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Industrial Parts Depot (Denmark) ApS

Ambolten 20 6000 Kolding Business Registration No 18442892

Annual report 01.10.2017 - 30.09.2018

The Annual General Meeting adopted the annual report on 05.11.2018

Name:	Tom Grzywacz		

Chairman of the General Meeting

Member of Deloitte Touche Tohmatsu Limited

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Entity details

Entity

Industrial Parts Depot (Denmark) ApS Ambolten 20 6000 Kolding

Central Business Registration No (CVR): 18442892

Registered in: Kolding, Denmark

Financial year: 01.10.2017 - 30.09.2018

Phone: +4575507666 Fax: +4575508965

Executive Board

Tom Grzywacz

Auditors

Deloitte Statsautoriseret Revisionspartnerselskab Egtved Allé 4 6000 Kolding

Statement by Management on the annual report

The Executive Board has today considered and approved the annual report of Industrial Parts Depot (Denmark) ApS for the financial year 01.10.2017 - 30.09.2018.

The annual report is presented in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act.

In our opinion, the financial statements give a true and fair view of the Entity's financial position at 30.09.2018 and of the results of its operations for the financial year 01.10.2017 - 30.09.2018.

We recommend the annual report for adoption at the Annual General Meeting.

Kolding, 05.11.2018

Executive Board

Tom Grzywacz

Independent auditor's report

To the shareholders of Industrial Parts Depot (Denmark) ApS Opinion

We have audited the financial statements of Industrial Parts Depot (Denmark) ApS for the financial year 01.10.2017 - 30.09.2018, which comprise the income statement, balance sheet, statement of changes in equity and notes, including a summary of significant accounting policies. The financial statements are prepared in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act.

In our opinion, the financial statements give a true and fair view of the Entity's financial position at 30.09.2018 and of the results of its operations for the financial year 01.10.2017 - 30.09.2018 in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act.

Basis for opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing (ISAs) and additional requirements applicable in Denmark. Our responsibilities under those standards and requirements are further described in the Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements section of this auditor's report. We are independent of the Entity in accordance with the International Ethics Standards Board of Accountants' Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants (IESBA Code) and the additional requirements applicable in Denmark, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Management's responsibilities for the financial statements

Management is responsible for the preparation of financial statements that give a true and fair view in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act, and for such internal control as Management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, Management is responsible for assessing the Entity's ability to continue as a going concern, for disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern, and for using the going concern basis of accounting in preparing the financial statements unless Management either intends to liquidate the Entity or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs and the additional requirements applicable in Denmark will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

As part of an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs and the additional requirements applicable in Denmark, we exercise professional judgement and maintain professional scepticism throughout the audit. We also:

Independent auditor's report

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures
 that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the
 effectiveness of the Entity's internal control.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by Management.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of Management's use of the going concern basis of accounting in preparing the financial statements, and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Entity's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Entity to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the financial statements, including the
 disclosures in the notes, and whether the financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that gives a true and fair view.

We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

Statement on the management commentary

Management is responsible for the management commentary.

Our opinion on the financial statements does not cover the management commentary, and we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the financial statements, our responsibility is to read the management commentary and, in doing so, consider whether the management commentary is materially inconsistent with the financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated.

Moreover, it is our responsibility to consider whether the management commentary provides the information required under the Danish Financial Statements Act.

Independent auditor's report

Based on the work we have performed, we conclude that the management commentary is in accordance with the financial statements and has been prepared in accordance with the requirements of the Danish Financial Statements Act. We did not identify any material misstatement of the management commentary.

Kolding, 05.11.2018

Deloitte

Statsautoriseret Revisionspartnerselskab Central Business Registration No (CVR) 33963556

Per Schøtt State Authorised Public Accountant Identification No (MNE) mne28663

Management commentary

Primary activities

The Company's primary activity consists in the sale of spare parts for diesel engines. The spare parts are produced by the Parent, Industrial Parts Depot LLC, USA.

Development in activities and finances

This years result was USD 330k.

Events after the balance sheet date

No events have occurred after the balance sheet date to this date which would influence the evaluation of this annual report.

Income statement for 2017/18

	Notes	2017/18 USD	2016/17 USD
Gross profit		737.608	597.806
Staff costs	1	(291.755)	(249.518)
Depreciation, amortisation and impairment losses	2	0	(401)
Operating profit/loss		445.853	347.887
Other financial expenses		(12.996)	(15.035)
Profit/loss before tax		432.857	332.852
Tax on profit/loss for the year	3	(103.186)	(73.455)
Profit/loss for the year		329.671	259.397
Proposed distribution of profit/loss			
Ordinary dividend for the financial year		200.000	0
Retained earnings		129.671	259.397
		329.671	259.397

Balance sheet at 30.09.2018

	<u>Notes</u>	2017/18 USD	2016/17 USD
Plant and machinery		0	0
Other fixtures and fittings, tools and equipment		0	0
Leasehold improvements		0	0
Property, plant and equipment	4	0	0
Fixed assets		<u> </u>	0_
Manufactured goods and goods for resale		1.840.257	1.320.188
Inventories		1.840.257	1.320.188
Trade receivables		749.363	510.012
Deferred tax	5	0	481
Other receivables		6.425	0
Prepayments		8.447	11.137
Receivables		764.235	521.630
Cash		598.992	647.603
Current assets		3.203.484	2.489.421
Assets		3.203.484	2.489.421

Balance sheet at 30.09.2018

	Notes	2017/18 USD	2016/17 USD
Contributed capital		31.250	31.250
Retained earnings		1.894.458	1.764.787
Proposed dividend		200.000	0
Equity		2.125.708	1.796.037
Deferred tax	5	8.551	0
Provisions		8.551	0
Prepayments received from customers		45.146	0
Trade payables		41.682	40.324
Payables to group enterprises		697.930	409.668
Income tax payable		157.969	131.434
Other payables		126.498	111.958
Current liabilities other than provisions		1.069.225	693.384
Liabilities other than provisions		1.069.225	693.384
Equity and liabilities		3.203.484	2.489.421
Unrecognised rental and lease commitments	6		
Contingent liabilities	7		
Group relations	8		

Statement of changes in equity for 2017/18

	Contributed	Retained	Proposed	
	capital	earnings	dividend	Total
	USD	USD	USD	USD
Equity				
beginning of	31.250	1.764.787	0	1.796.037
year				
Profit/loss for	0	120 671	200.000	220 671
the year	0	129.671	200.000	329.671
Equity end				
of year	31.250	1.894.458	200.000	2.125.708

Notes

1. Stoff cooks	2017/18 USD	2016/17 USD
1. Staff costs	276 542	226 672
Wages and salaries	276.512	236.673
Pension costs	9.589	8.206
Other social security costs	4.033	3.772
Other staff costs	1.621	867
	291.755	249.518
Average number of employees	4	4
2. Depreciation, amortisation and impairment losses Depreciation of property, plant and equipment	2017/18 USD 0	2016/17 USD 401 401
	2017/18	2016/17
_	USD	USD
3. Tax on profit/loss for the year		
Current tax	86.669	73.210
Change in deferred tax	9.032	80
Adjustment concerning previous years	7.485	165
	103.186	73.455

Notes

4. Property, plant and equipment	Plant and machinery USD	Other fixtures and fittings, tools and equipment	Leasehold improve- ments USD
Cost beginning of year	11.500	21.633	38.837
Cost end of year	11.500	21.633	38.837
Depreciation and impairment losses beginning of year	(11.500)	(21.633)	(38.837)
Depreciation and impairment losses end of year	(11.500)	(21.633)	(38.837)
Carrying amount end of year	0	0	0
5. Deferred tax Property, plant and equipment Inventories		2017/18 USD (1.039) 9.590 8.551	2016/17 USD (481) 0 (481)
6. Unrecognised rental and lease commitment Liabilities under rental or lease agreements until m		2017/18 USD 44.037	2016/17 USD 32.317
7. Contingent liabilities		2017/18 USD_	2016/17 USD
Recourse and non-recourse guarantee commitmen	ts	27.324	27.835
Contingent liabilities in total		27.324	27.835

8. Group relations

Name and registered office of the Parent preparing consolidated financial statements for the smallest group:

Industrial Parts Depot, LLC, 23231 S. Normandie Avenue, Torrance, CA 90501, USA

Reporting class

This annual report has been presented in accordance with the provisions of the Danish Financial Statements Act governing reporting class B enterprises with addition of certain provisions for reporting class C.

The accounting policies applied for these financial statements are consistent with those applied last year.

Changes in accounting estimates

In the financial year, the company's estimate of obsolete inventories has changed. Previously, the estimate was 50% for goods without movements for 1 year, 75% for 2 years and 100% for 3 years. The new estimates are 25% for goods without movements for 1 year, 50% for 2 years and unchanged 100% for 3 years. The change in estimate is found to better reflect the net realisable value of the company's inventories. The change has had a positive impact of USD 34k on profit/loss for the year, assets and equity.

Recognition and measurement

Assets are recognised in the balance sheet when it is probable as a result of a prior event that future economic benefits will flow to the Entity, and the value of the asset can be measured reliably.

Liabilities are recognised in the balance sheet when the Entity has a legal or constructive obligation as a result of a prior event, and it is probable that future economic benefits will flow out of the Entity, and the value of the liability can be measured reliably.

On initial recognition, assets and liabilities are measured at cost. Measurement subsequent to initial recognition is effected as described below for each financial statement item.

Anticipated risks and losses that arise before the time of presentation of the annual report and that confirm or invalidate affairs and conditions existing at the balance sheet date are considered at recognition and measurement.

Income is recognised in the income statement when earned, whereas costs are recognised by the amounts attributable to this financial year.

Foreign currency translation

On initial recognition, transactions other than USD are translated applying the exchange rate fixed for a given period. Receivables, payables and other monetary items denominated in foreign currencies that have not been settled at the balance sheet date are translated using the exchange rate at the balance sheet date. Exchange differences that arise between the rate at the transaction date and the one in effect at the payment date, or the rate at the balance sheet date are recognised in the income statement as financial income or financial expenses.

Income statement

Gross profit or loss

Gross profit or loss is an aggregation of revenue, cost of sales and other external expenses.

Revenue

Revenue is recognised in the income statement when delivery is made and risk has passed to the buyer. Revenue is recognised net of VAT, duties and sales discounts.

Cost of sales

Cost of sales comprises costs of sales for the financial year measured at cost, adjusted for ordinary inventory write-downs.

Other external expenses

Other external expenses include expenses relating to the Entity's ordinary activities, including expenses for premises, stationery and office supplies, marketing costs, etc. This item also includes write-downs of receivables recognised in current assets.

Staff costs

Staff costs comprise salaries and wages as well as social security contributions, pension contributions, etc for entity staff.

Depreciation, amortisation and impairment losses

Amortisation, depreciation and impairment losses relating to intangible assets and property, plant and equipment comprise amortisation, depreciation and impairment losses for the financial year, calculated on the basis of the residual values and useful lives of the individual assets and impairment testing as well as gains and losses from the sale of intangible assets as well as property, plant and equipment.

Other financial expenses

Other financial expenses comprise interest expenses, payables and transactions in foreign currencies as well as tax surcharge under the Danish Tax Prepayment Scheme etc.

Tax on profit/loss for the year

Tax for the year, which consists of current tax for the year and changes in deferred tax, is recognised in the income statement by the portion attributable to the profit for the year and recognised directly in equity by the portion attributable to entries directly in equity.

Balance sheet

Property, plant and equipment

Plant and machinery as well as other fixtures and fittings, tools and equipment are measured at cost less accumulated depreciation and impairment losses.

Cost comprises the acquisition price, costs directly attributable to the acquisition and preparation costs of the asset until the time when it is ready to be put into operation.

The basis of depreciation is cost less estimated residual value after the end of useful life. Straight-line depreciation is made on the basis of the following estimated useful lives of the assets:

Plant and machinery 5 years

Other fixtures and fittings, tools and equipment Leasehold improvements 3-5 years 5 years

Property, plant and equipment are written down to the lower of recoverable amount and carrying amount.

Inventories

Inventories are measured at the lower of cost using the FIFO method and net realisable value.

Cost consists of purchase price plus delivery costs.

The net realisable value of inventories is calculated as the estimated selling price less completion costs and costs incurred to execute sale.

Receivables

Receivables are measured at amortised cost, usually equalling nominal value less write-downs for bad and doubtful debts.

Prepayments

Prepayments comprise incurred costs relating to subsequent financial years. Prepayments are measured at cost.

Cash

Cash comprises cash in hand and bank deposits.

Dividend

Dividend is recognised as a liability at the time of adoption at the general meeting. The proposed dividend for the financial year is disclosed as a separate item in equity.

Deferred tax

Deferred tax is recognised on all temporary differences between the carrying amount and tax-based value of assets and liabilities, for which the tax-based value of assets is calculated based on the planned use of each asset.

Deferred tax assets, including the tax base of tax loss carryforwards, are recognised in the balance sheet at their estimated realisable value, either as a set-off against deferred tax liabilities or as net tax assets.

Other financial liabilities

Other financial liabilities are measured at amortised cost, which usually corresponds to nominal value.

Prepayments received from customers

Prepayments received from customers comprise amounts received from customers prior to delivery of the goods agreed or completion of the service agreed.

Income tax receivable or payable

Current tax payable or receivable is recognised in the balance sheet, stated as tax calculated on this year's taxable income, adjusted for prepaid tax.