements.

#### Management's responsibilities for the financial statements

Management is responsible for the preparation of financial statements that give a true and fair view in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act and for such internal control as Management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, Management is responsible for assessing the Company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting in preparing the financial statements unless Management either intends to liquidate the Company or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

# Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance as to whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs and additional requirements applicable in Denmark will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of the financial statements.

As part of an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs and additional requirements applicable in Denmark, we exercise professional judgement and maintain professional scepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Company's internal control.

### **Independent Auditor's Report**

- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by Management.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of Management's use of the going concern basis of accounting in preparing the financial statements and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Company's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Company to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and contents of the financial statements, including the note disclosures, and whether the financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that gives a true and fair view.

We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

#### Statement on the Management's review

Management is responsible for the Management's review.

Our opinion on the financial statements does not cover the Management's review, and we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the financial statements, our responsibility is to read the Management's review and, in doing so, consider whether the Management's review is materially inconsistent with the financial statements or our knowledge obtained during the audit, or otherwise appears to be materially misstated.

Moreover, it is our responsibility to consider whether the Management's review provides the information required under the Danish Financial Statements Act.

Based on the work we have performed, we conclude that the Management's review is in accordance with the financial statements and has been prepared in accordance with the requirements of the Danish Financial Statements Act. We did not identify any material misstatement of the Management's review.

Copenhagen, 28 August 2020

ΕY

**Godkendt Revisionspartnerselskab** 

CVR-no. 30700228

Lissen Fagerlin Hammer State Authorised Public Accountant mne27747

# **Company details**

**Company** Alcatel Submarine Networks Denmark ApS

c/o Accountor Denmark A/S Herlev Hovedgade 195

2730 Herlev

Telephone 4544807500
CVR No. 21606391
Date of formation 1 April 1999
Registered office Herlev

Financial year 1 January 2019 - 31 December 2019

**Supervisory Board** Søren Eskildsen

Michael Edward Stephen McGovern, Man. Director

Vincent Robert Pierre Lara

**Executive Board** Michael Edward Stephen McGovern, Man. Director

**Auditors** EY

Godkendt Revisionspartnerselskab

Dirch Passers Allé 36 2000 Frederiksberg CVR-no.: 30700228

# **Management's Review**

#### The Company's principal activities

Since the sale of the boats to ASN France, ASN Denmark has no more business activity. The company has 5 employees working for Marine activities or Selling & Marketing.

#### **Development in activities and financial matters**

The Company's Income Statement of the financial year 1. januar 2019 - 31. december 2019 shows a result of DKK 8.902.668 and the Balance Sheet at 31. december 2019 a balance sheet total of DKK 17.439.391 and an equity of DKK 16.402.669.

#### Post financial year events

After the end of the financial year, no events have occured which may change the financial position of the entity substantially.

The outcome and potential impact on the Company's activity and financial impact on the business due to coronavirus outbreak is as of the date of the approval of the annual report uncertain given the rapid day-to-day development. On this basis management is currently unable to accurately assess the magnitude of the coronavirus outbreak on the 2020 financial performance. As of the date of the approval of the annual report Alcatel Submarine Networks Denmark ApS continues to work with its client and the financial short-term impact has been limited. The Board of Directors and Executive Board follows the situation closely.

There are no other events after the reporting period to be disclosed.

### **Accounting Policies**

### **Reporting Class**

The Annual Report of Alcatel Submarine Networks Denmark ApS for 2019 has been presented in accordance with the provisions of the Danish Financial Statements Act applying to enterprises of reporting class B.

#### Reporting currency

The Annual Report is presented in Danish kroner.

#### **General Information**

#### Basis of recognition and measurement

Income is recognised in the Income Statement as it is earned, including value adjustments of financial assets and liabilities that are measured at fair value or amortised cost. Moreover, all expenses incurred to achieve the earnings for the year are recognised in the Income Statement, including depreciation, amortisation, impairment losses and provisions as well as reversals due to changed accounting estimates of amounts that have previously been recognised in the Income Statement.

Assets are recognised in the Balance Sheet when it is probable that future economic benefits attributable to the asset will accrue to the Company, and the value of the asset can be measured reliably.

Liabilities are recognised in the Balance Sheet when it is probable that future economic benefits attributable to the asset will flow out of the Company, and the value of the liability can be measured reliably.

At initial recognition, assets and liabilities are measured at cost. Subsequently, assets and liabilities are measured as described for each item below.

Certain financial assets and liabilities are measured at amortised cost, which involves the recognition of a constant effective interest rate over the term. Amortised cost is calculated as original cost less repayments and with the addition/deduction of the accumulated amortisation of the difference between the cost and the nominal amount. This way, exchange losses and gains are allocated over the term.

In connection with recognition and measurement, consideration is given to predictable losses and risks occurring prior to the presentation of the Annual Report, i.e. losses and risks which prove or disprove matters which exist at the balance sheet date.

#### **Income Statement**

#### Revenue

Income and expenses relating to installation and maintenance work are recognised as work in progress. Income relating to rental of vessels and employees are recognised concurrently with the progress of the rental period.

Income for recharged expenses is recognised as revenue when the expenses are recognised.

### **Gross margin**

The items revenue, other operating income and recharged expenses have been aggregated into one item in the income statement called gross margin in accordance with section 32 of the Danish Financial Statements Act.

#### Other operating income

Other operating income comprise items of a secondary nature relative to the Company's core activities, including gains on the sale of non-current assets.

# **Accounting Policies**

#### Other external expenses

Other external expenses comprise expenses regarding sale and administration.

#### Staff costs

Staff costs include wages and salaries, included compensated absence and pension to the Company's employees, as well as other social security contributions, etc. The items is net of refunds from public authorities.

#### Amortisation and impairment of tangible and intangible assets

Amortisation and impairment of intangible and tangible assets has been performed based on a continuing assessment of the useful life of the assets in the Company. Non-current assets are amortised on a straight line basis, based on cost, on the basis of the following assessment of useful life and residual values:

#### Vessels:

Hulls and adaptions35 yearsMashinery, tools and equipment10 yearsInspection2-5 yearsTechnical plant and machinery5-10 years

Profit or loss resulting from the sale of intangible or tangible assets is determined as the difference between the selling price less selling costs and the carrying amount at the date of sale, and is recognised in the Income Statement under other operating income or expenses.

#### Financial income and expenses

Financial income and expenses are recognised in the Income Statement with the amounts that concern the financial year. Financial income and expenses include interest income and expenses, realised and unrealised capital gains and losses regarding securities, debt and foreign currency transactions, dividends received from other equity investments, amortisation of financial assets and liabilities as well as surcharges and allowances under the tax repayment scheme.

#### Tax on net profit/loss for the year

Tax on net profit/loss for the year comprises current tax on expected taxable income of the year and the year's adjustment of deferred tax less the part of the tax of the year that relates to changes in equity. Current and deferred tax regarding changes in equity is recognised directly in equity.

#### **Balance Sheet**

#### **Tangible assets**

Tangible assets are measured at cost plus revaluations, if any, and less accumulated amortisation and impairment losses. Cost comprises the purchase price and costs directly attributable to the purchase until the date when the asset is available for use.

The residual value is determined at the time of acquisition and are reassessed every year. Where the residual value exceeds the carrying amount of the asset, no further depreciation charges are recognised. In case of changes in the residual value, the effect on the depreciation charges is recognised prospectively as a change in accounting estimates.

### Receivables

Receivables are measured at amortised cost which usually corresponds to the nominal value. The value is reduced by write-downs for expected bad debts.

# **Accounting Policies**

#### Accrued income, assets

Accrued income recognised in assets comprises prepaid costs regarding subsequent financial years.

#### Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents comprise cash at bank and in hand as well as short-term securities with a term of less than three months which can be converted directly into cash at bank and in hand and involve only an insignificant risk of value changes.

#### Liabilities

Other liabilities are measured at amortised cost which usually corresponds to the nominal value.

#### Income taxes

Current tax payables and receivables are recognised in the balance sheet as the estimated income tax charge for the year, adjusted for prior-year taxes.

Deferred tax is measured according to the liability method on all temporary differences between the carrying amount and the tax base of assets and liabilities.

Deferred tax is measured according to the tax rules and at the tax rates applicable at the balance sheet date when the deferred tax is expected to crystallise as current tax. Deferred tax assets are recognised at the expected value of their utilisation; either as a set-off against tax on future income or as a set-off against deferred tax liabilities in the same legal tax entity.

Changes in deferred tax due to changes in the tax rate are recognised in the income statement.

### **Contingent assets and liabilities**

Contingent assets and liabilities are not recognised in the Balance Sheet but appear only in the notes.

# **Income Statement**

	Note	<b>2019</b> kr.	<b>2018</b> kr.
Gross margin		4.923.102	32.359.075
Other external costs		-745.528	-807.787
Staff costs	1	-4.029.395	287.023
Depreciation and amortisation	2	0	-11.576.919
Other operating income	_	0	92.318.973
Profit before net financials and tax		148.179	112.580.365
Finance income	3	262.455	405.280
Financial expenses	4	-304.727	-63.189
Profit before tax	_	105.907	112.922.456
Tax on profit for the year	5 _	8.796.761	2.513.753
Net profit for the year	_	8.902.668	115.436.209
Proposed distribution of results			
Proposed dividend recognised in equity		0	115.436.209
Retained earnings		8.902.668	0
Distribution of profit	_	8.902.668	115.436.209

# **Balance Sheet as of 31 December**

	Note	2019 kr.	2018 kr.
Assets			
Fixtures, fittings, tools and equipment	6	23.025	0
Property, plant and equipment		23.025	0
Fixed assets		23.025	0
Receivables from group enterprises		1.991.160	242.041.724
Joint taxation contribution from group enterprises		4.840.000	0
Other receivables		4.894	310
Receivables		6.836.054	242.042.034
Cash and cash equivalents		10.580.312	0
Current assets		17.416.366	242.042.034
Assets		17.439.391	242.042.034

# **Balance Sheet as of 31 December**

		2019	2018
	Note	kr.	kr.
Liabilities and equity			
Share capital		7.500.000	7.500.000
Retained earnings		8.902.669	0
Proposed dividend		0	232.905.804
Equity	_	16.402.669	240.405.804
Holiday funds payable		146.175	0
Long-term liabilities other than provisions	7	146.175	0
Long term naturates other than provisions	<i>'</i> –		
Debt to banks		0	682.095
Trade payables		254.502	205.000
Other payables		636.045	749.135
Short-term liabilities other than provisions	_	890.547	1.636.230
Liabilities other than provisions within the business		1.036.722	1.636.230
Liabilities and equity	_	17.439.391	242.042.034
Deleted newtice	0		
Related parties	8		
Contractual obligations and contingencies, etc.  Consolidated financial statements	9 10		
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# Statement of changes in Equity

	Share	Retained	Proposed	
	capital	earnings	dividend	Total
Equity, beginning balance	7.500.000	0	232.905.804	240.405.804
Dividend paid	0	0	-232.905.804	-232.905.804
Retained earnings	0	8.902.669	0	8.902.669
	7.500.000	8.902.669	0	16.402.669

The share capital has remained unchanged for the last 5 years.

# **Notes**

1. Staff costs		
	2019	2018
Salaries and wages	3.400.583	2.976.034
Pension contributions	285.096	250.455
Other social security costs	28.319	24.620
Other employee costs	315.397	0
Invoiced staff costs	0	-3.538.132
	4.029.395	-287.023
Average number of full time employees	4	4
2. Depreciation and amortisation		
	2019	2018
Depreciation property, plant and equipment	0	8.343.817
Depreciation intangible assets	0	3.233.102
	0	11.576.919
3. Finance income		
5. Finance income	2010	2010
Foreign eyehanga gain	2019	2018
Foreign exchange gain	247.934 14.521	398.783
Interest income, external		6.497
	262.455	405.280
4. Financial expenses		
	2019	2018
Interest expenses to group enterprises	12.717	5.788
Other finance expenses	33.010	47.338
Foreign exchange loss	259.000	10.063
	304.727	63.189
5. Tax on profit for the year		
	2019	2018
Current Tax	4.840.000	0
Income Taxes for previous years	3.956.761	2.513.753
	8.796.761	2.513.753

The company has an unrecognized deferred tax asset with a book value of DKK 77.029 thousands. This relates primarily to the taxable value of plant and equipment.

#### **Notes**

# 6. Fixtures, fittings, tools and equipment

	2019	2018
Addition during the year, incl. improvements	23.025	0
Cost at the end of the year	23.025	0
Carrying amount at the end of the year	23.025	0_

### 7. Long-term liabilities other than provisions

Of the long-term liabilities, DKK 0 falls due for payment after 5 years after the balance sheet date.

# 8. Related parties

Information about consolidated financial statements

Parent	Domicile	company's consolidated financial statement
Alcatel Submarine Networks	France	Alcatel Submarine Networks
		Route de Villejust
		91625 NOZAY
		France

Requisitioning of the parent

# 9. Contingent liabilities

The Company is jointly taxed with Nokia Denmark A/S and together with jointly taxed group entities, the Company has joint and several liability for the payment of income taxes for the income year 2013 and onwards as well as withholding taxes on interest, royalties and dividends falling due for payment on or after 1 July 2012.

### 10. Consolidated financial statements

Pursuant to section 71 a of the Danish Financial Statements Act, the Company is included in the consolidated financial statements of Nokia Oy, Finland that can be downloaded from the Company's homepage on www.nokia.com.

The Company is wholly owned by Alcatel Submarine Networks.