Star Air A/S

Kompasrosevej 6, DK-2791 Dragør

Annual Report 2021

CVR No. 19 32 87 32

The Annual Report was presented and adopted at the Annual General Meeting of the Company on March 2022

Casper Munch

Chaii419aii56Pine4General Meeting

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Management's Statement

The Board of Directors and the Executive Board have today considered and adopted the Annual Report of Star Air A/S for the financial year 1 January - 31 December 2021.

The Annual Report has been prepared in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act.

In our opinion, the Financial Statements give a true and fair view of the financial position at 31 December 2021 of the Company and of the results of the Company operations for 2021.

In our opinion, Management's Review includes a true and fair account of the matters addressed in the Review.

We recommend that the Annual Report be adopted at the Annual General Meeting.

Dragør, 10 March 2022

Executive Board

DocuSigned by:

Peter Corresen

CEO

Board of Directors

-DocuSigned by:

Casper Munch

Casper Munch

Chairman

─DocuSigned by:

Torben Bengtson

Torben Bengtsson

DocuSigned by:

Jakob Wegge-Larsen

Jakob Wegge-Lärsen

DocuSigned by:

Thomas Jensen

Thomas Jensen

 $Staff\ Representative$

Scan Stanley Fitzgerald
Sean Stanley Fitzgerald

Independent Auditor's Report

To the Shareholder of Star Air A/S

Opinion

In our opinion, the Financial Statements give a true and fair view of the financial position of the Company at 31 December 2021 and of the results of the Company's operations for the financial year 1 January - 31 December 2021 in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act.

We have audited the Financial Statements of Star Air A/S for the financial year 1 January - 31 December 2021, which comprise income statement, balance sheet, statement of changes in equity and notes, including a summary of significant accounting policies ('Financial Statements').

Basis for Opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing (ISAs) and the additional requirements applicable in Denmark. Our responsibilities under those standards and requirements are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are independent of the Company in accordance with the International Ethics Standards Board for Accountants' International Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants (IESBA Code) and the additional ethical requirements applicable in Denmark, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements and the IESBA Code. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Statement on Management's Review

Management is responsible for Management's Review.

Our opinion on the Financial Statements does not cover Management's Review, and we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the Financial Statements, our responsibility is to read Management's Review and, in doing so, consider whether Management's Review is materially inconsistent with the Financial Statements or our knowledge obtained during the audit, or otherwise appears to be materially misstated.

Moreover, it is our responsibility to consider whether Management's Review provides the information required under the Danish Financial Statements Act.

Based on the work we have performed, in our view, Management's Review is in accordance with the Financial Statements and has been prepared in accordance with the requirements of the Danish Financial Statements Act. We did not identify any material misstatement in Management's Review.

Independent Auditor's Report

Management's Responsibilities for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation of Financial Statements that give a true and fair view in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act, and for such internal control as Management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the Financial Statements, Management is responsible for assessing the Company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting in preparing the Financial Statements, unless Management either intends to liquidate the Company or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the Financial Statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs and the additional requirements applicable in Denmark will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these Financial Statements.

As part of an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs and the additional requirements applicable in Denmark, we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the Financial Statements, whether due to
 fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a
 material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may
 involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Company's internal control.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by Management.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of Management's use of the going concern basis of accounting in preparing the Financial Statements and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Company's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the Financial Statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Company to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and contents of the Financial Statements, including the disclosures, and whether the Financial Statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that gives a true and fair view.

We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

Independent Auditor's Report

Hellerup, 10 March 2022 PricewaterhouseCoopers Statsautoriseret Revisionspartnerselskab CVR No. 33 77 12 31

DocuSigned by: Som !

Søren Ørjan Jensen State Authorised Public Accountant mne33226

DocuSigned by:

State Authorised Public Accountant

mne35412

Company Information

The Company Star Air A/S

Kompasrosevej 6 DK-2791 Dragør

Telephone: +45 3231 4343

CVR No.: 19 32 87 32

Financial period: 1 January - 31 December

Municipality of reg. office: Dragør

Board of Directors Casper Munch, Chairman

Jakob Wegge-Larsen Sean Stanley Fitzgerald Torben Bengtson Thomas Jensen

Executive Board Peter Corfitsen

Auditors PricewaterhouseCoopers

Statsautoriseret Revisionspartnerselskab

Strandvejen 44 DK-2900 Hellerup

Financial Highlights

Seen over a five-year period, the development of the Company is described by the following financial highlights:

(USD '000)

Key Figures	2021	2020	2019	2018*	2017*
Profit / Loss					
Revenue	170,815	162,391	146,971	150,500	132,424
Profit before financial income and expenses	39,187	34,730	38,194	4,021	27,025
Profit/loss from financial income and expenses	-4,212	-1,970	-4,238	4,316	-8,561
Profit for the year	26,910	25,211	26,067	5,135	15,853
Balance Sheet					
Total assets	321,029	299,197	303,305	204,098	193,256
Equity	162,755	160,845	161,634	141,579	142,022
Provisions	15,459	19,318	14,794	12,747	7,710
Investments in property, plant and equipment	71,203	32,829	30,421	42,300	32,660
Ratios					
Return on invested capital	20%	20%	33%	6%	40%
Return on equity	17%	16%	17%	4%	13%
Solvency ratio	51%	54%	53%	69%	73%
Other Key Figures					
Average number of full-time employees	249	225	220	213	211

Financial highlights for 2017 have not been restated to reflect the change in functional currency in 2019.

The financial ratios are prepared in accordance with below definitions.

Definitions of financial ratios

Return on invested capital

Profit before financials x 100 Average operational assets

(Operational assets = Total assets minus receivables from Group entities and deferred tax assets)

Return on equity Profit/loss for the year x 100
Average equity

Solvency ratio Equity at year-end x 100
Total assets at year-end

^{*}The following exchange rates have been applied for 2017 - 2018; 2017: 6.60/6.21 and 2018: 6.31/6.52 (P/L/ Balance Sheet).

Management's Review

Primary Activities

Star Air A/S is a wholly-owned subsidiary of A/S Maersk Aviation Holding, Dragør.

In 2021, the main activity of Star Air A/S remained the operation of 15 B767's, of which 12 are operated on behalf of the global courier company United Parcel Service (UPS) under a long-term agreement, and three operated on contracts on behalf of the global courier company DHL. In addition to this, a number of ad hoc cargo charter flights as well as series flights for Alitalia and Inditex have been performed.

Star Air A/S operates with high reliability, safety and flexibility. In 2021, Star Air A/S achieved that 99.2% (99.4% in 2020) of the total number of flights of 10,862 (10,400 in 2020) departed within one minute of scheduled time of departure. Star Air A/S is responsible for the initial and recurrent training of the Company's pilots.

Development in activities and financial position

The Company's income statement for the year ending 31 December 2021 showed a profit of USD 26,910k, and the Company's balance sheet at 31 December 2021 showed equity of USD 162,755k.

Management finds the profit for the year satisfactory. The realised result for 2021 of USD 26,910k is in line compared to the expectations as set out in the Annual Report 2020, where the expectations to the financial year 2021 was USD 26-31 million.

Outlook

Management expects the activities to be on par with 2021, though a decrease in net profit of up to USD 5 million is expected compared to 2021 mainly due to expected increase in depreciations. The expectations for the financial year 2022 is a net profit of USD 22–27 million.

Special risks – Operating risks and financial risks

Operating risks

The Company primarily performs air transport for UPS, and the key to our continued success remains to continue serving UPS under this contract. In April 2021, UPS extended the Contract with Star Air A/S until 2028. We have contracts in place with AerCap supporting continued availability of aircraft throughout the extended contract period.

Foreign exchange risks

The Company's primary income currencies are USD, DKK and EUR. Generally, income and expenses in currencies other than USD balance and, thus, there are minimal currency fluctuation risks for the Company. The Company's balance sheet items denominated in currencies other than USD primarily comprise DKK and EUR deposits used to counter currency risks related to payment of salaries and other costs within Europe, which are primarily paid in DKK and EUR. Overall, the Company is thus only subject to minor risks associated with fluctuations in the DKK and EUR exchange rates, as foreign currency translation adjustments of the EUR deposit (net financials) in all material respects are counterbalanced by either higher or lower costs. Management regularly assesses the extent to which risks should be hedged, for example through sale of EUR. Overall, currency risks are assessed as minimal.

Management's Review

Corporate social responsibility

For information about corporate social responsibility, we refer to A.P. Møller - Mærsk A/S' consolidated statement on corporate social responsibility on the website (link: https://www.maersk.com/sustainability/reports-and-resources). The Company produces no individual corporate social responsibility statement.

Environmental responsibility

Different laws and regulations impose requirements for reduced climate and environmental impact, including through restrictions on noise levels and greenhouse gas emissions. All laws and regulations concerning the environment and the climate are adhered to by Star Air A/S.

Objectives and policies for the under-represented gender

The Board of Directors believes that its members should be elected on the basis of their combined qualifications and at the same time recognises the advantages of a Board of Directors comprising a wide range of backgrounds such as global experience, style, culture and gender. In March 2017, the Board defined a target on this basis to increase the share of the under-represented gender on the Board of Directors to account for at least 25% of the shareholder-appointed Board of Directors members within four years, i.e. 2021.

As of 31 December 2021, there are no women among the five Board of Directors members appointed at the Annual General Meeting. Consequently, the target for diversity has not been met. The background for not meeting the target is that no female candidates for vacant seats on the Board of Directors have been found.

Board of Directors has defined a new timeframe for meeting above target, which is expected to be within 2025.

To support our ambitions of increasing the number of women in management levels the following actions have been taken and continued also in 2021, women are being recruited into Star Air there is a target of no less than 40% of one gender to be hired for our job levels up to senior management level. During 2021, talent reviews, which take place for our senior job levels across the Company, we measure all data by gender to allow us to assess the diversity of the talent pool. The background for not meeting the target is that there have been no changes on the management level during 2021.

Statement of policy for data ethics

To comply with the Danish Financial Statements, Act section 99d, A.P. Moller - Maersk A/S (CVR-no 22756214) has, among other initiatives, established a set of principles that are incorporated into workflows and processes throughout the A.P. Moller - Maersk Group. Properness, dedication, and innovation are examples of values that contributes towards compliance, with the data ethics principles, both internally and externally.

For our statement, of data ethics, we refer to A.P. Moller – Maersk Group (CVR-no 22756214) (https://www.maersk.com/sustainability/our-priorities/governance/data-ethics).

Subsequent events

The current situation between Russia and Ukraine is going to affect the world economy, and the related implications are expected to create instability and uncertainty on the global markets. At the time of completing this annual report, the impact and complete extent of the situation on the world's economy is undetermined, as the situation is still evolving. Management continuously monitors the situation and will implement the necessary steps to secure operations and expected financial performance for 2022. Management believes that the crises is going to have an adverse effect on the Company's revenue and results for 2022 to some extent. Management considers the situation a subsequent event occurred after the balance sheet date, which is therefore a non-adjusting event to the Company.

Except for the above, no events have occurred subsequently to the balance sheet date, which would have a material impact on the financial position of the Company.

Income Statement 1 January - 31 December

(USD '000)	Note	2021	2020
Revenue	2	170,815	162,391
Production expenses		-32,014	-35,386
Other external expenses		-7,484	-7,354
Gross profit		131,317	119,651
Staff expenses	3	-57,403	-49,535
Depreciation and impairment	8	-34,727	-35,386
Profit before financial income and expenses		39,187	34,730
Financial income	4	231	1,710
Financial expenses	5	-4,443	-3,680
Profit before tax		34,975	32,760
Tax on profit for the year	6	-8,065	-7,549
Profit for the year	7	26,910	25,211

Balance Sheet at 31 December

Assets

(USD '000)	Note	2021	2020
Property, plant and equipment	8	168,995	132,576
Deferred tax asset	10	5,510	2,364
Deposits	11	4,496	3,736
Financial assets	_	10,006	6,100
Fixed assets		179,001	138,676
Spare parts		11,747	7,177
Inventories		11,747	7,177
Trade receivables		19,784	21,365
Receivables from group entities	12	96,782	124,141
Other receivables		11,103	5,456
Prepayments	13	2,597	2,367
Receivables	_	130,266	153,329
Cash at bank and in hand		15	16
		440.000	400 500
Current assets	_	142,028	160,522
Assets	_	321,029	299,198

Balance Sheet at 31 December

Liabilities and Equity

(USD '000)	Note	2021	2020
Share capital	14	1,525	1,652
Retained earnings		134,230	134,193
Proposed dividend	_	27,000	25,000
Equity	_	162,755	160,845
Provisions for maintenance of leased aircraft and components		15,459	17,974
Other provisions	_	0	1,344
Provisions	15	15,459	19,318
Trade payables	16	0	1,128
Lease liabilities	9	78,267	57,516
Long-term debt	_	78,267	58,644
Short-term part of long-term trade payables	16	1,739	5,076
Lease liabilities	9	17,255	20,475
Account payables	16	16,044	13,026
Payables to group enterprises relating to corporate tax		18,943	7,767
Other payables	16	10,567	14,047
Short-term debt		64,548	60,391
Debt		142,815	119,035
Liabilities and equity	_	321,029	299,198
Accounting policies	1		
Contingent assets, liabilities and other financial obligations	17		
Related party disclosures	18		

Statement of Changes in Equity

(USD '000)	Share capital	Retained earnings	Proposed dividends for the financial year	Total
Equity at 1 January	1,652	134,193	25,000	160,845
Paid dividend	0	0	-25,000	-25,000
Exchange rate effect	-127	127	0	0
Transferred over the profit appropriation	0	-90	27,000	26,910
Equity at 31 December	1,525	134,230	27,000	162,755

1. Accounting Policies

The Annual Report of Star Air A/S for 2021 has been prepared in accordance with the provisions of the Danish Financial Statements Act applying to large entities of reporting class C.

The accounting policies are unchanged from 2020.

The Financial Statements for 2021 are presented in USD. The exchange rate applied at 31 December 2021 is 6.5574 (2020: 6.0524).

Omission of cash flow statement

Pursuant to Section 86(4) of the Danish Financial Statements Act, no cash flow statement has been prepared. The cash flow statement of the Company is included in the Consolidated Financial Statements of A.P. Møller - Mærsk A/S.

Omission of fee to auditors appointed at the general meeting

Pursuant to Section 96(3) of the Danish Financial Statements Act, no fee to auditors appointed at the General Meeting has been presented. The fee to auditors appointed at the General Meeting is included in the Consolidated Financial Statements of A.P. Møller - Mærsk A/S.

Recognition and measurement

Revenue is recognised in the income statement as earned. Furthermore, value adjustments of financial assets and liabilities measured at fair value or amortised cost are recognised. Moreover, all expenses incurred to achieve the earnings for the year are recognised in the income statement, including depreciation, amortisation, impairment losses and provisions as well as reversals due to changed accounting estimates of amounts that have previously been recognised in the income statement.

Assets are recognised in the balance sheet when it is probable that future economic benefits attributable to the assets will flow to the Company, and the value of the asset can be measured reliably.

Liabilities are recognised in the balance sheet when it is probable that future economic benefits will flow out of the Company, and the value of the liability can be measured reliably.

Assets and liabilities are initially measured at cost. Subsequently, assets and liabilities are measured as described for each item below.

Foreign currency translation

Transactions in foreign currencies are translated at the exchange rate at the dates of transaction. Exchange rate differences arising due to differences between the transaction dates rates and the rates at the dates of payment are recognised in the financial income and expenses in the income statement. Where foreign exchange transactions are considered hedging of future cash flows, the value adjustments are recognised directly in equity.

Receivables, payables and other monetary items in foreign currencies that have not been settled at the balance sheet date are translated at the exchange rates at the balance sheet date. Any differences between the exchange rates at the balance sheet date and the rates at the time when the receivables or the debt arose are recognised in the financial income and expenses in the income statement.

Fixed assets acquired in foreign currencies are measured at the transaction date rates.

1. Accounting Policies (cont'd)

Income Statement

Revenue

Revenue consists of income relating to air transport and related activities performed during the financial year. Income is recognised in the income statement at the time of flight departure or the delivery date, which is the time where the risks and rewards are transferred to the customer.

Revenue is measured at the consideration received and is recognised excluding VAT and net of discounts relating to sales.

Production expenses

Production expenses comprise the costs and consumables to achieve revenue for the year.

Other external expenses

Other external expenses comprise sales costs and costs related to advertising, administration, office premises, bad debt losses, etc.

Staff expenses

Staff expenses comprise wages and salaries.

Depreciation and impairment losses

Depreciation and impairment losses comprise the year's depreciation and impairment of property, plant and equipment.

Financial items

Financial items include interest and exchange gains and losses on items denominated in foreign currencies.

Tax on profit/loss for the year

Tax on profit for the year comprises the amount that is expected to be paid for the year together with deferred tax.

The Company is jointly taxed with other Danish companies in the A.P. Møller Holding A/S. The current Danish corporation tax is allocated between the jointly taxed companies in proportion to their taxable income (full absorption with refunds).

Balance Sheet

Property, plant and equipment

Aircraft and components as well as fixtures and fittings, tools and equipment are measured at cost less accumulated depreciation.

Cost comprises the cost of acquisition and expenses directly related to the acquisition up until the time when the asset is ready for use.

The cost of components is divided into separate parts, which are depreciated separately if the useful life of the individual parts varies.

1. Accounting Policies (cont'd)

Depreciation is provided on a straight-line basis over the following expected useful lives of the assets:

Components 3-10 years
Fixtures and fittings, tools and equipment 3-7 years
Maintenance work 2-10 years
Aircraft (second-hand) 2-18 years

Write-downs apart from the above are made when considered necessary, cf. below.

The useful lives and residual values are reassessed annually. Changes are treated as accounting estimates, and the effect on depreciation is recognised prospectively.

Gains and losses on the disposal of property, plant and equipment are stated as the difference between the selling price less selling costs and the carrying amount at the date of disposal. Gains and losses are recognised in the income statement as other operating income or other operating costs, respectively.

Lease assets

Lease assets are 'right-of-use assets' from lease agreements. If, at inception, it is assessed that a contract contains a lease, a lease asset is recognised. Lease assets are initially measured at the present value of future lease payments, plus the cost of obligations to refurbish the asset. Payments include fixed payments, variable lease payments depending on an index or a rate and the exercise price of purchase options that are reasonably certain to be exercised. The lease assets are depreciated using the straight-line method over the shorter of the expected lease term and the useful life of the underlying asset. The lease assets are tested for impairment whenever there is an indication that the assets may be impaired.

Lease assets relates to "Aircraft and components" and are depreciated over 3-8 years.

Short-term leases and leases of low value are recognised as expenses in the income statement on a straight-line basis over the lease term.

Impairment of fixed assets

The carrying amounts of property, plant and equipment are reviewed on an annual basis to determine whether there is any indication of impairment other than that expressed by depreciation.

If so, the asset is written down to its lower recoverable amount.

Spare parts

Spare parts are measured at cost. Where the net realisable value is lower than cost, spare parts are written down to this lower value.

Receivables

Receivables are measured in the balance sheet at the lower of amortised cost and net realisable value, which corresponds to nominal value less provisions for bad debts.

Prepayments

Prepayments comprise prepaid expenses concerning the following year.

1. Accounting Policies (cont'd)

Equity

Dividends

Dividend distribution proposed by Management for the year is disclosed as a separate equity item.

Provisions

Provisions primarily comprise provisions for future scheduled maintenance of leased aircraft and engines as well as ongoing claims. Provisions are recognised when, as a result of past events, the Company has a legal or a constructive obligation, and it is probable that there may be outflow of resources embodying economic benefits to settle the obligation. Provisions are measured at value in use.

Financial liabilities

Financial liabilities are measured at amortised cost, substantially corresponding to nominal value. Finance lease obligations comprise the capitalised residual lease obligation of finance leases.

Lease liabilities

Lease liabilities are initially recognised at the present value of future lease payments including payments from extension or purchase options that are considered reasonably certain to be exercised.

The lease liability is measured using the implicit borrowing rate in the contracts or, where this is not available, the marginal borrowing rate in Denmark. Star Air applies a single discount rate to portfolios of leases for Denmark based on contract currency and loan periods.

If a lease contract is modified, the lease liability is remeasured. For leases with extension options, lease terms are estimated taking the strategic importance into consideration. The estimated lease term is reassessed at each reporting date.

2.	Revenue		
	(USD '000)	2021	2020
	Geographical segments		
	Revenue, Denmark	6,938	6,719
	Revenue, Europe	163,877	155,672
		170,815	162,391
	Business segments The Company has only one hyginess segment, as all revenue relates to a	vir fraight	
	The Company has only one business segment, as all revenue relates to a	air ireigni.	
3.	Staff expenses		
	Wages and salaries	44,968	39,351
	Pensions	3,890	3,291
	Other social security expenses	2,268	1,734
	Other staff expenses	6,277	5,159
		57,403	49,535
	Average number of employees	249	225
	Total remuneration paid to Executive Board	1,070	N/A
4.	Financial income		
	Interest income from group entities	75	679
	Exchange gains	156	1,031
		231	1,710
5.	Financial expenses	_	
	Lease assets	3,995	3,618
	Other financial expenses	42	4
	Exchange losses	406	58
		4,443	3,680
6.	Tax on profit/loss for the year		
	Current tax for the year	12,292	7,767
	Deferred tax for the year	-3,146	560
	Adjustment of current tax concerning previous years	-1,081	-2,063
	Adjustment of deferred tax concerning previous years	0	1,285
		8,065	7,549
7•	Proposed profit appropriation		
	Retained earnings	-90	211
	Proposed dividend	27,000	25,000
	·	26,910	25,211

8. Property, plant and equipment

		Fixtures and	Mainte-		
		fittings, tools	nance work	Assets un-	
	Aircraft and	and equip-	leased air-	der con-	
(USD '000)	components	ment	crafts	struction	Total
Cost at 1 January 2021	183,370	821	208,601	4,900	397,692
Additions for the year	42,325	171	9,975	18,732	71,203
Disposals for the year	-1,242	-43	0	0	-1,285
Transfer	4,900	0	0	-4,900	0
Cost at 31 December 2021	229,353	949	218,576	18,732	467,610
Depreciation and impairment losses					
at 1 January 2021	76,270	763	188,084	0	265,117
Depreciation for the year	25,909	26	8,792	0	34,727
Accumulated depreciation on					
disposed assets	-1,187	-42	0	0	-1,229
Depreciation and impairment losses at 31 December 2021	100,992	747	196,876	0	298,615
Carrying amount at 31 December 2021	128,361	202	21,700	18,732	168,995

9. Leases

In 2021, USD 37,529k (in 2020, USD 16,760) was recognised as additions from finance leases of which USD 30,188k coming from extensions of existing contracts, and USD 1,242k (in 2020 USD 0) was recognized as disposals within "Aircraft and components". The carrying amount as of 31 December 2021 is USD 98,491k (2020: USD 77,847).

Maturity analysis of the lease liability

Deferred tax asset at 31 December

	(USD '000)	2021	2020
	Less than 1 year	17,255	20,475
	Between 1 and 5 years	59,942	54,510
	More than 5 years	18,325	3,006
	Undiscounted lease liability at 31 December	95,522	77,991
10.	Deferred tax asset		
	Deferred tax at 1 January	2,364	4,209
	Deferred tax adjustment for the year in the income statement	3,146	-560
	Adjustment of deferred tax concerning previous years	0	-1,285

The deferred tax asset relates to timing differences between accounting values and tax values, primarily relating to property, plant and equipment.

11. Deposits

Deposits at 1 January	3,736	3,736
Additions for the year	760	0
Deposits at 31 December	4,496	3,736

The deposits relate mainly to payments on leased aircraft.

2,364

5,510

12. Receivables from group entities

Receivables from group entities consists primarily of cash at bank in a cash pool arrangement with group entities.

13. Prepayments

Prepayments comprise prepaid expenses regarding rent, insurance premiums and subscriptions.

14. Equity

The share capital consists of shares with a nominal value of DKK 10,000 each or multiples thereof. There have been no changes in the share capital during the last five years.

15. Provisions

	Maintenance of leased air-	
(USD '000)	craft and com-	0.11
	ponents	Other
Provision at 1 January	17,974	1,344
Provision used during the year	-8,390	-1,344
Provision reversed	-532	0
Provided during the year	6,407	0
	15,459	0
The provisions are expected to mature as follows:	2021	2020
Within 1 year	7,029	2,844
Between 1 and 5 years	8,430	16,474
After 5 years	0	0
	15,459	19,318

16. Long-term debt

Payments due within 1 year are recognised in short-term debt. Other debt is recognised in long-term debt. The debt falls due for payment as specified below:

(USD '000)	2021	2020
Trade payables and other payables		
After 5 years	0	0
Between 1 and 5 years	0	1,128
Long-term part	0	1,128
Other short-term trade payables and other payables	28,350	32,149
	28,350	33,277

17. Contingent assets, liabilities and other financial obligations

Rental and lease obligations

Lease obligations under operating leases. Total future lease payments:

Within 1 year	0	11
Between 1 and 5 years	0	12
After 5 years	0	0
	0	23

The Company's rent liability amounts to USD 371k at 31 December 2021, with a remaining term of 3-12 months.

Guarantee obligations

The Company's other guarantees amount to USD 585k (USD: 635k) at 31 December 2021.

17. Contingent assets, liabilities and other financial obligations (Cont'd)

Other contingent liabilities

The Company is jointly taxed with all other Danish companies in the A.P. Møller Holding Group. As a consolidated entity, the Company has unlimited and joint liability together with the other companies under joint taxation for Danish corporation tax and withholding tax on dividends, interest and royalties within the jointly taxed companies.

18. Related party disclosures

Star Air A/S' related parties comprise the following:

Companies in the A.P. Møller Holding Group, Esplanaden 50, Copenhagen Denmark.

A/S Maersk Aviation Holding exercises direct control over the Company.

Related party transactions

(USD '000)	2021	2020
Purchase of services Sale of services	2,622 6,853	2,495 6,719
Receivables from A.P. Møller – Mærsk A/S Liability to A/S Maersk Aviation Holding Debt to A.P. Møller Holding A/S Paid dividend to A/S Maersk Aviation Holding	96,782 272 18,944 25,000	124,070 71 7,767 26,000

Consolidated financial statements

The Company is included in the Consolidated Financial Statements of A.P. Møller – Mærsk A/S (parent company).

The Company is included in the Consolidated Financial Statements of A.P. Møller Holding A/S (ultimative parent).