

## **ANNUAL REPORT 2016**

Dronningsgårdsallé 64

DK-2840 Holte

CBR.No. 21 39 62 73

Approved at the General Meeting

Martin Berg Hans

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#### **COMPANY INFORMATION**

### Company

Company Address

Tøndergade 16 DK-1752 København V. Denmark

CBR.No: 21 39 62 73

Financial Year: Jan 01 - Dec 31 (20. Financial Year)

#### Management

Søren Rasmussen

#### Auditor

RevisionsFirmaet Edelbo Statsautoriseret Revisionspartnerselskab "Kogtvedlund" Kogtvedparken 17 DK-5700 Svendborg

RevisionsFirmaet Edelbo & Lund-Larsen Statsautoriseret Revisionspartnerselskab Frederiksholms Kanal 2 DK-1220 København K.

### Bank

Danske Bank Hovedvejen 107 DK-2600 Glostrup

Nordea Bank Danmark Vesterbrogade 8 DK-0900 København K.

Nykredit Bank A/S Kalvebod Brygge 1-3 1780 København K.

### **Management's Statement**

The Management Board has today considered and accepted the consolidated annual accounts and the annual report for the financial year 1. January - 31. December 2016 for SRBW Holding ApS.

The Annual Report are prepared in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act.

In my opinion, the Consolidated Annual Accounts and the Annual Report give a true and fair view of the Company's assets, liabilities and the financial position at 31. December 2016 as well as of the Company's activities and the Group's cash flows for the financial year 1. January - 31. December, 2016.

In my opinion, the Management's Review presents a true and fair Statement of the circumstances in this report.

The Annual Report is recommend for approval at the Annual General Meeting.

Copenhagen, May 31 2017

Management:

Søren Rasmussen, CE

#### INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To the Shareholders of SRBW Holding ApS

#### Opinion

We have audited the Consolidated Financial Statements and the Parent Company Financial Statements of SRBW Holding ApS for the financial year 1 January - 31 December 2016, which comprise income statement, balancesheet, statement of changes in equity and notes, including a summary of significant accounting policies, for both the Group and the Parent Company, as well as consolidated statement of cash flows. The Consolidated Financial Statements and the Parent Company Financial Statements are prepared under the Danish Financial Statements Act.

In our opinion, the Consolidated Financial Statements and the Parent Company Financial Statements give a true and fair view of the financial position of the Group and the Parent Company at 31 December 2016, and of the results of the Group and Parent Company operations as well as the consolidated cash flows for the financial year 1 January - 31 December 2016 in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act.

### **Basis for Opinion**

We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing (ISAs) and the additional requirements applicable in Denmark. Our responsibilities under those standards and requirements are further described in the "Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Consolidated Financial Statements and the Parent Company Financial Statements" section of our report. We are independent of the Group in accordance with the International Ethics Standards Board for Accountants' Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants (IESBA Code) and the additional requirements applicable in Denmark, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

# Management's Responsibilities for the Consolidated Financial Statements and the Parent Company Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation of Consolidated Financial Statements and Parent Company Financial Statements that give a true and fair view in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act, and for such internal control as Management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of Consolidated Financial Statements and Parent Company Financial Statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the Consolidated Financial Statements and the Parent Company Financial Statements, Management is responsible for assessing the Group's and the Parent Company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting in preparing the Consolidated Financial Statements and the Parent Company Financial Statements unless Management either intends to liquidate the Group or the Company or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

# Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Consolidated Financial Statements and the Parent Company Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the Consolidated Financial Statements and the Parent Company Financial Statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs and the additional requirements applicable in Denmark will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these Consolidated Financial Statements and Parent Company Financial Statements. and notes. The Consolidated Annual Accounts and the Financial Statements are prepared in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act.

Management's Responsibility for the Consolidated Annual Accounts and the Financial Statements
Management is responsible for the preparation of Consolidated Annual Accounts and Financial Statements that give
a true and fair view in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act. Further Management is responsible for
such internal control as Management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of Consolidated Annual
Accounts and Financial Statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

#### Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the Consolidated Annual Accounts and the Financial Statement based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing and additional requirements under Danish audit regulation. This requires that we comply with ethical requirements and plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance whether the Consolidated Annual Accounts and Financial Statement is free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the Consolidated Annual Accounts and the Financial Statement. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgement, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the Consolidated Annual Accounts or the Financial Statement, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the Company's preparation of the Consolidated Annual Accounts and the Financial Statement that gives a true and fair view in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Company's internal control. An audit also involves assessing whether Management's choice of accounting policies is appropriate and whether Management's accounting estimates are reasonable as well as the overall presentation of the Consolidated Annual Accounts and Financial Statement.

As part of an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs and the additional requirements applicable in Denmark, we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the Consolidated Financial Statements and the Parent Company Financial Statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Group's and the Parent Company's internal control.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by Management.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of Management's use of the going concern basis of accounting in preparing the Consolidated Financial Statements and the Parent Company Financial Statements and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Group's and the Parent Company's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the Consolidated Financial Statements and the Parent Company Financial Statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Group and the Company to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and contents of the Consolidated Financial Statements and the Parent Company Financial Statements, including the disclosures, and whether the Consolidated Financial Statements and the Parent Company Financial Statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that gives a true and fair view.
- Obtain sufficient appropriate audit evidence regarding the financial information of the entities or business activities within the Group to express an opinion on the Consolidated Financial Statements. We are responsible for the direction, supervision and performance of the group audit. We remain solely responsible for our audit opinion.

We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

### Statement on Management's Review

Management is responsible for Management's Review.

Our opinion on the Consolidated Financial Statements and the Parent Company Financial Statements does not cover Management's Review, and we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the Consolidated Financial Statements and the Parent Company Financial Statements, our responsibility is to read Management's Review and, in doing so, consider whether Management's Review is materially inconsistent with the Consolidated Financial Statements or the Parent Company Financial Statements or our knowledge obtained during the audit, or otherwise appears to be materially misstated.

Moreover, it is our responsibility to consider whether Management's Review provides the information required under the Danish Financial Statements Act.

Based on the work we have performed, we conclude that Management's Review is in accordance with the Consolidated Financial Statements and the Parent Company Financial Statements and has been prepared in accordance with the requirements of the Danish Financial Statement Acts. We did not identify any material misstatement of Management's Review.

Copenhagen, May 31 2017

RevisionsFirmaet Edelbo Statsautoriseret Revisionspartnerselskab CBR.No. 35 48 61 78

Jan Ole Edelbo

State Authorised Public Accountant

RevisionsFirmaet Edelbo & Lund-Larsen Statsautoriseret Revisionspartnerselskab

Stig Holm Mogensfeldt

State Authorised Public Accountant

### THE GROUPS KEY FIGURES

Over a 5-year period, the Group's development can be described by the following keay figures:

Key figures i t.DKK					
Income Statement	2016	2015	2014	2013	2012
Revenue	785.628	727.428	782.126	764.806	661.140
EBITDA	39.275	18.206	23.870	42.719	26.937
EBIT	28.045	5.704	14.213	37.069	23.483
Financial income and expenses	13.144	-7.338	8.412	-21.405	3.061
Profit before income tax	41.189	-1.634	22.626	15.664	26.544
Profit before minority interests	27.837	-5.786	23.004	6.186	22.711
Minority interests	-8.839	-2.473	-7.026	-10.207	-8.466
Net profit for the year	18.998	-8.259	15.977	-4.020	14.245
Balance Sheet					
Fixed assets	209.837	189.373	195.168	176.362	180.422
Current assets	415.490	344.645	378.354	382.451	357.625
Total assets (balance sheet)	625.326	534.018	573.523	558.813	538.047
Equity	150.498	113.489	91.360	77.543	84.449
Provisions	8.093	7.903	6.032	10.240	9.493
Long term liabilities	139.070	123.258	151.342	154.850	127.822
Short trem liabilities	327.666	289.367	279.724	277.440	283.438
Cash flows					
Cash flows from:					
- Operating activities	52.527	-24.407	-13.158	1.185	33.171
- Investing activities	-41.769	40.823	-33.479	-24.532	-12.704
including intangible and					
tangiable assets	-9.240	-3.786	-4.482	-8.960	-11.406
<ul> <li>Financing activities</li> </ul>	14.312	-29.584	-6.508	22.028	4.024
Changes for the year in cash and					
bank overdrafts	25.070	-13.169	-53.145	-1.319	24.491
Number of employees	332	266	139	141	128
Key ratios (in %)					
Profit ratio	3,6%	0,8%	1,8%	4,8%	3,6%
Return on assets	7,1%	-0,3%	4,0%	2,9%	5,2%
Quick ratio	126,8%	119,1%	135,3%	137,8%	126,2%
Solvency ratio	24,1%	14,3%	15,9%	13,9%	15,7%
Yield of equity	14,4%	-8,1%	18,9%	-5,0%	17,4%

In some respects, the calculation of key figures and ratios differs from the Danish Society of Financial Analysts' recommendations, as the company is not a listed company.

#### **REVIEW FOR 2016**

#### Main activity of the Company

SRBW Holding ApS operates as holding company for a wide range of activities within the travel industry.

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#### Development in the Company's activities

This year, the revenue of the Company is 785.628 t.DKK with a net profit before tax of 41.189 t.DKK. This is to be compared to a revenue of 727.428 t.DKK and a net loss before tax of -1,634 t.DKK last year. Both the revenue and net profit in 2016 is in line with the management's expectations and is considered satisfactory.

#### Events after the financial year

No significant events have occurred after the end of the financial year that could have affected the assessment of the company's financial position per December 31, 2017.

#### **Expected development**

The management expect growth in both revenue and profite before tax in 2017.

Based on the current devolopment and operational plans for the remainder of 2017 in the group subsidaries, the management expect a net profit before tax between 45.000 t.DKK and 50.000 t.DKK in 2017.

#### Market risks

The SRBW entities operates in the international travel market, which is sensitive to threats of war, terrorism and similar instability in some destination countries.

#### Knowledge resources

The success of the Company is based on the skills and qualifications of the employees in the group - and being able to attract and hold on to theese.

Therefore, one of the strategic aims for the management is to - throughout the group - secure competent and satisfied employees through education, possibilities for internal promotion, attractive salaries, bonus schemes and high employee satisfaction.

### Environmental issues and social responsibility

For many years, the SRBW group has been focusing on sustainable tourism and has increased the effort in this area in recent years. Focus on the Groups's overall social responsibility (CSR) includes all processes in the Group and contains clear objectives and continuous follow-up. The subsidary Albatros Travel A/S has chosen to join the United Nations' principles of sustainability, and prepared a progress report for the UN in March 2015. This report is available on the home page https://www.unglobalcompact.org.

For more information on the overall CSR performance, please visit: www.albatros-travel.dk/om-albatros/etik og rejser

The SRBW group strives to give female and male employees, regardless of nationality, age or apperance, equal conditions and opportunities for development, as the aim is to have the best-qualified employees in individual positions.

As per December 31, 2016 both genders are represented in the of the Group's subsidaries. The target is not a specific gender representation in management, but to have a management composed solely on the basis of merit, regardless of gender, nationality, appearance or age.

#### SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The Annual Report for SRBW Holding ApS for 2016 has been prepared in accordance with the provisions of the Danish Financial Statements Act for large companies in accounting class C. By the imperatives of competition and according to the Danish Financial Statements Act, Article 96, Paragraph 1, segment information has been omitted.

#### General information regarding recognition and measurement

Income is recognised in the income statement as incurred including value adjustments of financial assets and liabilities, which are measured at fair value or amortized cost. Furthermore, costs paid to achieve revenue for the year are recognised including depreciation, impairment loss and provisions.

Assets are recognized in the balance sheet when it is probable that future economic benefits will flow to the company and the asset can be measured in a reliable manner.

Liabilities are recognized in the balance sheet when it is probable that future economic benefits will flow from the company and the liability can be measured reliably.

On initial recognition, assets and liabilities are measured at cost. Subsequently, assets and liabilities are measured as described for each item below.

Certain financial assets and liabilities are measured at amortized cost including the recognition of a constant effective interest during the term. Amortized cost is calculated as original cost less any instalments as well as extra payment/deductions of the accumulated amortization of the difference between cost and nominal amount.

In regards to recognition and measurement, predictable losses and risks that arise before the annual report and that confirm or invalidate matters existing on the balance sheet day are taken into account.

#### Conversion of foreign currencies

Transactions in foreign currencies are translated initially at the transaction date. Receivables liabilities and other monetary items in foreign currencies that have not been settled at the balance sheet date are translated at the closing exchange rate on the balance sheet date. Differences in exchange rates that have arisen between the transaction date and the date of payment or the balance sheet date are recognized in the income statement as financial items.

### **Derivative Financial Instruments**

Derivative financial instruments are initially recognized in the balance sheet at cost and subsequently at fair value. Positive and negative fair values of derivative financial instruments are recognised in other receivables or other liabilities.

Change in fair value of derivative financial instruments that qualifies as hedges of the fair value of a recognized asset or liability is recognized in the income statement together with changes in the fair value of the hedged asset or hedged liability.

Change in fair value of derivative financial instruments that qualifies as hedges of future assets and liabilities is recognized in other debts, other liabilities and in equity. Should the future transaction result in recognition of assets or liabilities, amounts previously recognized in equity are transferred to the asset or liability at cost. Should the future transaction result in income or costs, amounts previously recognized in equity are recognised in the income statement in the period in which the hedged item affects the result.

For derivative financial instruments that do not qualify as hedging instruments, changes in fair value are recognised in the income statement.

### **Basis of Consolidation**

The consolidated financial statements comprise the parent company SRWB Holding ApS and subsidiaries in which the parent company directly or indirectly has a majority of the voting rights or in which the parent company through share ownership or otherwise has a controlling influence.

#### SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - CONTINUED

Companies in which the Group holds between 20% and 50% of the voting rights and exercises significant but not controlling influence are regarded as associates.

On consolidation, items of a similar nature are integrated. Intercompany income and expenses, shareholding, dividends and balances as well as realized and unrealized internal gains and losses on transactions between consolidated entities are eliminated.

Parent company investments in consolidated subsidiaries are offset by the parent company's share of the subsidiaries' net asset value calculated at the time when the group relationship was established.

On acquisitions of subsidiaries, the difference between the cost and the net asset value of the acquired company is stated at the acquisition date after the individual assets and liabilities have been measured at fair value (the acquisition method). Any restructuring provisions regarding the acquired company agreed upon are deducted. Remaining positive differences are recognized in the balance sheet under intangible assets as goodwill which is amortized linearly in the income statement over the expected useful life, not exceeding 20 years. Remaining negative differences are recognized in the balance sheet under deferred income as negative goodwill. Amounts attributable to expected losses or costs are recognized as income in the income statement when the underlying facts materialize. Negative goodwill not related to expected losses or costs is recognized in the income statement at the amount equal to the fair value of non-monetary assets in the course of the average useful life of non-monetary assets.

Positive and negative differences in amounts from enterprises acquired may, due to changes in the recognition and measurement of net assets, be adjusted until the end of the financial year following the year of acquisition. Simultaniously, these adjustments are reflected in the value of goodwill or negative goodwill, including depreciations already made.

#### Minority Interests

In the statement of consolidated profit and equity, the share of subsidiaries' results and equity attributable to minority interests are realised separately in the income statement and balance sheet. Minority interests are recognized based on the revaluation of acquired assets and liabilities at fair value at the date of acquisition of subsidiaries.

On subsequent changes in minority interests, the changed share of the profits is recognized from the time of the change.

#### **INCOME STATEMENT**

Income statement by nature.

#### Revenue

Revenue includes invoiced sales of tours recognised in the income statement if risk transfer has taken place according to the Company's General Conditions and if the income can be assessed reliably and is expected to be received.

Revenue is measured at fair value of the agreed payment ex VAT and duties collected on behalf of third parties. All discounts granted are recognised in the revenue.

#### **Direct expenses**

Direct expenses include purchase of tickets as well as other direct expenses related to revenue.

#### External expenses

External costs include sales costs, administration costs, property costs, development costs and lease costs.

#### Income from investments in subsidiaries and associates

In the income statement, the proportionate share of profit after tax for the year less amortization of goodwill is recognized under the items "Income from investments in subsidiaries" and "Income from investments in associates".

#### **Financial Items**

Realized and unrealized exchange rate adjustments are included in the income statement under "Financial Items". Realized and unrealized market value adjustment on securities are included in the income statement under Financial income and Expenses.

#### SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - CONTINUED

#### Tax on profit for the year

Income tax expenses, which consist of current tax and deferred tax, is recognized in the income statement with the proportion attributable to profit for the year and directly to equity with the proportion attributable to equity transactions. The tax recognized in the income statement is classified as tax on ordinary activities and taxes on extraordinary items.

Changes in deferred tax due to changes in tax rates are recognized in the income statement.

The company is taxed jointly with the Danish group companies. Foreign subsidiaries are not subject to joint taxation.

SRBW Holding ApS acts as management company. The total Danish tax on Danish subsidiaries' taxable income is paid by SRBW Holding ApS.

The company is taxed jointly with the companies The Great Wall Marathon A/S, Albatros Greenland Holding ApS, Albatros Travel A/S, Holdingselskabet Tøndergade A/S, Investeringsselskabet Tøndergade I ApS, Seven C's Rejsebureau ApS and Albatros Africa ApS.

Company tax is refunded between the companies.

#### **BALANCE SHEET**

The balance is set in the account form

#### **ASSETS**

#### Intangible and tangible assets

Intangible and tangible assets are stated at cost less accumulated depreciation. The assets are depreciated/ amortized over their estimated useful life.

Goodwill	10-20 years	5-10% as annual depreciation rate
Leasehold improvements	5-10 years	10-20% as annual depreciation rate
Motor vehicles	5 years	20% as annual depreciation rate
Other fixtures and fittings	3 years	33% as annual depreciation rate
Buildings	50 years	at expected scrap value

The depreciation period and the residual value are settled on the date of acquisition and yearly reassessed. Surpasses the residual value the book value of the asset, depreciation ends.

Small acquisitions are recognised in the income statement under external costs.

Profit/loss on sale or disposal is included in the income statement under depreciation and amortization.

#### Leases

Leases of fixed assets where the Company has all the risks and rewards of ownership (finance leases) are initially recognized in the balance sheet at the lowest fair value of the leased asset and the present value of future lease payments.

When calculating the present value, the lease's internal rate of return or alternatively the Company's interest rate is used as discount rate. Financially leased assets are hereafter treated as the Company's other assets.

The capitalised remaining lease liability is recognised in the balance sheet as a liability, and the interest portion is recognized over the lease term in the income statement.

All other leases are operating leases. Payments made regarding operating leases and other leases are recognised in the income statement over the lease term. The Company's total liability relating to operating leases and rental agreements are recognised under contingent liabilities

#### Investments in subsidiaries and associated companies

Investments in subsidiaries are recognized in the balance sheet at the proportionate share of the net asset value calculated in accordance with the parent company's accounting policies minus or plus unrealized intercompany gains and losses and less any residual value of positive or negative goodwill calculated using the acquisition method.

#### SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - CONTINUED

Subsidiaries with a negative equity value are recognised at DKK 0, and any receivables from these enterprises are written down by the parent company's share of the negative equity if it is deemed irrecoverable. If the negative net asset value exceeds receivables, the balance is recognised under provisions if the parent company has a legal or constructive obligation to cover the subsidiary's deficit.

Net revaluation of investments in subsidiaries is transferred in equity to reserves for net revaluation under the equity method of accounting to the extent the amount exceeds cost less depreciation and write-down of goodwill.

Newly acquired or established companies are recognised in the financial statement from the acquisition date. Enterprises disposed of are recognised until the date of disposal.

Gains or losses on disposal of subsidiaries are calculated as the difference between the sales price and the carrying value of net assets at the time of sale including not written-down goodwill and expected costs of sale or disposal. Gains and losses are recognised in the income statement under financial items.

Subsidiaries are acquired using the acquisition method, after which the assets and liabilities of the newly acquired companies are measured at fair value on the acquisition date. The tax effect of any reassessments is taken into account.

#### Inventories

Inventories are measured at cost on a first-in-first-out basis. In case the cost is higher than the net realizable value, the value is written down to the lower value. Cost price for good for resale is calculated as the purchase price plus delivery costs. The net realizable value of inventories is calculated as selling price less costs of completion and costs incurred to execute sale.

#### Securities

Securities are measured at the rate at the balance sheet date.

#### Receivables

Receivables are measured at amortised cost, which usually corresponds to nominal value. Provisions are made for anticipated losses on realization.

#### **Prepayments**

Prepayments recognised in assets comprise costs incurred concerning subsequent financial years.

#### LIABILITIES

#### Equity

The expected dividend payment for the year is shown as a separate item under equity. Dividends are recognized as a liability at the time of adoption at the general meeting.

#### **Provisions**

#### Deferred tax

Deferred tax and the year's adjustment thereof is measured using the balance sheet liability method as the tax value of all temporary differences between accounting and tax values of assets and liabilities.

Deferred tax assets including the tax value of deferrable tax loss are recognized at the value at which they are expected to be utilized, either by elimination in tax on future earnings or against deferred tax liabilities of companies within the same legal tax entity and jurisdiction.

Deferred tax is measured on the basis of the tax rules and tax rates at the balance sheet date that will be applicable when the deferred tax is expected to be triggered off as current tax.

#### SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - CONTINUED

#### **Financial Liabilities**

Financial liabilities are recognised initially at the proceeds received, net of transaction costs incurred. In subsequent periods, financial liabilities are measured at amortized cost equal to the capitalized value using the redemption yield, so the difference between the proceeds and the nominal value is recognized in the income statement over the loan period.

Other liabilities, including debts to suppliers, subsidiaries and associates and other payables, are measured at amortized cost, which usually corresponds to nominal value.

Derivatives entered into to hedge expected future cash flows are measured at fair value at the balance sheet date, and value adjustments are recognized directly in equity.

#### **Prepayments**

Prepayments are recognized in payments received concerning income in the subsequent financial years.

#### **CASH FLOW STATEMENT**

The cash flow statement shows the Group's cash flow for the year divided into operating assets, investment and financing activities for the year, the change in liquid funds and the Company's liquid funds at the beginning and end of the year.

#### Cash flow from operating activities

Cash flow from operating activities is calculated as net income adjusted for non-cash operating income and expenses, changes in working capital and income taxes paid.

#### Cash flow from investing activities

Cash flow from investing activities includes payments in connection with purchase and sale of companies and activities and the acquisition and sale of intangible, tangible and financial fixed assets.

#### Cash flow from financing activities

Cash flow from financing activities comprise changes in the size or composition of share capital and related costs as well as loans taken, repayment of interest-bearing debt and payment of dividends to shareholders.

Cash and cash equivalents include cash in banks and securities deposited by the company.

The cash flow statement cannot be inferred from the published financial statement alone.

### SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - CONTINUED

### **FINANCIAL RATIOS**

Financial key figures:	
Profit ratio	EBIT x 100 Net turnover
Return on invested capital	Operating profit x 100 Average invested capital
Return on equity	Profit for analysis x 100  Average equity excl. minority interests
Equity ratio	Equity x 100 Total liabilities
Current ratio	Current assets at year-end x 100 Current liabilities at year-end

In some respects, the calculation of financial ratios differs from the Danish Society of Financial Analysts' recommendations as the company is not a listed company.

### **INCOME STATEMENT JANUARY 1 - DECEMBER 31, 2016**

		Group		Parent co	Parent company		
	Note	2016	2015	2016	2015		
		DKK 1.000	DKK 1.000	DKK 1.000	DKK 1.000		
Revenue		785.628	727.428	256	120		
Direct costs		-583.366	-556.643	0	0		
Gross profit		202.262	170.785	256	120		
External costs Staff costs	1	-76.661 -86.326	-55.327 -97.252	-418 0	-195 0		
EARNINGS BEFORE DEPRECIATION		39.275	18.206	-162	-75		
Depreciation and amortization	2-3	-11.230	-12.502	-64	0		
EBIT		28.045	5.704	-227	-75		
Income from investments in subsidiaries Income from investments in	4	0	0	21.378	-3.706		
associates	5	6.646	-6.408	0	0		
Financial income	6	17.789	19.925	5.636	2.177		
Financial costs	7	-11.291	-20.855	-3.498	-6.864		
PROFIT BEFORE INCOME TAX		41.189	-1.634	23.289	-8.468		
Income tax expense	8	-13.352	-4.152	-4.291	209		
RESULT OF THE YEAR		27.837	-5.786	18.998	-8.259		
PROFIT ALLOCATION							
Proposed dividend Extraordinary dividends paid in the financial Reserve for net revaluation under the equity Transferred to retained earnings	-			1.500 23.663 -6.165 18.998	0 1.500 -10.763 1.004 -8.259		
GROUP PROFIT ALLOCATION							
Shareholders in SRBW Holding ApS Minority interests part of profit in subsidiaries	5	18.998 8.839 27.837	-8.259 2.473 -5.786				

BALANCE SHEET PER DECEMBER 31, 2016 ASSETS

		Gro	up	Parent co	mpany
	Note	2016	2015	2016	2015
		DKK 1.000	DKK 1.000	DKK 1.000	DKK 1.000
Group goodwill IT - Software		9.278 4.800	10.002 9.562	0	0
INTANGIBLE ASSETS	2	14.078	19.564	0	0
Land and buildings Leasehold improvements Other fixtures and fittings		172.210 1.932 12.952	146.649 2.433 12.403	0 0 1.225	0 0 0
TANGIBLE ASSETS	3	187.095	161.485	1.225	0
Deposits Shares in subsidiaries Shares in associates Other investments	3 4 5	771 0 1.465 6.428	0 0 1.199 7.125	0 82.646 0	0 57.838 0 0
FINANCIAL FIXED ASSETS		8.663	8.324	82.646	57.838
TOTAL FIXED ASSETS		209.837	189.373	83.871	57.838
STOCK		3.557	2.866	0	0
Debtors		8.588	10.295	0	0
Receivables from subsidiaries		0	0	136.316	96.450
Receivables from associates Other receivables Prepayments Company tax receivables Deferred tax asset	9 9	113.633 62.858 47.687 868 0	100.633 47.894 60.681 1.238	0 924 0 0	0 1.241 0 359 0
RECEIVABLES		233.634	220.741	137.240	98.050
SECURITIES		88.471	56.281	18.356	18.078
CASH AT BANKS		89.827	64.757	4.975	6.824
TOTAL CURRENT ASSETS		415.490	344.645	160.571	122.953
TOTAL ASSETS		625.326	534.018	244.442	180.791

# BALANCE SHEET PER DECEMBER 31, 2016 EQUITY AND LIABILITIES

		Group		Parent co	Parent company		
	Note	2016	2015	2016	2015		
		DKK 1.000	DKK 1.000	DKK 1.000	DKK 1.000		
Capital		200	200	200	200		
Reserve for revaluation of investments under the equity method  Value adjustments of derivatives in		0	0	30.112	13.615		
subsidiaries		4.274	-2.892	4.274	-2.892		
Transferred from the operation		98.374	79.090	68.262	65.476		
Proposed dividend		0	0	0	0		
SHAREHOLDERS IN SRBW HOLDING'S PART OF EQUITY		102.848	76.398	102.848	76.399		
MINORITY INTERESTS		47.650	37.092	0	0		
TOTAL EQUITY		150.498	113.490	102.848	76.399		
Deferred tax	9	8.093	7.903	0	0		
PROVISIONS		8.093	7.903	0	0		
Credit institutions and loan creditors	10	138.349	122.544	44.171	27.857		
Deposits		721	714	0	0		
LONG TERM LIABILITIES		139.070	123.258	44.171	27.857		
Short term part of long-term liabilities		20.767	9.664	17.443	6.429		
Bank loan		41	2.883	0	0		
Debt to subsidiaries		0	0	60.070	69.570		
Debt to associates		0	0	0	0		
Suppliers of goods and services	9	35.518 5.876	33.715 3.319	0 4.385	0		
Corporation tax Other payables	9	60.370	53.982	4.365	0		
Other debt		7.232	11.207	15.526	536		
Prepayments		197.863	174.597	0	0		
SHORT TERM DEBT		327.666	289,367	97.424	76.535		
SHOW TERM DEDI		- 021.000	200.007	- 01.424	70.000		
TOTAL DEBT		466.736	412.625	141.595	104.392		
TOTAL LIABILITIES		625.326	534.018	244.442	180.791		
Contingencies and other financial obligations	11						
Fees to the auditor	12						
Related parties	13						

### STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY

Group In DKK 1.000	Share capital	Reserve for equity method	Transfered result	Suggested dividends for the year	Minority interests	Total
Equity per January 1, 2015	200	0	91.160	0	45.064	136.424
Dividends paid	0	0	0	-1.500	-5.000	-6.500
Distributed extraordinary dividend Fair value adjustments	0	0	-1.500	1.500	0	0
recognized in equity Net income and	0	0	-1.547	0	-5.446	-6.993
currency revaluation	0	0	-11.915	0	2.473	-9.442
Suggested dividend	0	0	0	0	0	0
Equity per January 1, 2016	200	0	76.198	0	37.091	113.489
Dividends paid	0	0	0	-1.500	-1.250	-2.750
Distributed extraordinary dividend Fair value adjustments	0	0	-1.500	1.500	0	0
recognized in equity Net income and	0	0	7.166	0	2.970	10.136
currency revaluation	0	0	20.784	0	8.839	29.623
Suggested dividend	0	0	0	0	0	0
Equity per December 31, 2016	200	0	102.648		47.650	150.498

Parent company		Reserve for		Suggested	
	Share	equity	Transfered	dividends for	
In DKK 1.000	capital	method	result	the year	Total
Equity per January 1, 2015	200	21.486	69.674	0	91.360
					,
Dividends paid	0	0	0	-1.500	-1.500
Distributed extraordinary dividend	0	0	-1.500	1.500	0
Fair value adjustments					
recognized in equity	0	-1.547	0	0	-1.547
Net income and currency revaluation	0	-9.216	-2.698	0	-11.914
Suggested dividend	0	0	0	0	0
Equity per January 1, 2016	200	10.723	65.476	0	76.399
Dividends paid	0	0	0	-1.500	-1.500
Distributed extraordinary dividend	ő	0	-1.500	1.500	0
Fair value adjustments	·	J	1.000	1.000	ŭ
recognized in equity	0	7.166	0	0	7.166
Net income and currency revaluation	0	16.497	4.286	0	20.783
Suggested dividend	0	0	0	0	0
Equity per December 31, 2016	200	34.386	68.262	0	102.848
•					

The company's share capital amounts to DKK 200,002 divided into shares at DKK 1 or multiples hereof. No shares carry special rights. In 2014, the share capital has been expanded by DKK 2 in connection with a share exchange. There have been no other changes in share capital during the last 6 years.

### CONSOLIDATED CASH FLOW STATEMENT JANUARY 1 TO DECEMBER 31

	2016	2015
	DKK 1.000	DKK 1.000
Profit before financial items Adjustments etc.	28.045 928	5.704 -14.147
Changes in working capital: Change in inventories Change in receivables Changes in short-term liabilities and deposits	0 -12.893 38.299 -8.349	0 -16.959 9.643 -7.718
Corporation taxes paid  Cash flow from operations before financial items	46.030	-7.710
Income from interests ect. Interest payments ect.  Cash flow from operating activities	17.789 -11.291 <b>52.527</b>	19.925 -20.855 <b>-24.407</b>
Investments in intangible assets Investments in tangible assets Purchase and sale of financial assets Purchase and sale of securities Sale of tangible fixed assets	-703 -12.097 -339 -32.190 3.561	-3.629 -1.696 4.423 40.186 1.539
Cash flow from investing activities	-41.769	40.823
Payments on liabilities and loans, net Dividends paid	15.812 -1.500	-28.084 -1.500
Cash flow from financing activities	14.312	-29.584
Change in cash and cash equivalents	25.070	-13.169
Cash and cash equivalents, January 1	64.757	77.926
Cash and cash equivalents, December 31	89.827	64.757

Leased assets represent

140	DIES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS				
		Gro	oup	Parent C	ompany
		2016	2015	2016	2015
		DKK 1.000	DKK 1.000	DKK 1.000	DKK 1.000
1	STAFF COSTS	DKK 1.000	DKK 1.000	DKK 1.000	DKK 1.000
		75 740	00.000		
	Other wages and salaries Pensions and social security costs	75.743 4.441	86.669 4.441	0	0
	Other staff expenses, net	6.142	6.142	0	0
	Total staff costs	86.326	97.252	0	0
	Total stall costs	00.320	37.232		
	Fee for management	5.083	5.992	0	0
	Fee for board	950	600	0	0
	Average number of full time employees	332	266	0	0
2	INTANGIBLE FIXED ASSETS				
				Patents	
	Group		DKK 1.000	DKK 1.000	Software DKK 1.000
			DKK 1.000	DKK 1.000	DKK 1.000
	Cost at January 1, 2016		13.670	0	27.779
	Additions relating to acquisition of shares		365	0	
	Additions Disposals		0	<b>0</b> 0	703 -4
	Disposais				
	Cost at December 31, 2016		14.035	0	28.478
	Nedskrivning 1. januar 2010			0	0
	Årets nedskrivninger			0	0
	Nedskrivninger 31. december 2010		0	0	0
	Depreciation January 1, 2016		3.668	0	18,226
	Depreciation for the year		1.088	0	5.453
	Depreciation December 31, 2016		4.756	0	23.679
	, , , , , ,				
	Net asset value at 31 December, 2016		9.279	0	4.799
	Amortized over		10-20 years	3 years	3 years

0

### 3 TANGIBLE FIXED ASSETS

Group	Land and buildings	Other plants, fixtures and fittings	Leasehold improvements	Deposits
	DKK 1.000	DKK 1.000	DKK 1.000	DKK 1.000
Cost at January 1, 2016	151.352 1.397	24.682 847	3.907 -63	0
Exchange rate adjustment at year-end rate Additions relating to acquisition of shares	17.123	5.239	-03 0	0
Additions	8.034	4.063	ő	771
Disposals	0	-3.561	0	0
Cost at December 31, 2016	177.906	31.271	3.844	771
Depreciation January 1, 2016	4.701	12.279	1.474	0
Exchange rate adjustment at year-end rate	5	487	0	0
Additions relating to acquisition of shares	0	4.455	0	0
Depreciation Reversed depreciation on disposals	990 0	3.570 -2.473	438 0	0
· ·				
Depreciation December 31, 2016	5.696	18.319	1.912	0
Net asset value at 31 December, 2016	172.210	12.952	1.932	771
Amortized over	50 years	3-5 years	5-10 years	
Leased assets amount to		0		
Parent Company	Land and buildings	Other plants, fixtures and fittings	Leasehold improvements	Deposits
	DKK 1.000	DKK 1.000	DKK 1.000	DKK 1.000
Cost at January 1, 2016	0	0		
Exchange rate adjustment at year-end rate	•		0	0
	0	0	0	0
Additions relating to acquisition of shares	0 0			
Additions	0 0	0	0 0 0	0 0 0
	0	0 0	0 0	0 0
Additions	0 0	0 0 1.289	0 0 0	0 0 0
Additions Disposals Cost at December 31, 2016	0 0 0	0 0 1.289 0	0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0
Additions Disposals	0 0 0	0 0 1.289 0 1.289	0 0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0
Additions Disposals  Cost at December 31, 2016  Depreciation January 1, 2016  Exchange rate adjustment at year-end rate Additions relating to acquisition of shares	0 0 0 0 0	0 0 1.289 0 1.289	0 0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0 0
Additions Disposals  Cost at December 31, 2016  Depreciation January 1, 2016  Exchange rate adjustment at year-end rate Additions relating to acquisition of shares Depreciation	0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	0 0 1.289 0 1.289	0 0 0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0 0
Additions Disposals  Cost at December 31, 2016  Depreciation January 1, 2016  Exchange rate adjustment at year-end rate Additions relating to acquisition of shares	0 0 0 0 0	0 0 1.289 0 1.289	0 0 0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0 0
Additions Disposals  Cost at December 31, 2016  Depreciation January 1, 2016  Exchange rate adjustment at year-end rate Additions relating to acquisition of shares Depreciation	0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	0 0 1.289 0 1.289	0 0 0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0 0
Additions Disposals  Cost at December 31, 2016  Depreciation January 1, 2016  Exchange rate adjustment at year-end rate Additions relating to acquisition of shares Depreciation Reversed depreciation on disposals	0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	0 0 1.289 0 1.289 0 0 0 0 64 0	0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0
Additions Disposals  Cost at December 31, 2016  Depreciation January 1, 2016  Exchange rate adjustment at year-end rate Additions relating to acquisition of shares Depreciation Reversed depreciation on disposals  Depreciation December 31, 2016	0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	0 0 1.289 0 1.289 0 0 0 0 64 0	0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0
Additions Disposals  Cost at December 31, 2016  Depreciation January 1, 2016  Exchange rate adjustment at year-end rate Additions relating to acquisition of shares Depreciation Reversed depreciation on disposals  Depreciation December 31, 2016  Net asset value at 31 December, 2016	0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	0 0 1.289 0 1.289 0 0 0 64 0 64	0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0

### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

### **4 INVESTMENTS IN SUBSIDIARIES**

	Parent Company	
	2016	2015
	DKK 1.000	DKK 1.000
Cost at January 1, 2016 Additions Disposals	46.832 0 0	46.832 0 0
Cost at December 31, 2016	46.832	46.832
Value adjustments on January 1, 2016 Net profit for the year Revaluation/goodwill Currency translation Dividends received Value adjustment of derivatives Value adjustments on December 31, 2016	11.007 21.378 -1.088 -1.398 -1.250 7.166 35.815	18.798 -3.706 -972 3.434 -5.000 -1.547 11.007
Carrying amount December 31, 2016	82.647	57.839

Investments in subsidiaries include the following companies:

Name:	Registered office	S <i>har</i> es in %:	Voting shares:	Share capital
Albatros Travel A/S	Copenhagen	50%	100%	TDKK 1.000
Albatros Greenland Holding ApS	Copenhagen	100%	100%	TDKK 1.130
Albatros Holding SA (PYT) LTD	South Africa	100%	100%	TDKK 52
The Great Wall Marathon A/S	Copenhagen	100%	100%	TDKK 500
Farm Groenfontein (PTY) LTD	South Africa	100%	100%	TDKK 71
Golf Stand 165 (PTY) LTD	South Africa	100%	100%	TDKK 52
Holdingselskabet Tøndergade A/S	Copenhagen	100%	100%	TDKK 2.875
Seven C's Rejsebureau ApS	Copenhagen	40%	100%	TDKK 500
Albatros Afrika ApS	Copenhagen	100%	100%	TDKK 200

			SRBV	Holding ApS'	share
	Equity	Net profit for the year	Equity	Goodwill	Net profit for the year
	DKK 1.000	DKK 1.000	DKK 1.000	DKK 1.000	DKK 1.000
Albatros Travel A/S	94.563	17.501	47.282	3.370	8.750
Amortisation of goodwill					-481
Albatros Greenland Holding ApS	2.735	1.464	2.735	0	1.464
Albatros Holding SA (PYT) LTD	2.237	-5	2.237	0	-5
The Great Wall Marathon A/S	516	-7	516	0	-7
Farm Groenfontein (PTY) LTD	5.533	-5	5.533	0	-5
Golf Stand 165 (PTY) LTD	2.665	-7	2.665	552	-7
Amortisation of goodwill					-92
Seven C's Rejsebureau ApS	10.081	9.940	10.081	252	9.940
Amortisation of goodwill					-63
Holdingselskabet Tøndergade A/	7.424	-1.662	7.424	0	-1.662
Albatros Afrika ApS	-3.668	3.835	-3.668	2.033	3.835
Amortisation of goodwill					-290
Write-down of receivables	0	0	1.636	0	0
:	122.087	31.055	76.441	6.206	21.378

### **5 INVESTMENTS IN ASSOCIATES**

	Group	
	2016	2015
	DKK 1.000	DKK 1.000
Cost at January 1, 2016 Additions Disposals	1.483 1.411 0	1.483 0 0
Cost at December 31, 2016	2.894	1.483
Value adjustments on January 1, 2016 Net profit for the year Dividends received Value adjustments for the year	-284 6.646 0 -7.791	2.688 -6.408 0 3.436
Value adjustments on December 31, 2016	1.429	284
Carrying amount December 31, 2016	1.465	1.199

### Investments in associates include the following companies:

Name	Registered office	Shares in %	Equity	Share of equity	Share of net profit
Adventure Partners LTD	Bahamas	50%	-9.865	-4.933	3.182
Write-down of receivables				4.933	
Explorer Partners LTD	Bahamas	33%	2.779	926	4.321
Write-down of receivables				0	
Ocean Atlantic Partners Ltd	Bahamas	25%	-4.712	-1.178	-2.417
Write-down of receivables				1.178	
Quest Partners Ltd	Bahamas	50%	-597	-298	-175
Write-down of receivables				298	
Endeavour Partners LTD	Bahamas	33%	-3.040	-1.012	2.491
Write-down of receivables				1.012	
CMI Management Inc	Bahamas	20%	-2.100	-420	6
Write-down of receivables				420	
CMI Leisure Inc	USA	20%	2.696	539	873
Write-down of receivables				0	
CMI Leisure Management Inc	Bahamas	20%	-8.177	-1.635	-1.637
Write-down of receivables				1.635	
			•	1.465	6.646

	Gre	oup	Parent C	ompany
	2016	2015	2016	2015
	DKK 1.000	DKK 1.000	DKK 1.000	DKK 1.000
6 FINANCIAL INCOME				
Interest income from subsidiaries	0	0	1.904	1.762
Interest income from associates	0	0	0	0
Other financial income	17.789	19.925	3.732	415
	17.789	19.925	5.636	2.177
7 FINANCIAL COSTS				
Interests paid to subsidiaries	0	0	1.168	1.122
Interests paid to associates	0	0	0	0
Other financial costs	11.291	20.855	2.330	5.742
	11.291	20.855	3.498	6.864
8 INCOME TAX EXPENSE FOR THE YEAR				
Tax on the taxable income	7.023	2.588	-752	-209
Prior year adjustments	6.139	-307	5.043	0
Deferred tax for the year	190	1.871	0	0
	13.352	4.152	4.291	-209

### 9 CORPORATION TAX AND DEFERRED TAX ASSET

	Gr	oup	Parent C	ompany
	Deferred tax	Corporate tax	Deferred tax	Corporate tax
Balance at January 1, 2016	7.903	2.081	0	-359
Adjustments concerning. prev. year	0	-2.076	0	2.050
Tax on profit for the year	0	13.352	0	-309
Transferred from jointly taxed companies	0	0	0	6.714
Corporate tax paid	0	-8.349	0	-3.711
Deferred tax adjustment	190		0	0
Balance at December 31, 2016	8.093	5.008	0	4.385

### **10 LONG TERM LIABILITIES**

Payments due within 1 year are recognized under current liabilities. Out of the long-term liabilities, DKK.t 70.930 is due more than 5 years after the payment date.

#### 11 CONTINGENCIES AND COMMITMENTS

#### Joint taxation

SRBW Holding ApS is jointly taxed with the Danish subsidiaries in the Group. As a management company, SRBW Holding Ltd. is jointly and severally liable with the subsidiaries for Danish corporate taxes within the group of jointly Danish corporately taxed companies as well as Danish withholding tax on interests, royalties and dividends for all related Danish companies in the Group. Any subsequent corrections of taxable joint taxation income or withholding taxes could lead to an increase in the company's liability.

### Assets charged and collateral

Land and buildings in the group has been provided as collateral for loans with banks.

#### Other contingent liabilities

SRBW Holding has announced that it will provide the necessary cash flow for next year's ordinary operations of the subsidiaries Albatros Africa ApS and Seven C's Rejsebureau ApS, as well as the existing account with these companies being left outstanding without payment until the operation of the subsidiaries makes settlement possible.

Securities	

Securities and liquid funds in the parent company provide security for commercial loans at Nykredit Bank A/S.

Guarantees	2016	2015
The Group has provided guarantees to subcontractors etc. for t.DKK	8.980	8.246

#### Contracts of guarantee

The parent company has a contract of guarantee for the property Tøndergade 14-16, DK-1752 Copenhagen V in the amount of t.DKK 51,086. The borrower is Investeringsselskabet Tøndergade I ApS.

#### Leases

The total annual rental commitments in the Group amount to t.DKK 5,523. Irrevocable period amounts to 5 years.

The Group has entered into operating leases with an annual lease payment of approximately t.DKK 4,257. The leases have an average remaining term of 2 years and 9 months.

#### Forward exchange contracts

The Group has entered into exchange contracts to hedge future purchases and sales corresponding to t.DKK 172,601.

Compared to the rates of exchange at the balance sheet date, the contracts have a capital gain of t.DKK 6,423.

The amount t.DKK 6,423 is recognized in the balance sheet under other receivables and under equity.

### 12 FEES TO AUDITOR ELECTED AT GENERAL MEETING

	Group		Parent company	
	2016 2015	2016	2016	2015
	DKK 1.000	DKK 1.000	DKK 1.000	DKK 1.000
Audit fees, RevisionsFirmaet Edelbo and Revisionsfirmaet Edelbo & Lund-Larsen Other fees, RevisionsFirmaet Edelbo and	538	530	56	50
Revisionsfirmaet Edelbo & Lund-Larsen	215	265	78	100
	753	795	134	150

### **13 RELATED PARTIES**

SRBW Holding ApS' related parties include the following:

Søren Rasmussen and Berit Willumsgaard Albatros Travel A/S The Great Wall Marathon A/S Albatros Greenland Holding ApS Holdingselskabet Tøndergade A/S Seven C's Rejsebureau ApS Albatros Holding SA (PYT) LTD Golf Stand 165 (PTY) LTD Farm Groenfontein (PTY) LTD Albatros Afrika ApS

Transactions between related parties mainly comprise financing and interest hereof. The management believes that transactions between related parties are made on market terms.