

# **Shipco Transport Holding A/S**

Snorresgade 18-20 2300 Copenhagen S Central Business Registration No. 18936488

**Annual report 2016** 

The Annual General Meeting adopted the annual report on 19.05.2017

**Chairman of the General Meeting** 

Name: John Hemming Rasmussen

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# **Entity details**

## **Entity**

Shipco Transport Holding A/S Snorresgade 18-20 2300 Copenhagen S

Central Business Registration No: 18936488

Registered in: Copenhagen

Financial year: 01.01.2016 - 31.12.2016

Website: www.shipco.com

### **Board of Directors**

Arne Simonsen, Chairman Klaus Henry Jepsen Morten Jæpelt Sune Simonsen Christian Møgelvang

## **Executive Board**

Morten Jæpelt, Chief Executive Officer

## **Auditors**

Deloitte Statsautoriseret Revisionspartnerselskab Weidekampsgade 6 P.O. Box 1600 0900 Copenhagen C

## Statement by Management on the annual report

The Board of Directors and the Executive Board have today considered and approved the annual report of Shipco Transport Holding A/S for the financial year 01.01.2016 - 31.12.2016.

The annual report is presented in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act.

In our opinion, the consolidated financial statements and the parent financial statements give a true and fair view of the Group's and the Parent's financial position at 31.12.2016 and of the results of their operations for the financial year 01.01.2016 - 31.12.2016.

We believe that the management commentary contains a fair review of the affairs and conditions referred to therein.

We recommend the annual report for adoption at the Annual General Meeting.

Copenhagen, 19.05.2017

### **Executive Board**

Morten Jæpelt

Chief Executive Officer

## **Board of Directors**

Arne Simonsen Klaus Henry Jepsen Morten Jæpelt

Chairman

Sune Simonsen Christian Møgelvang

## **Independent auditor's report**

# To the owner of Shipco Transport Holding A/S Opinion

We have audited the consolidated financial statements and the parent financial statements of Shipco Transport Holding A/S for the financial year 01.01.2016 - 31.12.2016, which comprise the income statement, balance sheet, statement of changes in equity and notes, including a summary of significant accounting policies, for the Group as well as the Parent. The consolidated financial statements and the parent financial statements are prepared in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act.

In our opinion, the consolidated financial statements and the parent financial statements give a true and fair view of the Group's and the Parent's financial position at 31.12.2016, and of the results of their operations for the financial year 01.01.2016 - 31.12.2016 in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act.

### **Basis for opinion**

We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing (ISAs) and the additional requirements applicable in Denmark. Our responsibilities under those standards and requirements are further described in the Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the consolidated financial statements and the parent financial statements section of this auditor's report. We are independent of the Group in accordance with the International Ethics Standards Board of Accountants' Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants (IESBA Code) and the additional requirements applicable in Denmark, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

# Management's responsibilities for the consolidated financial statements and the parent financial statements

Management is responsible for the preparation of consolidated financial statements and parent financial statements that give a true and fair view in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act, and for such internal control as Management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of consolidated financial statements and parent financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the consolidated financial statements and the parent financial statements, Management is responsible for assessing the Group's and the Entity's ability to continue as a going concern, for disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern, and for using the going concern basis of accounting in preparing the consolidated financial statements and the parent financial statements unless Management either intends to liquidate the Group or the Entity or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

# Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the consolidated financial statements and the parent financial statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the consolidated financial statements and the parent financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs and the additional requirements applicable in Denmark will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could

## **Independent auditor's report**

reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these consolidated financial statements and parent financial statements.

As part of an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs and the additional requirements applicable in Denmark, we exercise professional judgement and maintain professional scepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the consolidated financial statements and the parent financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Group's and the Entity's internal control.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by Management.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of Management's use of the going concern basis of accounting in preparing the consolidated financial statements and the parent financial statements, and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Group's and the Entity's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the consolidated financial statements and the parent financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Group and the Entity to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the consolidated financial statements and the parent financial statements, including the disclosures in the notes, and whether the consolidated financial statements and the parent financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that gives a true and fair view.
- Obtain sufficient appropriate audit evidence regarding the financial information of the entities or business activities within the Group to express an opinion on the consolidated financial statements. We are
  responsible for the direction, supervision and performance of the group audit. We remain solely responsible for our audit opinion.

We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

Shipco Transport Holding A/S

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## **Independent auditor's report**

## Statement on the management commentary

Management is responsible for the management commentary.

Our opinion on the consolidated financial statements and the parent financial statements does not cover the management commentary, and we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the consolidated financial statements and the parent financial statements, our responsibility is to read the management commentary and, in doing so, consider whether the management commentary is materially inconsistent with the consolidated financial statements and the parent financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated.

Moreover, it is our responsibility to consider whether the management commentary provides the information required under the Danish Financial Statements Act.

Based on the work we have performed, we conclude that the management commentary is in accordance with the consolidated financial statements and the parent financial statements and has been prepared in accordance with the requirements of the Danish Financial Statements Act. We did not identify any material misstatement of the management commentary.

Copenhagen, 19.05.2017

## **Deloitte**

Statsautoriseret Revisionspartnerselskab Central Business Registration No: 33963556

Anders Kreiner State Authorised Public Accountant Christian Sanderhage State Authorised Public Accountant

	2016 DKK'000	2015 DKK'000	2014 DKK'000	2013 DKK'000	2012 DKK'000
Financial highlights					
Key figures					
Revenue	3.044.259	3.114.375	2.848.501	2.458.835	2.617.468
Gross profit/loss	599.834	583.146	491.654	416.804	400.656
EBITDA	101.404	112.981	76.773	56.999	62.484
Operating profit/loss	88.533	99.972	63.616	46.158	52.615
Net financials	3.389	724	(416)	(1.363)	(1.669)
Profit/loss for the year	66.162	74.818	47.412	32.711	33.789
Total assets	685.021	623.182	524.048	416.319	456.336
Investments in property, plant and equipment	8.679	13.104	8.699	17.240	11.592
Equity incl minority interests	229.709	213.354	132.668	102.874	104.808
Employees in average	2.402	2.190	2.060	1.987	1.742
Ratios					
Gross margin (%)	19,7	18,7	17,3	17,0	15,3
Net margin (%)	2,2	2,4	1,7	1,3	1,3
Return on equity (%)	29,9	43,2	40,3	31,5	33,6
Equity ratio (%)	33,7	34,2	25,3	24,7	23,0

The number of employees represents the total number of employees in the consolidated enterprises of the Group at 31 December, including proportionally consolidated enterprises.

Financial highlights are defined and calculated in accordance with "Recommendations & Ratios 2015" issued by the Danish Society of Financial Analysts.

Ratios	Calculation formula	Ratios
Gross margin (%)	<u>Gross profit/loss x 100</u> Revenue	The entity's operating gearing.
Net margin (%)	Profit/loss for the year x 100 Revenue	The entity's operating profitability.
Return on equity (%)	Profit/loss for the year x 100 Average equity incl minority interests	The entity's return on capital invested in the entity by the owners.
Equity ratio (%)	Equity x 100 Total assets	The financial strength of the entity.

## **Primary activities**

The primary activities of the Shipco Transport Group are worldwide shipping services.

## **Development in activities and finances**

EBITDA for the year is DKK 101,404 thousand while profit for the year amounts to DKK 91,922 thousand before tax.

Equity totals DKK 229,709 thousand at 31.12.2016.

The Board of Directors considers the performance to be below expectations due to the volatile freight market.

During the year, the Company has enjoyed increased freight volumes despite an overall decrease in LCL volume due to unusually low FCL rates.

#### Outlook

Results for 2017 are expected to be in excess of the results achieved in 2016.

In 2017, the Company will continue to invest in new subsidiaries and related activities.

### Particular risks

### **Price risks**

The Group is to a limited extent dependent on the development in global shipping prices and in the USD exchange rate.

## **Currency exposure**

Due to foreign activities, results, cash flows and equity are affected by the exchange rate movements in a number of foreign currencies. Exchange rate adjustments of investments in subsidiaries are recognised directly in equity. It is not company policy to hedge the above risks by means of financial instruments as purchase and sale of shipping services to a wide extent take place in the same foreign currency.

### **Interest rate exposure**

Reasonable changes in the interest level will have no material impact on the Group. Consequently, no agreements are made on hedging of interest rate exposure.

## **Group relations**

	Share- holding %
SSNYC Inc., USA	100
Shipco Transport Inc., USA	100
Worldwide Alliance Inc., USA	100
International Cargo Terminals Inc., USA	100
International Cargo Terminals Pte. Ltd., Singapore	100
International Cargo Terminals Ltd., New Zealand	100
Shipco Transport (Chile) S.A., Chile	100
Shipco Transport (HK) Ltd., Hong Kong	100
PT Shipco Transport Indonesia, Indonesia	100
Shipco Transport (Japan) Ltd., Japan	100
Shipco Transport (Pte.) Ltd., Singapore	100
Shipco Transport (Thailand) Ltd., Thailand	100
Shipco Transport Sdn. Bhd., Malaysia	100
Shipco Transport (Philippines) Inc., the Philippines	51
Shipco Transport Sp.z.o.o., Poland	100
SSC Consolidation N.V., Belgium	50
SSC Consolidation B.V., the Netherlands	50
SSC Consolidation LLC, United Arab Emirates	50
Shipco Transport AB, Sweden	100
OY Shipco Transport, Finland	100
Shipco Transport AS, Norway	100
Shipco Transport B.V., the Netherlands	100
Shipco Transport Eesti AS, Estonia	100
Shipco Transport GmbH, Germany	100
Shipco Transport Ltd., United Kingdom	100
Shipco Transport N.V., Belgium	100
Shipco Transport Denmark A/S, Denmark	100
Shipco Transport Ltd., Ukraine	100
Shipco Transport (Shanghai) Ltd., China	100
Shipco Transport SIA, Latvia	100
Shipco Transport UAB, Lithuania	100
Shipco Transport Vietnam Limited, Vietnam	51
Shipco Transport Ul. Ar. Nak. Ltd. Sti., Turkey	100
Shipco Transport d.o.o., Slovenia	100
Shipco Transport LLC, Russia	100
Shipco Transport Bulgaria EOOD, Bulgaria	100
Shipco Transport Pakistan (pvt) Ltd., Pakistan	50

## **Group relations (continued)**

	<u>%</u>
	100
Bangkok Resource Center Ltd., Thailand	100
Shipco DMCC, United Arab Emirates	100
Shipco Transport Ltd., Ireland	100
Shipco Transport Ltd., New Zealand	51
Shipco Transport SRL, Romania	100
Shipco Transport Lanka (Pvt) Ltd., Sri Lanka	100
Shipco Transport Co. Ltd., Korea	51
Shipco Transport Taiwan Co. Ltd., Taiwan	100
Shipco Transport (Canada) Inc., Canada	100
Shipco IT Private Limited, India	100

# Statutory corporate social responsibility report according to section 99a of the Danish Financial Statements Act

Please refer to the management commentary of the Ultimate Parent.

### Report on efforts made in relation to the underrepresented gender

It is the policy of Shipco Transport Holding A/S to secure the best professional competence possible at all levels in the Company. The members of Management are solely appointed based on their qualifications and not based on their gender. By doing so, equal opportunities for both genders are secured provided that the candidates applying for the management positions possess the professional skills required.

## **Target figures for the Board of Directors**

At the time of presentation of the annual report, the Board of Directors at Shipco Transport Holding A/S has no female members while the Ultimate Parent, A.S. Scan Holding A/S, has three female board members out of seven board members corresponding to 42.9%.

Based on a specific assessment of the Company's situation, including the competences to be present at the Board of Directors, the target is to identify at least one female candidate for the Board of Directors at Shipco Transport Holding A/S before 2019. This is considered an achievable and ambitious target figure.

### Policy for other management levels

Shipco Transport Holding A/S supports gender equality – both as regards career opportunities and salary conditions. Our equal opportunities policy is put into practice in the Company's employee manual. Based on the limited time frame, it has not yet been possible to record any effect of the above.

### Events after the balance sheet date

No events have occurred after the balance sheet date to this date which would influence the evaluation of this annual report.

# **Consolidated income statement for 2016**

	Notes	2016 DKK'000	2015 DKK'000
Revenue	1	3.044.259	3.114.375
Cost of sales		(2.189.306)	(2.297.438)
Other external expenses	2	(255.119)	(233.791)
Gross profit/loss		599.834	583.146
Staff costs	3	(500.490)	(470.165)
Depreciation, amortisation and impairment losses	4	(11.871)	(13.009)
Negative goodwill	5	1.060	0
Operating profit/loss		88.533	99.972
Other financial income	6	8.314	5.068
Other financial expenses	7	(4.925)	(4.344)
Profit/loss before tax		91.922	100.696
Tax on profit/loss for the year	8	(25.760)	(25.878)
Profit/loss for the year	9	66.162	74.818

# Consolidated balance sheet at 31.12.2016

	Notes	2016 DKK'000	2015 DKK'000
Other fixtures and fittings, tools and equipment		22.163	24.563
Leasehold improvements		6.895	6.709
Property, plant and equipment	10	29.058	31.272
Other receivables		9.038	7.154
Fixed asset investments	11	9.038	7.154
Fixed assets		38.096	38.426
Trade receivables		343.034	260.120
Receivables from group enterprises		24.865	16.745
Deferred tax	12	7.402	5.544
Other receivables		56.256	43.998
Receivables	- -	431.557	326.407
Cash		215.368	258.349
Current assets		646.925	584.756
Assets		685.021	623.182

# Consolidated balance sheet at 31.12.2016

	Notes	2016 DKK'000	2015 DKK'000
Contributed capital		1.100	1.100
Retained earnings		178.609	162.254
Proposed dividend		50.000	50.000
Equity		229.709	213.354
Deferred tax	12	466	181
Provisions		466	181
Other payables		3.173	2.633
Non-current liabilities other than provisions	13	3.173	2.633
Current portion of long-term liabilities other than provisions	13	260	250
Trade payables		385.910	347.832
Payables to group enterprises		11.643	8.713
Income tax payable		12.977	11.703
Other payables		40.883	38.516
Current liabilities other than provisions		451.673	407.014
Liabilities other than provisions		454.846	409.647
Equity and liabilities		685.021	623.182
Unrecognised rental and lease commitments	14		
Contingent liabilities	15		
Group relations	16		

# Consolidated statement of changes in equity for 2016

	Contributed capital DKK'000	Retained earnings DKK'000	Proposed dividend DKK'000	Total DKK'000
Equity beginning of year	1.100	162.254	50.000	213.354
Ordinary dividend paid	0	0	(50.000)	(50.000)
Exchange rate adjustments	0	193	0	193
Profit/loss for the year	0	16.162	50.000	66.162
Equity end of year	1.100	178.609	50.000	229.709

	2016 DKK'000	2015 DKK'000
1. Revenue	_	
Shipping services	3.044.259	3.114.375
	3.044.259	3.114.375
	2016 DKK'000	2015 DKK'000
2. Fees to the auditor appointed by the Annual General Meeting		
Statutory audit services	2.912	2.738
Other assurance engagements	121	154
Tax services	519	463
Other services	574	530
	4.126	3.885
	2016 DKK'000	2015 DKK'000
3. Staff costs		
Wages and salaries	434.241	403.373
Pension costs	17.613	15.240
Other social security costs	48.636	51.552
	500.490	470.165
Average number of employees	2.402	2.190

The Board of Directors and the Executive Board are not remunerated by the Group.

DKK'000	DKK'000
11.871	13.009
11.871	13.009
	11.871

## 5. Negative goodwill

Negative goodwill relates to purchase of investments in group enterprises during the financial year, in which the cost was lower than the net asset value at the time of purchase.

	2016 DKK'000	2015 DKK'000
6. Other financial income		
Financial income arising from group enterprises	142	114
Other financial income	8.172	4.954
	8.314	5.068

	2016 DKK'000	2015 DKK'000
7. Other financial expenses		
Financial expenses from group enterprises	0	16
Other financial expenses	4.925	4.328
	4.925	4.344
	2016 DKK'000	2015 DKK'000
8. Tax on profit/loss for the year		
Tax on current year taxable income	23.984	24.501
Change in deferred tax for the year	1.133	1.517
Adjustment concerning previous years	643	(140)
	25.760	25.878
	2016 DKK'000	2015 DKK'000
9. Proposed distribution of profit/loss		
Ordinary dividend for the financial year	50.000	50.000
Retained earnings	16.162	24.818
	66.162	74.818
	Other extures and fittings, tools and equipment DKK'000	Leasehold improve- ments DKK'000
10. Property, plant and equipment		
Cost beginning of year	82.646	17.230
Exchange rate adjustments	2.741	4
Additions	8.452	227
Disposals	(8.492)	0
Cost end of year	85.347	17.461
Depreciation and impairment losses beginning of the year	(58.083)	(10.521)
Exchange rate adjustments	(1.562)	(3)
Depreciation for the year	(11.829)	(42)
Reversal regarding disposals	8.290	0
Depreciation and impairment losses end of the year	(63.184)	(10.566)
Carrying amount end of year	22.163	6.895

	Other receivables DKK'000
11. Fixed asset investments	
Cost beginning of year	7.154
Exchange rate adjustments	124
Additions	7.202
Disposals	(5.442)
Cost end of year	9.038
Carrying amount end of year	9.038
	2016 DKK'000
12. Deferred tax	
Changes during the year	
Beginning of year	5.363
Recognised in the income statement	1.573
End of year	6.936

Deferred tax consists of balances on fixed assets, trade receivables etc and tax loss carryforwards.

	Instalments I within 12 months 2016 DKK'000	instalments within 12 months 2015 DKK'000	Instalments beyond 12 months 2016 DKK'000
13. Liabilities other than provisions			
Other payables	260	250	3.173
	260	250	3.173
14. Unrecognised rental and lease com	mitments	2016 DKK'000	2015 DKK'000
Hereof liabilities under rental or lease agree	ements until maturity in tot	al <b>62.455</b>	71.355
		2016 <u>DKK'000</u>	2015 DKK'000
15. Contingent liabilities			
Recourse and non-recourse guarantee comm	mitments	4.928	3.215
Contingent liabilities in total		4.928	3.215

The Company participates in a Danish joint taxation arrangement in which A.S. Scan Holding A/S serves as the administration company. According to the joint taxation provisions of the Danish Corporation Tax Act, the Company is therefore jointly and severally liable as of the financial year 2013 with the other jointly taxed companies for income taxes etc for the jointly taxed companies, and as of 01.07.2012 also for obligations, if any, relating to the withholding of tax on interest, royalties and dividends for the jointly taxed companies. The jointly taxed companies' total known net liability in the joint taxation arrangement is stated in the financial statements of the administration company.

## 16. Group relations

Name and registered office of the Parent preparing consolidated financial statements for the largest group:

A.S. Scan Holding A/S, Snorresgade 18-20, 2300 Copenhagen S

Name and registered office of the Parent preparing consolidated financial statements for the smallest group:

Scan Group A/S, Snorresgade 18-20, 2300 Copenhagen S

# Parent income statement for 2016

	Notes	2016 DKK'000	2015 DKK'000
Other operating income		19.801	19.516
Other external expenses		(16.588)	(17.775)
Gross profit/loss		3.213	1.741
Staff costs	1	(3.894)	(1.953)
Depreciation, amortisation and impairment losses	2	(66)	(63)
Negative goodwill	3	1.060	0
Operating profit/loss		313	(275)
Income from investments in group enterprises		65.771	74.754
Other financial income	4	1.266	2.097
Other financial expenses	5	(29)	(28)
Profit/loss before tax		67.321	76.548
Tax on profit/loss for the year	6	(1.159)	(1.730)
Profit/loss for the year	7	66.162	74.818

# Parent balance sheet at 31.12.2016

	Notes	2016 DKK'000	2015 DKK'000
Other fixtures and fittings, tools and equipment		178	244
Property, plant and equipment	8	178	244
Investments in group enterprises		211.235	174.784
Other receivables		2.400	5
Fixed asset investments	9	213.635	174.789
Fixed assets		213.813	175.033
Trade receivables		1	699
Receivables from group enterprises		22.643	22.611
Deferred tax	10	453	206
Other receivables		81	177
Receivables		23.178	23.693
Cash		1.485	22.252
Current assets		24.663	45.945
Assets		238.476	220.978

# Parent balance sheet at 31.12.2016

	Notes	2016 DKK'000	2015 DKK'000
Contributed capital	11	1.100	1.100
Reserve for net revaluation according to the equity method		166.461	131.480
Retained earnings		12.148	30.774
Proposed dividend		50.000	50.000
Equity		229.709	213.354
Provisions for investments in group enterprises	12	871	550
Provisions		871	550
Trade payables		1.990	1.800
Payables to group enterprises		3.994	4.769
Income tax payable		387	0
Other payables		1.525	505
Current liabilities other than provisions		7.896	7.074
Liabilities other than provisions		7.896	7.074
Equity and liabilities		238.476	220.978
Unrecognised rental and lease commitments	13		
Contingent liabilities	14		
Related parties with controlling interest	15		

# Parent statement of changes in equity for 2016

	Contributed capital DKK'000	Reserve for net revaluation according to the equity method DKK'000	Retained earnings DKK'000	Proposed dividend DKK'000
Equity beginning of year	1.100	131.480	30.774	50.000
Ordinary dividend paid	0	0	0	(50.000)
Exchange rate adjustments	0	193	0	0
Profit/loss for the year	0	34.788	(18.626)	50.000
Equity end of year	1.100	166.461	12.148	50.000

	Total <u>DKK'000</u>
Equity beginning of year	213.354
Ordinary dividend paid	(50.000)
Exchange rate adjustments	193
Profit/loss for the year	66.162
Equity end of year	229.709

	2016 DKK'000	2015 DKK'000
1. Staff costs		
Wages and salaries	3.676	1.775
Pension costs	205	166
Other social security costs	13	12
	3.894	1.953
Average number of employees	3	4

The Board of Directors and the Executive Board are not remunerated by the Company.

	2016 <u>DKK'000</u>	2015 DKK'000
2. Depreciation, amortisation and impairment losses		
Depreciation of property, plant and equipment	66	63
	66	63

## 3. Negative goodwill

Negative goodwill relates to purchase of investments in group enterprises during the financial year, in which the cost was lower than the net asset value at the time of purchase.

	2016 DKK'000	2015 DKK'000
4. Other financial income		
Financial income arising from group enterprises	123	120
Other financial income	1.143	1.977
	1.266	2.097
	2016 DKK'000	2015 DKK'000
5. Other financial expenses		
Financial expenses from group enterprises	28	28
Interest expenses	1	0
	29	28

	2016 DKK'000	2015 DKK'000
6. Tax on profit/loss for the year		
Tax on current year taxable income	1.406	779
Change in deferred tax for the year	(247)	109
Adjustment concerning previous years	0	804
Effect of changed tax rates	0	38
	1.159	1.730
	2016 DKK'000	2015 DKK'000
7. Proposed distribution of profit/loss		
Ordinary dividend for the financial year	50.000	50.000
Transferred to reserve for net revaluation according to the equity method	34.788	68.683
Retained earnings	(18.626)	(43.865)
	66.162	74.818
		Other fixtures and fittings, tools and equipment DKK'000
8. Property, plant and equipment		
Cost beginning of year		332
Cost end of year		332
Depreciation and impairment losses beginning of the year		(88)
Depreciation for the year		(66)
Depreciation and impairment losses end of the year		(154)
Carrying amount end of year		178

	Investments in group enterprises DKK'000	Other receivables DKK'000
9. Fixed asset investments		
Cost beginning of year	43.304	5
Additions	410	2.400
Disposals	0	(5)
Cost end of year	43.714	2.400
Revaluations beginning of year	131.480	0
Addition through business combinations etc	1.060	0
Exchange rate adjustments	193	0
Share of profit/loss for the year	65.771	0
Dividend	(30.260)	0
Investments with negative equity depreciated over receivables	(1.044)	0
Investments with negative equity transferred to provisions	321	0
Revaluations end of year	167.521	0
Carrying amount end of year	211.235	2.400

Accumulated investments with negative equity depreciated over receivables at year-end amount to DKK 7,264 thousand.

	2016 <u>DKK'000</u>
10. Deferred tax	
Changes during the year	
Beginning of year	206
Recognised in the income statement	247
End of year	453

	Number	Par value DKK'000	Nominal value DKK'000
11. Contributed capital			
Share capital	1.100	1	1.100
	1.100	- -	1.100

## 12. Provisions for investments in group enterprises

Provision for investments in group enterprises relates to group enterprises with negative equity.

	2016 DKK'000	2015 DKK'000
13. Unrecognised rental and lease commitments		
Hereof liabilities under rental or lease agreements until maturity in total	220	232

## 14. Contingent liabilities

The Parent has issued letters of support to a number of subsidiaries.

The Company participates in a Danish joint taxation arrangement in which A.S. Scan Holding A/S serves as the administration company. According to the joint taxation provisions of the Danish Corporation Tax Act, the Company is therefore jointly and severally liable as of the financial year 2013 with the other jointly taxed companies for income taxes etc for the jointly taxed companies, and as of 01.07.2012 also for obligations, if any, relating to the withholding of tax on interest, royalties and dividends for the jointly taxed companies. The jointly taxed companies' total known net liability in the joint taxation arrangement is stated in the financial statements of the administration company.

### 15. Related parties with controlling interest

Related parties with a controlling interest in Shipco Transport Holding A/S:

- Scan Group A/S, Snorresgade 18-20, 2300 Copenhagen S, shareholder
- A.S. Scan Holding A/S, Snorresgade 18-20, 2300 Copenhagen S, Ultimate Parent

## Reporting class

This annual report has been presented in accordance with the provisions of the Danish Financial Statements Act governing reporting class C enterprises (large).

The accounting policies applied to these consolidated financial statements and parent financial statements are consistent with those applied last year.

## **Recognition and measurement**

Assets are recognised in the balance sheet when it is probable as a result of a prior event that future economic benefits will flow to the Entity, and the value of the asset can be measured reliably.

Liabilities are recognised in the balance sheet when the Entity has a legal or constructive obligation as a result of a prior event, and it is probable that future economic benefits will flow out of the Entity, and the value of the liability can be measured reliably.

On initial recognition, assets and liabilities are measured at cost. Measurement subsequent to initial recognition is effected as described below for each financial statement item.

Anticipated risks and losses that arise before the time of presentation of the annual report and that confirm or invalidate affairs and conditions existing at the balance sheet date are considered at recognition and measurement.

Income is recognised in the income statement when earned, whereas costs are recognised by the amounts attributable to this financial year.

## **Consolidated financial statements**

The consolidated financial statements include Shipco Transport Holding A/S (Parent) and subsidiaries in which Shipco Transport Holding A/S either directly or indirectly holds more than 50% of the voting rights or in any other way have controlling influence. Jointly controlled entities are consolidated on a pro rata basis.

All entities, which are partly owned at present, are considered jointly controlled entities and have therefore been recognised on a pro rata basis.

### **Basis of consolidation**

The consolidated financial statements are prepared on the basis of the financial statements of the Parent and its subsidiaries. The consolidated financial statements are prepared by combining uniform items. On consolidation, intra-group income and expenses, intra-group accounts and dividends as well as profits and losses on transactions between the consolidated enterprises are eliminated. The financial statements used for consolidation have been prepared applying the Group's accounting policies.

Subsidiaries' financial statement items are recognised in full in the consolidated financial statements. Minority interests' pro rata shares of the profit/loss and the net assets are disclosed as separate items in the income statement and the balance sheet, respectively.

Investments in subsidiaries are offset at the pro rata share of such subsidiaries' net assets at the takeover date, with net assets having been calculated at fair value.

#### **Business combinations**

Newly acquired or newly established enterprises are recognised in the consolidated financial statements from the time of acquiring or establishing such enterprises. Divested or wound-up enterprises are recognised in the consolidated income statement up to the time of their divestment or winding-up.

The purchase method is applied at the acquisition of new enterprises, under which identifiable assets and liabilities of these enterprises are measured at fair value at the acquisition date. On acquisition of enterprises, provisions are made for costs relating to decided and published restructurings in the acquired enterprise. Allowance is made for the tax effect of restatements.

Positive differences in amount (goodwill) between cost of the acquired share and fair value of the assets and liabilities taken over are recognised under intangible assets, and they are amortised systematically over the income statement based on an individual assessment of their useful life, however, no more than 20 years. Negative differences in amount (negative goodwill), corresponding to an estimated adverse development in the relevant enterprises, are recognised in the balance sheet under deferred income, and they are recognised in the income statement when such adverse development is realised.

## **Profits or losses from divestment of equity investments**

Profits or losses from divestment or winding-up of subsidiaries are calculated as the difference between selling price or settlement price and the carrying amount of the net assets at the time of divestment or winding-up, inclusive of non-amortised goodwill and estimated divestment or winding-up expenses.

## Foreign currency translation

Foreign currency transactions are translated applying the exchange rates at the transaction date. Exchange differences that arise between the rate at the transaction date and the one in effect at the payment date are recognised in the income statement as financial income or financial expenses.

Receivables, payables, and other monetary items denominated in foreign currencies that have not been settled at the balance sheet date are translated applying the exchange rate at the balance sheet date. Exchange differences that arise between the rate at the balance sheet date and the one in effect at the time when the receivable or payable arose are recognised in the income statement as financial income or financial expenses.

If the foreign subsidiaries meet the criteria of independent entities, their income statements and balance sheets are translated applying the exchange rates at the balance sheet date. Exchange differences that arise from translation of foreign subsidiaries' equity at the beginning of the year, applying the exchange rates at the balance sheet date, are recognised directly in equity.

#### **Income statement**

#### Revenue

Revenue is recognised in the income statement if delivery to the Group's cooperators has taken place before year-end and if the income can be computed reliably and receipt is expected. Revenue is recognised net of VAT, duties and sales discounts.

## Other operating income

Other operating income comprises income of secondary nature as viewed in relation to the Group's primary activities.

### Cost of sales

Costs relating to revenue are accrued according to the method of revenue recognition. Other costs relating to the financial year in terms of time are charged to the income statement.

### Other external expenses

Other external expenses include expenses relating to the Entity's ordinary activities, including expenses for premises, stationery and office supplies, marketing costs, etc. This item also includes write-downs of receivables recognised in current assets.

### Staff costs

Staff costs comprise salaries and wages as well as social security contributions, pension contributions, etc for entity staff.

## Depreciation, amortisation and impairment losses

Amortisation, depreciation and impairment losses relating to intangible assets and property, plant and equipment comprise amortisation, depreciation and impairment losses for the financial year, calculated on the basis of the residual values and useful lives of the individual assets and impairment testing as well as gains and losses from the sale of intangible assets as well as property, plant and equipment.

## **Negative goodwill**

Negative goodwill, which arises from negative differences between cost of entities acquired and the fair valuemeasured net assets acquired from the acquisition, is recognised as income in profit or loss at the time of acquisition of each entity.

### Other financial income

Other financial income comprises dividends etc received on other investments, interest income, including interest income on receivables from group enterprises, net capital gains on securities, payables and transactions in foreign currencies, amortisation of financial assets as well as tax relief under the Danish Tax Prepayment Scheme etc.

## Other financial expenses

Other financial expenses comprise interest expenses, including interest expenses on payables to group enterprises, net capital losses on securities, payables and transactions in foreign currencies, amortisation of financial liabilities as well as tax surcharge under the Danish Tax Prepayment Scheme etc.

## Tax on profit/loss for the year

Tax for the year, which consists of current tax for the year and changes in deferred tax, is recognised in the income statement by the portion attributable to the profit for the year and recognised directly in equity by the portion attributable to entries directly in equity.

The Company is jointly taxed with its Ultimate Parent, A.S. Scan Holding A/S, and all of the Ultimate Parent's other Danish subsidiaries. The current Danish income tax is allocated among the jointly taxed companies proportionally to their taxable income (full allocation with a refund concerning tax losses).

### **Balance sheet**

## Property, plant and equipment

Other fixtures and fittings, tools and equipment as well as leasehold improvements are measured at cost less accumulated depreciation and impairment losses.

The basis of depreciation is cost less estimated residual value after the end of useful life.

Cost comprises the acquisition price and costs directly attributable to the acquisition until the time when it is ready to be put into operation.

Straight-line depreciation is made on the basis of the following estimated useful lives of the assets:

Other fixtures and fittings, tools and equipment Leasehold improvements

3-10 years

3-10 years

On initial recognition, lease contracts regarding property, plant and equipment in which the Company holds all material risks and advantages related to the ownership (finance leasing) are measured in the balance sheet at fair value or present value, if lower, of future lease payments. At the computation of present value, the internal interest rate of the lease contract or an approximate value is used as discount factor. Assets held under finance leases are then treated as the Company's other property, plant and equipment

Property, plant and equipment are written down to the lower of recoverable amount and carrying amount.

## **Investments in group enterprises**

### **Income statement**

The Company's share of the subsidiaries' profits or losses after elimination of unrealised intra-group profits and losses and plus or minus amortisation of positive, or negative, goodwill is recognised in the income statement.

## **Balance sheet**

Investments in subsidiaries are recognised in the balance sheet at the pro rata share of the enterprises' equity in accordance with the Parent's accounting policies plus or minus unrealised intra-group profits and losses and plus or minus the residual value of positive, or negative, goodwill calculated according to the purchase method.

Subsidiaries with negative equity are measured at zero value, and any receivable from these enterprises is written down by the Parent's share of such negative equity. If the negative equity exceeds the amounts receivable, the remaining amount is recognised under provisions if the Parent has a legal or constructive obligation to cover the negative balance of the relevant subsidiary.

Net revaluation of investments in subsidiaries is taken to reserve for net revaluation under the equity method if the carrying amount exceeds cost less amortisation of goodwill.

#### Receivables

Receivables are measured at amortised cost, usually equalling nominal value. Provisions for bad and doubtful debts are made at net realisable value.

#### **Deferred tax**

Deferred tax is recognised on all temporary differences between the carrying amount and tax-based value of assets and liabilities, for which the tax-based value of assets is calculated based on the planned use of each asset.

Deferred tax assets, including the tax base of tax loss carryforwards, are recognised in the balance sheet at their estimated realisable value, either as a set-off against deferred tax liabilities or as net tax assets.

### Cash

Cash comprises cash in hand and bank deposits.

### Dividend

Dividend is recognised as a liability at the time of adoption at the general meeting. The proposed dividend for the financial year is disclosed as a separate item in equity.

### Operating leases

Lease payments on operating leases are recognised on a straight-line basis in the income statement over the term of the lease.

### Other financial liabilities

Other financial liabilities are measured at amortised cost, which usually corresponds to nominal value.

## Income tax receivable or payable

Current tax payable or receivable is recognised in the balance sheet, stated as tax calculated on this year's taxable income, adjusted for prepaid tax.

## **Cash flow statement**

Referring to section 86(4) of the Danish Financial Statements Act, the Group has not prepared any cash flow statement as such statement is prepared by the higher-level group.

## **Segment information**

The Group's activities only comprise sea freight, shipping and logistics on the world market. Consequently, it is not relevant to provide disclosures on business segments and geographical markets.