

## Bisnode D&B Danmark A/S

Gyngemose Parkvej 50, 8, DK-2860 Søborg CVR no. 20 29 30 98

Annual report for 2021

Adopted at the annual general meeting on 28 June 2022

Mark Bennett Harder chairman





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#### Statement by management on the annual report

The supervisory board and executive board have today discussed and approved the annual report of Bisnode D&B Danmark A/S for the financial year 1 January - 31 December 2021.

The annual report is prepared in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act.

In our opinion, the financial statements give a true and fair view of the company's financial position at 31 December 2021 and of the results of the company's operations for the financial year 1 January - 31 December 2021.

In our opinion, management's review includes a fair review of the matters dealt with in the management's review.

Management recommends that the annual report should be approved by the company in general meeting.

Copenhagen, 28 June 2022

**Executive board** 

Plan

Petrus Johannes Verduin



Mark Leendert Willem Moret chairman

Amy Kyla Abbott

Petrus Johannes Verduin





Independent auditor's report

## To the shareholder of Bisnode D&B Danmark A/S

#### Opinion

We have audited the financial statements of Bisnode D&B Danmark A/S for the financial year 1 January -31 December 2021, which comprise a summary of significant accounting policies, income statement, balance sheet, statement of changes in equity and notes. The financial statements are prepared under the Danish Financial Statements Act.

In our opinion, the financial statements give a true and fair view of the Company's financial position at 31 December 2021 and of the results of the Company's operations for the financial year 1 January - 31 December 2021 in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act.

#### **Basis for Opinion**

We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing (ISAs) and the additional requirements applicable in Denmark. Our responsibilities under those standards and requirements are further described in the "Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements" section of our report.

We are independent of the Company in accordance with the International Ethics Standards Board for Accountants' Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants (IESBA Code) and the additional requirements applicable in Denmark, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements and IESBA Code.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

#### Management's responsibility for the financial statements

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Management is responsible for the preparation of financial statements, that give a true and fair view in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act and for such internal control as Management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of the financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, Management is responsible for assessing the Company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting in preparing the financial statements unless Management either intends to liquidate the Company or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.





#### Independent auditor's report

#### Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs and the additional requirements in Denmark will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements may arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

As part of an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs and the additional requirements applicable in Denmark, we exercise professional judgement and maintain professional scepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the company financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Company's internal control.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by Management.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of Management's use of the going concern basis of accounting in preparing the financial statements and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Company's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Company to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and contents of the financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that gives a true and fair view.





Independent auditor's report

We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

#### Statement on management's review

Management is responsible for Management's review.

Our opinion on the financial statements does not cover Management's review, and we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the financial statements, our responsibility is to read Management's review and, in doing so, consider whether Management's review is materially inconsistent with the financial statements or our knowledge obtained during the audit, or otherwise appears to be materially misstated.

Moreover, it is our responsibility to consider whether Management's review provides the information required under the Danish Financial Statements Act.

Based on the work we have performed, we conclude that Management's review is in accordance with the financial statements and has been prepared in accordance with the requirements of the Danish Financial Statements Act. We did not identify any material misstatement of Management's review.

Copenhagen, 28 June 2022

KPMG P/S CVR no. 25 57 81 98

Kim Schmidt State Authorised Public Accountant MNE no. mne34552

In P. For

State Authorised Public Accountant MNE no. mne16467



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## Company details

The company	Bisnode D&B Danmark A/S Gyngemose Parkvej 50, 8 DK-2860 Søborg	
	CVR no.:	20 29 30 98
	Reporting period:	1 January - 31 December 2021
	Domicile:	Søborg
Supervisory board	Mark Leendert Willem Moret, chairman Amy Kyla Abbott Petrus Johannes Verduin	
Executive board	Petrus Johannes Verduin	
Auditors	KPMG P/S Dampfærgevej 28 DK-2100 Copenhagen	
Consolidated financial statements	The company is included in the group annual report of: Bisnode Business Information Group AB 169 93 Solna Sweden	





Management's review

#### **Business review**

The company's main activity involves doing business within collecting, processing and sale of information and other related business activities.

#### **Financial review**

The company's income statement for the year ended 31 December 2021 shows a profit of DKK 8.182.582, and the balance sheet at 31 December 2021 shows equity of DKK 15.195.262.

2021 has been yet a year with the COVID-19 pandemic. We have kept following the authorities' guidelines and taken precautions to prevent spread. We have a strong product portfolio, which has not been affected by COVID-19 and it has therefore not affected the 2021 result.

2021 has been a transformation year integrating to Dun & Bradstreet, after the acquisition effective from 8th of January 2021. It has strengthened our product portfolio and streamlined our internal processes. Integration will continue in 2022.

#### Significant events occurring after the end of the financial year

There have been no subsequent events expecting to affect the business going forward.



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8.182.582

3.386.424

### Income statement 1 January 2021 - 31 December 2021

	Note	2021	2020
		DKK	DKK
Gross profit		10.341.227	4.534.342
Financial income		415.380	253.021
Financial expenses	2	-266.117	-445.795
Profit/loss before tax		10.490.490	4.341.568
Tax on profit/loss for the year	3	-2.307.908	-955.144
Profit/loss for the year		8.182.582	3.386.424
Distribution of profit			
Proposed dividend for the year		0	3.000.000
Retained earnings		8.182.582	386.424





### Balance sheet at 31 December 2021

	Note	2021 DKK	2020 DKK
Assets			
Trade receivables		20.969.575	13.397.226
Receivables from group entities	4	58.539.368	43.094.708
Other receivables		113.122	2.485.314
Deferred tax asset		3.359	2.585
Corporation tax		0	77.132
Receivables		79.625.424	59.056.965
Total current assets		79.625.424	59.056.965
Total assets		79.625.424	59.056.965





### Balance sheet at 31 December 2021

	Note	2021 DKK	<u>2020</u> DКК
Equity and liabilities			
Share capital		510.000	510.000
Retained earnings		14.685.262	6.502.680
Proposed dividend for the year		0	3.000.000
Equity		15.195.262	10.012.680
Payables to group entities		34.090.319	30.457.492
Corporation tax		2.308.682	0
Other payables		2.817.639	1.780.279
Deferred income		25.213.522	16.806.514
Total current liabilities		64.430.162	49.044.285
Total liabilities		64.430.162	49.044.285
Total equity and liabilities		79.625.424	59.056.965
Staff costs	1		
Contingent liabilities	5		





## Statement of changes in equity

	Share capital	Retained earnings	Proposed dividend for the year	Total
Equity at 1 January 2021	510.000	6.502.680	3.000.000	10.012.680
Ordinary dividend paid	0	0	-3.000.000	-3.000.000
Net profit/loss for the year	0	8.182.582	0	8.182.582
Equity at 31 December 2021	510.000	14.685.262	0	15.195.262





#### Notes

		2021	2020
1	Staff costs		
	Average number of employees	0	0
		2021	2020
			DKK
2	Financial expenses		
	Financial expenses, group entities	74.594	63.265
	Other financial costs	0	35.212
	Exchange loss	191.523	347.318
		266.117	445.795
3	Tax on profit/loss for the year		
	Current tax for the year	2.308.682	922.868
	Deferred tax for the year	-774	32.276
		2.307.908	955.144
4	Receivables from group entities		
	Trade receivables	443.323	1.117.917
	Cashpool	58.096.045	41.976.791
		58.539.368	43.094.708

#### 5 **Contingent liabilities**

The company is jointly taxed with the group entities and is jointly and severally liable with other jointly taxed group entities for payment of income taxes as well as witholding taxes on interest.





Accounting policies

The annual report of Bisnode D&B Danmark A/S for 2021 has been prepared in accordance with the provisions of the Danish Financial Statements Act applying to enterprises of reporting class B, as well as provisions applying to reporting class C entities.

The accounting policies applied are consistent with those of last year.

The annual report for 2021 is presented in DKK.

#### **Basis of recognition and measurement**

Income is recognised in the income statement as earned, including value adjustments of financial assets and liabilities. All expenses, including amortisation, depreciation and impairment losses, are also recognised in the income statement.

Assets are recognised in the balance sheet when it is probable that future economic benefits will flow to the company and the value of the asset can be measured reliably.

Liabilities are recognised in the balance sheet when it is probable that future economic benefits will flow from the company and the value of the liability can be measured reliably.

On initial recognition, assets and liabilities are measured at cost. On subsequent recognition, assets and liabilities are measured as described below for each individual accounting item.

Certain financial assets and liabilities are measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method. Amortised cost is calculated as the historic cost less any installments and plus/less the accumulated amortisation of the difference between the cost and the nominal amount.

On recognition and measurement, allowance is made for predictable losses and risks which occur before the annual report is presented and which confirm or invalidate matters existing at the balance sheet date.

#### **Income statement**

#### **Gross profit**

In pursuance of section 32 of the Danish Financial Statements Act, the company does not disclose its revenue.

Gross profit reflects an aggregation of revenue and other operating income less consumables and other external expenses.



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#### Accounting policies

#### Revenue

Income from the sale of goods for resale and finished goods is recognised in the income statement, provided that the transfer of risk, usually on delivery to the buyer, has taken place and that the income can be measured reliably and is expected to be received.

Subscription contracts are considered delivered continuing over the subscription period. Subscription contracts include access to databases and other electronic information.

Revenue is measured at fair value of the agreed consideration excluding VAT and taxes charged on behalf of third parties. Revenue is net of all types of discounts granted.

#### Consumables

Consumables comprise costs used in generating the year's revenue.

#### Other external expenses

Other external expenses include expenses related to distribution, sale, advertising, administration, premises, bad debts, payments under operating leases, etc.

#### **Financial income and expenses**

Financial income and expenses are recognised in the income statement at the amounts that relate to the financial year. Net financials include interest income and expenses, financial expenses relating to finance leases, realised and unrealised capital/exchange gains and losses on securities, liabilities and foreign currency transactions, amortisation of financial assets and liabilities and surcharges and allowances under the Danish Tax Prepayment Scheme, etc.

#### Tax on profit/loss for the year

Tax for the year, which comprises the current tax charge for the year and changes in the deferred tax charge, is recognised in the income statement as regards the portion that relates to the profit/loss for the year and directly in equity as regards the portion that relates to entries directly in equity.

#### **Balance sheet**

#### **Receivables**

Receivables are measured at amortised cost.

An impairment loss is recognised if there is objective evidence that a receivable or a group of receivables is impaired. If there is objective evidence that an individual receivable is impaired, an impairment loss for that individual asset is recognised.





#### Accounting policies

#### Income tax and deferred tax

Current tax liabilities and current tax receivables are recognised in the balance sheet as the estimated tax on the taxable income for the year, adjusted for tax on the taxable income for previous years and tax paid on account.

Deferred tax is measured according to the liability method in respect of temporary differences between the carrying amount of assets and liabilities and their tax base, calculated on the basis of the planned use of the asset and settlement of the liability, respectively. Deferred tax is measured at net realisable value.

Deferred tax assets, including the tax base of tax losses allowed for carry forward, are measured at the value to which the asset is expected to be realised, either as a set-off against tax on future income or as a set-off against deferred tax liabilities within the same legal tax entity. Any deferred net tax assets are measured at net realisable value.

#### Liabilities

Liabilities, which include trade payables, payables to group entities and other payables, are measured at amortised cost, which is usually equivalent to nominal value.

#### **Deferred income**

Deferred income recognised under 'Current liabilities' comprises payments received concerning income in subsequent financial years.

#### Foreign currency translation

On initial recognition, foreign currency transactions are translated applying the exchange rate at the transaction date. Foreign exchange differences arising between the exchange rates at the transaction date and at the date of payment are recognised in the income statement as financial income or financial expenses. If foreign currency instruments are considered cash flow hedges, any unrealised value adjustments are taken directly to a fair value reserve under 'Equity'.



# Verification

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## Document

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## Signing parties

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