# Deloitte.

Deloitte Statsautoriseret Revisionspartnerselskab CVR-nr. 33963556 Tværkajen 5 Postboks 10 5100 Odense C

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# Hidrostal A/S

Petersmindevej 25 5000 Odense C Central Business Registration No 17472577

# Annual report 2017

The Annual General Meeting adopted the annual report on 15.05.2018

**Chairman of the General Meeting** 

Name: Gerd Preissler

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### **Entity details**

### Entity

Hidrostal A/S Petersmindevej 25 5000 Odense C

Central Business Registration No: 17472577 Registered in: Odense Financial year: 01.01.2017 - 31.12.2017

### **Board of Directors**

Gerd Preissler, Chairman Jeppe Holm Svend Aage Larsen

### Executive Board

Jeppe Holm, Chief Executive Officer

### Auditors

Deloitte Statsautoriseret Revisionspartnerselskab Tværkajen 5 Postboks 10 5100 Odense C

### Statement by Management on the annual report

The Board of Directors and the Executive Board have today considered and approved the annual report of Hidrostal A/S for the financial year 01.01.2017 - 31.12.2017.

The annual report is presented in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act.

In our opinion, the financial statements give a true and fair view of the Entity's financial position at 31.12.2017 and of the results of its operations and cash flows for the financial year 01.01.2017 - 31.12.2017.

We believe that the management commentary contains a fair review of the affairs and conditions referred to therein.

We recommend the annual report for adoption at the Annual General Meeting.

Odense, 15.05.2018

### **Executive Board**

Jeppe Holm Chief Executive Officer

### **Board of Directors**

Gerd Preissler Chairman Jeppe Holm

Svend Aage Larsen

### Independent auditor's report

### To the shareholders of Hidrostal A/S

### Opinion

We have audited the consolidated financial statements and the parent financial statements of Hidrostal A/S for the financial year 01.01.2017 - 31.12.2017, which comprise the income statement, balance sheet, statement of changes in equity and notes, including a summary of significant accounting policies, for the Group as well as the Parent, and the consolidated cash flow statement. The consolidated financial statements and the parent financial statements are prepared in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act.

In our opinion, the consolidated financial statements and the parent financial statements give a true and fair view of the Group's and the Parent's financial position at 31.12.2017, and of the results of their operations and the consolidated cash flows for the financial year 01.01.2017 - 31.12.2017 in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act.

### **Basis for opinion**

We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing (ISAs) and the additional requirements applicable in Denmark. Our responsibilities under those standards and requirements are further described in the Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the consolidated financial statements and the parent financial statements section of this auditor's report. We are independent of the Group in accordance with the International Ethics Standards Board of Accountants' Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants (IESBA Code) and the additional requirements applicable in Denmark, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

# Management's responsibilities for the consolidated financial statements and the parent financial statements

Management is responsible for the preparation of consolidated financial statements and parent financial statements that give a true and fair view in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act, and for such internal control as Management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of consolidated financial statements and parent financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the consolidated financial statements and the parent financial statements, Management is responsible for assessing the Group's and the Entity's ability to continue as a going concern, for disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern, and for using the going concern basis of accounting in preparing the consolidated financial statements and the parent financial statements unless Management either intends to liquidate the Group or the Entity or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

# Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the consolidated financial statements and the parent financial statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the consolidated financial statements and the parent financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs and the additional requirements applicable in Denmark will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could

### Independent auditor's report

reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these consolidated financial statements and parent financial statements.

As part of an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs and the additional requirements applicable in Denmark, we exercise professional judgement and maintain professional scepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the consolidated financial statements and the
  parent financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis
  for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than
  for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Group's and the Entity's internal control.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by Management.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of Management's use of the going concern basis of accounting in preparing the consolidated financial statements and the parent financial statements, and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Group's and the Entity's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the consolidated financial statements and the parent financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Group and the Entity to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the consolidated financial statements and the parent financial statements, including the disclosures in the notes, and whether the consolidated financial statements and the parent financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that gives a true and fair view.
- Obtain sufficient appropriate audit evidence regarding the financial information of the entities or business activities within the Group to express an opinion on the consolidated financial statements. We are responsible for the direction, supervision and performance of the group audit. We remain solely responsible for our audit opinion.

We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

### Independent auditor's report

### Statement on the management commentary

Management is responsible for the management commentary.

Our opinion on the consolidated financial statements and the parent financial statements does not cover the management commentary, and we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the consolidated financial statements and the parent financial statements, our responsibility is to read the management commentary and, in doing so, consider whether the management commentary is materially inconsistent with the consolidated financial statements and the parent financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated.

Moreover, it is our responsibility to consider whether the management commentary provides the information required under the Danish Financial Statements Act.

Based on the work we have performed, we conclude that the management commentary is in accordance with the consolidated financial statements and the parent financial statements and has been prepared in accordance with the requirements of the Danish Financial Statements Act. We did not identify any material misstatement of the management commentary.

Odense, 15.05.2018

### Deloitte

Statsautoriseret Revisionspartnerselskab Central Business Registration No: 33963556

Anders Flou State Authorised Public Accountant Identification number (MNE) mne32777

### **Management commentary**

	2017 DKK'000	2016 DKK'000
Financial highlights		
Key figures		
Gross profit	24.898	25.270
Operating profit/loss	5.352	9.378
Net financials	(303)	(159)
Profit/loss for the year	3.740	7.078
Total assets	51.606	56.098
Investments in property, plant and equipment	6.192	480
Equity	24.402	23.747
Cash flows from (used in) operating activities	261	5.697
Cash flows from (used in) investing activities	(6.192)	(4.641)
Cash flows from (used in) financing activities	(3.085)	(1.322)
Ratios		
Return on equity (%)	15,5	29,8
Equity ratio (%)	47,3	42,3

Hidrostal A/S prepared its first consolidated financial statements in 2017. In pursuance of section 128(3) and the Danish Financial Statements Act, comparatives for 2013-2015 are not included.

Financial highlights are defined and calculated in accordance with "Recommendations & Ratios 2015" issued by the Danish Society of Financial Analysts.

Ratios	Calculation formula	Ratios
Return on equity (%)	Profit/loss for the year x 100 Average equity	The entity's return on capital invested in the entity by the owners.
Equity ratio (%)	<u>Equity x 100</u> Total assets	The financial strength of the entity.

### **Management commentary**

### **Primary activities**

The company's principal activities are sale and service of well, pumps and pump and well fittings.

### **Development in activities and finances**

The development has been very positive, and the result is very satisfactory.

### Profit/loss for the year in relation to expected developments

The positive development is due to a growth in the Scandinavian project sales.

### Outlook

The company expect to realize a result in 2018 on the same level as in 2017.

### Events after the balance sheet date

No events have occurred after the balance sheet date to this date, which would influence the evaluation of this annual report.

# **Consolidated income statement for 2017**

	Notes	2017 DKK	2016 DKK'000
Gross profit		24.897.944	25.270
Staff costs	1	(18.345.325)	(15.148)
Depreciation, amortisation and impairment losses	2	(1.201.040)	(744)
Operating profit/loss		5.351.579	9.378
Other financial income		77.599	50
Other financial expenses		(380.718)	(209)
Profit/loss before tax		5.048.460	9.219
Tax on profit/loss for the year	3	(1.308.554)	(2.141)
Profit/loss for the year	4	3.739.906	7.078

### **Consolidated balance sheet at 31.12.2017**

	Notes	2017 DKK	2016 DKK'000
Goodwill		1.822.058	2.343
Intangible assets	5	1.822.058	2.343
Land and buildings		5.628.815	0
Other fixtures and fittings, tools and equipment		1.542.336	1.649
Leasehold improvements		120.100	131
Property, plant and equipment	6	7.291.251	1.780
Fixed assets		9.113.309	4.123
Manufactured goods and goods for resale		10.398.339	8.576
Inventories		10.398.339	8.576
Trade receivables		26.102.358	33.152
Contract work in progress		3.832.046	1.650
Deferred tax	7	981.345	874
Other receivables		427.499	616
Prepayments	8	257.347	113
Receivables		31.600.595	36.405
Cash		493.887	6.994
Current assets		42.492.821	51.975
Assets		51.606.130	56.098

### Consolidated balance sheet at 31.12.2017

	Notes	2017 DKK	2016 DKK'000
Contributed capital		1.000.000	1.000
Retained earnings		20.402.480	19.247
Proposed dividend		3.000.000	3.500
Equity	-	24.402.480	23.747
Other provisions	10	4.700.000	4.100
Provisions	-	4.700.000	4.100
Bank loans		2.554.580	40
Prepayments received from customers		1.791.598	40 7.973
Contract work in progress		1.791.598	94
Trade payables		3.693.755	3.268
Payables to group enterprises		8.900.377	9.289
Income tax payable		99.745	1.587
Other payables		5.463.595	6.000
Current liabilities other than provisions	-	22.503.650	28.251
Liabilities other than provisions		22.503.650	28.251
Equity and liabilities		51.606.130	56.098
Unrecognised rental and lease commitments	12		
Contingent liabilities	13		
Mortgages and securities	14		
Group relations	15		
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# Consolidated statement of changes in equity for 2017

	Contributed capital DKK	Retained earnings DKK	Proposed dividend DKK	Total DKK
Equity beginning of year	1.000.000	19.247.324	3.500.000	23.747.324
Ordinary dividend paid	0	0	(3.084.750)	(3.084.750)
Other equity postings	0	415.250	(415.250)	0
Profit/loss for the year	0	739.906	3.000.000	3.739.906
Equity end of year	1.000.000	20.402.480	3.000.000	24.402.480

# **Consolidated cash flow statement for 2017**

	Notes	2017 DKK	2016 DKK'000
Operating profit/loss		5.351.579	9.378
Amortisation, depreciation and impairment losses		1.201.040	744
Other provisions		600.000	800
Working capital changes	11	(3.685.018)	(4.561)
Cash flow from ordinary operating activities		3.467.601	6.361
Financial income received		77.599	50
Financial income paid		(380.718)	(206)
Income taxes refunded/(paid)		(2.903.395)	(508)
Cash flows from operating activities		261.087	5.697
Acquisition etc of intangible assets		0	(2.603)
Acquisition etc of property, plant and equipment		(6.191.563)	(480)
Acquisition of fixed asset investments		0	(1.558)
Cash flows from investing activities		(6.191.563)	(4.641)
Dividend paid		(3.084.750)	(1.322)
Cash flows from financing activities		(3.084.750)	(1.322)
Increase/decrease in cash and cash equivalents		(9.015.226)	(266)
Cash and cash equivalents beginning of year		6.954.533	7.220
Cash and cash equivalents end of year		(2.060.693)	6.954
Cash and cash equivalents at year-end are composed of:			
Cash		493.887	6.994
Short-term debt to banks		(2.554.580)	(40)
Cash and cash equivalents end of year		(2.060.693)	6.954

	2017 DKK	2016 DKK'000
1. Staff costs		
Wages and salaries	16.140.062	13.222
Pension costs	1.943.023	1.700
Other social security costs	262.240	226
	18.345.325	15.148
Average number of employees	36	32
	2017 DKK	2016 DKK'000
2. Depreciation, amortisation and impairment losses		
Amortisation of intangible assets	520.588	260
Depreciation of property, plant and equipment	657.966	484
Profit/loss from sale of intangible assets and property, plant and equipment	22.486	0
	1.201.040	744
	2017 DKK	2016 DKK'000
3. Tax on profit/loss for the year		
Tax on current year taxable income	1.415.745	2.324
Change in deferred tax for the year	(107.191)	(183)
	1.308.554	2.141
	2017 DKK	2016 DKK'000
4. Proposed distribution of profit/loss		
Ordinary dividend for the financial year	3.000.000	3.500
Retained earnings	739.906	3.578
	3.739.906	7.078

	Goodwill DKK
5. Intangible assets	
Cost beginning of year	2.602.940
Cost end of year	2.602.940
Amortisation and impairment losses beginning of year	(260.294)
Amortisation for the year	(520.588)
Amortisation and impairment losses end of year	(780.882)
•	

### Carrying amount end of year

6. Property, plant and equipment         Cost beginning of year       0       5.527.797       218.117         Additions       5.674.837       516.726       0         Disposals       0       (689.068)       0         Cost end of year       5.674.837       5.355.455       218.117         Depreciation and impairment losses beginning of the year       0       (3.878.663)       (87.111)         Depreciation for the year       (46.022)       (601.038)       (10.906)         Reversal regarding disposals       0       666.582       0         Depreciation and impairment losses end of the year       (46.022)       (3.813.119)       (98.017)         Carrying amount end of year       5.628.815       1.542.336       120.100         Zott7       DKK       DKK       102.758         Beginning of year       874.154       102.758         End of year       976.912       976.912		Land and buildings DKK	Other fixtures and fittings, tools and equipment DKK	Leasehold improve- ments DKK
Additions5.674.837516.7260Disposals0(689.068)0Cost end of year5.674.8375.355.455218.117Depreciation and impairment losses beginning of the year0(3.878.663)(87.111)Depreciation for the year(46.022)(601.038)(10.906)Reversal regarding disposals0666.5820Depreciation and impairment losses end of the year(46.022)(3.813.119)(98.017)Carrying amount end of year5.628.8151.542.336120.1007. Deferred tax Changes during the year874.154874.154Beginning of year874.154102.758	6. Property, plant and equipment			
Disposals0(689.068)0Cost end of year5.674.8375.355.455218.117Depreciation and impairment losses beginning of the year0(3.878.663)(87.111)Depreciation for the year(46.022)(601.038)(10.906)Reversal regarding disposals0666.5820Depreciation and impairment losses end of the year(46.022)(3.813.119)(98.017)Carrying amount end of year5.628.8151.542.336120.1007. Deferred taxChanges during the year874.154Beginning of year874.154102.758	Cost beginning of year	0	5.527.797	218.117
Cost end of year5.674.8375.355.455218.117Depreciation and impairment losses beginning of the year0(3.878.663)(87.111)Depreciation for the year(46.022)(601.038)(10.906)Reversal regarding disposals0666.5820Depreciation and impairment losses end of the year(46.022)(3.813.119)(98.017)Carrying amount end of year5.628.8151.542.336120.1007. Deferred tax Changes during the year2017 DKK2017 DKKRecognised in the income statement102.758	Additions	5.674.837	516.726	0
Depreciation and impairment losses beginning of the year0(3.878.663)(87.111)Depreciation for the year(46.022)(601.038)(10.906)Reversal regarding disposals0666.5820Depreciation and impairment losses end of the year(46.022)(3.813.119)(98.017)Carrying amount end of year5.628.8151.542.336120.1007. Deferred tax Changes during the year2017 DKK2017 DKKRecognised in the income statement102.758	Disposals	0	(689.068)	0
the year0(3.878.663)(87.111)Depreciation for the year(46.022)(601.038)(10.906)Reversal regarding disposals0666.5820Depreciation and impairment losses end of the year(46.022)(3.813.119)(98.017)Carrying amount end of year5.628.8151.542.336120.1007. Deferred tax Changes during the year2017 DKKDKKBeginning of year874.154874.154Recognised in the income statement102.758	Cost end of year	5.674.837	5.355.455	218.117
the year0(3.878.663)(87.111)Depreciation for the year(46.022)(601.038)(10.906)Reversal regarding disposals0666.5820Depreciation and impairment losses end of the year(46.022)(3.813.119)(98.017)Carrying amount end of year5.628.8151.542.336120.1007. Deferred tax Changes during the year2017 DKKDKKBeginning of year874.154874.154Recognised in the income statement102.758				
Reversal regarding disposals0666.5820Depreciation and impairment losses end of the year(46.022)(3.813.119)(98.017)Carrying amount end of year5.628.8151.542.336120.100Carrying amount end of year5.628.8151.542.336120.100Carrying amount end of year8.628.8151.542.336120.100Carrying amount end of year8.628.8151.542.336120.100Carrying amount end of year8.628.8151.542.3361.542.336Beginning of year8.74.1548.74.154Recognised in the income statement102.758		0	(3.878.663)	(87.111)
Depreciation and impairment losses end of the year(46.022)(3.813.119)(98.017)Carrying amount end of year5.628.8151.542.336120.1002017 DKK2017 DKK2017 DKK7. Deferred tax	Depreciation for the year	(46.022)	(601.038)	(10.906)
the year(46.022)(3.813.119)(98.017)Carrying amount end of year5.628.8151.542.336120.100Carrying amount end of year5.628.8151.542.336120.1007. Deferred tax2017 DKKDKKChanges during the year874.154Beginning of year874.154Recognised in the income statement102.758	Reversal regarding disposals	0	666.582	0
2017 DKK7. Deferred taxChanges during the yearBeginning of year874.154Recognised in the income statement102.758		(46.022)	(3.813.119)	(98.017)
DKK7. Deferred taxChanges during the yearBeginning of yearRecognised in the income statement102.758	Carrying amount end of year	5.628.815	1.542.336	120.100
Changes during the yearBeginning of year874.154Recognised in the income statement102.758				
Beginning of year874.154Recognised in the income statement102.758	7. Deferred tax			
Recognised in the income statement 102.758	Changes during the year			
	Beginning of year			874.154
End of year 976.912	Recognised in the income statement			102.758
	End of year			976.912

### 8. Prepayments

Consists of prepayments on costs concerning subsequent financial year.

1.822.058

	Number	Nominal value DKK	Share of contributed capital %
9. Treasury shares			
Holding of treasury shares:			
Holding of treasury shares	118.643	118.643	11,0
	118.643	118.643	11,0

### **10. Other provisions**

Other provisions comprise anticipated costs of non-recourse guarantee commitments.

	2017 DKK	2016 DKK'000
11. Change in working capital		
Increase/decrease in inventories	(1.822.777)	(540)
Increase/decrease in receivables	(1.364.663)	(768)
Increase/decrease in trade payables etc	(497.578)	(3.253)
	(3.685.018)	(4.561)

_	2017 DKK	2016 DKK'000
12. Unrecognised rental and lease commitments		
Hereof liabilities under rental or lease agreements until maturity in total	1.679.120	1.476

### 13. Contingent liabilities

Tryg Garanti has lodged security towards various customers, for DKK 10,168,105.

### 14. Mortgages and securities

Debt to parent company is secured by way of mortgage on properties for DKK 7,000,000. The carrying amount of mortgaged properties is DKK 6,201,556.

### 15. Group relations

Name and registered office of the Parent preparing consolidated financial statements for the largest group: Hidrostal Holding AG, Gigering 27, 8213 Neunkirch, Switzerland

Name and registered office of the Parent preparing consolidated financial statements for the smallest group: Hidrostal Holding AG, Gigering 27, 8213 Neunkirch, Switzerland

Foreign consolidated financial statements can be requested by enquiry to the management of the Parent.

			Equity		
		Corpo- rate	inte- rest	Equity	Profit/loss
	Registered in	form	%	DKK	DKK
16. Subsidiaries					
Veje Engineering ApS	Lejre	ApS	100,0	3.893.294	978.936

# Parent income statement for 2017

	Notes	2017 DKK	2016 DKK'000
Gross profit		19.229.095	21.535
Staff costs	1	(14.152.354)	(13.210)
Depreciation, amortisation and impairment losses	2	(541.890)	(431)
Operating profit/loss		4.534.851	7.894
Income from investments in group enterprises		458.348	1.097
Other financial income		63.165	50
Other financial expenses		(285.602)	(200)
Profit/loss before tax		4.770.762	8.841
Tax on profit/loss for the year	3	(1.030.856)	(1.763)
Profit/loss for the year	4	3.739.906	7.078

# Parent balance sheet at 31.12.2017

	Notes	2017 DKK	2016 DKK'000
Land and buildings		5.628.815	0
Other fixtures and fittings, tools and equipment		966.401	1.351
Property, plant and equipment	5	6.595.216	1.351
Investments in group enterprises		5.715.352	5.258
Fixed asset investments	6	5.715.352	5.258
Fixed assets		12.310.568	6.609
Manufactured goods and goods for resale		10.373.324	8.556
Inventories		10.373.324	8.556
Trade receivables		21.146.583	28.295
Contract work in progress		1.660.160	1.627
Receivables from group enterprises		1.795.177	113
Deferred tax	7	1.006.345	867
Other receivables		187.047	362
Income tax receivable		145.953	0
Prepayments	8	136.907	0
Receivables		26.078.172	31.264
Cash		413.801	6.652
Current assets		36.865.297	46.472
Assets		49.175.865	53.081

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# Parent balance sheet at 31.12.2017

	Notes	2017 DKK	2016 DKK'000
Contributed capital	9, 10	1.000.000	1.000
Reserve for net revaluation according to the equity method		1.554.852	1.097
Retained earnings		18.847.628	18.151
Proposed dividend		3.000.000	3.500
Equity	-	24.402.480	23.748
Other provisions	11	4.700.000	4.100
Provisions		4.700.000	4.100
Bank loans		2.554.580	40
Prepayments received from customers		1.791.598	7.973
Trade payables		2.496.461	2.149
Payables to group enterprises		8.900.377	9.289
Income tax payable		0	1.160
Other payables		4.330.369	4.622
Current liabilities other than provisions		20.073.385	25.233
Liabilities other than provisions		20.073.385	25.233
Equity and liabilities		49.175.865	53.081
Unrecognised rental and lease commitments	12		
Contingent liabilities	13		
Mortgages and securities	14		
Related parties with controlling interest	15		

# Parent statement of changes in equity for 2017

	Contributed capital DKK	Reserve for net revaluation according to the equity method DKK	Retained earnings DKK	Proposed dividend DKK
Equity				
beginning of year	1.000.000	1.096.504	18.150.820	3.500.000
Ordinary	0	0	0	(3.084.750)
dividend paid Other equity	0	0	415.250	(415.250)
postings Drofit (loca for	0	0	415.250	(415.250)
Profit/loss for the year	0	458.348	281.558	3.000.000
Equity end of year	1.000.000	1.554.852	18.847.628	3.000.000
				Total DKK

Equity beginning of year	23.747.324
Ordinary dividend paid	(3.084.750)
Other equity postings	0
Profit/loss for the year	3.739.906
Equity end of year	24.402.480

	2017 DKK	2016 DKK'000
1. Staff costs		
Wages and salaries	12.302.152	11.414
Pension costs	1.675.058	1.599
Other social security costs	175.144	197
	14.152.354	13.210
Average number of employees	27	25
	2017 DKK	2016 DKK'000
2. Depreciation, amortisation and impairment losses		
Depreciation of property, plant and equipment	519.404	431
Profit/loss from sale of intangible assets and property, plant and equipment	22.486	0
	541.890	431
	2017 DKK	2016 DKK'000
3. Tax on profit/loss for the year		
Tax on current year taxable income	1.170.047	1.946
Change in deferred tax for the year	(139.191)	(183)
	1.030.856	1.763
	2017 DKK	2016 DKK'000
4. Proposed distribution of profit/loss		
Ordinary dividend for the financial year	3.000.000	3.500
Transferred to reserve for net revaluation according to the equity method	458.348	1.097
Retained earnings	281.558	2.481
	3.739.906	7.078

	Land and buildings DKK	Other fixtures and fittings, tools and equipment DKK
5. Property, plant and equipment		
Cost beginning of year	0	3.482.391
Additions	5.674.837	110.462
Disposals	0	(689.068)
Cost end of year	5.674.837	2.903.785
Depreciation and impairment losses beginning of the year	0	(2.130.584)
Depreciation for the year	(46.022)	(473.382)
Reversal regarding disposals	0	666.582
Depreciation and impairment losses end of the year	(46.022)	(1.937.384)
Carrying amount end of year	5.628.815	966.401
		Investments in group enterprises DKK
6. Fixed asset investments		in group enterprises
6. Fixed asset investments Cost beginning of year		in group enterprises
		in group enterprises DKK
Cost beginning of year		in group enterprises DKK 4.160.500
Cost beginning of year Cost end of year		in group enterprises DKK 4.160.500 4.160.500
Cost beginning of year Cost end of year Revaluations beginning of year		in group enterprises DKK 4.160.500 4.160.500 1.096.504
Cost beginning of year Cost end of year Revaluations beginning of year Amortisation of goodwill		in group enterprises DKK 4.160.500 4.160.500 1.096.504 (520.588)
Cost beginning of year <b>Cost end of year</b> Revaluations beginning of year Amortisation of goodwill Share of profit/loss for the year		in group enterprises DKK 4.160.500 4.160.500 1.096.504 (520.588) 978.936
Cost beginning of year Cost end of year Revaluations beginning of year Amortisation of goodwill Share of profit/loss for the year Revaluations end of year		in group enterprises DKK 4.160.500 4.160.500 1.096.504 (520.588) 978.936 1.554.852

	2017 DKK
7. Deferred tax	
Changes during the year	
Beginning of year	867.154
Recognised in the income statement	139.191
End of year	1.006.345

### 8. Prepayments

Consists of prepayments on costs concerning subsequent financial year.

	Number	Par value DKK	Nominal value DKK
9. Contributed capital			
Ordinary shares	1.000.000	1	1.000.000
	1.000.000		1.000.000

Number	Nominal value DKK	Share of contributed capital %
118.643	118.643	11,0
118.643	118.643	11,0
	118.643	Number         value DKK           118.643         118.643

### 11. Other provisions

Other provisions comprise of anticipated costs of non-recourse guarantee commitments.

	2017 DKK	2016 DKK'000
12. Unrecognised rental and lease commitments		
Hereof liabilities under rental or lease agreements until maturity in total	89.000	89

### 13. Contingent liabilities

The Entity serves as an administration company in a Danish joint taxation arrangement. According to the joint taxation provisions of the Danish Corporation Tax Act, the Entity is therefore liable from the financial year 2013 for income taxes etc for the jointly taxed entities and also for obligations, if any, relating to the withholding of tax on interest, royalties and dividends for these entities.

Tryg Garanti has lodged security towards varius customers, for DKK 6,675,034.

### 14. Mortgages and securities

Debt to parent company is secured by way of mortgage on properties for DKK 7,000,000. The carrying amount of mortgaged properties is DKK 6,201,556.

### 15. Related parties with controlling interest

Related parties with controlling interest in Hidrostal A/S: The parent company Hidrostal Holding AG, Gigering 27, 8213 Neunkirch, Switzerland

All transactions with related parties are conducted on market terms.

#### **Reporting class**

This annual report has been presented in accordance with the provisions of the Danish Financial Statements Act governing reporting class C enterprises.

For two consecutive years, the Company has exceeded the limits of reporting class B enterprises as laid down in the Danish Financial Statements Act and is therefore subject to extended disclosure requirements in accordance with the rules governing enterprises in reporting class C.

The accounting policies applied to these consolidated financial statements and parent financial statements are consistent with those applied last year.

### **Recognition and measurement**

Assets are recognised in the balance sheet when it is probable as a result of a prior event that future economic benefits will flow to the Entity, and the value of the asset can be measured reliably.

Liabilities are recognised in the balance sheet when the Entity has a legal or constructive obligation as a result of a prior event, and it is probable that future economic benefits will flow out of the Entity, and the value of the liability can be measured reliably.

On initial recognition, assets and liabilities are measured at cost. Measurement subsequent to initial recognition is effected as described below for each financial statement item.

Anticipated risks and losses that arise before the time of presentation of the annual report and that confirm or invalidate affairs and conditions existing at the balance sheet date are considered at recognition and measurement.

Income is recognised in the income statement when earned, whereas costs are recognised by the amounts attributable to this financial year.

#### **Consolidated financial statements**

The consolidated financial statements comprise the Parent and the group enterprises (subsidiaries) that are controlled by the Parent. Control is achieved by the Parent, either directly or indirectly, holding more than 50% of the voting rights or in any other way possibly or actually exercising controlling influence.

### **Basis of consolidation**

The consolidated financial statements are prepared on the basis of the financial statements of the Parent and its subsidiaries. The consolidated financial statements are prepared by combining uniform items. On consolidation, intra-group income and expenses, intra-group accounts and dividends as well as profits and losses on transactions between the consolidated enterprises are eliminated. The financial statements used for consolidation have been prepared applying the Group's accounting policies.

Subsidiaries' financial statement items are recognised in full in the consolidated financial statements.

Investments in subsidiaries are offset at the pro rata share of such subsidiaries' net assets at the acquisition date, with net assets having been calculated at fair value.

### Foreign currency translation

On initial recognition, foreign currency transactions are translated applying the exchange rate at the transaction date. Receivables, payables and other monetary items denominated in foreign currencies that have not been settled at the balance sheet date are translated using the exchange rate at the balance sheet date. Exchange differences that arise between the rate at the transaction date and the rate in effect at the payment date, or the rate at the balance sheet date are recognised in the income statement as financial income or financial expenses.

### Income statement

### **Gross profit or loss**

Gross profit or loss comprises revenue, changes in inventories of finished goods and work in progress, own work capitalised, other operating income, cost of raw materials and consumables and external expenses.

#### Revenue

Revenue from the sale of manufactured goods and goods for resale is recognised in the income statement when delivery is made and risk has passed to the buyer. Revenue is recognised net of VAT, duties and sales discounts and is measured at fair value of the consideration fixed.

Contract work in progress is included in revenue as cost of costs related to goods sold and payroll.

#### **Cost of sales**

Cost of sales comprises goods consumed in the financial year measured at cost, adjusted for ordinary inventory writedowns.

#### Other external expenses

Other external expenses include expenses relating to the Entity's ordinary activities, including expenses for premises, stationery and office supplies, marketing costs, etc.

#### Staff costs

Staff costs comprise salaries and wages as well as social security contributions, pension contributions, etc for entity staff.

#### Depreciation, amortisation and impairment losses

Amortisation, depreciation and impairment losses relating to intangible assets and property, plant and equipment comprise amortisation, depreciation and impairment losses for the financial year, calculated on the basis of the residual values and useful lives of the individual assets and impairment testing as well as gains and losses from the sale of intangible assets as well as property, plant and equipment.

### Income from investments in group enterprises

Income from investments in group enterprises comprises the pro rata share of the individual enterprises' profit/loss after full elimination of internal profits or losses.

#### Other financial income from group enterprises

Other financial income from group enterprises comprises interest income etc on receivables from group enterprises.

### Other financial income

Other financial income comprises dividends etc received on other investments, interest income, as well as tax relief under the Danish Tax Prepayment Scheme etc.

### Financial expenses from group enterprises

Financial expenses from group enterprises comprise interest expenses etc from payables to group enterprises.

### **Other financial expenses**

Other financial expenses comprise interest expenses, as well as tax surcharge under the Danish Tax Prepayment Scheme etc.

### Tax on profit/loss for the year

Tax for the year, which consists of current tax for the year and changes in deferred tax, is recognised in the income statement by the portion attributable to the profit for the year and recognised directly in equity by the portion attributable to entries directly in equity.

The Entity is jointly taxed with all Danish subsidiaries. The current Danish income tax is allocated among the jointly taxed entities proportionally to their taxable income (full allocation with a refund concerning tax losses).

### **Balance sheet**

### Goodwill

Goodwill is the positive difference between cost and value in use of assets and liabilities taken over as part of the acquisition. Goodwill is amortised straight-line over its estimated useful life which is fixed based on the experience gained by Management for each business area. Useful life is determined based on an assessment of whether the enterprises are strategically acquired enterprises with a strong market position and a long-term earnings profile and whether the amount of goodwill includes intangible resources of a temporary nature that cannot be separated and recognised as separate assets. If it is not possible to estimate the useful life reliably, it is set at 10 years. Useful lives are reassessed on an annual basis. The amortisation periods used are 5 years.

Goodwill is written down to the lower of recoverable amount and carrying amount.

### Property, plant and equipment

Land and buildings, plant and machinery as well as other fixtures and fittings, tools and equipment are measured at cost less accumulated depreciation and impairment losses. Land is not depreciated.

Cost comprises the acquisition price, costs directly attributable to the acquisition and preparation costs of the asset until the time when it is ready to be put into operation.

The basis of depreciation is cost less estimated residual value after the end of useful life. Straight-line depreciation is made on the basis of the following estimated useful lives of the assets:

Buildings	25 years
Other fixtures and fittings, tools and equipment	5 years

Estimated useful lives and residual values are reassessed annually.

Items of property, plant and equipment are written down to the lower of recoverable amount and carrying amount.

### Investments in group enterprises

Investments in group enterprises are recognised and measured according to the equity method. This means that investments are measured at the pro rata share of the enterprises' equity value plus or minus unamortised goodwill and plus or minus unrealised intra-group profits or losses.

Group enterprises with negative equity value are measured at DKK 0. Any receivables from these enterprises are written down to net realisable value based on a specific assessment. If the Parent has a legal or constructive obligation to cover the liabilities of the relevant enterprise, and it is probable that such obligation is imminent, a provision is recognised that is measured at present value of the costs deemed necessary to incur to settle the obligation.

Goodwill is calculated as the difference between cost of the investments and fair value of the pro rata share of assets and liabilities acquired. Goodwill is amortised straight-line over its estimated useful life, which is fixed based on the experience gained by Management for each business area. Useful life is determined based on an assessment of whether the enterprises are strategically acquired enterprises with a strong market position and a long-term earnings profile and whether the amount of goodwill includes intangible resources of a temporary nature that cannot be separated and recognised as separate assets. If the useful life cannot be estimated reliably, it is fixed at 10 years. Useful lives are reassessed annually. The amortisation periods used are 5 years.

Investments in group enterprises are written down to the lower of recoverable amount and carrying amount.

### Inventories

Inventories are measured at the lower of cost using the FIFO method and net realisable value.

Cost consists of purchase price plus delivery costs.

The net realisable value of inventories is calculated as the estimated selling price less completion costs and costs incurred to execute sale.

### Receivables

Receivables are measured at amortised cost, usually equalling nominal value less writedowns for bad and doubtful debts.

#### **Contract work in progress**

Contract work in progress is measured at the cost of the work carried out at the balance sheet date.

Each contract in progress is recognised in the balance sheet under receivables or liabilities other than provisions, depending on whether the net value, calculated as the selling price less prepayments received, is positive or negative.

Costs of sales work and of securing contracts as well as financing costs are recognised in the income statement as incurred.

### **Deferred tax**

Deferred tax is recognised on all temporary differences between the carrying amount and tax-based value of assets and liabilities, for which the tax-based value of assets is calculated based on the planned use of each asset.

Deferred tax assets, including the tax base of tax loss carry forwards, are recognised in the balance sheet at their estimated realisable value, either as a set-off against deferred tax liabilities or as net tax assets.

#### Prepayments

Prepayments comprise incurred costs relating to subsequent financial years. Prepayments are measured at cost.

#### Cash

Cash comprises cash in hand and bank deposits.

### Dividend

Dividend is recognised as a liability at the time of adoption at the general meeting. Proposed dividend for the financial year is disclosed as a separate item in equity. Extraordinary dividend adopted in the financial year is recognised directly in equity when distributed and disclosed as a separate item in Management's proposal for distribution of profit/loss.

#### **Treasury shares**

Acquisition and selling prices and dividends for treasury shares are classified directly as equity under retained earnings. Gains and losses on sale are not recognised in the income statement. Capital reduction by cancellation of treasury shares reduces the contributed capital by an amount corresponding to the nominal value.

#### **Other provisions**

Other provisions comprise anticipated costs of non-recourse guarantee commitments, returns, loss on contract work in progress, decided and published restructuring, etc.

Other provisions are recognised and measured as the best estimate of the expenses required to settle the liabilities at the balance sheet date. Provisions that are estimated to mature more than one year after the balance sheet date are measured at their discounted value.

If goods are sold on approval, a provision is made for the mark-up on the goods estimated to be returned as well as any expenses related to the returns.

Non-recourse guarantee commitments comprise commitments to remedy defects and deficiencies within the guarantee period.

Once it is probable that total costs will exceed total income from a contract in progress, provision is made for the total loss estimated to result from the relevant contract.

### **Operating leases**

Lease payments on operating leases are recognised on a straight-line basis in the income statement over the term of the lease.

### **Other financial liabilities**

Other financial liabilities are measured at amortised cost, which usually corresponds to nominal value.

### **Prepayments received from customers**

Prepayments received from customers comprise amounts received from customers prior to delivery of the goods agreed or completion of the service agreed.

#### Income tax receivable or payable

Current tax payable or receivable is recognised in the balance sheet, stated as tax calculated on this year's taxable income, adjusted for prepaid tax.

### **Cash flow statement**

The cash flow statement shows cash flows from operating, investing and financing activities as well as cash and cash equivalents at the beginning and the end of the financial year.

Cash flows from operating activities are presented using the indirect method and calculated as the operating profit/loss adjusted for non-cash operating items, working capital changes and income taxes paid.

Cash flows from investing activities comprise payments in connection with acquisition and divestment of enterprises, activities and fixed asset investments as well as purchase, development, improvement and sale, etc of intangible assets and property, plant and equipment, including acquisition of assets held under finance leases.

Cash flows from financing activities comprise changes in the size or composition of the contributed capital and related costs as well as the raising of loans, inception of finance leases, instalments on interest-bearing debt, purchase of treasury shares and payment of dividend.

Cash and cash equivalents comprise cash and short-term securities with an insignificant price risk less short-term bank loans.