

Bisnode D&B Danmark A/S

Gyngemose Parkvej 50, 8, DK-2860 Søborg

CVR no. 20 29 30 98

Annual report for 2019

Adopted at the annual general meeting on 8 July 2020

Mark Bennett Harder chairman





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Statement by management on the annual report

The supervisory and executive boards have today discussed and approved the annual report of Bisnode D&B Danmark A/S for the financial year 1 January - 31 December 2019.

The annual report is prepared in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act.

In our opinion, the financial statements give a true and fair view of the company's financial position at 31 December 2019 and of the results of the company's operations for the financial year 1 January - 31 December 2019.

In our opinion, management's review includes a fair review of the matters dealt with in the management's review.

Management recommends that the annual report should be approved by the company in general meeting.

rolle

Copenhagen, 8 July 2020

Executive board

Fri Ivar Wallin

Tommy Wahlberg chairman

Eric Ivar Wallin

Mark Bennett Harder





Independent auditor's report

To the shareholder of Bisnode D&B Danmark A/S Opinion

We have audited the financial statements of Bisnode D&B Danmark A/S for the financial year 1 January - 31 December 2019, which comprise income statement, balance sheet, statement of changes in equity, notes and summary of significant accounting policies. The financial statements are prepared under the Danish Financial Statements Act.

In our opinion, the financial statements give a true and fair view of the company's financial position at 31 December 2019 and of the results of the company's operations for the financial year 1 January - 31 December 2019 in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act.

Basis for Opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing (ISAs) and the additional requirements applicable in Denmark. Our responsibilities under those standards and requirements are further described in the Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements" section of our report. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Independence

We are independent of the company in accordance with the International Ethics Standards Board for Accountants' Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants (IESBA Code) and the additional requirements applicable in Denmark, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements.

Management's responsibilities for the financial statements

Management is responsible for the preparation of financial statements, that give a true and fair view in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act and for such internal control as management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of the financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is responsible for assessing the company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting in preparing the financial statements unless management either intends to liquidate the company or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.



Independent auditor's report

Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs and the additional requirements applicable in Denmark will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

As part of an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs and the additional requirements applicable in Denmark, we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the company's internal control.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by management.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of management's use of the going concern basis of accounting in preparing the financial statements and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the company's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the company to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and contents of the financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that gives a true and fair view.



Independent auditor's report

We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

Statement on management's review

Management is responsible for management's review.

Our opinion on the financial statements does not cover management's review, and we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the financial statements, our responsibility is to read management's review and, in doing so, consider whether management's review is materially inconsistent with the financial statements or our knowledge obtained during the audit, or otherwise appears to be materially misstated.

Moreover, it is our responsibility to consider whether management's review provides the information required under the Danish Financial Statements Act.

Based on the work we have performed, we conclude that management's review is in accordance with the financial statements and has been prepared in accordance with the requirements of the Danish Financial Statements Act. We did not identify any material misstatement of management's review.

Copenhagen, 8 July 2020

EY Godkendt Revisionspartnerselskab

CVR no. 30_70 02.28

Ole Hedemann State Authorised Public Accountant

MNE no. 14949

Anders Flymer-Dindler State Authorised Public Accountant

OH Flor-Am

MNE no. 35423



Company details

The company Bisnode D&B Danmark A/S

Gyngemose Parkvej 50, 8

DK-2860 Søborg

20 29 30 98 CVR no.:

Reporting period: 1 January - 31 December 2019

Domicile: Søborg

Supervisory board Tommy Wahlberg, chairman

> Eric Ivar Wallin Mark Bennett Harder

Executive board Eric Ivar Wallin

Auditors EY Godkendt Revisionspartnerselskab

c/o Postboks 250, Dirch Passers Allé 36

DK-2000 Frederiksberg

Consolidated financial

statements

The company is included in the group annual report of: Bisnode Business Information Group AB, 169 93 Solna,

Sweden



Management's review

Business review

The company's main activity involves doing business within collecting, processing and sale of information and other related business activities.

Financial review

The company's income statement for the year ended 31 December 2019 shows a profit of DKK 2.882.554, and the balance sheet at 31 December 2019 shows equity of DKK 9.126.256.

Significant events occurring after the end of the financial year

After year end the COVID-19 pandemic has hit Europe, resulting in many countries shutting down to prevent the spread. Bisnode D&B Denmark's product portfolio is strong, and some products experience higher demand in situations like this. COVID-19 is expected to have no or low impacts on the 2020 result. Bisnode has taken preliminary cautions to be ready if COVID-19 develop.



Income statement 1 January - 31 December

	Note	2019 DKK	2018 DKK
		DICK	DKK
Gross profit		3.764.433	6.257.962
Financial income	2	217.025	243.255
Financial expenses		-286.023	-383.793
Profit/loss before tax		3.695.435	6.117.424
Tax on profit/loss for the year	3	-812.881	-1.349.723
Profit/loss for the year		2.882.554	4.767.701
Distribution of profit			
Proposed dividend for the year		2.500.000	5.000.000
Retained earnings		382.554	-232.299
		2.882.554	4.767.701



Balance sheet 31 December

	Note	2019 DKK	2018 DKK
Assets			
Trade receivables		10.766.596	7.584.290
Receivables from group entities		28.688.532	20.859.259
Other receivables		2.099.646	1.383.938
Deferred tax asset		34.861	32.836
Receivables		41.589.635	29.860.323
Total current assets		41.589.635	29.860.323
Total assets		41.589.635	29.860.323

Contingent liabilities



Balance sheet 31 December

	Note	2019 DKK	2018 DKK
Equity and liabilities			
Share capital Retained earnings Proposed dividend for the year		510.000 6.116.256 2.500.000	510.000 5.733.702 5.000.000
Equity		9.126.256	11.243.702
Trade payables Payables to group entities Corporation tax Other payables Deferred income		657.178 14.914.943 815.021 1.601.235 14.475.002	538.449 4.004.936 1.368.854 2.763.266 9.941.116
Total current liabilities		32.463.379	18.616.621
Total liabilities		32.463.379	18.616.621
Total equity and liabilities		41.589.635	29.860.323

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Statement of changes in equity

	Share capital	Retained earnings	Proposed dividend for the year	Total
Equity at 1 January 2019	510.000	5.733.702	5.000.000	11.243.702
Ordinary dividend paid	0	0	-5.000.000	-5.000.000
Net profit/loss for the year	0	382.554	2.500.000	2.882.554
Equity at 31 December 2019	510.000	6.116.256	2.500.000	9.126.256



Notes

1	Staff costs	2019 DKK	2018 DKK
_	Average number of employees	0	0
2	Financial income		
_		14 201	4 104
	Financial income, group entities	14.201	4.194
	Exchange gains	202.824	239.061
		217.025	243.255
3	Tax on profit/loss for the year		
	Current tax for the year	815.021	1.368.854
	Deferred tax for the year	-2.025	-23.020
	Adjustment of tax concerning previous years	-115	3.889
		812.881	1.349.723



Notes

4 Contingent liabilities

Other contingent liabilities

The company is jointly taxed with the group entities and is jointly and severally liable with other jointly taxed group entities for payment of income taxes as well as witholding taxes on interest.



Accounting policies

The annual report of Bisnode D&B Danmark A/S for 2019 has been prepared in accordance with the provisions of the Danish Financial Statements Act concerning reporting class B entities as well as selected provisions as regards larger entities.

The accounting policies applied are consistent with those of last year.

The annual report for 2019 is presented in DKK.

Basis of recognition and measurement

Income is recognised in the income statement as earned, including value adjustments of financial assets and liabilities. All expenses, including amortisation, depreciation and impairment losses, are also recognised in the income statement.

Assets are recognised in the balance sheet when it is probable that future economic benefits will flow to the company and the value of the asset can be measured reliably.

Liabilities are recognised in the balance sheet when it is probable that future economic benefits will flow from the company and the value of the liability can be measured reliably.

On initial recognition, assets and liabilities are measured at cost. On subsequent recognition, assets and liabilities are measured as described below for each individual accounting item.

Certain financial assets and liabilities are measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method. Amortised cost is calculated as the historic cost less any installments and plus/less the accumulated amortisation of the difference between the cost and the nominal amount.

On recognition and measurement, allowance is made for predictable losses and risks which occur before the annual report is presented and which confirm or invalidate matters existing at the balance sheet date.

Income statement

Gross profit

In pursuance of section 32 of the Danish Financial Statements Act, the company does not disclose its revenue.

Gross profit reflects an aggregation of revenue and other operating income less consumables and other external expenses.





Accounting policies

Revenue

Income from the sale of goods for resale and finished goods is recognised in the income statement, provided that the transfer of risk, usually on delivery to the buyer, has taken place and that the income can be measured reliably and is expected to be received.

Subscription contracts are considered delivered continuing over the subscription period. Subscription contracts include access to databases and other electronic information.

Revenue is measured at fair value of the agreed consideration excluding VAT and taxes charged on behalf of third parties. Revenue is net of all types of discounts granted.

Consumables

Consumables comprise costs used in generating the year's revenue.

Other external expenses

Other external expenses include expenses related to distribution, sale, advertising, administration, premises, bad debts, payments under operating leases, etc.

Financial income and expenses

Financial income and expenses are recognised in the income statement at the amounts relating to the financial year. Net financials include interest income and expenses, financial expenses relating to finance leases, realised and unrealised capital/exchange gains and losses on securities and foreign currency transactions, amortisation of mortgage loans and surcharges and allowances under the advance-payment-of-tax scheme, etc.

Tax on profit/loss for the year

Tax for the year, which comprises the current tax charge for the year and changes in the deferred tax charge, is recognised in the income statement as regards the portion that relates to the profit/loss for the year and directly in equity as regards the portion that relates to entries directly in equity.

Balance sheet

Receivables

Receivables are measured at amortised cost.

An impairment loss is recognised if there is objective evidence that a receivable or a group of receivables is impaired. If there is objective evidence that an individual receivable is impaired, an impairment loss for that individual asset is recognised.



Accounting policies

Equity

Dividends

Proposed dividends are disclosed as a separate item under equity. Dividends are recognised as a liability when declared by the annual general meeting of shareholders.

Income tax and deferred tax

Current tax liabilities and current tax receivables are recognised in the balance sheet as the estimated tax on the taxable income for the year, adjusted for tax on the taxable income for previous years and tax paid on account.

Deferred tax is measured according to the liability method in respect of temporary differences between the carrying amount of assets and liabilities and their tax base, calculated on the basis of the planned use of the asset and settlement of the liability, respectively.

Liabilities

Liabilities, which include trade payables, payables to group entities and other payables, are measured at amortised cost, which is usually equivalent to nominal value.

Deferred income

Deferred income recognised under 'Current liabilities' comprises payments received concerning income in subsequent financial years.

Foreign currency translation

On initial recognition, foreign currency transactions are translated applying the exchange rate at the transaction date. Foreign exchange differences arising between the exchange rates at the transaction date and at the date of payment are recognised in the income statement as financial income or financial expenses. If foreign currency transactions are considered cash flow hedges, the value adjustments are taken directly to equity.

Verification

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