# CENTURYLINK COMMUNICATIONS DENMARK ApS Sydvestvej 100, 2600 Glostrup

# Central Business Registration No 21 26 46 44

# **ANNUAL REPORT 2019**

The Annual General Meeting adopted the Annual Report on 12 May 2020

Director

Qamar Ul Arfeen Qadeer Chairman of the meeting

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## **COMPANY DETAILS**

# **Company**

CenturyLink Communications Denmark ApS Sydvestvej 100, 2600 Glostrup Central Business Registration No: 21 26 46 44 Registered in Glostrup

*Telephone:* +31 208083900 Internet: www.centurylink.com

## **Executive Board**

Qamar Ul Arfeen Qadeer

# **Board of Directors**

Hans Zabell Abildstrom Qamar Ul Arfeen Qadeer

# Company Auditors

Grant Thornton, State Authorised Public Accountants Stockholmsgade 45, 2100 Copenhagen

#### MANAGEMENT'S REPORT

The Executive Board and Board of Directors has prepared the Annual Report of CenturyLink Communications Denmark ApS for the year ended 31 December 2019. The Annual Report was discussed and approved on 12 May 2020.

The Annual Report has been prepared in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act.

We consider the accounting policies used are appropriate and the accounting estimates made are reasonable. The Directors believe that the Annual Report includes information which is relevant for an assessment of the Company's financial position. It is the opinion of the Directors that the Annual Report gives a true and fair view of the Company's assets and liabilities, financial position and results for the year ended 31 December 2019.

We recommend that the Annual Report is approved at the Annual General Meeting.

Glostrup, 12 May 2020

**Executive Board** 

Qamar Ul Arfeen Qadeer

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Hans Zabell Abildstrom

Qamar Ul Arfeen Oadeer

### THE INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

### To the shareholder of CenturyLink Communications Denmark ApS

### **Opinion**

We have audited the annual accounts of CenturyLink Communications ApS for the financial year 1 January to 31 December 2019, which comprise accounting policies used, profit and loss account, balance sheet and notes. The annual accounts are prepared in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act.

In our opinion, the annual accounts give a true and fair view of the company's assets, liabilities and financial position at 31 December 2019 and of the results of the company's operations for the financial year 1 January to 31 December 2019 in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act.

#### **Basis for opinion**

We conducted our audit in accordance with international standards on auditing and the additional requirements applicable in Denmark. Our responsibilities under those standards and requirements are further described in the below section "Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the annual accounts". We are independent of the company in accordance with international ethics standards for accountants (IESBA's Code of Ethics) and the additional requirements applicable in Denmark, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these standards and requirements. We believe that the audit evidence obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

## The management's responsibilities for the annual accounts

The management is responsible for the preparation of annual accounts that give a true and fair view in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act. The management is also responsible for such internal control as the management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of annual accounts that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the annual accounts, the management is responsible for evaluating the company's ability to continue as a going concern, and, when relevant, disclosing matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting when preparing the annual accounts, unless the management either intends to liquidate the company or to cease operations, or if it has no realistic alternative but to do so.

### Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the annual accounts

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the annual accounts as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report including an opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with international standards on auditing and the additional requirements applicable in Denmark will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements may arise due to fraud or error and may be considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions made by users on the basis of the annual accounts.

### THE INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT (CONTINUED)

As part of an audit conducted in accordance with international standards on auditing and the additional requirements applicable in Denmark, we exercise professional evaluations and maintain professional scepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement in the annual accounts, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures in response to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than the risk of not detecting a misstatement resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of the internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the company's internal control.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used by the management and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by the management.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of the management's preparation of the annual accounts being based on the going concern principle and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may raise significant doubt about the company's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the annual accounts or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the company to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and contents of the annual accounts, including the disclosures in the notes, and whether the annual accounts reflect the underlying transactions and events in a manner that gives a true and fair view.

We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in the internal control that we identify during our audit.

# THE INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT (CONTINUED)

### Statement on the management's review

The management is responsible for the management's review.

Our opinion on the annual accounts does not cover the management's review, and we do not express any kind of assurance opinion on the management's review.

In connection with our audit of the annual accounts, our responsibility is to read the management's review and in that connection consider whether the management's review is materially inconsistent with the annual accounts or our knowledge obtained during the audit, or whether it otherwise appears to contain material misstatement.

Furthermore, it is our responsibility to consider whether the management's review provides the information required under the Danish Financial Statements Act.

Based on the work we have performed; we believe that the management's review is in accordance with the annual accounts and that it has been prepared in accordance with the requirements of the Danish Financial Statement Acts. We did not find any material misstatement in the management's review.

Copenhagen, 12 May 2020

**Grant Thornton** 

Company reg. no. 34 20 99 36

Jacob Helly Juell-Hansen

State Authorized Public Accountant

mne36169

### MANAGEMENT REVIEW

## **Principal Activity**

The principal activity of CenturyLink Communications Denmark ApS ("the Company") is the provision of national and international telecommunications services.

The Directors present their report and financial statements for CenturyLink Communications Denmark ApS ("the Company") for the year ended 31 December 2019.

The Company is a member of the CenturyLink Group of Companies ("the Group" or "CenturyLink"), an international facilities-based communications company engaged primarily in providing an integrated array of services to business and residential customers. The communications services include local and long-distance voice, virtual private network ("VPN") data network, private line (including business data services), ethernet, information technology, wavelength, broadband, colocation and data centre services, managed services, professional and other services provided in connection with selling equipment, network security and various other ancillary services. A facilities-based provider is one that owns or leases a substantial portion of the property, plant and equipment necessary to provide its services. The Group network is an international communications network that has been created by constructing its own assets through a combination of purchasing other companies and purchasing or leasing facilities from others. The Group network is designed to provide communications services that employ and take advantage of rapidly improving underlying optical, internet Protocol ("IP"), computing and storage technologies.

The Group is currently focusing its attention on a number of operational and financial objectives, including: (1) growing free cash flow per share as it believes that it has the ability to drive that growth, first through synergy achievement, and then through ongoing efficiencies and profitable revenue growth over the long term; (2) continuing growth in adjusted EBITDA; (3) strong free cashflow generation; (4) achieving the expected operating expense and capital cost savings; (5) investing in the products, services and customer experience platforms necessary to meet the connectivity and managed services needs of the business market; (6) focusing on customers' needs and improving overall customer experience; (7) concentrating its capital expenditures on those technologies and assets that enable the Group to increase its Core Network Services revenue; and (8) managing the Wholesale Voice Services for margin contribution.

#### **Review of the business**

The Company made a profit of DKK 999k during the year (2018: DKK 913k). The Company continues to trade in the same market segments as in prior years, with a competitive telecommunications market limiting the Company's ability to significantly increase revenues or margins.

### **Ownership**

The Company is a wholly owned subsidiary of Level 3 International Services, Inc., a company registered in the United States of America. The results of the Company are consolidated, into CenturyLink, Inc., whose group financial statements can be obtained from Investor Relations, 100 CenturyLink Drive, Monroe, Louisiana, 71203, United States of America.

## **ACCOUNTING POLICIES**

The Annual Report has been prepared in accordance with the provisions of the Danish Financial Statements Act governing reporting class B.

The accounting policies applied for this Annual Report are consistent with those applied last year.

### General provisions in recognition and measurement

Assets are recognised in the Balance sheet when it is probable that future economic benefits will flow to the Company, and the value of the assets can be measured reliably.

Liabilities are recognised in the Balance sheet when the Company has a legal or constructive obligation as a result of a prior event, and it is probable that future economic benefits will flow out of the Company, and the value of the liabilities can be measured reliably.

On initial recognition assets and liabilities are measured at cost. Measurement subsequent to initial recognition is effected as described below for each item.

Anticipated risks and losses that arise before the time of presentation of the Annual Report and that confirm or invalidate affairs and conditions existing at the Balance sheet date are considered at recognition and measurement.

Income is recognised in the Income statement when earned and costs are recognised by the amounts attributable to this financial year. Valuation adjustments to financial assets or liabilities are recorded in the Income statement as financial income or financial expenses.

### Foreign currency translation

On initial recognition, foreign currency transactions are translated applying the exchange rate at the transaction date. Receivables, payables and other monetary items denominated in foreign currencies that have not been settled at the Balance sheet date are translated using the exchange rate at the Balance sheet date. Exchange differences that arise between the rate at the transaction date and the one in effect at the payment date, or the rate at the Balance sheet date, are recognised in the Income statement as financial income or financial expenses. Fixed assets purchased in foreign currencies are translated using historical rates.

### **Income statement**

#### Revenue

Revenue from the provision of services is recognised in the Income statement when delivery is made and risk has passed to the buyer. Revenue is recognised net of VAT, duties and sales discounts.

### **Administrative expenses**

Administrative expenses comprise expenses incurred for management and administration of the Company, including expenses for the staff and management and office supplies.

### ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

### **Income statement (continued)**

### Financial income and expenses

These items comprise interest income and expenses, the interest portion of finance lease payments, realised and unrealised capital gains and losses on payables and transactions in foreign currencies, and cash discounts, etc.

#### **Income taxes**

Tax for the year, which consists of current tax for the year and changes in deferred tax, is recognised in the Income statement by the portion attributable to the profit for the year.

The current tax payable or receivable is recognised in the Balance sheet, stated as tax calculated on this year's taxable income, adjusted for prepaid tax.

Deferred tax is recognised and measured applying the liability method on all temporary differences between the carrying amount and tax-based value of assets and liabilities. The tax-based value of the assets is calculated based on the planned use of each asset.

Deferred tax assets, including the tax base of tax loss carry forwards, are recognised in the Balance sheet at their estimated realisable value.

#### **Balance sheet**

## Property, plant and equipment

Network as well as other fixtures and fittings, tools and equipment are measured at cost less accumulated depreciation and impairment losses.

Cost comprises the acquisition price, costs directly attributable to the acquisition, and preparation costs of the asset until the time when it is ready to be put into operation. For assets held under finance lease, cost is the lower of the asset's fair value and the present value of future lease payments.

Interest expenses on loans for financing the manufacture of property, plant and equipment are included in cost if they relate to the manufacturing period. All other financing costs are recognised in the Income statement.

The basis of depreciation is cost less estimated residual value after the end of useful life. Straight-line depreciation is made on the basis of the following estimated useful lives of the assets:

Network facility and leasehold improvements 2-50 years Other fixtures, fittings, tools and equipment 3-7 years

Land is not depreciated. Property, plant and equipment are written down to the lower of recoverable amount and carrying amount.

### ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

## **Balance sheet (continued)**

### **Property, plant and equipment (continued)**

Profits and losses from the sale of property, plant and equipment are calculated as the difference between selling price less selling costs and carrying amount at the time of sale. Profits and losses are recognised in the Income statement together with depreciation and impairment losses or under other operating income if the selling price exceeds original cost.

#### **Receivables**

Receivables are measured at amortised cost, usually equalling nominal value, less provisions for any bad debts.

#### **Prepayments**

Prepayments comprise incurred costs relating to subsequent financial years. Prepayments are measured at amortised cost, which usually corresponds to the nominal value.

### **Equity**

Dividends are recognised as a liability at the time of adoption at the general meeting. The proposed dividends for the financial year are disclosed as a separate item under equity.

#### **Lease commitments**

Lease commitments relating to assets held under finance leases are recognised in the Balance sheet as liabilities other than provisions, and are measured at amortised cost after initial recognition. The interest portion of lease payments is recognised over the term of the contracts as financial costs in the Income statement.

#### **Financial liabilities**

At the time of borrowing, financial liabilities are measured at the proceeds received less transaction costs incurred, and subsequently measured at amortised cost, corresponding to the capitalised value using the effective interest method.

#### Other provisions

Other provisions are recognised and measured as the best estimate of the expenses required to settle the liabilities at the Balance sheet date. Any provisions estimated to mature more than one year after the Balance sheet date would be discounted at the average bond yields.

#### Other financial liabilities

Other financial liabilities are recognised at amortised cost, which usually corresponds to nominal value.

#### **Deferred** income

Deferred income comprises received income for recognition in subsequent financial years. Deferred income is measured at amortised cost, which usually corresponds to nominal value.

# **INCOME STATEMENT**

	<u>Notes</u>	2019 <u>DKK'000</u>	2018 <u>DKK'000</u>
Third-party revenue	2	5.726	6.443
Intercompany service revenue	2	24.350	24.631
Total revenue		30.076	31.074
Network expenses		(17.286)	(17.386)
Gross profit	_	12.790	13.688
Administrative expenses		(2.457)	(3.347)
Profit from ordinary activities	_	10.333	10.341
Depreciation and amortisation	6	(8.281)	(8.811)
Other financial income	4	-	394
Other financial expense	4	(923)	(771)
Net financial expense	_	(923)	(377)
Profit before tax	_	1.129	1.153
Tax (charge)/credit on profit	5	(130)	(240)
Profit for the year	_	999	913
	_	_	

# **BALANCE SHEET**

	<u>Notes</u>	2019 <u>DKK'000</u>	2018 <u>DKK'000</u>
Land	6	83	83
Network facility and leasehold improvements	6	38.424	24.923
Property, plant and equipment	_	38.507	25.006
Deposits		87	46
Deferred tax	5	3.808	3.938
Financial fixed assets	_	3.895	3.984
Fixed assets	_	42.402	28.990
Trade receivables		1.681	1.238
Receivables due from affiliated entities	7	10.611	8.394
Other receivables		660	887
Prepayments	8	2.496	1.716
Short-term receivables		15.448	12.235
Cash		264	38
Current assets		15.712	12.273
Assets	_	58.114	41.263

# **BALANCE SHEET (CONTINUED)**

	<u>Notes</u>	2019 <u>DKK'000</u>	2018 DKK'000
Share capital	9	310	310
Retained earnings		14.629	13.630
Equity	_	14.939	13.940
Lease liability	10	9.604	11.407
Deferred income		990	249
Long-term liabilities	_	10.594	11.656
Trade payables		3.609	1.703
Payable due to affiliated entities	7	17.665	7.380
Other payables	11	7.705	4.162
Deferred income		1.242	657
Lease liability	10	2.360	1.765
Short-term liabilities	<u> </u>	32.581	15.667
Liabilities		43.175	27.323
Equity and liabilities		58.114	41.263
Lease liability	10		
Contractual obligations	12		
Contingent liabilities	13		
Ownership	14		
Related parties	15		
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# **EQUITY STATEMENT**

	Share Capital <u>DKK'000</u>	Retained Earnings <u>DKK'000</u>	Total DKK'000
Equity at 31 December 2017	310	12.717	13.027
Profit for the year	-	913	913
Equity at 31 December 2018	310	13.630	13.940
Profit for the year	-	999	999
Equity at 31 December 2019	310	14.629	14.939

### **NOTES**

### 1. Principal activity

The principal activity of CenturyLink Communications Denmark ApS ("the Company") is the provision of national and international telecommunications services.

The Company is a member of the CenturyLink Group of Companies ("the Group" or "CenturyLink").

#### 2. Total revenue

The Group's international network consists of telecommunications services provided by CenturyLink entities operating in different jurisdictions to form a single combined and integrated world-wide telecommunications network. The Company is in the business of providing telecommunications services in its country of operation as part of the Group's international network.

The Company entered into the Intercompany Telecommunications Services Agreement with effect from 1 January 2013 ("ITSA"). The agreement centralises the administrative functions relating to intercompany telecommunications services in CenturyLink Communications PEC Services Europe Limited ("PEC SEL"), a CenturyLink entity incorporated in Ireland. The ITSA also details the terms upon which the Company procures or sells telecommunications services with other members of the Group.

### 3. Average number of employees

	2019	2018
Average number of employees	5	5

No member of the Executive Board of Directors received remuneration from the Company during the year.

### 4. Net financial expense

	2019 DKK'000	2018 DKK'000
Other financial income:		
Foreign exchange gains	<u> </u>	394
	-	394
Other financial expenses:		
Interest payable on capital lease and other	(497)	(526)
Interest payable to affiliated entities	(27)	(245)
Foreign exchange losses	(399)	- -
	(923)	(771)
Total net financial expense	(923)	(377)

# NOTES (CONTINUED)

# 5. Tax credit/charge

During the financial year, the Company did not make any payments with regards to income taxes.

At 31 December 2019, the Company has recognised a deferred tax asset of DKK 3.803k (2018: DKK 3.938k) in respect of tax depreciation possibilities on fixed assets.

## 6. Property, plant and equipment

		Network facility and leasehold improveme	Other fixtures, fittings, tools &	
	Land DKK'000	nts DKK'000	equipment DKK'000	Total DKK'000
Cost at 1 January 2019 Additions	459 	511.896 21.782	5.001	517.356 21.782
Cost at 31 December 2019	459	532.678	5.001	538.138
Accumulated depreciation at 1 January 2019	376	486.973	5.001	492.350
Depreciation Depreciation		8.281		8.281
Accumulated depreciation at 31 December 2019	376	495.254	5.001	500.631
Net carrying amount at 31 December 2019	83	37.424		37.507
Net carrying amount at 31 December 2018	83	24.923		25.006

# NOTES (CONTINUED)

# 7. Balances due from/(to) affiliated entities

Datanees due n'oni (co) annucea environ	2019 DKK'000	2018 DKK'000
CenturyLink Communications PEC Services Europe Limited	10.153	7.623
CenturyLink Communications Europe Limited	-	567
Other	458	204
Short-term receivables due from affiliated companies	10.611	8.394
CenturyLink Communications UK Limited	(9.875)	(2.416)
Level 3 Holdings B.V.	(5.094)	(2.372)
Level 3 International Services, Inc.	(2.562)	(2.562)
Other	(134)	(30)
Short-term payables due to affiliated companies	(17.665)	(7.380)

# 8. Prepayments

	2019 DKK'000	2018 DKK'000
Duct and dark fibres	-	-
Prepaid netex	646	384
Prepaid leases	1.338	1.236
Other	512	96
	2.496	1.716

# 9. Share capital

The share capital consists of 3.100 shares at DKK 100. The shares are not divided into classes.

# **NOTES (CONTINUED)**

## 10. Lease liability

CenturyLink Communications Denmark ApS and Level 3 Communications AB entered into a "Supply and Services Agreement" with "Oresundbro Konsortiet" regarding the supply of optical fibre cables and the provision of operation and maintenance services. The "Oresundbro Konsortiet" will in the period of the contract (25 years) own the portion of the cable system installed on the "coast to coast" fixed link. The Company acquired the cable system on an indefeasible right of use basis during the term of the agreement (25 years) and obtained operation and maintenance services from the "Oresundbro Konsortiet". In accordance with the agreement the fee of DKK 51.558k is being paid over the term of the contract. The net debt owing as of December 31, 2019 was DKK 11.964k of which DKK 2.360k falls due for payment in 2020.

	2019 DKK'000	2018 DKK'000
Expiration: Short-term lease liability	2.360	1.765
Between 1 and 5 years After 5 years	7.589 2.015	7.424 3.983
Long-term lease liability	9.604	11.407
Total lease liability	11.964	13.172

### 11. Other payables

	2019 DKK'000	2018 DKK'000
Wages, salaries and social security	642	552
Holiday pay obligation	158	158
Accrued rent	5.582	2.788
Other costs payable	1.323	664
Total other payables	7.705	4.162

### 12. Contractual obligations

Annual commitments under non-cancellable operating leases and rental agreements are as follows:

	2019 DKK'000	2018 DKK'000
Expiration:		
Within 1 year	2.223	2.115
Between 2 and 5 years	9.867	9.281
After 5 years	165	3.646
	12.255	15.042

## **NOTES (CONTINUED)**

### 13. Contingent liabilities

There are no contingent liabilities to disclose in the financial statements.

### 14. Ownership

The following immediate shareholders hold more than 5% of the Company's share capital:

Level 3 International Services, Inc., 1209 Orange Street, Wilmington, Delaware 19801, United States of America.

### 15. Related parties

Related parties with a controlling interest in CenturyLink Communications Denmark ApS:

Level 3 International Services, Inc., 1209 Orange Street, Wilmington, Delaware 19801, United States of America.

Transactions between other affiliated entities and CenturyLink Communications Denmark ApS in 2019:

During the year, the Company did not sell to, purchase goods from or incur financial expenses from either its immediate parent, Level 3 International Services, Inc., or from other affiliated entities, unless otherwise disclosed elsewhere in these financial statements.

#### 16. Consolidation

The ultimate parent company is CenturyLink, Inc., a company registered in the United States of America. The results of the Company are consolidated, into CenturyLink, Inc., whose accounts can be obtained from Investor Relations, 100 CenturyLink Drive, Monroe, Louisiana, 71203, United States of America.