



## Airtec Danmark A/S

Hvedemarken 21  
7620 Lemvig  
CVR No. 21212687

## Annual report 01.07.2022 - 30.06.2023

The Annual General Meeting adopted the annual  
report on 31.08.2023

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**Svend Rahbek Christensen**  
Chairman of the General Meeting

# Contents

Entity details	2
Statement by Management	3
Independent auditor's extended review report	4
Management commentary	6
Income statement for 2022/23	7
Balance sheet at 30.06.2023	8
Statement of changes in equity for 2022/23	10
Notes	11
Accounting policies	14

# Entity details

## Entity

Airtec Danmark A/S  
Hvedemarken 21  
7620 Lemvig

Business Registration No.: 21212687  
Registered office: Lemvig  
Financial year: 01.07.2022 - 30.06.2023

## Board of Directors

Svend Rahbek Christensen  
Dennis Møller Christensen  
Bo Rahbek

## Executive Board

Bo Rahbek

## Auditors

Deloitte Statsautoriseret Revisionspartnerselskab  
Østre Havnepromenade 26, 4th floor  
9000 Aalborg

# Statement by Management

The Board of Directors and the Executive Board have today considered and approved the annual report of Airtec Danmark A/S for the financial year 01.07.2022 - 30.06.2023.

The annual report is presented in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act.

In our opinion, the financial statements give a true and fair view of the Entity's financial position at 30.06.2023 and of the results of its operations for the financial year 01.07.2022 - 30.06.2023.

We believe that the management commentary contains a fair review of the affairs and conditions referred to therein.

We recommend the annual report for adoption at the Annual General Meeting.

Lemvig, 31.08.2023

## Executive Board

**Bo Rahbek**

## Board of Directors

**Svend Rahbek Christensen**

**Dennis Møller Christensen**

**Bo Rahbek**

# Independent auditor's extended review report

To the shareholders of Airtec Danmark A/S

## Conclusion

We have performed an extended review of the financial statements of Airtec Danmark A/S for the financial year 01.07.2022 - 30.06.2023, which comprise the income statement, balance sheet, statement of changes in equity and notes, including a summary of significant accounting policies. The financial statements are prepared in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act.

Based on our extended review, in our opinion, the financial statements give a true and fair view of the Entity's financial position at 30.06.2023 and of the results of its operations for the financial year 01.07.2022 - 30.06.2023 in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act.

## Basis for conclusion

We conducted our extended review in accordance with the assurance engagement standard for small enterprises as issued by the Danish Business Authority and the standard on extended review of financial statements prepared in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act as issued by FSR - Danish Auditors. Our responsibilities under those standards and requirements are further described in the "Auditor's responsibilities for the extended review of the financial statements" section. We are independent of the Entity in accordance with the International Ethics Standards Board for Accountants' International Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants (IESBA Code) and the additional ethical requirements applicable in Denmark, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements and the IESBA Code. We believe that the evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our conclusion.

## Management's responsibilities for the financial statements

Management is responsible for the preparation of financial statements that give a true and fair view in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act, and for such internal control as Management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, Management is responsible for assessing the Entity's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern, and using the going concern basis of accounting unless Management either intends to liquidate the Entity or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

## Auditor's responsibilities for the extended review of the financial statements

Our responsibility is to express a conclusion on the financial statements. This requires that we plan and perform procedures to obtain limited assurance about our conclusion on the financial statements and that we also perform specifically required supplementary procedures for the purpose of obtaining additional assurance about our conclusion.

An extended review consists of making inquiries, primarily of Management and, if appropriate, of other entity

personnel, performing analytical and the specifically required supplementary procedures as well as evaluating the evidence obtained.

The procedures performed in an extended review are less in scope than in an audit, and accordingly we do not express an audit opinion on the financial statements.

#### **Statement on the management commentary**

Management is responsible for the management commentary.

Our conclusion on the financial statements does not cover the management commentary, and we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our extended review of the financial statements our responsibility is to read the management commentary and, in doing so, consider whether the management commentary is materially inconsistent with the financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the extended review or otherwise appears to be materially misstated.

Moreover, it is our responsibility to consider whether the management commentary provides the information required under the Danish Financial Statements Act.

Based on the work we have performed, we conclude that the management commentary is in accordance with financial statements and has been prepared in accordance with the requirements of the Danish Financial Statements Act. We did not identify any material misstatement of the management commentary.

Aalborg, 31.08.2023

#### **Deloitte**

Statsautoriseret Revisionspartnerselskab  
CVR No. 33963556

#### **Jakob Olesen**

State Authorised Public Accountant  
Identification No (MNE) mne34492

# Management commentary

## Primary activities

The company's main activity is development, production, installation and servicing of air humidifications systems

## Development in activities and finances

The company has generated a profit of 1.934 t.dkk. The company's Equity constitutes 5.658 t.dkk of the balance sheet per 30.06.2023

## Events after the balance sheet date

No events have occurred after the balance sheet date to this date, which would influence the evaluation of this annual report.

# Income statement for 2022/23

	Notes	2022/23 DKK	2021/22 DKK
<b>Gross profit/loss</b>		<b>10,012,726</b>	<b>11,057,049</b>
Staff costs	1	(7,060,340)	(7,506,217)
Depreciation, amortisation and impairment losses	2	(390,720)	(348,470)
<b>Operating profit/loss</b>		<b>2,561,666</b>	<b>3,202,362</b>
Other financial income		9,912	5,278
Other financial expenses	3	(47,427)	(3,654)
<b>Profit/loss before tax</b>		<b>2,524,151</b>	<b>3,203,986</b>
Tax on profit/loss for the year	4	(590,316)	(687,525)
<b>Profit/loss for the year</b>		<b>1,933,835</b>	<b>2,516,461</b>
<b>Proposed distribution of profit and loss</b>			
Ordinary dividend for the financial year		2,000,000	2,000,000
Retained earnings		(66,165)	516,461
<b>Proposed distribution of profit and loss</b>		<b>1,933,835</b>	<b>2,516,461</b>



# Balance sheet at 30.06.2023

## Assets

	Notes	2022/23 DKK	2021/22 DKK
Other fixtures and fittings, tools and equipment		837,990	815,250
Leasehold improvements		38,870	51,346
<b>Property, plant and equipment</b>	5	<b>876,860</b>	<b>866,596</b>
<b>Fixed assets</b>		<b>876,860</b>	<b>866,596</b>
Raw materials and consumables		4,728,198	4,629,170
<b>Inventories</b>		<b>4,728,198</b>	<b>4,629,170</b>
Trade receivables		2,404,394	1,605,339
Receivables from group enterprises		59,643	34,684
Other receivables		98,118	201,605
Prepayments		207,669	189,536
<b>Receivables</b>		<b>2,769,824</b>	<b>2,031,164</b>
<b>Cash</b>		<b>1,024,958</b>	<b>2,085,367</b>
<b>Current assets</b>		<b>8,522,980</b>	<b>8,745,701</b>
<b>Assets</b>		<b>9,399,840</b>	<b>9,612,297</b>

**Equity and liabilities**

	<b>Notes</b>	<b>2022/23</b> <b>DKK</b>	<b>2021/22</b> <b>DKK</b>
Contributed capital		500,000	500,000
Retained earnings		3,157,920	3,224,085
Proposed dividend		2,000,000	2,000,000
<b>Equity</b>		<b>5,657,920</b>	<b>5,724,085</b>
Deferred tax		145,900	143,900
<b>Provisions</b>		<b>145,900</b>	<b>143,900</b>
Other payables		0	165,894
<b>Non-current liabilities other than provisions</b>		<b>0</b>	<b>165,894</b>
Prepayments received from customers		350,517	460,813
Trade payables		1,116,697	1,173,026
Income tax payable		51,665	12,383
Joint taxation contribution payable		486,536	561,830
Other payables	6	1,590,605	1,370,366
<b>Current liabilities other than provisions</b>		<b>3,596,020</b>	<b>3,578,418</b>
<b>Liabilities other than provisions</b>		<b>3,596,020</b>	<b>3,744,312</b>
<b>Equity and liabilities</b>		<b>9,399,840</b>	<b>9,612,297</b>
Unrecognised rental and lease commitments	7		
Contingent liabilities	8		
Assets charged and collateral	9		

# Statement of changes in equity for 2022/23

	<b>Contributed capital DKK</b>	<b>Retained earnings DKK</b>	<b>Proposed dividend DKK</b>	<b>Total DKK</b>
Equity beginning of year	500,000	3,224,085	2,000,000	5,724,085
Ordinary dividend paid	0	0	(2,000,000)	(2,000,000)
Profit/loss for the year	0	(66,165)	2,000,000	1,933,835
<b>Equity end of year</b>	<b>500,000</b>	<b>3,157,920</b>	<b>2,000,000</b>	<b>5,657,920</b>

# Notes

## 1 Staff costs

	<b>2022/23</b>	<b>2021/22</b>
	<b>DKK</b>	<b>DKK</b>
Wages and salaries	6,302,566	6,683,529
Pension costs	387,648	442,738
Other social security costs	370,126	379,950
	<b>7,060,340</b>	<b>7,506,217</b>
Average number of full-time employees	<b>12</b>	<b>13</b>

## 2 Depreciation, amortisation and impairment losses

	<b>2022/23</b>	<b>2021/22</b>
	<b>DKK</b>	<b>DKK</b>
Depreciation of property, plant and equipment	390,720	348,470
	<b>390,720</b>	<b>348,470</b>

## 3 Other financial expenses

	<b>2022/23</b>	<b>2021/22</b>
	<b>DKK</b>	<b>DKK</b>
Financial expenses from group enterprises	44,438	0
Other interest expenses	212	184
Interest regarding tax paid on account	123	0
Other financial expenses	2,654	3,470
	<b>47,427</b>	<b>3,654</b>

## 4 Tax on profit/loss for the year

	<b>2022/23</b>	<b>2021/22</b>
	<b>DKK</b>	<b>DKK</b>
Current tax	560,312	635,486
Change in deferred tax	2,000	38,300
Adjustment concerning previous years	28,004	13,739
	<b>590,316</b>	<b>687,525</b>

## 5 Property, plant and equipment

	<b>Other fixtures and fittings, tools and equipment DKK</b>	<b>Leasehold improvements DKK</b>
Cost beginning of year	3,335,679	188,346
Additions	403,154	0
Disposals	(133,691)	0
<b>Cost end of year</b>	<b>3,605,142</b>	<b>188,346</b>
Depreciation and impairment losses beginning of year	(2,520,429)	(137,000)
Depreciation for the year	(378,244)	(12,476)
Reversal regarding disposals	131,521	0
<b>Depreciation and impairment losses end of year</b>	<b>(2,767,152)</b>	<b>(149,476)</b>
<b>Carrying amount end of year</b>	<b>837,990</b>	<b>38,870</b>

## 6 Other payables

	<b>2022/23 DKK</b>	<b>2021/22 DKK</b>
VAT and duties	177,426	0
Wages and salaries, personal income taxes, social security costs, etc. payable	689,357	792,034
Holiday pay obligation	492,565	269,073
Other costs payable	231,257	309,259
	<b>1,590,605</b>	<b>1,370,366</b>

## 7 Unrecognised rental and lease commitments

	<b>2022/23 DKK</b>	<b>2021/22 DKK</b>
Liabilities under rental or lease agreements until maturity in total	<b>720,843</b>	<b>240,128</b>

**8 Contingent liabilities**

The Entity participates in a Danish joint taxation arrangement where BR-Invest ApS serves as the administration company. According to the joint taxation provisions of the Danish Corporation Tax Act, the Entity is therefore liable for income taxes etc. for the jointly taxed entities, and for obligations, if any, relating to the withholding of tax on interest, royalties and dividend for the jointly taxed entities. The jointly taxed entities' total known net liability under the joint taxation arrangement is disclosed in the administration company's financial statements.

**9 Assets charged and collateral**

None.

# Accounting policies

## Reporting class

This annual report has been presented in accordance with the provisions of the Danish Financial Statements Act governing reporting class B enterprises with addition of a few provisions for reporting class C.

The accounting policies applied to these financial statements are consistent with those applied last year.

## Recognition and measurement

Assets are recognised in the balance sheet when it is probable as a result of a prior event that future economic benefits will flow to the Entity, and the value of the asset can be measured reliably.

Liabilities are recognised in the balance sheet when the Entity has a legal or constructive obligation as a result of a prior event, and it is probable that future economic benefits will flow out of the Entity, and the value of the liability can be measured reliably.

On initial recognition, assets and liabilities are measured at cost. Measurement subsequent to initial recognition is effected as described below for each financial statement item.

Anticipated risks and losses that arise before the time of presentation of the annual report and that confirm or invalidate affairs and conditions existing at the balance sheet date are considered at recognition and measurement.

Income is recognised in the income statement when earned, whereas costs are recognised by the amounts attributable to this financial year.

## Income statement

### Gross profit or loss

Gross profit or loss comprises revenue, changes in inventories of finished goods and work in progress, own work capitalised, other operating income, cost of raw materials and consumables and external expenses.

### Revenue

Revenue from the sale of manufactured goods and goods for resale is recognised in the income statement when delivery is made and risk has passed to the buyer. Revenue from the sale of services is recognised in the income statement when delivery is made to the buyer. Revenue is recognised net of VAT, duties and sales discounts and is measured at fair value of the consideration fixed.

### Other operating income

Other operating income comprises income of a secondary nature as viewed in relation to the Entity's primary activities.

### Cost of sales

Cost of sales comprises goods consumed in the financial year measured at cost, adjusted for ordinary inventory writedowns.

**Other external expenses**

Other external expenses include expenses relating to the Entity's ordinary activities, including expenses for premises, stationery and office supplies, marketing costs, etc. This item also includes writedowns of receivables recognised in current assets.

**Staff costs**

Staff costs comprise salaries and wages, and social security contributions, pension contributions, etc. for entity staff.

**Depreciation, amortisation and impairment losses**

Depreciation, amortisation and impairment losses relating to property, plant and equipment comprise depreciation, amortisation and impairment losses for the financial year, and gains and losses from the sale of property, plant and equipment.

**Other financial income**

Other financial income comprises interest income, including interest income on receivables from group enterprises, net capital or exchange gains on securities, payables and transactions in foreign currencies, amortisation of financial assets, and tax relief under the Danish Tax Prepayment Scheme etc.

**Other financial expenses**

Other financial expenses comprise interest expenses, including interest expenses on payables to group enterprises, net capital or exchange losses on securities, payables and transactions in foreign currencies, amortisation of financial liabilities, and tax surcharge under the Danish Tax Prepayment Scheme etc.

**Tax on profit/loss for the year**

Tax for the year, which consists of current tax for the year and changes in deferred tax, is recognised in the income statement by the portion attributable to the profit for the year and recognised directly in equity by the portion attributable to entries directly in equity.

The Entity is jointly taxed with all Danish group enterprises. The current Danish income tax is allocated among the jointly taxed entities proportionally to their taxable income (full allocation with a refund concerning tax losses).



## Balance sheet

### Property, plant and equipment

Other fixtures and fittings, tools and equipment are measured at cost less accumulated depreciation and impairment losses.

Cost comprises the acquisition price, costs directly attributable to the acquisition and preparation costs of the asset until the time when it is ready to be put into operation.

The basis of depreciation is cost less estimated residual value after the end of useful life. Straight-line depreciation is made on the basis of the following estimated useful lives of the assets:

	<b>Useful life</b>
Other fixtures and fittings, tools and equipment	2-7 years
Leasehold improvements	8 years

For leasehold improvements and assets subject to finance leases, the depreciation period cannot exceed the contract period.

Estimated useful lives and residual values are reassessed annually.

Items of property, plant and equipment are written down to the lower of recoverable amount and carrying amount.

### Inventories

Inventories are measured at the lower of cost using the FIFO method and net realisable value.

Cost consists of purchase price plus delivery costs. Cost of manufactured goods and work in progress consists of costs of raw materials, consumables, direct labour costs and indirect production costs.

The net realisable value of inventories is calculated as the estimated selling price less completion costs and costs incurred to execute sale.

### Receivables

Receivables are measured at amortised cost, usually equalling nominal value less writedowns for bad and doubtful debts.

### Prepayments

Prepayments comprise incurred costs relating to subsequent financial years. Prepayments are measured at cost.

### Cash

Cash comprises cash in hand and bank deposits.

### Dividend

Dividend is recognised as a liability at the time of adoption at the general meeting. Proposed dividend for the financial year is disclosed as a separate item in equity. Extraordinary dividend adopted in the financial year is recognised directly in equity when distributed and disclosed as a separate item in Management's proposal for distribution of profit/loss.

**Deferred tax**

Deferred tax is recognised on all temporary differences between the carrying amount and the tax-based value of assets and liabilities, for which the tax-based value is calculated based on the planned use of each asset.

Deferred tax assets, including the tax base of tax loss carryforwards, are recognised in the balance sheet at their estimated realisable value, either as a set-off against deferred tax liabilities or as net tax assets.

**Operating leases**

Lease payments on operating leases are recognised on a straight-line basis in the income statement over the term of the lease.

**Other financial liabilities**

Other financial liabilities are measured at amortised cost, which usually corresponds to nominal value.

**Prepayments received from customers**

Prepayments received from customers comprise amounts received from customers prior to delivery of the goods agreed or completion of the service agreed.

**Tax receivable or payable**

Current tax receivable or payable is recognised in the balance sheet, stated as tax computed on this year's taxable income, adjusted for prepaid tax.

**Joint taxation contributions payable or receivable**

Current joint taxation contributions receivable or joint taxation contributions payable are recognised in the balance sheet, calculated as tax computed on the taxable income of the year, which has been adjusted for prepaid tax. For tax losses, joint taxation contributions receivable are only recognised if such losses are expected to be used under the joint taxation arrangement.