DLG FINANCE A/S Ballesvej 2, 7000 Fredericia

CVR no. 19 44 33 96

ANNUAL REPORT FOR 2021

Adopted at the annual general meeting on 10 May 2022

chairman

Brian Kærgaard Mathiesen

Table of contents

	Page
Statements	
Statement by management on the annual report	2
Independent auditor's report	3
Management's review	
Company details	6
Management's review	7
Financial statements	
Accounting policies	8
Income statement 1 January 2021 - 31 December 2021	12
Balance sheet at 31 December 2021	13
Statement of changes in equity	15
Notes	16

Statement by management on the annual report

The supervisory and executive boards have today discussed and approved the annual report of DLG Finance A/S for the financial year 1 January - 31 December 2021.

The annual report is prepared in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act.

In our opinion, the financial statements give a true and fair view of the company's financial position at 31 December 2021 and of the results of the company's operations for the financial year 1 January - 31 December 2021.

In our opinion, management's review includes a fair review of the matters dealt with in the management's review.

We recommend that the annual report is approved at the Annual General Meeting.

Fredericia, 10 May 2022

Executive board

Christina Nielsen

Supervisory board

Kristian Johnsen Hundebøll	Hans Robin Philip	Christina Nielsen
chairman		

Brian Kærgaard Mathiesen

Independent auditor's report

To the shareholder of DLG Finance A/S

Opinion

We have audited the financial statements of DLG Finance A/S for the financial year 1 January - 31 December 2021, which comprise a summary of significant accounting policies, income statement, balance sheet, statement of changes in equity and notes. The financial statements are prepared under the Danish Financial Statements Act.

In our opinion, the financial statements give a true and fair view of the company's financial position at 31 December 2021 and of the results of the company's operations for the financial year 1 January - 31 December 2021 in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act.

Basis for Opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing (ISAs) and the additional requirements applicable in Denmark. Our responsibilities under those standards and requirements are further described in the "Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements" section of our report. We are independent of the company in accordance with the International Ethics Standards Board for Accountants' Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants (IESBA Code) and the additional requirements applicable in Denmark, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements and IESBA Code. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Management's responsibilities for the financial statements

Management is responsible for the preparation of financial statements, that give a true and fair view in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act and for such internal control as management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of the financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is responsible for assessing the company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting in preparing the financial statements unless management either intends to liquidate the company or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs and the additional requirements applicable in Denmark will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

Independent auditor's report

As part of an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs and the additional requirements applicable in Denmark, we exercise professional judgement and maintain professional scepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the company's internal control.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by management.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of management's use of the going concern basis of accounting in
 preparing the financial statements and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material
 uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the company's
 ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are
 required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the financial
 statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based
 on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or
 conditions may cause the company to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and contents of the financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that gives a true and fair view.

We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

Statement on management's review

Management is responsible for management's review.

Our opinion on the financial statements does not cover management's review, and we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

Independent auditor's report

In connection with our audit of the financial statements, our responsibility is to read management's review and, in doing so, consider whether management's review is materially inconsistent with the financial statements or our knowledge obtained during the audit, or otherwise appears to be materially misstated.

Moreover, it is our responsibility to consider whether management's review provides the information required under the Danish Financial Statements Act.

Based on the work we have performed, we conclude that management's review is in accordance with the financial statements and has been prepared in accordance with the requirements of the Danish Financial Statements Act. We did not identify any material misstatement of management's review.

Hellerup, 10 May 2022

PricewaterhouseCoopers Statsautoriseret Revisionspartnerselskab CVR no. 33 77 12 31

Tue Stensgård Sørensen State Authorised Public Accountant MNE no. mne32200 Claus Lyngsø Sørensen State Authorised Public Accountant MNE no. mne34539

Company details

The company	DLG Finance A/S Ballesvej 2 7000 Fredericia	
	CVR no.:	19 44 33 96
	Reporting period:	1 January - 31 December 2021
	Domicile:	Fredericia
Supervisory board	Kristian Johnsen Hundebøll, chairman Hans Robin Philip Christina Nielsen Brian Kærgaard Mathiesen	
Executive board	Christina Nielsen	
Auditors	PricewaterhouseCoo Statsautoriseret Rev Strandvejen 44 DK-2900 Hellerup	opers visionspartnerselskab

Management's review

Business review

The company's purpose is to manage and provide the financing activities within the DLG Group.

Financial review

The company's income statement for the year ended 31 December 2021 shows a profit of TDKK 2,805, and the balance sheet at 31 December 2021 shows equity of TDKK 97,347.

Expected development of the company

It's expected that 2022 at the level of 2021.

The annual report of DLG Finance A/S for 2021 has been prepared in accordance with the provisions of the Danish Financial Statements Act applying to enterprises of reporting class B, as well as selected provisions applying to reporting class C entities.

The accounting policies applied are consistent with those of last year.

The annual report for 2021 is presented in TDKK.

Basis of recognition and measurement

Income is recognised in the income statement as earned, including value adjustments of financial assets and liabilities. All expenses, including amortisation, depreciation and impairment losses, are also recognised in the income statement.

Assets are recognised in the balance sheet when it is probable that future economic benefits will flow to the company and the value of the asset can be measured reliably.

Liabilities are recognised in the balance sheet when it is probable that future economic benefits will flow from the company and the value of the liability can be measured reliably.

On initial recognition, assets and liabilities are measured at cost. On subsequent recognition, assets and liabilities are measured as described below for each individual accounting item.

Certain financial assets and liabilities are measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method. Amortised cost is calculated as the historic cost less any installments and plus/less the accumulated amortisation of the difference between the cost and the nominal amount.

On recognition and measurement, allowance is made for predictable losses and risks which occur before the annual report is presented and which confirm or invalidate matters existing at the balance sheet date.

Income statement

Administrative costs

Administrative expenses comprise expenses ocurred in the year related to management fee and administration.

Financial income and expenses

Financial income and expenses are recognised in the income statement at the amounts that relate to the financial year. Net financials include interest income and expenses, realised and unrealised capital/exchange gains and losses on securities, liabilities and foreign currency transactions, amortisation of financial assets and liabilities and surcharges and allowances under the Danish Tax Prepayment Scheme, etc.

Income from investments in associates

The proportionate share of the profit/loss for the year of associates is recognised in the company's income statement after elimination of the proportionate share of intra-group profits/gains.

Tax on profit/loss for the year

The company is subject to the Danish rules on compulsory joint taxation of the Group's Danish subsidiaries. Subsidiaries participate in the joint taxation arrangement from the time when they are included in the consolidated financial statements and until the time when they withdraw from the consolidation.

The company is subject to the Danish rules on compulsory joint taxation.

On payment of joint taxation contributions, the current Danish income tax is allocated between the jointly taxed entities in proportion to their taxable income. Entities with tax losses receive joint taxation contributions from entities that have been able to use tax losses to reduce their own taxable profits.

Tax for the year, which comprises the current tax charge for the year and changes in the deferred tax charge, is recognised in the income statement as regards the portion that relates to the profit/loss for the year and directly in equity as regards the portion that relates to entries directly in equity.

Balance sheet

Investments in associates

Investments in associates are measured at the proportionate share of the net asset value of the entities, calculated on the basis of the group's accounting policies, plus or less unrealised intra-group gains or losses and plus or less any remaining value of positive or negative goodwill stated according to the purchase method.

Investments in associates with a negative net asset value are measured at DKK 0, and the carrying amount of any receivables from these entities is reduced to the extent that they are considered irrecoverable. If the parent company has a legal or constructive obligation to cover a deficit that exceeds the receivable, the balance is recognised under provisions.

Net revaluations of investments in associates are taken to the net revaluation reserve according to the equity method in so far as that the carrying amount exceeds the cost. Dividends from subsidiaries which are expected to be declared before the annual report of DLG Finance A/S is adopted are not taken to the net revaluation reserve.

Receivables

Receivables are measured at amortised cost.

An impairment loss is recognised if there is objective evidence that a receivable or a group of receivables is impaired. If there is objective evidence that an individual receivable is impaired, an impairment loss for that individual asset is recognised.

Prepayments

Prepayments recognised under 'Current assets' comprises expenses incurred concerning subsequent financial years.

Income tax and deferred tax

Current tax liabilities and current tax receivables are recognised in the balance sheet as the estimated tax on the taxable income for the year, adjusted for tax on the taxable income for previous years and tax paid on account.

Deferred tax is measured according to the liability method in respect of temporary differences between the carrying amount of assets and liabilities and their tax base, calculated on the basis of the planned use of the asset and settlement of the liability, respectively. Deferred tax is measured at net realisable value.

Deferred tax assets, including the tax base of tax losses allowed for carry forward, are measured at the value to which the asset is expected to be realised, either as a set-off against tax on future income or as a set-off against deferred tax liabilities within the same legal tax entity. Any deferred net tax assets are measured at net realisable value.

Liabilities

Financial liabilities are recognised on the raising of the loan at the proceeds received net of transaction costs incurred. On subsequent recognition, the financial liabilities are measured at amortised cost, corresponding to the capitalised value, using the effective interest method. Accordingly, the difference between the net proceeds and the nominal value is recognised in the income statement over the term of the loan.

Other liabilities, which include trade payables, payables to group entities and other payables, are measured at amortised cost, which is usually equivalent to nominal value.

Foreign currency translation

On initial recognition, foreign currency transactions are translated applying the exchange rate at the transaction date. Foreign exchange differences arising between the exchange rates at the transaction date and at the date of payment are recognised in the income statement as financial income or financial expenses. If foreign currency instruments are considered cash flow hedges, any unrealised value adjustments are taken directly to a fair value reserve under 'Equity'.

Receivables and payables and other monetary items denominated in foreign currencies are translated at the exchange rates at the balance sheet date. The difference between the exchange rates at the balance sheet date and the date at which the receivable or payable arose or was recognised in the latest financial statements is recognised in the income statement as financial income or financial expenses.

Derivative financial instruments

On initial recognition in the balance sheet, derivative financial instruments are measured at cost and subsequently at fair value. Positive and negative fair values of derivative financial instruments are included in 'Other receivables', 'Other payables' or 'Derivative financial instruments, liabilities', respectively.

Fair value adjustments of derivative financial instruments designated as and qualifying for recognition as a fair value hedge of recognised assets or liabilities are recognised in the income statement together with fair value adjustments of the hedged asset or liability.

Fair value adjustments of derivative financial instruments designated as and qualifying for hedging of future cash flows are recognised in other receivables or other payables and in the fair value reserve under 'Equity'. If the future transaction results in recognition of assets or liabilities, amounts previously recognised in equity are transferred to the cost of the asset or the liability, respectively. If the future transferred to the income statement in the period in which the hedged item affects the income statement.

Income statement 1 January 2021 - 31 December 2021

	Note	<u>2021</u> токк	2020 тдкк
Administrative costs		-2,484	-1,805
Operating profit/loss		-2,484	-1,805
Income from investments in associates		1,920	0
Financial income	1	68,878	69,700
Financial costs	2	-65,260	-61,902
Profit/loss before tax		3,054	5,993
Tax on profit/loss for the year	3	-249	-2,339
Net profit/loss for the year		2,805	3,654
Reserve for net revaluation under the equity method		1,920	0
Retained earnings		885	3,654
		2,805	3,654

Balance sheet at 31 December 2021

	Note	2021 токк	2020 токк
Assets			
Investments in associates	4	4,895	0
Other receivables		0	148,103
Deferred tax assets		0	3,006
Fixed asset investments		4,895	151,109
Total non-current assets		4,895	151,109
Receivables from group enterprises		2,286,220	2,327,485
Receivables from associates		17,967	299
Other receivables		256	553
Corporation tax		683	0
Receivables		2,305,126	2,328,337
Cash at bank and in hand		239,542	292
Total current assets		2,544,668	2,328,629
Total assets		2,549,563	2,479,738

Balance sheet at 31 December 2021

	Note	2021	2020
		ТДКК	TDKK
Equity and liabilities			
Share capital		500	500
Reserve for net revaluation under the equity method		1,920	0
Reserve for current value of hedging		-1,942	-9,973
Retained earnings		96,869	95,984
Equity		97,347	86,511
Provision for deferred tax		229	0
Total provisions		229	0
Banks		877,827	1,851,671
Other payables		2,511	12,786
	-		
Total non-current liabilities	5	880,338	1,864,457
Short-term part of long-term debt	5	970,450	0
Banks		4,109	13,520
Payables to group enterprises		591,386	501,563
Payables to associates		0	3,811
Corporation tax		0	541
Other payables	6	5,704	9,335
Total current liabilities		1,571,649	528,770
Total liabilities		2,451,987	2,393,227
Total equity and liabilities		2,549,563	2,479,738
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Contingent liabilities	7		
Related parties and ownership structure	8		

Statement of changes in equity

	Share capital	Reserve for net revalua- tion under the equity method	Reserve for current value of hedging	Retained earnings	Total
Equity at 1 January 2021	500	0	-9,973	95,984	86,511
Fair value adjustment of hedging instruments	0	0	10,296	0	10,296
Net profit/loss for the year	0	1,920	0	885	2,805
Changes in equity of tax	0	0	-2,265	0	-2,265
Equity at 31 December 2021	500	1,920	-1,942	96,869	97,347

Notes

		2021	2020
1	Financial income	ТДКК	ТДКК
T			
	Interest received from group enterprises	60,712	58,972
	Interest received from associates	7,933	8,181
	Other financial income	233	368
	Exchange gains	0	721
	Fair value adjustments of financial instruments	0	1,458
		68,878	69,700
2	Financial costs		
	Interest paid from group enterprises	2,095	2,698
	Other financial costs	62,771	59,204
	Exchange loss	289	0
	Fair value adjustments of financial instruments	105	0
		65,260	61,902
3	Tax on profit/loss for the year		
	Current tax for the year	-683	3,068
	Deferred tax for the year	932	-1,046
	Adjustment of tax concerning previous years	0	39
	Adjustment of deferred tax concerning previous years	0	278
		249	2,339

Notes

5

		2021	2020
4	Investments in associates	TDKK	ТДКК
	Cost at 1 January 2021	0	0
	Additions for the year	2,975	0
	Cost at 31 December 2021	2,975	0
	Revaluations at 1 January 2021	0	0
	Net profit/loss for the year	1,920	0
	Revaluations at 31 December 2021	1,920	0
	Carrying amount at 31 December 2021	4,895	0

Investments in associates are specified as follows:

Name		Regi	istered office	Ownership interest
Andersen Steel Sp. z.o.o.		Pola	ind	25%
Long term debt				
	Debt	Debt		Debt
	at 1 January	at 31 December	Instalment next	outstanding
	2021	2021	year	after 5 years
Banks	1,851,671	1,848,277	970,450	0
Other payables	12,786	2,511	0	0
	1,864,457	1,850,788	970,450	0

DLG Finance issued Sculdscheins(SSD) in June 2019. The SSD is with both variable interest and fixed interest 3-7 years tranches. The floating interest rate tranches has been hedged 100% using interest rate swaps. The interest rate swaps have a contractual value of TDKK 198,500 and a negative fair value of TDKK 2,511. Further, DLG Finance has foreign exchange contracts for hedging of fair value of non-current liabilities with a contractual value of TDKK 462.216 and a negative fair value of TDKK 143.

Notes

		2021	2020
6	Other payables	ТДКК	ТДКК
	Other accrued expenses	5,325	9,297
	Derivative financial instruments liabilities	377	38
		5,702	9,335

7 Contingent liabilities

The company is jointly taxed with its parent company, Vitfoss A/S as management company, and jointly and severally liable with other jointly taxed entities for payment of income taxes for income year 2013 onwards as well as for payment of withholding taxes on dividends, interest and royalties which fall due for payment on or after 1 July 2012.

The DLG Group has entered into a syndicated loan agreement, in which DLG Finance is jointly and severally liable with the other guarantors in the agreement. The syndicated agreement include a borrowing allowance of up to TEUR 550,000.

The ultimate parent company DLG a.m.b.a. provides a gurantee for the issued Schuldschein bonds, with a value of TDKK 1,859,100.

8 Related parties and ownership structure

Parent company: Vitfoss A/S, Ballesvej, 7000 Fredericia, CVR nr. 82 77 62 14 Group Financial statement is available at Dansk Landbrugs Grovvareselskab a.m.b.a., Ballesvej 2, 7000 Fredericia, CVR nr. 24 24 69 30