Baker Hughes Denmark ApS Central Business Registration No 18064898

ANNUAL REPORT

December 31, 2022

The Annual General Meeting adopted the annual report on 7 July 2023

Chairman of the General Meeting

Jeroen Lakerveld

Name: 57E Jeroen Lakerveld

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Entity details

Entity

Baker Hughes Denmark ApS c/o TMF Denmark A/S Købmagergade 60, 1. tv DK-1150 København K

Central Business Registration No: 18064898 Registered in: København Financial year: 01.01.2022 - 31.12.2022

Phone: 70153866 Fax: 70153860 Internet: www.bakerhughes.com

Board of Directors

Jeroen Lakerveld (Chairman) Valentina Baldini Ole Juul Nielsen

Executive Board

Valentina Baldini

Auditors

KPMG Statsautoriseret Revisionspartnerselskab Frederiks Plads 42 DK-8000 Aarhus C CVR no 25 57 81 98

Statement by the Board of Directors and the Executive Board

The Board of Directors and the Executive Board have today considered and approved the annual report of Baker Hughes Denmark ApS for the financial year 01.01.2022 – 31.12.2022.

The annual report is presented in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act.

In our opinion, the financial statements give a true and fair view of the Entity's financial position as of 31.12.2022 and of the results of its operations for the financial year 01.01.2022 -31.12.2022.

Further, in our opinion, the Management's review gives a fair review of the development in the Company's activities and financial matters, of the results for the year and of the Company's financial position.

We recommend the annual report for adoption at the Annual General Meeting.

Copenhagen, 7 July 2023

Executive Board Valentina Baldini CEO

Board of Directors

-DocuSigned by: Jeroen Lakemeld

Jeroen Lakerveld Chairman Valentina Baldini Valentina Baldini

-DocuSianed by: Ole Melsen Ole Juul Nielsen

Independent auditor's report

To the shareholders of Baker Hughes Denmark ApS

Opinion

We have audited the financial statements of Baker Hughes Denmark ApS for the financial year 1 January – 31 December 2022 comprising income statement, balance sheet, statement of changes in equity and notes, including accounting policies. The financial statements are prepared in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act.

In our opinion, the financial statements give a true and fair view of the Company's assets, liabilities and financial position at 31 December 2022 and of the results of the Company's operations and cash flows for the financial year 1 January – 31 December 2022 in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act.

Basis for opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing (ISAs) and the additional requirements applicable in Denmark. Our responsibilities under those standards and requirements are further described in the "Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements" section of our report.

We are independent of the Company in accordance with the International Ethics Standards Board for Accountants' International Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants (IESBA Code) and the additional ethical requirements applicable in Denmark, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements and the IESBA Code.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Management's responsibility for the financial statements

Management is responsible for the preparation of financial statements that give a true and fair view in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act and for such internal control that Management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, Management is responsible for assessing the Company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting in preparing the financial statements unless Management either intends to liquidate the Company or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

Independent auditor's report

Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance as to whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs and the additional requirements in Denmark will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements may arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of financial statement users made on the basis of these financial statements.

As part of an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs and the additional requirements applicable in Denmark, we exercise professional judgement and maintain professional scepticism throughout the audit. We also

- identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the company financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations or the override of internal control
- obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Company's internal control.
- evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by Management.
- conclude on the appropriateness of Management's use of the going concern basis of accounting in preparing the financial statements and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Company's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Company to cease to continue as a going concern.
- evaluate the overall presentation, structure and contents of the financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that gives a true and fair view.

We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

Independent auditor's report

Statement on the Management's review

Management is responsible for the Management's review.

Our opinion on the financial statements does not cover the Management's review, and we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the financial statements, our responsibility is to read the Management's review and, in doing so, consider whether the Management's review is materially inconsistent with the financial statements or our knowledge obtained during the audit, or otherwise appears to be materially misstated.

Moreover, it is our responsibility to consider whether the Management's review provides the information required under the Danish Financial Statements Act.

Based on the work we have performed, we conclude that the Management's review is in accordance with the financial statements and has been prepared in accordance with the requirements of the Danish Financial Statement Act. We did not identify any material misstatement of the Management's review.

Aarhus, 7 July 2023 **KPMG** Statsautoriseret Revisionspartnerselskab CVR no. 25 57 81 98

Mikkel Trabjerg Knudsen MNE34459 State Authorised Public Accountant

Management commentary

Primary activities

The Company's activity comprises sales, rental of drilling equipment and services to the offshore industry.

Development in activities and finances

Loss for the year amounts to DKK 3.660 thousand compared to a loss in 2021 of DKK 105.698 thousand. Equity 31.12.2022 amounts to minus DKK 34.325 thousand compared to 2021 with minus DKK 30.665 thousand.

The Company has lost more than 50% of its contriuted capital and is thus subject to the provisions on loss of capital under the Danish Companies Act. In June 2023, the Company's owners contributed new capital to Baker Hughes Denmark ApS for an amount of DKK 35 million to restore the contributed capital.

We are also referring to the section "The past year and follow-up on development expectations from last year" in regards to the explanation of the development of the activities in 2022.

Baker Hughes Denmark ApS has got access to the cash pool mechanism so in terms of liquidity the funds are available to the Company when required.

Description of material changes in activities and finances

The primary business of the Company comprise sales, rental of drilling equipment and primary services to the offshore industry. In 2022, the business segments of Baker Hughes Denmark ApS comprised the product lines Completion systems and Upstream chemicals. The primary business segments carried more than 66% of the Company's revenue for the current year.

The Company operated a Well Stimulation Vessel (Blue Orca) in the North Sea from 1st of October 2013 with an outstanding HSE (Health, Safety and Environment) performance. The project was primary related to a long term contract with one of its main customers. Management's efforts brought additional contracts with other customers within short time after implementation. The Vessel incorporated state-of-the-art stimulation technology and unsurpassed treatment capabilities to reduce risk, rig time, and nonproductive time while enhancing production and profits. The vessel was specially engineered for North Sea conditions, and could perform a series of offshore stimulation operations, including acidizing and fracturing, well stimulations and sand-control operations. It could perform multiple fracturing treatments without having to return to port to resupply, which resulted in significant savings in rig time. Advanced systems permitted smooth, efficient, and reliable blending of high-quality fracturing fluids and eliminated the need for oil-based slurred polymer concentrates.

In October 2022, the vessel was transferred to another entity in the group.

The past year and follow-up on development expectations from last year

In 2022, again, the overall revenue in Denmark related to the primary activities were lower compared to previous years. Our customers have responded to this trend by implementing an internal reorganization of the Oil & Gas division, which resulted in the described activity reduction. To summarize, the decline in activity reflected challenging and uncertain market conditions. The management are taking appropriate measures to ensure the company is able to compete and differentiate in the market. This includes the decision to cease operations relating to the Well Stimulation Vessel via this entity which has supported the improvement in profitability with the reduction in fixed costs.

Outlook

The emergence of the global cost of living crisis had a significant impact on the global markets. As a result the Company experienced challenging trading conditions but returned to profit in 2022 due to change in mix of the underlying activity and the transfer of the vessel to a sister company.

Subsequent events

In June 2023, the company's owners contributed new capital of DKK 35.000.000 to restore the contributed capital.

Income Statement 31.12.2022

	Notes	2022 DKK	2021 DKK'000
Revenue		52,649,371	73,772
Other income		0	1,356
Cost of sales		(11,092,580)	(138,299)
Other external expenses		(15,539,114)	(21,837)
Gross profit/(loss)	ross profit/(loss)		(85,008)
Staff costs Depreciation, amortisation and impairment losses Operating profit /(loss)	2	(9,213,094) (226,392) 16,578,191	(9,587) (124) (94,719)
Other financial income	3	2,470,494	6,927
Other financial expenses	4	(16,435,768)	(16,840)
Profit/(loss) before tax		2,612,917	(104,632)
Tax on profit/(loss)	5	(6,273,091)	(1,066)
Loss for the year	6	(3,660,174)	(105,698)

Balance sheet at 31.12.2022

	Notes	2022 DKK	2021 DKK'000
Plant and machinery		562,293	737
Other fixtures and fittings, tools and equipment		0	46
Property, plant and equipment		562,293	783
Other investments	7	0	0_
Fixed assets investments		0	0
Fixed assets		562,293	783
Raw materials and consumables		756,313	489
Manufactured goods and goods for resale		0	5,465
Inventories		756,313	5,954
Trade receivables		2,951,730	12,527
Receivables from group enterprises Other short-term receivables		49,118,848	152,015 612
Income tax receivables		1,552 524,851	6,245
Receivables		52,596,981	171,399
Cash at bank		414,511	509
Current assets		53,767,805	177,862
Assets		54,330,098	178,645

Balance sheet at 31.12.2022

	Notes	2022 DKK	2021 DKK'000
Contributed capital Retained earnings Equity		588,540 (34,913,292) (34,324,752)	589 (31,253) (30,664)
Current portion of long-term liabilities other than provisi Trade payables Debt to group enterprises Other payables Current liabilities other than provisions	ons	0 16,273,434 70,348,007 2,033,409 88,654,850	155,781 29,141 20,549 <u>3,838</u> 209,309
Liabilities other than provisions		88,654,850	209,309
Equity and liabilities		54,330,098	178,645
Capital resources Contingent assets and liabilities Related parties with control Related parties transactions Group relations Subsequent events	1 8 9 9 10 11		

Statement of changes in equity for 2022

	Contributed capital DKK	Retained earnings DKK	Total DKK
Equity beginning of year	588,540	(31,253,118)	(30,664,578)
Loss for year	0	(3,660,174)	(3,660,174)
Equity end of year	588,540	(34,913,292)	(34,324,752)

Notes

1. Capital resources

In connection with the financial statement of Baker Hughes Denmark ApS for the year ended December 31, 2022, Baker Hughes Luxembourg Holdings S.C.A. has issued a letter of support to the company for a period of at least twelve months from the date of signing of the financial statements, so as to allow the Company to meet its obligations as they fall due.

Baker Hughes Denmark ApS has got access to the cash pool mechanism so in terms of liquidity the funds are available to the Company when required. of the financial statements, so as to allow the Company to meet its obligations as they fall due.

Loss of more than 50% of the contributed capital

The Company has lost more than 50% of its contributed capital and is thus subject to the provisions on loss of capital under the Danish Companies Act. As a consequence the company's owners contributed new capital of DKK 35.000.000 to restore the contributed capital in June 2023.

	2022	2021
2. Staff costs	DKK	DKK'000
	7 155 400	6.017
Wages and salaries	7,155,423	6,917
Pension costs	1,548,140	2,146
Other social security costs	509,531	523
	9,213,094	9,586
Average number of employees	6	6
	2022	2021
3. Other financial income	DKK	DKK'000
Exchange rate adjustments	1,728,543	6,851
Interest received from group enterprises	741,951	76
	2,470,494	6,927
	2022 DKK	2021 DKK'000
4. Other financial expenses		
Interest paid to 3rd party	1,457,008	2,095
Interest paid to group enterprises	1	215
Exchange rate adjustments	14,952,144	14,506
Other financial expenses	<u>26,615</u> 16,435,768	<u> </u>
	2022	2021
5. Tax on profit /(loss) for the year	DKK	DKK'000
Current other indirect tax	27,881	5
Current tax adjustment related to prior years	6,245,210	1,061
	6,273,091	1,066

Notes

	2022 DKK	2021 DKK'000
6. Proposed distribution of profit / (loss) Retained earnings	(3,660,174)	(105,698)
	(3,660,174)	(105,698)

	Other investments
7. Fixed assets investments	DКК
Cost at 1 January 2022	79,133,838
Cost at 31 December 2022	79,133,838
Impairment losses at 1 January 2022	(79,133,838)
Impairment losses at 31 December 2022	(79,133,838)
Carrying amount at 31 December 2022	0
	2022

Investments in associates comprise:	Registered in	Corporate form	Equity interest (%)	2022 Equity DKK	2022 Profit/(loss) DKK
Baker Hughes Argentina SRL	Argentina	SRL	5.0	441,536,400	108,532,981

Management continue to monitor the entity's performance. The outlook is more positive but due to the economic uncertainty management have decided to retain the impairment with a view to revisiting the valuation in 2023.

Notes

8. Contingent liabilities

The group companies are jointly and severally liable for tax on the jointly taxed incomes etc of the group. Moreover, the group companies are jointly and severally liable for Danish withholding taxes by way of dividend tax, tax on royalty payments and tax on unearned income. Any subsequent adjustments of corporation taxes and withholding taxes may increase the Company's liability.

Between July 2017 and September 2019 the Management Company of the Danish joint taxation group was AcceptFinans ApS/GE Global Holding Denmark ApS.

From September 2019, Baker Hughes Denmark ApS became the head of the joint taxation group.

9. Related parties with controlling interest

The following related parties have a controlling interest in Baker Hughes Denmark ApS:

Name

Registered office

Basis of influence

Baker Hughes Nederland Holdings B.V.

The Netherlands

Holds more than 50% of the voting share capital or of the nominal value of the share capital.

10. Group relations

Name and registered office of the Parent preparing consolidated financial statements for the largest and smallest group:

Baker Hughes Company, 17021 Aldine Westfield Road, Houston, Texas, United States of America.

The consolidated annual report on Form 10-K can be obtained at www.bakerhughes.com.

11. Subsequent events

In June 2023, the company owner's approved DKK35,000,000 capital in return for additional shares in the entity.

Accounting policies

Reporting class

This annual report has been presented in accordance with the provisions of the Danish Financial Statements Act governing reporting class B enterprises with opt-in form higher reporting class.

The accounting policies applied for these financial statements are consistent with those applied last year.

Foreign currency translation

On initial recognition, foreign currency transactions are translated applying the exchange rate at the transaction date. Receivables, payables and other monetary items denominated in foreign currencies that have not been settled at the balance sheet date are translated using the exchange rate at the balance sheet date. Exchange differences that arise between the rate at the transaction date and the one in effect at the payment date, or the rate at the balance sheet date are recognised in the income statement as financial income or financial expenses. Property, plant and equipment, intangible assets, inventories and other non-monetary assets that have been purchased in foreign currencies are translated using historical rates.

Income statement

Revenue

Revenue is recognised as earned. Revenue is earned when the product is delivered and title passes, the service has been rendered or, in the case of rentals, passage of time or other contractual obligations have been met. Revenue is recognised net of VAT, duties and sales discounts.

Other operating income

Other operating income comprises gains from the sale of intangible assets as well as property, plant and equipment.

Cost of sales

Cost of sales comprises costs of sales for the financial year measured at cost, adjusted for ordinary inventory write-downs.

Other external expenses

Other external expenses comprise expenses for distribution, sale, marketing, administration, premises, bad debts, etc.

Other external expenses also include research costs and costs of development projects that do not meet the criteria for recognition in the balance sheet. In addition, provisions for loss on contract work in progress are recognised.

Accounting policies (continued)

Staff costs

Staff costs comprise salaries and wages as well as social security contributions, pension contributions, etc for entity staff.

Amortisation, depreciation and impairment losses

Amortisation, depreciation and impairment losses relating to intangible assets and property, plant and equipment comprise amortisation, depreciation and impairment losses for the financial year, calculated on the basis of the residual values and useful lives of the individual assets and impairment testing as well as gains and losses from the sale of intangible assets as well as property, plant and equipment.

Income from investments in group enterprises

Income from investments in group enterprises comprises dividend etc. received from the individual group enterprises in the financial year.

Other financial income

Other financial income comprise interest income, realised and unrealised capital gains on transactions in foreign currencies and forward contracts as well as tax surcharge and relief under the Danish Tax Prepayment Scheme.

Other financial expenses

Other financial expenses comprise interest expenses, realised and unrealised capital losses on transactions in foreign currencies and forward contracts as well as tax surcharge relief repayment under the Danish Tax Prepayment Scheme.

Income taxes

The company is subject to the Danish rules on compulsory joint taxation of the Group's Danish subsidiaries. Subsidiaries participate in the joint taxation arrangement from the time when they are included in the consolidated financial statements and until the time when they withdraw from the consolidation.

On payment of joint taxation contributions, the current Danish income tax is allocated between the jointly taxed entities in proportion to their taxable income. Entities with tax losses receive joint taxation contributions from entities that have been able to use tax losses to reduce their own taxable profits.

Balance sheet

Property, plant and equipment

Plant and machinery as well as other fixtures and fittings, tools and equipment are measured at cost less accumulated depreciation and impairment losses.

Fixed assets acquired from affiliated companies are accounted for at initial cost and depreciation for the year is based on historical cost. Fixed assets are, however, adjusted for depreciation at the beginning of the year. Cost comprises the acquisition price, costs directly attributable to the acquisition and preparation costs of the asset until the time when it is ready to be put into operation.

The basis of depreciation is cost less estimated residual value after the end of useful life. Straight-line depreciation is made on the basis of the following estimated useful lives of the assets:

Other fixtures and fittings, tools and equipment	3-4 years
Rental machinery	5 years
Ships (Vessel)	12 years

Property, plant and equipment are written down to the lower of recoverable amount and carrying amount. Profits and losses from the sale of property, plant and equipment are calculated as the difference between selling price minus selling costs and carrying amount at the time of sale.

Accounting policies (continued)

Other investments

Other investments are measured at cost. Where cost exceeds the net realisable value, the investments are impaired to this lower value.

Inventories

Inventories are measured at the lower of cost using the net realisable value. Cost of goods for resale, raw materials and consumables consists of purchase price plus delivery costs. Cost of manufactured goods and work in progress consists of costs of raw materials, consumables, direct labour costs and indirect production costs.

The net realisable value of inventories is calculated as the estimated selling price less completion costs and costs incurred to execute sale.

Receivables

Receivables are measured at amortised cost, usually equaling nominal value less write-downs for bad and doubtful debts.

Income tax receivable or payable

Current tax payable or receivable is recognised in the balance sheet, stated as tax calculated on this year's taxable income, adjusted for prepaid tax.

Cash

Cash comprises cash in hand and bank deposits.

Deferred tax

Deferred tax is recognised on all temporary differences between the carrying amount and taxbased value of assets and liabilities, for which the tax-based value of assets is calculated based on the planned use of each asset. Deferred tax assets, including the tax base of tax loss carryforwards, are recognised in the balance sheet at their estimated realisable value, either as a set-off against deferred tax liabilities or as net tax assets.

Operating leases

Lease payments on operating leases are recognised on a straight-line basis in the income statement over the term of the lease.

Other financial liabilities

Other financial liabilities are measured at amortised cost, which usually corresponds to nominal value.

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Mikkel Trabjerg Knudsen Statsautoriseret revisor

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