
Maricogen A/S

Hadsundvej 17, DK-9550 Mariager

Annual Report for 2023

CVR No. 20 68 33 41

The Annual Report was
presented and adopted
at the Annual General
Meeting of the
company
on 26/6 2024

Nikki Gyldenløve
Kousgaard
Chairman of the
general meeting



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Management's statement

The Executive Board and Board of Directors have today considered and adopted the Annual Report of Maricogen A/S for the financial year 1 January - 31 December 2023.

The Annual Report is prepared in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act.

In our opinion the Financial Statements give a true and fair view of the financial position at 31 December 2023 of the Company and of the results of the Company operations for 2023.

We recommend that the Annual Report be adopted at the Annual General Meeting.

Mariager, 26 June 2024

Executive Board

Søren Møller
CEO

Manager

Board of Directors

Philipp Rolf Gotthelf Polenz
Chairman

Nikki Gyldenløve Kousgaard

Achim Ernst Hupperts

Independent Auditor's report

To the shareholder of Maricogen A/S

Opinion

In our opinion, the Financial Statements give a true and fair view of the financial position of the Company at 31 December 2023 and of the results of the Company's operations for the financial year 1 January - 31 December 2023 in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act.

We have audited the Financial Statements of Maricogen A/S for the financial year 1 January - 31 December 2023, which comprise income statement, balance sheet, statement of changes in equity and notes, including a summary of significant accounting policies ("the Financial Statements").

Basis for Opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing (ISAs) and the additional requirements applicable in Denmark. Our responsibilities under those standards and requirements are further described in the "Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the Financial Statements" section of our report. We are independent of the Company in accordance with the International Ethics Standards Board for Accountants' International Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants (IESBA Code) and the additional ethical requirements applicable in Denmark, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements and the IESBA Code. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Management's responsibilities for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation of financial statements that give a true and fair view in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act, and for such internal control as Management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the Financial Statements, Management is responsible for assessing the Company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting in preparing the Financial Statements unless Management either intends to liquidate the Company or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the Financial Statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs and the additional requirements applicable in Denmark will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these Financial Statements.

As part of an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs and the additional requirements applicable in Denmark, we exercise professional judgement and maintain professional scepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the Financial Statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Company's internal control.

Independent Auditor's report

- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by Management.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of Management's use of the going concern basis of accounting in preparing the Financial Statements and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Company's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the Financial Statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Company to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and contents of the Financial Statements, including the disclosures, and whether the Financial Statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that gives a true and fair view.

We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

Aalborg, 26 June 2024

PricewaterhouseCoopers

Statsautoriseret Revisionspartnerselskab

CVR No 33 77 12 31

Claus Dalager

State Authorised Public Accountant

mne26745

Kristian Kjær Jensen

State Authorised Public Accountant

mne35627

Company information

The Company	Maricogen A/S Hadsundvej 17 9550 Mariager CVR No: 20 68 33 41 Financial period: 1 January - 31 December Municipality of reg. office: Mariagerfjord
Board of Directors	Philipp Rolf Gotthelf Polenz, chairman Nikki Gyldenløve Kousgaard Achim Ernst Hupperts
Executive Board	Søren Møller
Auditors	PricewaterhouseCoopers Statsautoriseret Revisionspartnerselskab Skelagervej 1A DK-9000 Aalborg

Income statement 1 January - 31 December

	Note	2023	2022
		DKK	DKK
Gross profit		5,088,120	27,176,086
Administrative expenses		-121,868	-59,860
Profit/loss before financial income and expenses		4,966,252	27,116,226
Financial income		342,422	0
Financial expenses		-10	-614
Profit/loss before tax		5,308,664	27,115,612
Tax on profit/loss for the year	3	-1,165,530	-6,069,412
Net profit/loss for the year		4,143,134	21,046,200
 Distribution of profit			
		2023	2022
		DKK	DKK
Proposed distribution of profit			
Retained earnings		4,143,134	21,046,200
		4,143,134	21,046,200

Balance sheet 31 December

Assets

	Note	2023	2022
		DKK	DKK
Land and buildings		129,343	905,402
Other fixtures and fittings, tools and equipment		755,781	1,150,102
Property, plant and equipment	4	885,124	2,055,504
Fixed assets		885,124	2,055,504
Raw materials and consumables		766,114	753,031
Inventories		766,114	753,031
Receivables from group enterprises		49,044,288	122,250,462
Other receivables		503,102	463,206
Deferred tax asset		113,986	0
Corporation tax receivable from group enterprises		2,677,526	34,565
Receivables		52,338,902	122,748,233
Cash at bank and in hand		56,792,023	2,769,539
Current assets		109,897,039	126,270,803
Assets		110,782,163	128,326,307

Balance sheet 31 December

Liabilities and equity

	Note	2023	2022
		DKK	DKK
Share capital		500,000	500,000
Retained earnings		91,499,859	87,356,725
Equity		91,999,859	87,856,725
Provision for deferred tax		0	168,537
Provisions		0	168,537
Trade payables		13,312,230	23,531,792
Payables to group enterprises		170,587	159,312
Other payables		5,299,487	16,609,941
Short-term debt		18,782,304	40,301,045
Debt		18,782,304	40,301,045
Liabilities and equity		110,782,163	128,326,307
Key activities	1		
Staff	2		
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Statement of changes in equity

	Share capital	Retained earnings	Total
	DKK	DKK	DKK
Equity at 1 January	500,000	87,356,725	87,856,725
Net profit/loss for the year	0	4,143,134	4,143,134
Equity at 31 December	500,000	91,499,859	91,999,859

Notes to the Financial Statements

1. Key activities

The objective of the partnership is to generate electricity and heating through the construction and operation of a natural-gas-fires industrial cogeneration plant.

2. Staff

Average number of employees

2023	2022
0	0

No personnel were employed with the company during the financial year

3. Income tax expense

Current tax for the year

Deferred tax for the year

Adjustment of tax concerning previous years

2023	2022
DKK	DKK
1,322,464	6,091,448
-282,523	0
125,589	-22,036
1,165,530	6,069,412

4. Property, plant and equipment

Cost at 1 January

Cost at 31 December

Impairment losses and depreciation at 1 January

Depreciation for the year

Impairment losses and depreciation at 31 December

Carrying amount at 31 December

Amortised over

Land and buildings	Other fixtures and fittings, tools and equipment
DKK	DKK
19,073,525	134,240,935
19,073,525	134,240,935
18,168,123	133,090,833
776,059	394,321
18,944,182	133,485,154
129,343	755,781
25 years	10 years

Notes to the Financial Statements

5. Contingent assets, liabilities and other financial obligations

Other contingent liabilities

The group companies are jointly and severally liable for tax on the jointly taxed incomes etc of the Group. The total amount of corporation tax payable is disclosed in the Annual Report of Dansk Salt A/S, which is the management company of the joint taxation purposes. Moreover, the group companies are jointly and severally liable for Danish withholding taxes by way of dividend tax, tax on royalty payments and tax on unearned income. Any subsequent adjustments of corporation taxes and withholding taxes may increase the Company's liability.

6. Related parties and disclosure of consolidated financial statements

Consolidated Financial Statements

The following shareholders own more than 5% of the share capital:

<u>Name</u>	<u>Place of registered office</u>
Dansk Salt A/S	Mariager

Maricogen A/S is consolidated into the accounts for Nouryon Coöperatief U.A., The Netherlands. The consolidated accounts for Nouryon Coöperatief U.A. can be downloaded from their website.

Notes to the Financial Statements

7. Accounting policies

The Annual Report of Maricogen A/S for 2023 has been prepared in accordance with the provisions of the Danish Financial Statements Act applying to enterprises of reporting class B as well as selected rules applying to reporting class C.

The Financial Statements for 2023 are presented in DKK.

Recognition and measurement

Revenues are recognised in the income statement as earned. Furthermore, value adjustments of financial assets and liabilities measured at fair value or amortised cost are recognised. Moreover, all expenses incurred to achieve the earnings for the year are recognised in the income statement, including depreciation, amortisation, impairment losses and provisions as well as reversals due to changed accounting estimates of amounts that have previously been recognised in the income statement.

Assets are recognised in the balance sheet when it is probable that future economic benefits attributable to the asset will flow to the Company, and the value of the asset can be measured reliably.

Liabilities are recognised in the balance sheet when it is probable that future economic benefits will flow out of the Company, and the value of the liability can be measured reliably.

Assets and liabilities are initially measured at cost. Subsequently, assets and liabilities are measured as described for each item below.

Translation policies

Transactions in foreign currencies are translated at the exchange rates at the dates of transaction. Gains and losses arising due to differences between the transaction date rates and the rates at the dates of payment are recognised in financial income and expenses in the income statement.

Receivables, payables and other monetary items in foreign currencies that have not been settled at the balance sheet date are translated at the exchange rates at the balance sheet date. Any differences between the exchange rates at the balance sheet date and the rates at the time when the receivable or the debt arose are recognised in financial income and expenses in the income statement.

Fixed assets acquired in foreign currencies are measured at the transaction date rates.

Income statement

Revenue

Revenue from the sale of goods is recognised when the risks and rewards relating to the goods sold have been transferred to the purchaser, the revenue can be measured reliably and it is probable that the economic benefits relating to the sale will flow to the Company.

Production expenses

Production expenses comprise costs incurred to achieve revenue for the year. Cost comprises raw materials, consumables and indirect production costs such as maintenance and depreciation, etc, as well as operation, administration and management of factories.

Gross profit

With reference to section 32 of the Danish Financial Statements Act, gross profit/loss is calculated as a summary of revenue, production expenses and other operating income.

Notes to the Financial Statements

Administrative expenses

Administrative expenses comprise expenses for Management, administrative staff, office expenses, depreciation, etc.

Other operating income and expenses

Other operating income and other operating expenses comprise items of a secondary nature to the main activities of the Company, including gains and losses on the sale of intangible assets and property, plant and equipment.

Financial income and expenses

Financial income and expenses are recognised in the income statement at the amounts relating to the financial year.

Tax on profit/loss for the year

Tax for the year consists of current tax for the year and changes in deferred tax for the year. The tax attributable to the profit for the year is recognised in the income statement, whereas the tax attributable to equity transactions is recognised directly in equity.

The Company is jointly taxed with Dansk Salt A/S. The tax effect of the joint taxation is allocated to enterprises in proportion to their taxable incomes.

Balance sheet

Property, plant and equipment

Property, plant and equipment are measured at cost less accumulated depreciation and less any accumulated impairment losses.

Cost comprises the cost of acquisition and expenses directly related to the acquisition up until the time when the asset is ready for use.

Interest expenses on loans contracted directly for financing the construction of property, plant and equipment are recognised in cost over the construction period.

Depreciation based on cost reduced by any residual value is calculated on a straight-line basis over the expected useful lives of the assets, which are:

Production buildings	25 years
Other fixtures and fittings, tools and equipment	10 years

The fixed assets' residual values are determined at nil.

Depreciation period and residual value are reassessed annually.

Assets costing less than DKK 32.000 are expensed in the year of acquisition.

Impairment of fixed assets

The carrying amounts of property, plant and equipment and investments are reviewed on an annual basis to determine whether there is any indication of impairment other than that expressed by depreciation.

If so, the asset is written down to its lower recoverable amount.

Inventories

Inventories are measured at the lower of cost under the FIFO method and net realisable value.

Notes to the Financial Statements

The net realisable value of inventories is calculated at the amount expected to be generated by sale of the inventories in the process of normal operations with deduction of selling expenses and costs of completion. The net realisable value is determined allowing for marketability, obsolescence and development in expected selling price.

The cost of goods for resale, raw materials and consumables equals landed cost.

The cost of finished goods and work in progress comprises the cost of raw materials, consumables and direct labour.

Receivables

Receivables are measured in the balance sheet at the lower of amortised cost and net realisable value, which corresponds to nominal value less provisions for bad debts.

Deferred tax assets and liabilities

Deferred income tax is measured using the balance sheet liability method in respect of temporary differences arising between the tax bases of assets and liabilities and their carrying amounts for financial reporting purposes on the basis of the intended use of the asset and settlement of the liability, respectively.

Deferred tax assets are measured at the value at which the asset is expected to be realised, either by elimination in tax on future earnings or by set-off against deferred tax liabilities within the same legal tax entity.

Deferred tax is measured on the basis of the tax rules and tax rates that will be effective under the legislation at the balance sheet date when the deferred tax is expected to crystallise as current tax. Any changes in deferred tax due to changes to tax rates are recognised in the income statement or in equity if the deferred tax relates to items recognised in equity.

Current tax receivables and liabilities

Current tax liabilities and receivables are recognised in the balance sheet as the expected taxable income for the year adjusted for tax on taxable incomes for prior years and tax paid on account. Extra payments and repayment under the on-account taxation scheme are recognised in the income statement in financial income and expenses.

Financial liabilities

Debts are measured at amortised cost, substantially corresponding to nominal value.

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Achim Ernst Hupperts

Bestyrelsesmedlem

On behalf of: Maricogen A/S

Serial number: achim.hupperts@nobian.com

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2024-06-26 14:34:51 UTC

Nikki Gyldenløve Kousgaard

Bestyrelsesmedlem

On behalf of: Maricogen A/S

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2024-06-27 04:15:32 UTC



Søren Møller

Adm. direktør

On behalf of: Maricogen A/S

Serial number: 19d052fd-48d9-4250-85b0-81c70711273b

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2024-06-27 08:28:09 UTC



Philipp Rolf Gotthelf Polenz

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On behalf of: Maricogen A/S

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Kristian Kjær Jensen

PRICEWATERHOUSECOOPERS STATS AUTORISERET

REVISIONSPARTNERSELSKAB CVR: 33771231

Statsautoriseret revisor

On behalf of: PricewaterhouseCoopers Statsautoriseret...

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Claus Dalager

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