# Sirona Dental A/S

Rho 10, Søften 8382 Hinnerup Denmark

CVR no. 21 26 46 87

Annual report 2018

The annual report was presented and approved at the Company's annual general meeting on 26 April 2019 chairman

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# Statement by the Board of Directors and the Executive Board

The Board of Directors and the Executive Board have today discussed and approved the annual report of Sirona Dental A/S for the financial year 1 January - 31 December 2018.

The annual report has been prepared in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act.

In our opinion, the financial statements give a true and fair view of the Company's assets, liabilities and financial position at 31 December 2018 and of the results of the Company's operations and cash flows for the financial year 1 January - 31 December 2018.

Further, in our opinion, the Management's review gives a fair review of the development in the Company's operations and financial matters, of the results for the year and of the Company's financial position.

We recommend that the annual report be approved at the annual general meeting.

Aarhus, 26 April 2019 Executive Board:

Mads Møller

Board of Directors:

Jan Siefert Chairman

Michael Geil

Markus Dr. Boehringer



## Independent auditor's report

#### To the shareholders of Sirona Dental A/S

#### Opinion

We have audited the financial statements of Sirona Dental A/S for the financial year 1 January - 31 December 2018 comprising income statement, balance sheet, statement of changes in equity, cash flow statement and notes, including accounting policies. The financial statements are prepared in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act.

In our opinion, the financial statements give a true and fair view of the Company's assets, liabilities and financial position at 31 December 2018 and of the results of the Company's operations and cash flows for the financial year 1 January – 31 December 2018 in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act.

#### **Basis for opinion**

We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing (ISAs) and the additional requirements applicable in Denmark. Our responsibilities under those standards and requirements are further described in the "Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements" section of our report. We are independent of the Company in accordance with the International Ethics Standards Board for Accountants' Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants (IESBA Code) and the additional requirements applicable in Denmark, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these rules and requirements. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

#### Management's responsibility for the financial statements

Management is responsible for the preparation of financial statements that give a true and fair view in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act and for such internal control that Management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, Management is responsible for assessing the Company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting in preparing the financial statements unless Management either intends to liquidate the Company or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

#### Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance as to whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs and the additional requirements in Denmark will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements may arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users made on the basis of these financial statements.

As part of an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs and the additional requirements applicable in Denmark, we exercise professional judgement and maintain professional scepticism throughout the audit. We also

— identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the company financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations or the override of internal control.

- obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that



## Independent auditor's report

are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Company's internal control.

- evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by Management.
- conclude on the appropriateness of Management's use of the going concern basis of accounting in preparing the financial statements and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Company's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Company to cease to continue as a going concern.
- evaluate the overall presentation, structure and contents of the financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that gives a true and fair view.

We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

#### Statement on the Management's review

Management is responsible for the Management's review.

Our opinion on the financial statements does not cover the Management's review, and we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the financial statements, our responsibility is to read the Management's review and, in doing so, consider whether the Management's review is materially inconsistent with the financial statements or our knowledge obtained during the audit, or otherwise appears to be materially misstated.

Moreover, it is our responsibility to consider whether the Management's review provides the information required under the Danish Financial Statements Act.

Based on the work we have performed, we conclude that the Management's review is in accordance with the financial statements and has been prepared in accordance with the requirements of the Danish Financial Statements Act. We did not identify any material misstatement of the Management's review.

Aarhus, 26 April 2019 KPMG Statsautoriseret Revisionspartnerselskab CVR no. 25 57 81 98

Michael Stenskrog State Authorised Public Accountant mne26819

# Management's review

## **Company details**

Sirona Dental A/S Rho 10 Søften 8382 Hinnerup Denmark

Telephone: Fax: Website: E-mail: +45 87 43 90 60 +45 87 43 90 61 www.dentsplysirona.com contact.hygiene@sirona.com

CVR no.: Established: Registered office: Financial year: 21 26 46 87 16 September 1998 Aarhus 1 January – 31 December

#### **Board of Directors**

Jan Siefert, Chairman Michael Geil Markus Dr. Boehringer

#### **Executive Board**

Mads Møller

#### Auditor

KPMG Statsautoriseret Revisionspartnerselskab Bredskifte Allé 13 DK-8210 Aarhus V Denmark

# Management's review

## **Financial highlights**

			2015/16		
DKK'000	2018	2017	(15 mos)	2014/15	2013/14
Key figures					
Gross profit	41,577	43,288	60,439	48,314	35,671
Operating profit	26,238	29,373	42,805	34,682	20,449
Profit/loss from financial					and the second se
income and expenses	-287	45	-49	-55	79
Profit for the year	20,220	22,927	33,283	26,452	15,474
Total assets	73,879	51,938	59,755	61,157	48,693
Equity	56,148	35,928	46,284	41,403	31,951
Investment in property,					
plant and equipment	3,165	1,347	4,372	4,203	3,243
Ratios					
Return on equity	43.9%	55.8%	75.9%	72.1%	63.9%
Solvency ratio	76.0%	69.2%	77.5%	67.7%	65.6%
Other key figures					
Average number of full-time					
employees	47	54	57	54	58

\* The figures for 2015/16 cover 15 months and are therefore not comparable to other years.

Financial ratios are calculated in accordance with the Danish Society of Financial Analysts' guidelines on the calculation of financial ratios "Recommendations & Ratios". The financial ratios have been calculated as follows:

Return on equity

Profit/loss from ordinary activities after tax x 100 Average equity

Solvency ratio

Equity ex. non-controlling interests at year end x 100 Total equity and liabilities at year end

### Management's review

#### **Operating review**

#### **Principal activities**

The Company is primarily engaged in the development, production, sale and service of combination autoclaves for dental clinics. A combination autoclave cleans, lubricates and sterilizes rotating dental instruments in one process. Sirona Dental A/S is the hygiene competence centre in the Dentsply Sirona Group.

#### Development in activities and financial position

Gross profit and EBIT are slightly down on last year's results. This is primarily due to a lower activity level.

Despite a lower activity level than anticipated, profit for the year was close to forecast, and accordingly the Board of Directors and Executive Board consider the financial performance satisfactory.

#### **Capital resources**

#### **Currency risks**

There are no major currency risks. The vast majority of cost and sales are settled in DKK or EUR.

#### **Environmental matters**

As environment is also a focus area for Sirona Dental A/S, we will take measures to become certified toISO 14001:2015 during the next financial year.

#### **Development activities**

The development in the industry require continuous docus on safety and other quality-related aspects. Sirona Dental A/S works closely with end-users of Sirona products by monitoring and seeking feedback as well as providing training and guidance. Furthermore, the Company has, in line with prior years, proritised product development to meet future expected legislative requirements.

#### Intellectual capital and organisation

Employees and their insights as well as knowledge are important resources to Sirona Dental A/S, and committed and qualified employees are vital to the Company's continuous development. Consequently, development, education and empowerment are given a high priority.

#### Quality

Sirona Dental A/S has maintained its quality certification to EN ISO 13485:2016.

#### Outlook

Sirona Dental A/S expects contribution margin and operating profit for 2019 to be in line with the results for 2018.

#### Events after the balance sheet date

No significant events have taken place which impact the assessment of the Company's financial position.

# Financial statements 1 January – 31 December

## Income statement

DKK'000	Note	2018	2017
Gross profit		41,577	43,288
Distribution costs	2, 6	-5,247	-5,717
Administrative expenses	2,6	-10,092	-8,198
Operating profit		26,238	29,373
Financial income		0	145
Financial expenses		-287	-100
Profit before tax		25,951	29,418
Tax on profit for the year	3	-5,731	-6,491
Profit for the year	4	20,220	22,927
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# Financial statements 1 January – 31 December

## **Balance sheet**

Property, plant and equipment 6   Plant and machinery 3,992 3,39	
Intangible assets 5   Software 103   Property, plant and equipment 6   Plant and machinery 3,992 3,39   Fixtures and fittings, tools and equipment 8 10   Leasehold improvements 1,866 2,19	
Software10311Property, plant and equipment6Plant and machinery3,9923,39Fixtures and fittings, tools and equipment810Leasehold improvements1,8662,19	
Property, plant and equipment6Plant and machinery3,992Fixtures and fittings, tools and equipment8Leasehold improvements1,8662,19	
Plant and machinery3,9923,392Fixtures and fittings, tools and equipment810Leasehold improvements1,8662,19	72
Fixtures and fittings, tools and equipment 8 10   Leasehold improvements 1,866 2,19	
Leasehold improvements1,8661	
	00
5,866 5,66	
	36
Investments	
Deposits1,0751,075	75
Total fixed assets 7,044 6,9	33
Current assets	
Inventories	
Raw materials and consumables15,69910,7	
Work in progress     2,879     1,9	
Finished goods and goods for resale1,80	
20,59914,53	54
Receivables	
Trade receivables 3,524 6,2	
Receivables from group entities 4,552 9,4	
	51
	12
Corporation tax 751	0
	06
11,34617,4	73
Cash at bank and in hand 34,890 12,9	78
Total current assets 66,835 45,00	)5
TOTAL ASSETS 73,879 51,93	38

# Financial statements 1 January – 31 December

## **Balance sheet**

EQUITY AND LIABILITIES	
Equity	
Contributed capital 13,001	13,001
Retained earnings 21,147	22,927
Proposed dividends for the financial year22,000	0
Total equity 56,148	35,928
Provisions	
Other provisions 8 557	767
Total provisions 557	767
Liabilities other than provisions	
Current liabilities other than provisions	
Trade payables 10,057	10,863
Payables to group entities 2,751	0
Corporation tax 0	179
Other payables 4,366	4,201
17,174	15,243
Total liabilities other than provisions 17,174	15,243
TOTAL EQUITY AND LIABILITIES 73,879	51,938

# Financial statements 1 January – 31 December

# Statement of changes in equity

DKK'000	Contributed capital	Retained earnings	Proposed dividends for the financial year	Total
Equity at 1 January 2018	13,001	22,927	0	35,928
Transferred over the profit appropriation	0	-1,780	22,000	20,220
Equity at 31 December 2018	13,001	21,147	22,000	56,148

# Financial statements 1 January – 31 December

## **Cash flow statement**

DKK'000	Note	2018	2017
Profit for the year		20,220	22,927
Depreciation, amortisation and impairment losses		3,053	3,368
Other adjustments	11	5,808	6,844
Cash flows from operations before changes in working capital		29,081	33,139
Changes in working capital	12	2,817	653
Cash flows from ordinary activities		31,898	33,792
Interest income		0	449
Interest expense		-287	-498
Corporation tax paid		-6,535	-6,608
Cash flows from operating activities		25,076	27,135
Acquisition of intangible assets		0	-150
Acquisition of property, plant and equipment		-3,164	-1,347
Cash flows from investing activities		-3,164	-1,497
Shareholders:			
Distributed dividend		0	-33,283
Cash flows from financing activities		0	-33,283
Cash flows for the year		21,912	-7,645
Cash and cash equivalents at the beginning of the year		12,978	20,623
Cash and cash equivalents at the beginning of the year		34,890	12.978
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# Financial statements 1 January – 31 December

#### Notes

#### 1 Accounting policies

The annual report of Sirona Dental A/S for 2018 has been prepared in accordance with the provisions applying to reporting class C medium-sized entities under the Danish Financial Statements Act.

The accounting policies used in the preparation of the financial statements are consistent with those of last year.

#### Foreign currency translation

On initial recognition, transactions denominated in foreign currencies are translated at the exchange rates at the transaction date. Foreign exchange differences arising between the exchange rates at the transaction date and the date of payment are recognised in the income statement as financial income or financial expenses.

Receivables, payables and other monetary items denominated in foreign currencies are translated at the exchange rates at the balance sheet date. The difference between the exchange rates at the balance sheet date and the date at which the receivable or payable arose or was recognised in the latest financial statements is recognised in the income statement as financial income or financial expenses.

#### **Income statement**

#### Revenue

Income from the sale of goods, comprising the sale of trade and finished goods, is recognised in revenue when delivery and transfer of risk to the buyer have taken place, and the income may be measured reliably and is expected to be received.

Revenue is measured at the fair value of the agreed consideration excluding VAT and taxes charged on behalf of third parties. All discounts granted are recognised in revenue.

#### **Production costs**

Production costs comprise costs, including depreciation, amortisation and salaries, incurred to generate revenue for the year. Such costs include direct and indirect costs for raw materials and consumables, wages and salaries, rent and leases and depreciation of production plant.

Production costs also comprise research and development costs that do not qualify for capitalisation and amortisation of capitalised development costs.

#### **Gross Profit**

Pursuant to Section 32 of the Danish Financial Statements Act, the Company has decided only to disclose gross profit.

#### **Distribution costs**

Distribution costs comprise costs incurred to distribute goods sold during the year and to conduct sales campaigns, etc., including costs relating to sales staff, advertising and exhibitions as well as depreciation.

# Financial statements 1 January – 31 December

#### Notes

#### 1 Accounting policies (continued)

#### Administrative expenses

Administrative expenses comprise expenses incurred during the year for management and administration of the Company, including expenses for administrative staff, management, office premises, office expenses and depreciation.

#### **Financial income and expenses**

Financial income and expenses comprise interest income and expense, payables and transactions denominated in foreign currencies, as well as surcharges and refunds under the on-account tax scheme, etc.

#### Tax on profit/loss for the year

Tax for the year comprises current corporation tax for the year and changes in deferred tax, including changes in tax rates. The tax expense relating to the profit for the year is recognised in the income statement, and the tax expense relating to amounts directly recognised in equity is recognised directly in equity.

Sirona Dental A/S is comprised by the Danish rules on compulsory joint taxation of the Dentsply Sirona Group's Danish subsidaries. The subsidiaries are included in the joint taxation from the date on which they are included in the consolidated financial statements and up to the date on which they are excluded from the consolidation.

Sirona Dental A/S is the administrative company for the joint taxation and the accordingly settles all payments of corporation tax to the tax authorities.

On payment of joint taxation contributions, current Danish corporation tax is allocated between the jointly taxed entities in proportion to their taxable income. Entities with tax losses receive joint taxation contributions from entities that have used the losses to reduce their own taxable profit.

#### **Balance sheet**

#### Intangible assets

Software is measured at cost price deducted accumulated amortisation. Software is amortised over its useful life at a maximum of three years.

## Financial statements 1 January – 31 December

#### **Notes**

#### 1 Accounting policies (continued)

#### Property, plant and equipment

Leasehold improvements, plant and machinery and fixtures and fittings, tools and equipment are measured at cost less accumulated depreciation and impairment losses.

The basis of depreciation is cost less any projected residual value after the end of the useful life. Depreciation is provided on a straight-line basis over the estimated useful life. The estimated useful lives are as follows:

Plant and machinery	3-5 years
Fixtures and fittings, tools and equipment	3 years
Leasehold improvements	6 years

Fixed assets under construction are recognised and measured at cost at the balance sheet date. Upon entry into service, the cost is transferred to the relevant group of property, plant and equipment.

Depreciation is recognised in the income statement as production costs, distribution costs and administrative expenses, respectively.

Gains and losses on the disposal of property, plant and equipment are stated as the difference between the selling price less selling costs and the carrying amount at the date of disposal. Gains and losses are recognised in the income statement as other operating income or other operating costs, respectively.

#### Impairment of fixed assets

The carrying amount of intangible assets and property, plant and equipment is subject to an annual test for indications of impairment other than the decrease in value reflected by depreciation or amortisation.

Impairment tests are conducted of individual assets or groups of assets when there is an indication that they may be impaired. Write-down is made to the recoverable amount if this is lower than the carrying amount.

#### Leases

All leases are operating leases. Payments relating to operating leases and other leases are recognised in the income statement over the term of the lease. The Company's total obligation relating to operating leases and other leases is disclosed as contractual obligations and contingencies, etc.

#### Investments

Financial assets comprise deposits which are measured at cost.

## Financial statements 1 January – 31 December

#### Notes

#### 1 Accounting policies (continued)

#### Inventories

Inventories are measured at cost in accordance with the FIFO method. Where the net realisable value is lower than cost, inventories are written down to this lower value.

Goods for resale and raw materials and consumables are measured at cost, comprising purchase price plus delivery costs.

Finished goods and work in progress are measured at cost, comprising the cost of raw materials, consumables, direct wages and salaries and indirect production overheads.

#### Receivables

Receivables are measured at amortised cost. Write-down is made for bad debt losses upon an assessment of the individual receivables.

#### Prepayments

Prepayments comprise prepayment of costs incurred relating to subsequent financial years.

#### Corporation tax and deferred tax

Current tax payable and receivable is recognised in the balance sheet as tax computed on the taxable income for the year, adjusted for tax on the taxable income of prior years and for tax paid on account.

Deferred tax is measured using the balance sheet liability method on all temporary differences between the carrying amount and the tax value of assets and liabilities based on the planned use of the asset or settlement of the liability.

Deferred tax assets, including the tax value of tax loss carryforwards, are recognised at the expected value of their utilisation within the foreseeable future; either as a set-off against tax on future income or as a set-off against deferred tax liabilities in the same legal tax entity. Any deferred net assets are measured at net realisable value.

Deferred tax is measured in accordance with the tax rules and at the tax rates applicable at the balance sheet date when the deferred tax is expected to crystallise as current tax. Changes in deferred tax as a result of changes in tax rates are recognised in the income statement.

#### Equity

#### Dividends

Proposed dividends are recognised as a liability at the date on which they are adopted at the annual general meeting (declaration date). The expected dividend payment for the year is disclosed as a seperate item under equity.

## Financial statements 1 January – 31 December

#### Notes

#### 1 Accounting policies (continued)

#### Provisions

Provisions for ordinary warranty and service obligations on products sold are measured at net realisable value and recognised on the basis of the Company's past record with warranties.

#### Liabilities other than provisions

Liabilities are measured at net realisable value.

#### **Cash flow statement**

The cash flow statement shows the Company's cash flows from operating, investing and financing activities for the year, the year's changes in cash and cash equivalents as well as the Company's cash and cash equivalents at the beginning and end of the year.

The cash flow effect of acquisitions and divestment of entities is shown separately in cash flows from investing activities. Cash flows relating to acquired entities are recognised in the cash flow statement from the date of acquisition, and cash flows relating to divested entities are recognised up to the date of divestment.

#### Cash flows from operating activities

Cash flows from operating activities are calculated as the Company's share of profit/loss for the year adjusted for non-cash operating items, changes in working capital and corporation tax paid.

#### Cash flows from investing activities

Cash flows from investing activities comprise payments in connection with acquisitions and disposals of entities and activities, intangible assets, property, plant and equipment and investments.

#### Cash flows from financing activities

Cash flows from financing activities comprise changes in size or composition of the Company's share capital and costs in this respect as well as raising of loans, instalments on interest-bearing debt and distribution of dividends to owners.

# Financial statements 1 January – 31 December

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DKK'000	2018	2017
Staff costs and incentive schemes		
Staff costs		
Wages and salaries	24,035	25,423
Other social security costs	378	448
Other staff costs	1,941	1,248
	26,354	27,119
Average number of full-time employees	47	54
Staff costs are recognised in the financial statements as:		
Production	17,210	17,006
Distribution	4,506	4,888
Administration	4,638	5,225
	26,354	27,119
		the second s

Pursuant to section 98b(3) of the Danish Financial Statements Act, the Company has not disclosed executive remuneration.

#### 3 Tax on profit for the year

Current tax for the year Adjustment for the year of deferred tax	5,784 53 5,731	6,607 116 6,491
Proposed profit appropriation		
Proposed dividends for the year	22,000	0
Retained earnings	-1,780	22,927

#### 5 Intangible assets

DKK'000	Software
Cost at 1 January 2018	1,700
Cost at 31 December 2018	1,700
Amortisation and impairment losses at 1 January 2018	-1,528
Amortisation for the year	69
Amortisation and impairment losses at 31 December 2018	-1,597
Carrying amount at 31 December 2018	103

22,927

20,220

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# Financial statements 1 January – 31 December

#### **Notes**

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#### 6 Property, plant and equipment

Property, plant and equipment				
	Plant and	Fixtures and fittings, tools and	Leasehold improve-	
DKK'000	machinery	equipment	ments	Total
Cost at 1 January 2018	12,704	900	3,149	16,753
Additions for the year	2,907	0	258	3,165
Cost at 31 December 2018	15,611	900	3,407	19,918
Depreciation and impairment losses at 1 January 2018	-9.308	-799	-960	-11,067
Depreciation for the year	-2,311	-93	-581	-2,985
Depreciation and impairment losses at 31 December 2018	-11,619	-892	-1,541	-14,052
Carrying amount at 31 December 2018	3,992	8	1,866	5,866
Depreciation and amortisation Production costs Administrative expenses			2,380 <u>674</u>	2,740 627
			3,054	3,367
Deferred tax				
Deferred tax at opening			712	596
Deferred tax adjustment for the year in the income statement		53	116	
Deferred tax at 31 December		;	765	712
Warranty provisions				
Warranty and commitments opening			767	463
Changes in provisions			-210	304
Warranty provisions at 31 December			557	767

#### 9 Contractual obligations, contingencies, etc.

Sirona Dental A/S has entered into contracts with rent and lease obligations totalling an amount of DKK 4,534 thousand (2017: DKK 6,172 thousand), of which DKK 1,758 thousand is due for payment next year.

The Company is jointly taxed with other Danish group companies. As the administration company, together with the other companies included in the joint taxation, the Company has joint and several unlimited liability for Danish corporation taxes payable and withholding taxes on dividends, interest, etc. Any subsequent corrections to the taxable joint taxation income or withholding taxes may imply that the Company's liability will increase.

# Financial statements 1 January – 31 December

#### Notes

#### 10 Related party disclosures

#### Control

Sirona Dental Systems GmbH, Bensheim, Germany holds the majority of the contributed capital in the Company.

Sirona Dental A/S is part of the consolidated financial statements of Sirona Dental Systems GmbH, Fabrikstrasse 31, D-64625 Benshaim, which is the smallest group in which the Company is included as a subsidiary.

The consolidated financial statements of Sirona Dental Systems GmbH can be obtained by contacting the Company or at the following website: www.sirona.de

Sirona Dental A/S is part of the consolidated financial statements of Dentsply Sirona Inc., registered office Dentsply Sirona, Susquehanna Commerce Center, 221 W. Philidelphia Street, Suite 60Wm Yoek, PA 17401, which is the largest group in which the Company is included as a subsidiary.

The consolidated financial statements of Dentsply Sirona Inc. can be obtained by contacting the Company or at the following website: http://invester.dentsplysirona.com

#### **Related party transactions**

In accordance with section 98 c(7) of the Danish Financial Statements Act, the Company has not disclosed any related party transactions as they were conducted on an arm's length basis.

	DKK'000	2018	2017
11	Other adjustments		
	Other financial income	0	449
	Finance costs	-287	-498
	Tax on profit for the year	-5,731	-6,491
	Provisions	210	304
		-5,808	-6,844
12	Change in working capital		
	Changes in inventories	-6,045	-414
	Changes in receivables	6,931	-1,169
	Change in trade and other payables	1,931	2,236
		2,817	653