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SinoScan Group A/S

Kongensgade 58C, 2.1 5000 Odense C Central Business Registration No 20243384

Annual report 2016

Chairman of the General Meeting	·
Name: Flemming Hønnerup Nielsen	

The Annual General Meeting adopted the annual report on 18.04.2017

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Entity details

Entity

SinoScan Group A/S Kongensgade 58C, 2.1 5000 Odense C

Central Business Registration No: 20243384

Registered in: Odense

Financial year: 01.01.2016 - 31.12.2016

Board of Directors

Uffe Gyntzel Esther Hyldgaard Flemming Hønnerup Nielsen

Executive Board

Flemming Hønnerup Nielsen Bjarke Adamczyk Pedersen

Auditors

Deloitte Statsautoriseret Revisionspartnerselskab Tværkajen 5 Postboks 10 5100 Odense C

Statement by Management on the annual report

The Board of Directors and the Executive Board have today considered and approved the annual report of SinoScan Group A/S for the financial year 01.01.2016 - 31.12.2016.

The annual report is presented in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act.

In our opinion, the financial statements give a true and fair view of the Entity's financial position at 31.12.2016 and of the results of its operations and cash flows for the financial year 01.01.2016 - 31.12.2016.

We believe that the management commentary contains a fair review of the affairs and conditions referred to therein.

We recommend the annual report for adoption at the Annual General Meeting.

Odense, 11.04.2017

Executive Board

Flemming Hønnerup Nielsen Bjarke Adamczyk Pedersen

Board of Directors

Uffe Gyntzel Esther Hyldgaard Flemming Hønnerup Nielsen

Independent auditor's report

To the shareholders of SinoScan Group A/S Opinion

We have audited the consolidated financial statements and the parent financial statements of SinoScan Group A/S for the financial year 01.01.2016 - 31.12.2016, which comprise the income statement, balance sheet, statement of changes in equity and notes, including a summary of significant accounting policies, for the Group as well as the Parent, and the consolidated cash flow statement. The consolidated financial statements and the parent financial statements are prepared in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act.

In our opinion, the consolidated financial statements and the parent financial statements give a true and fair view of the Group's and the Parent's financial position at 31.12.2016, and of the results of their operations and the consolidated cash flows for the financial year 01.01.2016 - 31.12.2016 in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act.

Basis for opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing (ISAs) and the additional requirements applicable in Denmark. Our responsibilities under those standards and requirements are further described in the Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the consolidated financial statements and the parent financial statements section of this auditor's report. We are independent of the Group in accordance with the International Ethics Standards Board of Accountants' Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants (IESBA Code) and the additional requirements applicable in Denmark, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Management's responsibilities for the consolidated financial statements and the parent financial statements

Management is responsible for the preparation of consolidated financial statements and parent financial statements that give a true and fair view in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act, and for such internal control as Management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of consolidated financial statements and parent financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the consolidated financial statements and the parent financial statements, Management is responsible for assessing the Group's and the Entity's ability to continue as a going concern, for disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern, and for using the going concern basis of accounting in preparing the consolidated financial statements and the parent financial statements unless Management either intends to liquidate the Group or the Entity or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the consolidated financial statements and the parent financial statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the consolidated financial statements and the parent financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs and the additional requirements applicable in Denmark will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements

Independent auditor's report

can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these consolidated financial statements and parent financial statements.

As part of an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs and the additional requirements applicable in Denmark, we exercise professional judgement and maintain professional scepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the consolidated financial statements and the parent financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures
 that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the
 effectiveness of the Group's and the Entity's internal control.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by Management.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of Management's use of the going concern basis of accounting in preparing the consolidated financial statements and the parent financial statements, and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Group's and the Entity's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the consolidated financial statements and the parent financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Group and the Entity to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the consolidated financial statements and the parent financial statements, including the disclosures in the notes, and whether the consolidated financial statements and the parent financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that gives a true and fair view.
- Obtain sufficient appropriate audit evidence regarding the financial information of the entities or business activities within the Group to express an opinion on the consolidated financial statements. We are
 responsible for the direction, supervision and performance of the group audit. We remain solely responsible for our audit opinion.

We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

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Independent auditor's report

Statement on the management commentary

Management is responsible for the management commentary.

Our opinion on the consolidated financial statements and the parent financial statements does not cover the management commentary, and we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the consolidated financial statements and the parent financial statements, our responsibility is to read the management commentary and, in doing so, consider whether the management commentary is materially inconsistent with the consolidated financial statements and the parent financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated.

Moreover, it is our responsibility to consider whether the management commentary provides the information required under the Danish Financial Statements Act.

Based on the work we have performed, we conclude that the management commentary is in accordance with the consolidated financial statements and the parent financial statements and has been prepared in accordance with the requirements of the Danish Financial Statements Act. We did not identify any material misstatement of the management commentary.

Odense, 11.04.2017

Deloitte

Statsautoriseret Revisionspartnerselskab Central Business Registration No: 33963556

Johnny Bækholm State Authorised Public Accountant

Management commentary

	2016 DKK'000	2015 DKK'000	2014 DKK'000	2013 DKK'000	2012 DKK'000
Financial highlights					
Key figures					
Gross profit	27.467	22.151	23.860	17.772	19.346
Operating profit/loss	4.591	(1.069)	5.406	1.070	4.560
Net financials	(340)	367	1.017	(381)	(481)
Profit/loss for the year	2.709	(1.053)	5.015	360	3.376
Total assets	48.454	46.232	57.707	41.524	40.437
Investments in property, plant and equipment	1.005	1.523	99	340	792
Equity incl minority interests	13.621	12.756	13.831	13.005	15.877
Ratios					
Return on equity (%)	20,5	(7,9)	37,4	2,5	25,1
Equity ratio (%)	28,1	27,6	24,0	31,3	39,3

Financial highlights are defined and calculated in accordance with "Recommendations & Ratios 2010" issued by the Danish Society of Financial Analysts.

Ra	tios	

Return on equity (%)

Equity ratio (%)

Calculation formula

 $\frac{\text{Profit/loss for the year x 100}}{\text{Average equity incl minority interests}}$

Equity incl minority interests x 100 Total assets

Ratios

The entity's return on capital invested in the entity by the owners.

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The financial strength of the entity.

Management commentary

Primary activities

The object of the Entity is to explore new markets and set up new subsidiaries, hold investments in and support existing subsidiaries.

Development in activities and finances

The company's development and profit is satisfactory, and following the 5-year plan for growing the sales and the profit.

The heavy investment in sales- and marketing activities in 2015 and 2016 has resulted in a 10% growth of sales and an improved profit.

Outlook

The investment in sales-and marketing activities will continue in 2017, and we are estimating a 30% growth in sales and a considerable growth in profit.

Particular risks

Trading with foreign countries include transactions and positions in foreign currency. In addition, possible trade barriers (especially into USA from China) is a risk for 2017. It is the opinion, that there are no other risks than can affect the earnings or financial position, apart from those that may appear and are common within the business areas of the Group.

Events after the balance sheet date

No events have occurred after the balance sheet date to this date which would influence the evaluation of this annual report.

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Consolidated income statement for 2016

	Notes	2016 DKK	2015 DKK'000
Gross profit		27.466.775	22.151
Staff costs	1	(22.394.701)	(22.935)
Depreciation, amortisation and impairment losses	2	(481.116)	(285)
Operating profit/loss		4.590.958	(1.069)
Other financial income		333.070	1.046
Other financial expenses		(672.797)	(679)
Profit/loss before tax		4.251.231	(702)
Tax on profit/loss for the year	3	(1.542.204)	(351)
Profit/loss for the year	4	2.709.027	(1.053)

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Consolidated balance sheet at 31.12.2016

	Notes	2016 DKK	2015 DKK'000
Acquired licences		157.811	189
Intangible assets	5	157.811	189
Other fixtures and fittings, tools and equipment		1.297.081	1.983
Leasehold improvements	_	1.178.247	0
Property, plant and equipment	6	2.475.328	1.983
Fixed assets	<u>-</u>	2.633.139	2.172
Raw materials and consumables		4.601.665	3.068
Manufactured goods and goods for resale		17.795.949	20.454
Prepayments for goods		127.000	0
Inventories	- -	22.524.614	23.522
Trade receivables		14.370.353	13.160
Deferred tax		318.791	386
Other receivables		2.309.948	3.035
Prepayments	<u>-</u>	394.175	875
Receivables	-	17.393.267	17.456
Cash	-	5.903.169	3.082
Current assets	-	45.821.050	44.060
Assets	-	48.454.189	46.232

Consolidated balance sheet at 31.12.2016

	Notes	2016 DKK	2015 DKK'000
Contributed capital		500.000	500
Retained earnings		7.079.211	7.164
Equity attributable to the Parent's owners		7.579.211	7.664
Share of equity attributable to minority interests	5	6.041.856	5.092
Equity		13.621.067	12.756
Bank loans		8.121.809	8.851
Prepayments received from customers		944.796	738
Trade payables		11.647.617	8.949
Income tax payable		132.050	29
Other payables		13.986.850	14.909
Current liabilities other than provisions		34.833.122	33.476
Liabilities other than provisions		34.833.122	33.476
Equity and liabilities		48.454.189	46.232
Unrecognised rental and lease commitments	8		
Mortgages and securities	9		
Subsidiaries	10		

Consolidated statement of changes in equity for 2016

	Contributed capital DKK	Retained earnings DKK	Share of equity attributable to minority interests	Total DKK
Equity beginning of year	500.000	7.163.916	5.091.561	12.755.477
Ordinary dividend paid	0	0	(1.000.000)	(1.000.000)
Exchange rate adjustments	0	(433.604)	(212.522)	(646.126)
Other equity postings	0	(131.541)	(65.770)	(197.311)
Profit/loss for the year	0	480.440	2.228.587	2.709.027
Equity end of year	500.000	7.079.211	6.041.856	13.621.067

Consolidated cash flow statement for 2016

	Notes	2016 DKK	2015 DKK'000
Operating profit/loss		4.590.958	(1.069)
Amortisation, depreciation and impairment losses		481.116	285
Working capital changes	7	2.976.897	(2.688)
Other adjustments		(723.657)	1.187
Cash flow from ordinary operating activities		7.325.314	(2.285)
Financial income received		333.070	1.046
Financial income paid		(672.797)	(679)
Income taxes refunded/(paid)		(1.303.801)	(1.390)
Cash flows from operating activities		5.681.786	(3.308)
Acquisition etc of intangible assets		(5.035)	(5)
Acquisition etc of property, plant and equipment		(1.004.610)	(1.523)
Sale of property, plant and equipment		0	41
Cash flows from investing activities		(1.009.645)	(1.487)
Dividend paid		(1.000.000)	(1.300)
Cash flows from financing activities		(1.000.000)	(1.300)
Increase/decrease in cash and cash equivalents		3.672.141	(6.095)
Cash and cash equivalents beginning of year		(5.770.485)	234
Currency translation adjustments of cash and cash equivalents		(120.296)	91
Cash and cash equivalents end of year		(2.218.640)	(5.770)
Cash and cash equivalents at year-end are composed of:			
Cash		5.903.169	3.082
Short-term debt to banks		(8.121.809)	(8.852)
Cash and cash equivalents end of year		(2.218.640)	(5.770)

Notes to consolidated financial statements

	2016 DKK	2015 DKK'000
1. Staff costs		
Wages and salaries	18.183.221	18.412
Pension costs	270.924	267
Other social security costs	3.466.146	3.654
Other staff costs	474.410	602
	22.394.701	22.935
Average number of employees	90	
	Remunera- tion of manage- ment 2016 DKK	Remunera- tion of manage- ment 2015 DKK'000
Executive Board	1.672.000	2.040.456
	1.672.000	2.040.456
	2016 DKK	2015 DKK'000
2. Depreciation, amortisation and impairment losses		
Amortisation of intangible assets	25.388	52
Depreciation of property, plant and equipment	455.728	233
	481.116	285
	2016 DKK	2015 DKK'000
3. Tax on profit/loss for the year		
Tax on current year taxable income	1.462.669	314
Change in deferred tax for the year	67.592	37
Adjustment concerning previous years	11.943	0
	1.542.204	351
	2016 DKK	2015 DKK'000
4. Proposed distribution of profit/loss		
Retained earnings	480.440	(2.632)
Minority interests' share of profit/loss	2.228.587	1.579
	2.709.027	(1.053)

Notes to consolidated financial statements

		Acquired licences DKK
5. Intangible assets		
Cost beginning of year		245.992
Exchange rate adjustments		33.593
Additions		5.035
Cost end of year		284.620
Amortisation and impairment losses beginning of year		(57.266)
Exchange rate adjustments		(44.155)
Amortisation for the year		(25.388)
Amortisation and impairment losses end of year		(126.809)
Carrying amount end of year		157.811
	Other fixtures and fittings, tools and equipment DKK	Leasehold improve- ments DKK
6. Property, plant and equipment		
Cost beginning of year	3.526.664	0
Exchange rate adjustments	(91.582)	0
Transfers	(1.226.434)	1.226.434
Additions	829.280	175.330
Disposals	(71.087)	0
Cost end of year	2.966.841	1.401.764
Depreciation and impairment losses beginning of the year	(1.543.709)	0
Exchange rate adjustments	35.073	0
Depreciation for the year	(232.211)	(223.517)
Reversal regarding disposals	71.087	0
Depreciation and impairment losses end of the year	(1.669.760)	(223.517)
Carrying amount end of year	1.297.081	1.178.247

Notes to consolidated financial statements

	2016 DKK	2015 DKK'000
7. Change in working capital	_	
Increase/decrease in inventories	997.407	(1.270)
Increase/decrease in receivables	(4.107)	6.316
Increase/decrease in trade payables etc	1.983.597	(7.734)
	2.976.897	(2.688)

8. Unrecognised rental and lease commitments

Rental and lease agreements with a shorter term have been entered into.

9. Mortgages and securities

None.

		Equity inte- rest
	Registered in	<u>%</u>
10. Subsidiaries		
SinoScan (Shanghai) Co. Ltd.	China	100,0
SinoScan UK Limited	England	66,7
SinoScan Inc.	Canada	66,7
SinoScan A/S	Vejle, Denmark	66,7
SinoScan GmbH	Germany	100,0
SinoScan, Inc U.S.A.	USA	66,7

Parent income statement for 2016

	Notes	2016 DKK	2015 DKK'000
Gross profit		109.358	(1.033)
Staff costs	1	(3.495.221)	(3.927)
Operating profit/loss		(3.385.863)	(4.960)
Income from investments in group enterprises		3.117.684	355
Other financial income	2	920.570	1.606
Other financial expenses	3	(758.103)	(615)
Profit/loss before tax		(105.712)	(3.614)
Tax on profit/loss for the year	4	586.152	982
Profit/loss for the year	5	480.440	(2.632)

Parent balance sheet at 31.12.2016

	<u>Notes</u>	2016 DKK	2015 DKK'000
Investments in group enterprises		10.323.680	8.176
Fixed asset investments	6	10.323.680	8.176
Fixed assets		10.323.680	8.176
Receivables from group enterprises		14.393.845	15.979
Deferred tax		387.000	511
Income tax receivable		1.279.147	1.258
Prepayments	7	127.000	300
Receivables		16.186.992	18.048
Cash		91	0
Current assets		16.187.083	18.048
Assets		26.510.763	26.224

Parent balance sheet at 31.12.2016

	Notes	2016 DKK	2015 DKK'000
Contributed capital		500.000	500
Reserve for net revaluation according to the equity method		2.575.524	828
Retained earnings		4.503.686	6.336
Equity	-	7.579.210	7.664
Bank loans		2.826.862	4.177
Payables to group enterprises		6.448.963	3.286
Other payables		9.655.728	11.097
Current liabilities other than provisions	<u>-</u>	18.931.553	18.560
Liabilities other than provisions	-	18.931.553	18.560
Equity and liabilities	-	26.510.763	26.224

Mortgages and securities

Parent statement of changes in equity for 2016

	Contributed capital DKK	Reserve for net revaluation according to the equity method	Retained earnings DKK	Total DKK
Equity beginning of year	500.000	828.305	6.335.612	7.663.917
Exchange rate adjustments	0	(433.604)	0	(433.604)
Other equity postings	0	(131.543)	0	(131.543)
Profit/loss for the year	0	2.312.366	(1.831.926)	480.440
Equity end of year	500.000	2.575.524	4.503.686	7.579.210

Notes to parent financial statements

	2016 DKK	2015 DKK'000
1. Staff costs		
Wages and salaries	3.470.769	3.906
Other social security costs	24.452	21
	3.495.221	3.927
Average number of employees	3	
	Remunera- tion of manage- ment 2016 DKK	Remunera- tion of manage- ment 2015 DKK'000
Executive Board	1.672.000	2.028.000
	1.672.000	2.028.000
	2016 DKK	2015 DKK'000
2. Other financial income	640 760	74.6
Financial income arising from group enterprises	613.763	716
Exchange rate adjustments	306.807	890
	920.570	1.606
	2016 DKK	2015 DKK'000
3. Other financial expenses		
Financial expenses from group enterprises	253.000	112
Other financial expenses	505.103	503
	758.103	615
	2016 DKK	2015 DKK'000
4. Tax on profit/loss for the year		
Change in deferred tax for the year	124.000	(49)
Adjustment concerning previous years	(1.005)	0
Refund in joint taxation arrangement	(709.147)	(933)
	(586.152)	(982)

Notes to parent financial statements

	2016 DKK	2015 DKK'000
5. Proposed distribution of profit/loss		
Transferred to reserve for net revaluation according to the equity method	2.312.366	(2.067)
Retained earnings	(1.831.926)	(565)
	480.440	(2.632)
		Investment s in group enterprises DKK
6. Fixed asset investments		
Cost beginning of year		4.748.162
Cost end of year		4.748.162
Revaluations beginning of year		3.428.305
Exchange rate adjustments		(433.603)
Adjustments on equity		(131.543)
Share of profit/loss for the year		2.552.678
Adjustment of intra-group profits		565.000
Dividend		(2.000.000)
Other adjustments		1.594.681
Revaluations end of year		5.575.518
Carrying amount end of year		10.323.680

7. Prepayments

Prepayments comprise incurred costs relating to subsequent financial years.

8. Mortgages and securities

The company is a management company being party to a jount taxation scheme. The company is therefore committed according to the rules of the company income tax act from the financial year 2013 for income tax etc. for the jointly taxed companies, and from 1^{st} July 2012 also for possible commitments to hold withholding tax on interest, royalties and returns for the jointly taxed companies.

The company has guaranteed for the subsidiary SinoScan A/S' balances with banks which amounted to 3,834 DKK on 31 December 2016 and for the subsidiary SinoScan GmbH's balances with banks which amounted to 1,461 DKK on 31 December 2016.

Reporting class

This annual report has been presented in accordance with the provisions of the Danish Financial Statements Act governing reporting class C enterprises (middle).

The accounting policies applied for this consolidated financial statements and parent financial statements are consistent with those applied last year.

Recognition and measurement

Assets are recognised in the balance sheet when it is probable as a result of a prior event that future economic benefits will flow to the Entity, and the value of the asset can be measured reliably.

Liabilities are recognised in the balance sheet when the Entity has a legal or constructive obligation as a result of a prior event, and it is probable that future economic benefits will flow out of the Entity, and the value of the liability can be measured reliably.

On initial recognition, assets and liabilities are measured at cost. Measurement subsequent to initial recognition is effected as described below for each financial statement item.

Anticipated risks and losses that arise before the time of presentation of the annual report and that confirm or invalidate affairs and conditions existing at the balance sheet date are considered at recognition and measurement.

Income is recognised in the income statement when earned, whereas costs are recognised by the amounts attributable to this financial year.

Consolidated financial statements

The consolidated financial statements comprise the Parent and the group enterprises (subsidiaries) that are controlled by the Parent. Control is achieved by the Parent, either directly or indirectly, holding more than 50% of the voting rights or in any other way possibly or actually exercising controlling influence. Enterprises in which the Group, directly or indirectly, holds between 20% and 50% of the voting rights and exercises significant, but not controlling influence are regarded as associates.

Basis of consolidation

The consolidated financial statements are prepared on the basis of the financial statements of Parent and its subsidiaries. The consolidated financial statements are prepared by combining uniform items. On consolidation, intra-group income and expenses, intra-group accounts and dividends as well as profits and losses on transactions between the consolidated enterprises are eliminated. The financial statements used for consolidation have been prepared applying the Group's accounting policies.

Subsidiaries' financial statement items are recognised in full in the consolidated financial statements. Minority interests' pro rata shares of the profit/loss and the net assets are disclosed as separate items in the income statement and the balance sheet, respectively.

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Accounting policies

Investments in subsidiaries are offset at the pro rata share of such subsidiaries' net assets at the takeover date, with net assets having been calculated at fair value.

Foreign currency translation

On initial recognition, foreign currency transactions are translated applying the exchange rate at the transaction date. Receivables, payables and other monetary items denominated in foreign currencies that have not been settled at the balance sheet date are translated using the exchange rate at the balance sheet date. Exchange differences that arise between the rate at the transaction date and the one in effect at the payment date, or the rate at the balance sheet date are recognised in the income statement as financial income or financial expenses. Property, plant and equipment, intangible assets, inventories and other non-monetary assets that have been purchased in foreign currencies are translated using historical rates.

Income statement

Gross profit or loss

Gross profit or loss comprises revenue, changes in inventories of finished goods and work in progress, own work capitalised, other operating income, cost of raw materials and consumables and external expenses.

Revenue

Revenue from the sale of manufactured goods and goods for resale is recognised in the income statement when delivery is made and risk has passed to the buyer. Revenue is recognised net of VAT, duties and sales discounts and is measured at fair value of the consideration fixed.

Costs of raw materials and consumables

Costs of raw materials and consumables comprise the consumption of raw materials and consumables for the financial year after adjustment for changes in inventories of these goods from the beginning to the end of the year. This item includes shrinkage, if any, and ordinary write-downs of the relevant inventories.

Other external expenses

Other external expenses include expenses relating to the Entity's ordinary activities, including expenses for premises, stationery and office supplies, marketing costs, etc. This item also includes write-downs of receivables recognised in current assets.

Staff costs

Staff costs comprise salaries and wages as well as social security contributions, pension contributions, etc for entity staff.

Depreciation, amortisation and impairment losses

Amortisation, depreciation and impairment losses relating to intangible assets and property, plant and equipment comprise amortisation, depreciation and impairment losses for the financial year, calculated on the basis of the residual values and useful lives of the individual assets and impairment testing as well as gains and losses from the sale of intangible assets as well as property, plant and equipment.

Other financial income

Other financial income comprises dividends etc received on other investments, interest income, including interest income on receivables from group enterprises, net capital gains on securities, payables and transactions in foreign currencies, amortisation of financial assets as well as tax relief under the Danish Tax Prepayment Scheme etc.

Other financial expenses

Other financial expenses comprise interest expenses, including interest expenses on payables to group enterprises, net capital losses on securities, payables and transactions in foreign currencies, amortisation of financial liabilities as well as tax surcharge under the Danish Tax Prepayment Scheme etc.

Tax on profit/loss for the year

Tax for the year, which consists of current tax for the year and changes in deferred tax, is recognised in the income statement by the portion attributable to the profit for the year and recognised directly in equity by the portion attributable to entries directly in equity.

The Parent Company is jointly taxed with the Danish subsidiary. The current Danish corporation tax is divided between the jointly taxed Danish companies in relation to their taxable income (total distribution with repayment concerning taxable losses).

Balance sheet

Intellectual property rights etc

Intellectual property rights etc comprise development projects completed and in progress with related intellectual property rights, acquired intellectual property rights and prepayments for intangible assets.

Intellectual property rights acquired are measured at cost less accumulated amortisation. Patents are amortised over their remaining duration, and licences are amortised over the term of the agreement, but over no more than 20 years.

Intellectual property rights etc are written down to the lower of recoverable amount and carrying amount.

Property, plant and equipment

Plant and machinery as well as other fixtures and fittings, tools and equipment are measured at cost less accumulated depreciation and impairment losses.

Cost comprises the acquisition price, costs directly attributable to the acquisition and preparation costs of the asset until the time when it is ready to be put into operation.

The basis of depreciation is cost less estimated residual value after the end of useful life. Straight-line depreciation is made on the basis of the following estimated useful lives of the assets:

Other fixtures and fittings, tools and equipment

5 years

Property, plant and equipment are written down to the lower of recoverable amount and carrying amount.

Investments in group enterprises

Investments in group enterprises are recognised and measured according to the equity method. This means that investments are measured at the pro rata share of the enterprises' equity plus or minus unamortised positive, or negative, goodwill and minus or plus unrealised intra-group profits or losses.

Group enterprises with negative equity are measured at DKK 0, and any receivables from these enterprises are written down by the Parent's share of such negative equity value if it is deemed irrecoverable. If the negative equity value exceeds the amount receivable, the remaining amount is recognised under provisions if the Parent has a legal or constructive obligation to cover the liabilities of the relevant enterprise.

Upon distribution of profit or loss, net revaluation of investments in group enterprises is transferred to Reserve for net revaluation according to the equity method under equity.

Goodwill is calculated as the difference between cost of the investments and fair value of the assets and liabilities acquired. Goodwill is amortised over its estimated useful life which is normally 5 years, however, in certain cases it may be up to 20 years for strategically acquired enterprises with a strong market position and a long-term earnings profile if the longer amortisation period is considered to give a better reflection of the benefit from the relevant resources.

Investments in group enterprises are written down to the lower of recoverable amount and carrying amount.

Inventories

Inventories are measured at the lower of cost using the FIFO method and net realisable value.

Cost consists of purchase price plus delivery costs. Cost of manufactured goods and work in progress consists of costs of raw materials, consumables, direct labour costs and indirect production costs.

Indirect production costs comprise indirect materials and labour costs, costs of maintenance of, depreciation on and impairment losses relating to machinery, factory buildings and equipment applied for the manufacturing process as well as costs of factory administration and management. Financing costs are not included in cost.

The net realisable value of inventories is calculated as the estimated selling price less completion costs and costs incurred to execute sale.

Receivables

Receivables are measured at amortised cost, usually equalling nominal value less write-downs for bad and doubtful debts.

Deferred tax

Deferred tax is recognised on all temporary differences between the carrying amount and tax-based value of assets and liabilities, for which the tax-based value of assets is calculated based on the planned use of each asset.

Deferred tax assets, including the tax base of tax loss carryforwards, are recognised in the balance sheet at their estimated realisable value, either as a set-off against deferred tax liabilities or as net tax assets.

Prepayments

Prepayments comprise incurred costs relating to subsequent financial years. Prepayments are measured at cost.

Cash

Cash comprises cash in hand and bank deposits.

Operating leases

Lease payments on operating leases are recognised on a straight-line basis in the income statement over the term of the lease.

Other financial liabilities

Other financial liabilities are measured at amortised cost, which usually corresponds to nominal value.

Prepayments received from customers

Prepayments received from customers comprise amounts received from customers prior to delivery of the goods agreed or completion of the service agreed.

Income tax receivable or payable

Current tax payable or receivable is recognised in the balance sheet, stated as tax calculated on this year's taxable income, adjusted for prepaid tax.

Cash flow statement

The cash flow statement shows cash flows from operating, investing and financing activities as well as cash and cash equivalents at the beginning and the end of the financial year.

Cash flows from operating activities are presented using the indirect method and calculated as the operating profit/loss adjusted for non-cash operating items, working capital changes and income taxes paid.

Cash flows from investing activities comprise payments in connection with acquisition and divestment of enterprises, activities and fixed asset investments as well as purchase, development, improvement and sale, etc of intangible assets and property, plant and equipment, including acquisition of assets held under finance leases.

Cash flows from financing activities comprise changes in the size or composition of the contributed capital and related costs as well as the raising of loans, inception of finance leases, instalments on interest-bearing debt, purchase of treasury shares, and payment of dividend.

Cash and cash equivalents comprise cash and short-term securities with an insignificant price risk less short-term bank debt.