BASF A/S Ved Stadsgraven 15 DK-2300 Copenhagen

CVR no. 17 41 26 12

Annual Report for 2016

Approved at the Company's Annual General Meeting on 22 May 2017

CHAIRMAN OF THE ANNUAL GENERAL MEETING

Mark Meier

CONTENTS	<u>Page</u>	
Company details	· 3	
Statement by the Board of Directors and the Executive Board	4	
Independent auditor's report	5	
Management's review	7	
Income statement	11	
Balance sheet at 31 December	12	
Statement of changes in equity at 31 December 2016	13	
Notes	14	

COMPANY DETAILS

COMPANY

COMPANY
BASF A/S
Ved Stadsgraven 15
DK-2300 Copenhagen
CVR no. (VAT-No) 17 41 26 12
Municipality of domicile: Copenhagen

Telephone no. +45 32 66 07 00

Internet:

https://www.basf.com/dk/en.html

BOARD OF DIRECTORS

Chairman Managing Director Torben Berlin Jensen

Deputy chairman Employee representative Employee representative

Mark Meier Connie Belling Jørgen Holm Bo Kilund

EXECUTIVE BOARD

Managing Director Mark Meier

AUDITOR

KPMG Statsautoriseret Revisionspartnerselskab Dampfærgevej 28 DK-2100 Copenhagen CVR no. 25 57 81 98

Statement by the Board of Directors and the Executive Board

The Board of Directors and the Executive Board have today discussed and approved the annual report of BASF A/S for the financial year 1 January – 31 December 2016.

The Annual Report has been prepared in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act.

In our opinion, the financial statements give a true and fair view of the Company's assets, liabilities and financial position at 31 December 2016 and of the results of the Company's operations for the financial year 1 January - 31 December 2016.

Further, in our opinion, the Management's review gives a fair review of the development in the Company's activities and financial matters, of the results for the year and of the Company's financial position.

We recommend that the annual report be approved at the annual general meeting.

Copenhagen, 15 May 2017

BASF A/S

Executive Board

Mark Me

Board of Directors

Torben Berlin Jensen Chairman

> Jørgen Holm Employee Representative

Connie Belling Deputy Chairnyan,

Managing Director

Bo Kilund

Employee Representative

Independent auditor's report

To the shareholders of BASF A/S

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We have audited the financial statements of BASF A/S for the financial year 1 January – 31 December 2016 comprising income statement, balance sheet, statement of changes in equity, cash flow statement and notes, including accounting policies. The financial statements are prepared in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act.

In our opinion, the financial statements give a true and fair view of the Company's assets, liabilities and financial position at 31 December 2016 and of the results of the Company's operations and cash flows for the financial year 1 January – 31 December 2016 in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act.

Basis for opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing (ISAs) and the additional requirements applicable in Denmark. Our responsibilities under those standards and requirements are further described in the "Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements" section of our report. We are independent of the Company in accordance with the International Ethics Standards Board for Accountants' Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants (IESBA Code) and the additional requirements applicable in Denmark, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Management's responsibility for the financial statements

Management is responsible for the preparation of financial statements that give a true and fair view in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act and for such internal control that Management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, Management is responsible for assessing the Company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting in preparing the financial statements unless Management either intends to liquidate the Company or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance as to whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs and the additional requirements in Denmark will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements may arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users made on the basis of these financial statements.

As part of an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs and the additional requirements applicable in Denmark, we exercise professional judgement and maintain professional scepticism throughout the audit.

- identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the company financial statements, whether
 due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit
 evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a
 material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error as fraud may
 involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations or the override of internal control.
- obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures
 that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the
 effectiveness of the Company's internal control.
- evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by Management.

Independent auditor's report

- conclude on the appropriateness of Management's use of the going concern basis of accounting in preparing the financial statements and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Company's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Company to cease to continue as a going concern.
- evaluate the overall presentation, structure and contents of the financial statements, including the
 disclosures, and whether the financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in
 a manner that gives a true and fair view.

We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

Statement on the Management's review

Management is responsible for the Management's review.

Our opinion on the financial statements does not cover the Management's review, and we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the financial statements, our responsibility is to read the Management's review and, in doing so, consider whether the Management's review is materially inconsistent with the financial statements or our knowledge obtained during the audit, or otherwise appears to be materially misstated.

Moreover, it is our responsibility to consider whether the Management's review provides the information required under the Danish Financial Statements Act.

Based on the work we have performed, we conclude that the Management's review is in accordance with the financial statements and has been prepared in accordance with the requirements of the Danish Financial Statement Act. We did not identify any material misstatement of the Management's review.

Copenhagen, 15 May 2017

KPMG

Statsautoriseret Revisionspartnerselskab

CVR no. 25 57 81 98

Michael Sten Larsen

State Authorised Public Accountant

Financial highlights

Key figures in MDKK	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016
Net turnover	1.498.6	1.470,6	1.458,9	1.302,6	1.262,8
Gross profit	838.5	809,1	647.1	510.2	580.5
Operating profit/loss	511.1	(24,9)	92.0	35,5	101,5
Net financials	(55.3)	(1,6)	(10,6)	(3,1)	3,6
Profit/loss for the year before tax	175,7	(26,5)	81,3	32.5	98.9
Profit/loss for the year	129.5	(12,3)	44,8	24.4	86,0
Inventories	138,3	172.3	348.0	190,3	300.9
Accounts receivable	135,9	190,9	218.7	231.7	199.8
Equity	1.156.6	1.144,2	1.189.1	1.168.6	1.115,7
Total assets	1.899,6	1.654,1	1.694.6	1.412.6	1.348.5
Investments in property, plant and equipment	19.1	68,8	25,6	17,0	8,4
Financial ratios					
	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016
Gross margin	56,0%	55.0%	44,4%	39.2%	46,0%
Profit margin	34,1%	-1.7%	6,3%	2.7%	8.0%
Return on invested capital	30,6%	-1.7%	6.7%	2.9%	9.8%
Return on equity	11.2%	-1,1%	3.8%	2,1%	7.7%
Equity ratio	60,9%	69,2%	70,2%	82.7%	82,7%

The Company's key figures and financial ratios for 2012-2013 have been adjusted due to the merger with the subsidiary Pronova BioPharma Danmark A/S at 1 January 2014.

The Company's key figures and financial ratios for 2012 have been adjusted due to the merger with the subsidiary BTC Speciality Chemicals Distribution A/S at 1 January 2013 as well as the acquisition of the activities in the Danish branch of BASF IT Services Ltd.

FINANCIAL DEVELOPMENT

Main activities

BASE A/S is a subsidiary of BASE Societe Europe, Ludwigshafen, Germany,

The Company's headquarter is situated in Copenhagen.

The site in Copenhagen is an active partner on the Danish market and sells approx. 4,000 products from BASE's broad product palatte. The Company's customers are mainly industrial companies in Denmark.

Companies working within the plastic, paper, chemicals and building industries as well as the agricultural industry use the BASF products

The site in Rødekro produces and sells products that are used in the construction industry.

The site in Ballerup develops, formulates and produces vitamins for the food and pharmaceutical industries throughout the world. Marketing is effected through the BASF Group's worldwide network of agencies and sales companies.

The site in Kalundborg produces high-purified and high-concentrated Omega-3 products in bulk also characteristed as API (Active Pharmaceutical Ingredients). The production has been mothballed since January 2015.

Development in activities and financial position

The revenue from agro products decreased by 8%. However, the Baltic Markets increased by 15%, as the market size increased. The sales to Danish customers decreased by 39%, mainly due to the hoarding in 2015 of 41 MDKK of products by the customers.

The volume of own production as increased by 20%, but due to lower prices, the net sales is lower.

The sales of nutrition and vitamins decreased by 4% mainly due to lower prices and slightly lower volume at the Ballerup site. The production in Ballerup was higher than last year, which entailed a smaller cost for the idle capacity of 40.5 MDKK vs 50.8 MDKK in 2015.

The idle capacity cost is in 2016 compensated in the company's transfer pricing, so only 6.5 MDKK is invoiced.

The revenue from products for the construction industry increased by 9%.

The commissions received for the agency business has increased by 8% due to changed market conditions and commission rates for pigments and paper and water. This is despite a decrease in the turnover of 10 MDKK or 1%.

The gross profit increased in 2016 by 70 MDKK, mainly due to high production levels in our factories.

The external costs in 2016 are slightly higher than in 2015 due to more temporary staff at the construction chemicals factory where demand was high.

Strong cost control was in focus in 2016 and will continue to be so in 2017. Especially on travel costs marketing and entertainment, there have been reductions.

The Company has distributed dividend in 2016 for 2015 and will do the same in 2017 for 2016.

The profit before tax amounted to 97 9 MDKK compared to 32.5 MDKK in 2015 is considered satisfying. The increase in profit is partly due to the sale of the Copenhagen office site which increased the income on special items of 47.5m DKK. The Danish headquarters will instead be moved to leased premises.

Compared to earlier given information, the turnover was as expected and with a decent profit at the level expected.

Special risks

Operating risks

The Company's main operating risk lies in being a raw material supplier to the export industry.

Another operating risk is that the sale of agricultural products to a wide extent depends on the weather such as sun and rain conditions.

A third risk is the exposure to the construction industry, which is quite volatile.

Financial risks

The parent company, BASF SE, controls the financial risks centrally and coordinates the Group's liquidity management, including financing and placing of excess liquidity.

Currency risks

The purchase and sale of goods are mainly carried out in DKK or EUR. As the Danish National Bank pegs the Danish Krone close to the euro, the currency risk is moderate. The Company, BASF A/S, follows a policy to currency where the net position exceeds the equivalent to 2 MEUR by using financial instruments such as forward exchange contracts, and those contracts are only entered into through the German parent company BASF SE.

By the end of the fiscal year 2016, the Company had one forward exchange contract.

Interest rate risks

The Company's net interest-bearing position is interest-bearing deposits, which in 2016 was a receivable of 101 MDKK in 2016 compared to a net receivable of 122 MDKK in 2015.

The net interest-bearing debt is mainly designated in EUR and DKK.

Based on the net outstanding balance at the end of the fiscal year 2016, an increase by one percentage point in the general interest rate level will cause an increase in the annual interest income before tax of approximately 1.0 MDKK.

The Company does not hedge interest rate risks as these solely relate to the German parent company BASF SE's area of responsibility.

Credit risks

Credit risks in respect of financial assets equal the value included in the balance sheet.

The Company's policy for undertaking credit risks entails that all major customers are credit rated regularly.

Liquidity

It is the policy of the BASF Group that capital creation and placing of excess liquidity is controlled centrally by the German parent company BASF SE.

Environmental performance

In 2016, the overall company strategy was founded on environment, health and safety.

Operations have been based on sound focus on environment, health and safety policies supporting the objectives that have been developed from the BASF Group's policy in these areas.

The vision is to act responsibly based on the "Responsible Care" principle.

https://www.basf.com/en/company/sustainability.html

Intellectual capital resources

The Company's products are based on high-technology production facilities. Production is performed in accordance with the GMP rules. The Company operates in a competitive market that is demanding in terms of product development, flexibility and quality. This calls for staff with thorough knowledge of the Company's business processes, products and customers. In addition, particular requirements for knowledge resources exist in relation to development of products.

In order to live up to these demands and requirements, the Company needs to be able to recruit, develop and retain staff with a high level of experience, training and education in the area of process-industrial formulation of vitamins.

In 2016, 1.7 MDKK was spent on staff training.

Staff with higher education accounts for about 43% of the salaried employees.

Employee turnover was approx. 5.3% in 2016.

Research and development activities

In 2016 research and development activities were performed in close cooperation with the Parent Company. Development activities primarily included projects within the Agro business unit. In 2016, the costs for these projects amounted to 17.4 MDKK (2015: 18.8 MDKK). At 31 December, no such development projects have been found which fullfill the criteria for capitalisation and a following recognition in the Company's balance sheet.

Statutory corporate social responsibility report

No special description of the politics with regards to social responsibility, including climate and human rights, for the Company have been prepared, as the Company is included in the BASF group formal guidelines. A reference to the description in the annual report for BASF SE for 2016 is therefore made. https://www.basf.com/en/company/sustainability.html

Statutory report on underrepresented gender in Management

The Board of Directors has decided that the target for the participation of the underrepresented gender in the Board of Directors should be 33% in 2016. This target was achieved in 2016 and will be unchanged for 2017.

Policy: The Company has worked out a policy which should assist to increase the participation of the underrepresented gender at the other management levels.

Actions: We hire the best candidates, but at the same time we try to attract qualified women to management positions.

Results: The target for the share of the underrepresented gender at the other management levels in the Company has been set to 40% and we reached 26% by the end of 2016.

Events after the balance sheet date

BASF A/S will in 2017 move to a leased office location in Copenhagen. The new lease agreement will be a five year contract.

Expected development

For 2017, the turnover is expected to be higher than 2016 as a result of more production shifts working at our Ballerup site and we expect a profit before tax around 60m DKK. This will be lower than in 2015, where we had additional income from the sale of our Copenhagen office site.

Group structure

The Company is included in the consolidated financial statements of BASF SE, Ludwigshafen, Germany. A copy of the consolidated financial statements of the Group can be requested from BASF A/S.

BASF SE, Carl-Bosch-Strasse 38, 67056 Ludwigshafen, Germany, Idnr. DE 148 145 247 is registered as owner of the share capital of 1,029.2 MDKK.

Proposed dividend for the financial year of the financial year of the financial statements 1 January - 31 December ACCOUNTING POLICIES 1 2015 2016 201	INCOME STATEMENT	Notes		
Revenue 2 1.262.790 1.302.576 Cost of sales 772.4471 (686.322) Change in inventory of finished goods and work in progress 90.202 (126.055) GROSS PROFIT 580.545 510.199 Other external expenses (198.578) (145.055) Staff costs 3 (180.085) (179.578) Amortisation on intangible assets 4 (924) (924) Depreciation on property, plant and equipment 5 (147.092) (148.579) Other operating income 6 47.534 - Financial income 7 3.039 4.338 Financial expenses 7 (6.575) (7.411) PROFIT BEFORE TAX 97.865 32.452 Tax on profit for the year 8 (11.834) (8.073) PROFIT FOR THE YEAR 86.031 24.379 PROPOSED PROFIT APPROPRIATION 2016 2015 The Board of Directors proposes the profit for the year distributed as follows: KDKK KDKK Proposed dividend for the financial year 86.		1	2242	
Revenue 2 1.262.790 (772.447) 1.302.576 (666.322) Cost of sales (772.447) (666.322) Change in inventory of finished goods and work in progress 99.202 (126.055) GROSS PROFIT \$80.545 \$10.199 Other external expenses (198.578) (145.595) \$145.095) Staff costs 3 (180.085) (179.576) \$179.576) Amortisation on intangible assets 4 (924) (924) \$294) Depreciation on property, plant and equipment 5 (147.092) (148.579) \$148.579 Other operating income 6 47.534 - OPERATING PROFIT 101.401 35.525 33.6325 Financial income 7 3.039 4.338 4.338 Financial expenses 7 (6.575) (7.411) 7.411 PROFIT BEFORE TAX 97.865 32.452 Tax on profit for the year 8 (11.834) (8.073) PROPOSED PROFIT APPROPRIATION 2016 2015 The Board of Directors proposes the profit for the year distributed as follows: KDKK KDKK Froposed dividend for the financial year 86.000 139.000 Retained earnings 31 (114.627)			2016	2015
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Depreciation on property, plant and equipment 5 (147.092) (148.579) Other operating income 6 47.534 - OPERATING PROFIT 101.401 35.525 Financial income 7 3.039 4.338 Financial expenses 7 (6.575) (7.411) PROFIT BEFORE TAX 97.865 32.452 Tax on profit for the year 8 (11.834) (8.073) PROFIT FOR THE YEAR 86.031 24.379 PROPOSED PROFIT APPROPRIATION 2016 2015 The Board of Directors proposes the profit for the year distributed as follows: KDKK KDKK Proposed dividend for the financial year 86.000 139.000 Retained earnings 31 (114.621)		3	(180.085)	(179.576)
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PROFIT FOR THE YEAR 86.031 24.379 PROPOSED PROFIT APPROPRIATION 2016 2015 The Board of Directors proposes the profit for the year distributed as follows: KDKK KDKK Proposed dividend for the financial year 86.000 139.000 Retained earnings 31 (114.621)	Tax on profit for the year	8 _	(11.834)	(8.073)
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	Proposed dividend for the financial year		86.000	139.000
86.031 24.379	Retained earnings			
		_	86.031	24.379

BALANCE SHEET AT 31 DECEMBER	Notes	2016	2015
ASSETS		<u>KDKK</u>	KDKK
NON-CURRENT ASSETS			
Software Intangible assets	9	1.839 1.839	2.763 2.763
·	40		
Land and buildings Plant and machinery	10	435.404 392.192	477.056 487.278
Fixtures and fittings, tools and equipment		3.608	4.402
Property, plant and equipment under construction		4.720	7.183
Property, plant and equipment		835.924	975.919
TOTAL NON-CURRENT ASSETS		837.763	978.682
CURRENT ASSETS			
Raw materials and consumables		48.657	28.275
Work in progress		14.393	11.579
Finished goods and goods for resale		237.825	150.437
	•	300.875	190.291
Trade receivables Receivables from group entities	11	50.359 149.605	59.485 172.257
Other receivables		6.714	10.977
Corporation tax receivables	12	2.167	-
Deferred tax Prepayments	40	- 004	-
Total receivables	13 .	824 209.669	867 243.586
Cash at bank and in hand		163	20
TOTAL CURRENT ASSETS		510.707	433.897
TOTAL ASSETS	-	1.348.470	1.412.579
EQUITY AND LIABILITIES		2016	2015
EQUITY		KDKK	KDKK
Share capital Retained earnings	14	1.029.200	1.029.200
Proposed dividends for the financial year		455 86.000	424
TOTAL EQUITY	-	1.115.655	139.000 1.168.624
Provisions for deferred tax	15	16.953	22.327
TOTAL PROVISIONS	-	16.953	22.327
LIABILITIES OTHER THAN PROVISIONS			
Non-current liabilities other than provisions Non-current liabilities other than provisions	16 _	15.905 15.905	23.304 23.304
Current liabilities	-		
Current portion of non-current liabilities other than provisions Bank toans		7.400	7.081
Frade payables		38.739	3 25.214
Payables to group entities		84.326	79.743
Corporation tax payables			8.298
Other payables Current tiabilities other than provisions	17 _	69.492 199.957	77.985 198.324
otal liabilities other than provision		215.862	221.628
TOTAL EQUITY AND LIABILITIES		1.348.470	1.412.579
Contingent liabilities	18		-
ees to the auditor appointed at the general meeting	19		
currency and interest rate exposure, credit risks and financial instruments	20		
BASF Group Trading partners	21		
Subsequent events	22		

STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY AT 31 DECEMBER

	Share capital KDKK	Retained earnings KDKK	Proposed dividend for the year KDKK	Total KDKK
Equity at 1 January 2016	1.029.200	115.045	44.840	1.189.085
Dividend paid Transfer	-	(114.621)	(44.840) 114.621	(44.840) -
Profit for the year	-	•	24.379	24.379
Equity at 1 January 2016	1.029.200	424	139.000	1.168.624
Dividend paid Transfer	-	•	(139.000)	(139.000)
Profit for the year	_	- 31	86.000	86.031
-			00.000	00.031
Equity at 31 December 2016	1.029.200	455	86.000	1.115.655

1. Financial Statements 1 January - 31 December ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The annual report of BASF A/S is prepared in accordance with the provisions applying to reporting class C (large) entities under the Danish Financial Statements Act.

As from 1 January 2016, the Company has implemented Act no. 738 of 1 June 2015.

The changes have no monetary effect on the income statement or the balance sheet for 2015 or for the comparative figures. The changes have no monetary effect on the income statement or the balance sheet for 2016 or for the comparative figures.

Cash flow statement

Pursuant to section 86(4) of the Danish Financial Statements Act, a cash flow statement is not prepared.

Intercompany mergers

When applying intercompany mergers, the uniting-of-interests method has been used.

Foreign currency translation

On initial recognition, transactions in foreign currency are translated at the exchange rate of the transaction date. Receivables, payables and other monetary items in foreign currencies that have not been settled at the balance sheet date are translated at the exchange rate at the balance sheet date.

Currency exchange rate differences occuring between the transaction date rate and the rate on the payment date are included in the income statement as financial income and expenses.

Derivative financial instruments

On initial recognition in the balance sheet, derivative financial instruments are measured at cost and subsequently at fair value. Derivative financial instruments are recognised as other receivables or other payables.

Changes in the fair value of derivative financial instruments classified as and complying with the requirements for hedging of the fair value of a recognised asset or a recognised with the requirements for the income statement together with changes in the value of the hedged asset or the hedged liability.

For derivative financial instruments that do not fulfil the heaging requirements, the changes in the fair value are recorded in the income statement as financial income and expenses.

income statement

Revenue

Revenue from the sale of commodities and finished goods is included in the income statement when delivery and transfer of risk to the buyer has taken place.

Revenue is included excluding VAT, duties and rebates in connection with the sale.

The Company receives commission from the parent company and some larger units in the BASF Group regarding agency activities. Commissions are included in the same month as the agency activities take place

Cost of sales

Cost of sales includes the directly related consumption of goods sold and landing costs

Cost of sales includes in addition the research and development costs as far as these costs cannot be assessed for recording in the balance sheet.

Other external expenses

Other external expenses include all other external costs that do not relate to consumption of goods, personnel costs, depreciation and financial expenses, e.g. freight, rent and travel costs.

Staff costs

Staff costs consist of salanes and wages including holiday allowances and pensions as well as other costs for social security, etc., of the employees in the Company. In the staff costs compensations from the public authorities have been deducted.

1. Financial Statements 1 January - 31 December ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Share-based incentive scheme

The value of services received as compensation for allocated cash-settled options are recognised at the value of the options' intrinsic value, which is the difference between the option exercise price and the market price of the shares in BASF SE at the balance sheet date. The liability related to the options is adjusted at each balance sheet date and at final settlement. Adjustments of the valuation of the options are included in the income statement under personnel costs pro rata over the vesting period. The counter entry is included under liabilities in the balance sheet.

Financial income and expenses

Financial income and expenses include interest income and interest expense, realised and unrealised exchange gains and losses regarding payables, receivables and transactions in foreign currencies and surcharges and refunds under the on-account tax scheme.

Tax for the year

Tax for the year, which includes current tax for the year and changes in deferred tax, is included in the income statement by the tax expense relating to the profit/loss for the year. The tax expense directly relating to items in equity are recognised directly in the equity.

BALANCE SHEET

Intangible assets

Intangible assets include software

Software is recognised as costs at purchase price. Intangible assets are amortised on a straight-line basis over the assets' expected useful lives, which are determined to be 5 years.

The carrying value is continuously assessed and written down to a lower realisable value in the income statement if the carrying value exceeds the estimated future net cash flows from the acticity to which the intangible asset relates.

Property, plant and equipment

Property, plant and equipment are measured at cost less accumulated depreciation and impairment losses. Land is not depreciated.

1. Financial Statements 1 January - 31 December ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Property, plant and equipment

The cost comprises the acquisition price, costs directly attributable to the acquisition, and costs of preparing the asset for intended use. For company-manufactured assets, cost comprises of direct and indirect costs of materials, components, sub-suppliers and labour costs.

Interest expenses on loans for financing the manufacturing of property, plant and equipment are included in cost if they relate to the manufacturing period.

The basis of depreciation is cost less estimated residual value at the end of useful life.

Straight-line depreciation is made on the basis of the following estimated useful life of the assets:

 Buildings
 30 years

 Production buildings
 10-20 years

 Installations in buildings
 10-25 years

 Plant and machinery
 5-10 years

 Fixtures and fittings, tools and equipment
 3-10 years

 Leasehold improvements
 10 years

Property, plant and equipment are written down to a lower recoverable amount if this is lower than the carrying amount.

Profits and losses from the sale of property, plant and equipment are calculated as the difference between selling price less selling costs and the carrying value at the time of sale.

Losses are recognised in the income statement together with depreciation and impairment losses.

Profits are recognised as other operating income.

Inventories

Inventories are measured at the lower of cost using the FIFO method and net realisable value.

Cost of goods for resale, raw materials and consumables consist of purchase price plus landing costs. The costs of manufactured goods and work in progress consist of costs of raw materials, consumables and direct labour costs as well as indirect production costs.

Indirect production costs comprise indirect materials and labour costs, costs of maintenance of and depreciation and impairment losses on machinery, factory buildings and equipment applied for the manufactoring process as well as costs of factory administration and management. Financing costs are not included.

The net realisable value of inventories is calculated as the estimated selling price less costs to complete and cost of sale.

Receivables

Receivables are measured at amortised cost.

Write-down is made for bad debt losses where there is an objective indication that a receivable or a portfolio of receivables has been impaired. If there is an objective indication that an individual receivable has been impaired, write-down is made on an individual basis.

Receivables with no objective indication of individual impairment are assessed for objective indication of impairment on a portfolio basis. The portfolios are primarily based on the debtors' registered offices and credit rating in accordance with the Company's credit risk management policy.

The objective indicators used in relation to portfolios are determined on the basis of historical loss experience. Notes

Prepayments

Prepayments comprise incurred costs relating to subsequent financial years. Prepayments are measured at amortised cost which usually corresponds to the nominal value.

Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents include bank deposits.

Receivables on the group cash-pool arrangement is not recognised as cash and cash equivalents, but is included in the liability/receivable with group enterprises.

Notes
1. Financial Statements 1 January - 31 December
ACCOUNTING POLICIES
Leases

Leases concerning fixed assets, where the company has substantially all of the risks and rewards incidental to ownership (finance leases), is initially recognised in the balance to the lower of the market value or the net present value of the future lease payments. In the calculation of the net present value the interest rate implicit in the lease or the incremental borrowing rate is used as a discount rate.

Finance lease assets are presented as other assets owned by the company.

The capitalised lease obligation is included in the balance sheet as a liability at amortised cost, where the interest element of the lease payment is included in the income statement over the contractual period.

All other leases are treated as operating leases. The lease payments in connection with operating leases and other tenancy agreements are included in the income statement straight-line over the contractual period. The total obligation concerning operating leases and tenancy agreements is explained under contractual obligations etc. In the notes.

Proposed dividends are recognised as a liability at the date on which they are adopted at the annual general meeting (declaration date). The expected dividend payment for the year is disclosed as a separate item under equity.

Provisions

Provisions comprise anticipated costs of decided and published restructurings, etc. Provisions are recognised and measured as the best estimate of the expenses required to settle the liabilities at the balance sheet date. Provisions that are estimated to fall due more than one year after the balance sheet date are discounted using an average bond yield

Corporation tax and deferred tax

Current tax liabilities and tax receivables, respectively, are included in the balance sheet.

Deferred tax is measured according to the balance-sheet liability method for all temporary differences between the carrying amount and tax value of assets and liabilities, where the tax value of the assets is calculated based on the planned use of each asset.

Corporation tax and deferred tax

Deferred tax assets, including the tax value of tax loss carryrorwards, are included in the balance sheet at the value at which the asset can be expected to be realised, either by off-setting towards the deferred tax liabilities or as net tax assets.

The Company is jointly taxed with the other Danish subsidiaries and branches in the BASF Group and branches. The current Danish corporation tax is distributed between the jointly taxed Danish entities in relation to their taxable income (full allocation with reimbursement regarding tax losses). The Company is the administrative company in the joint taxation.

Liabilities other than provisions

These liabilities are measured at amortised cost, which usually corresponds to the nominal value.

Segment information

Disclosures are provided on business segments (primary segment) and geographical markets (secondary segment). The segmental disclosures comply with the Company's accounting policies and internal financial management.

Financial ratios

Financial ratios are calculated in accordance with the Danish Society of Financial Analysts' guidelines on the calculation of financial ratios "Recommendations and Financial Ratios 2015".

The financial ratios have been calculated as follows:

Gross margin = Gross profit or loss x 100

Revenue

Operating margin = Operating profit or loss x 100

Revenue

Return on invested ca:

— Operating profit or loss x 100

Average invested capital

Return on equity = Profit or loss for the year x 100

Avarage equity

Solvency ratio = Equity x 100

Total equity and liabilities at year end

Invested Capital = Operational intangibles and property, plant and equipment as well as net working capital

2. Segmental information		
Revenue	2016	2015
Activities, primary segment	<u>KDKK</u>	KDKK
Agricultural and nutrition Pharma/Food	489.291 405.777	529.656
Other fine chemicals	495.777 -	517.018
Chemicals Special chemicals	9.827	8.914
Plastics	7.816 2.253	5.911 1.925
Construction chemicals Not allocated	188.133 69.694	172.657
Total revenue	1.262.790	66.495 1.302.576
For revenue, the secondary segment can be specified as follows:		
Geography		
Domestic market	255.158	358.302
EU countries	567.405	547.805
NAFTA countries Other countries	45.812	55.650
Other countries	366.642 1.235.017	315.046 1.276.803
Commission regarding sales on the domestic market (Agency sales) Total revenue	27.773	25.773
	1.262.790	1.302.576
The total revenue including agency sales can be specified as follows:		
Own revenue excluding commissions	1.235.017	1.276.803
Agency sales Total revenue inclusive agency sales	829.370 2.064.387	839.604 2.116.407
• •		
3. Staff costs	2016	2015
	<u>KDKK</u>	KDKK
Wages and salaries	160.686	159.717
Pensions Other social security costs	16.757 2.643	16.478 3.381
Total staff costs	180.085	179.576
Included in Staff costs, is severance payments of 2,43M DKK (2015: 596 KDKK)		
Total remuneration for Executive Management	3.129	3.335
Average number of employees	261	273
Certain executive officers of the Company are entitled to receive cash-settled share options in BASF SE.		
The Company's liability relating to this scheme is included in the other liabilities	2016	2015
	2.821	1.198
4. Amortisation on intangible assets	2016	2015
Software	(024)	(00.4)
Total amortisation on intangible assets	(924) (924)	(924) (924)
5. Depreciation on property, plant and equipment	2.016	2.015
Land & Buildings	(44.004)	(43.529)
Plant & Machinery Fixtures, fittings, tools & equipment	(101.814) (1.274)	(103.642)
Property & plant under construction	(1.274)	(1.408)
Total depreciation on property, plant and equipment	(147.092)	(148.579)

6. Other operating income

The gain on sale of Land & building amounts to 47.5 MDKK

7. Financial income and expenses				2016	2015
				KDKK	KDKK
Interest income on bank deposit				_	14
Interest income from group entities Foreign exchange gains	•			5 3.022	12 4.087
Interest on tax on account				12	4.087
Total financial income				3.039	4.338
Interest and charges, bank loans				(95)	(86)
Interest expense to group entities Foreign exchange losses				(14)	(73)
Other financial expenses (leasing)				(5.203) (1.358)	(5.535) (1.717)
Total financial expenses				(6.669)	(7.411)
				2016	2015
8. Tax on profit for the year				KDKK	KDKK
Calculated tax of the year's taxable income				18.329	22.992
The year's adjustment of deferred tax Correction of deferred tax, beginning of year				(5.375)	(9.475)
Adjustment of tax, previous years				(1.120)	- (E 444)
Tax on profit for the year				11.834	(5.444) 8.073
9. Software				KDKK	
Cost at 1 January 2016				11.985	
Additions				-	
Disposal Cost at 31 December 2016					
Cost at 31 December 2019				11.985	
According to a 12 to 1 to 1					
Amortisation and impairment losses at 1 January 2016 Amortisation for the year				(9.222)	
Amortisation regarding the year's disposal				(924)	
Amortisation and impairment losses at 31 December 2016				(10.146)	
Book value at 31 December 2016				1.839	
Book value at 31 December 2015			,	2.763	
			Fixtures,	Property	
10. property, plant and equipment		-		& equipment	
	Land and buildings	Plant and	tools and	under construction	Total
	KDKK	KDKK	KDKK	KDKK	KDKK
Contact 4 January 2040					
Cost at 1 January 2016 Additions	966.083 3.399	1.496.621 6.728	58.845 777	7.183 1.639	2.528.732
Disposals	(17.821)	(45)	(1.479)	(4.102)	12.543 (23.447)
Cost at 31 December 2016	951.661	1.503.304	58.143	4.720	2.517.828
Depreciation and impairment losses at 1 Jan 2016	(489.027)	(1.009.343)	(54.442)	•	/1 662 012\
Depreciation for the year	(44.004)	(101.814)	(1.274)	-	(1.552.812) (147.092)
Depreciation regarding the year's disposals Depreciation and impairment losses at 31 Dec 2016	16.774	45	1.181		18.000
	(516.257)	(1.111.112)	(54.535)	•	(1.681.904)
Book value at 31 December 2016	405 40:	200 405	0.000		
Soov Aging at 21 Decamber 50.10	435.404	392.192	3.608	4.720	835.924
Book value at 31 December 2015	477.056	487.278	4.402	7.183	975.919
The leased tenks are presented as land and buildings with the amount 4.4	C MDI/// /0045	. 00 0 MOKK			

The leased tanks are presented as land and buildings with the amount 14.6 MDKK (2015: 23.6 MDKK).

11. Receivables from / Payables to group entities

The item receivable includes an intra-group cash-pool of 96.2 MDKK (2015: 122 MDKK)

12. Corporation tax payable/receivable	2016	2015
	KDKK	KDKK
Calculated tax of the year's taxable income	(18.329)	(22.992)
Prepaid tax during the year	20.496	14.694
Total tax payable	2.167	(8.298)

13. Prepayments

The item primarily consists of prepaid insurance.

14. Share capital

The share capital consists of 94,420 shares of 10 KDKK each, 8 shares of 10 MDKK each and 1 share of 5 MDKK each. The shares are not divided into classes.

In the last five years, the following changes have been made to the share capital:

	KDKK
Share capital at 1 January 2012 Capital increase at 2 December 2013	95.500 933.700
Share capital at 31 December 2016	1.029.200

	2016	2015
15. Provisions for deferred tax	KDKK	KDKK
	KDKK	KDKK
Deferred tax at 1 January 2016	(22.327)	(31.802)
Adjustment of deferred tax, beginning of year	(1.263)	
The year's adjustment of deferred tax	6.637	9.475
Deferred tax at 31 December 2016	(16.953)	(22.327)
Provisions for deferred tax relate to:		
Intangible assets	(1.839)	(1.848)
Property, plant and equipment	(54.915)	(84.710)
Inventories	(27.277)	(19.291)
Receivables	(41.41)	(10.201)
Provisions	6.973	4.360
Total	(77.058)	(101.489)
Tax rate	22,0%	22,0%
Deferred tax	(16.953)	(22.327)
	(10.000)	(22.02.7
	2016	2015
16. Non-current liabilities other than provisions		
·	<u>KDKK</u>	KDKK
Finance lease due between 0-1 years	7.400	7.081
Finance lease due between 1-5 years	13.026	18.386
Finance lease due over 5 years	2.710	4.750
Non-current liabilities other than provisions	23.136	30.217
Notes	2016	2015
17. Other payables	2010	2015
11. Other payables	KDKK	KUKK
	VDVV	KDKK
VAT and duties	6.433	10.335
Wages and salaries, social security costs, holiday allowance	49.591	51.862
Other costs payable	13.468	15.788
Total other payables	69.492	77.985

18. Contingent liabilities, contractual obligations etc.

The Company is a part of the compulsary joint taxation with the Danish BASF companies and branches.

The companies have unlimited joint and several liability for Danish corporation taxes and withholding taxes with in the joint taxation group.

Overview of contingent liabilities

The total contingent obligation amounts to 15 MDKK. (2015: 17.5 MDKK) with termination periods between 3 to 12 months.

The Company has some running warranty claims not finalized yet, but all costs related to this will be recharged to the manufacturing company according to an agreement with the manufacturer.

Operating leases	2016	2015
Operating leases have been entered into for the period 2016 to 2020 concerning cars, etc 0-1 year 1-5 year > 5 year	MDKK 1 8	MDKK 4 6
Total operating leases	8	10

	2016	2015
19. Fees to the auditor appointed at the general meeting	KDKK	KDKK
Statutory audit Tax assistance	453	516
Other assurance engagements Non-audit services	•	-
Total fees to KPMG	453	516

20. Currency and interest rate exposure, credit risks and financial instruments

Currency exposure - recognised transactions	Receivables and cash KDKK		Hedged portion KDKK	Net position 2016 KDKK	Net position 2015 KDKK
USD	480	(1.739)	-	(1.259)	659
EUR	49.849	(5.186)	(41.636)	3.027	(1.723)
SEK	424	(1)	•	423	629
NOK	202	•	-	202	119
Other	1.320		-	1.320	1.075
Total currency exposure	52.275	(6.926)	(41.636)	3.714	759

The Company uses hedging instruments such as forward contracts to hedge recognised transactions. Hedging of recognised transactions includes receivables and liabilities other than provisions.

At 31 December 2016, unrealised net losses on derivative financial instruments for currency hedging totalled 7kDKK

Currency exposure - recognised transactions	Contract value 2016 KDKK	Contract value 2015 KDKK	gains/ (losses) 2016 KDKK	gains/ (losses) 2015 KDKK
Currency bought on future deals	41.636	46.255	7	(39)
Total currency exposure on tutures	41.636	46.255	7	(39)
Forward contracts concern hedging of receivables from sale and payables from purchasee BASF accounting policies.	se of goods,			
Currency and interest rate exposure, credit risks and financial instruments			2016	2015
interest rate exposure from Group Companies		_	KDKK	KDKK
Contractual dates reassessment and repayment of financial assets				
Receivables from group entities Payables to group entities			100.633	122.119
rayables to group entitles		_	•	
None of the above assets and liabilities fall due after more than one year. For further de	scription of the			
interest risks, please refer to the Management's review.			2016	2015
		Ca	rrying value	Credit risk
Credit exposure			KDKK	KDKK
Trade receivables		_	F0.0F0	
Itaua taraisania2			50.359	59.485

The customers are mainly large domestic and foreign companies. The Company has experienced very few losses on its receivables.

21. Related parties

Related party transactions

The Company has chosen only to disclose transactions that are not carried out on an arm's length basis in accordance with section 98c(7) of the Danish Financial Statements Act.

Related parties exercising control. The parent company BASF SE, Ludwigshafen, Germany

Related parties also include group enterprises, Executive Board and the Board of Directors, management employees as well as their close family members. Moreover, related parties include companies in which the above-mentioned list of persons have major interests.

Other related parties with whom the Company had postings at the end of 2016:

The other BASF market companies in Europe North

BASF AB. Haraldsgatan 5, SE-41314 Gøteborg, Sweden

BASF AS, Lilleakerveien 2C, NO-1327 Lysaker, Norway BASF OY, Tammasaarenkatu 3, FIN-00180 Helsinki, Finland

BASF Coatings Services AB. Transportgatan 37, S-42502 Hisings Karra, Sweden

BASF UAB, Tauro 12, LT 01114 Vilnius, Lithuania

BASF PLC, Cheadle Hulme, Earl Road, SK8 6QG Cheadle, England

Pronova BioPharma Norge AS, Lilleakerveien 2C NO-0283 Oslc, Norway

BASF Nederland BV, Groningensingel 1, 6835 EA Arnhem, Netherlands

Activities

In 2016, transactions between the above-mentioned group enterprises and BASF A/S have taken place All transactions with related parties have been carried out on an arm's length basis.

The main part of purchases has been carried out with the holding company as well as the received commision regarding agency sales mainly originates from that side.

The other three Nordic companies and BASF A/S act as one organisation, and a considerable Nordic cooperation has been established within areas such as business management, order handling, sales and technical customer advice and of services administration between the companies.

BASF A/S has a cooperation within agriculture with BASF UAB.

BASE A/S has a cooperation within management, sales and technology as well as administration with BASE PLC.

BASE AB, BASE AS, BASE OY

BASE A/S has an agreement with BASE Coatings Services AB in Denmark where BASE A/S has provided services within environment, HR, Finance and renting offices.

BASF Coordination Center takes care of the surplus/need of cash in BASF A/S

BASF A/S buys IT services from BASF Business Services B.V , Arnhem (NL) branch in Wädenswil.

BASF A/S has a cooperation within trade with BASF Nederland B.V.

Furthermore, BASF A/S rents pc equipment from the same company.

BASF A/S buys financial services from BASF Services Europe GmbH.

BASF A/S has a cost manufactoring agreement with Pronova BioPharma Norge AS regarding the Kalundborg site and the remaining costs after the mothballing of the site.

BASE A/S has a limited number of transactions with other group enterprises commission regarding agency business.

BASF Business Services B.V., Arnhem (NL), Filial Wädenswil, CH-8820 Wädenswil/AU Appital, P.O.Box 80, Switzerland

BASF Coordination Center, Haven 725 Scheldelaan 600, B-2040 Antwerpen Belgium

BASF Services Europe GmbH, Rotherstrasse 11,D-10245 Berlin, Germany

21. Related parties

Complete list of BASF companies with whom BASF A/S has had transactions with during 2016

0	A 11	
Company name	City	Country
BASF SE	Ludwigshafen	DE
BASF Coatings GmbH	Muenster	DE
PCI AUGSBURG GMBH	AUGSBURG	DE
BASF BELGIUM COORDINATION CENT	Antwerpen	8E
BASF Construction Chemicals	TREVISO	ΙT
BASF Nederland B.V.	Arnhem	NL
BASF AS	Oslo	NO
BASF AB	Goeteborg	SE
BASE PLC	Cheadle	GB
BASE CONSTRUCTION CHEMICALS	Zürich	CH
BASF Schweiz AG	Basel	CH
BASF Company Ltd.	SEOUL	KR
BASE CORPORATION	FLORHAM PARK	US
BASE COATINGS SERVICES AB	HISINGS BACKA	SE
BASF FRANCE S.A.S.	Levallois Perret	FR
BTC Europe GmbH	Monheim am Rhein	DE
BASF Oy	Helsinki	Fl
BASF Agro B.V. Arnhem (NL)	Zuerich	CH
BASF Intertrade AG	Zug	CH
BASF Business Services GmbH	Ludwigshafen	DE
BASF Construction Chemicals	Dubai	ΑE
BASF Construction Chemicals	L'Hospitalet de Llobregat	ES
BASF Agricultural Specialities	Eculy	FR
BASF UAB	Vilnius	LT
BASF Services Europe GmbH	Berlin	DE
BASF Business Services	Ludwigshafen	DE
Construction Research & Techno	<u> </u>	
	Trostberg	DE
BASE Construction Solutions Gm	Trostberg	DE
BASF Personal Care and	Monheim	DE
PRONOVA BIOPHARMA NORGE AS	Oslo	NO
BASF Agricultural Specialities	CHEADLE	GB
Wintershall Noordzee B.V.	Rijswijk	NL
BASF S.A.	SAO PAULO	BR
BASF BELGIUM COORDINATION CENTER	Antwerpen	BE
BASF IRELAND LTD.	CORK	ΙE
BASF CANADA INC	Mississauga	CA
BASF MEXICANA S.A. DE C.V.	DEL. BENITO JUAREZ	MX
BASF AUSTRALIA LTD.	Southbank	AU
BASF (Thai) Limited	Bangkok	TH
BASF Polyurethanes GmbH	Lemförde	DE
BASF Srbiia d.o.o.	Belgrad (Novi Beograd)	RS
BASF Polska Sp. z o.o.	Warszawa	PL
BASF T.O.V. LLC	Kyiv	UA
BASF Stavebni hmoty Ceska	CHRUDIM	CZ
BASE CONSTRUCTION CHEMICALS	SHANGHAI	CN
BASF Belgium Coordination	Antwerpen	BE
	· · ·	
BASF Construction Solutions GmbH	Trostberg	DE
CropDesign N.V.	Zwijnaarde	BE
BASE CONSTRUCTION CHEMICALS LTDA.	PUDAHUEL	CL
BASF Türk Kimya Sanayi	Istanbul	TR
BASF West Africa Ltd.	Lagos	NG
BASF Colors & Effects GmbH	Ludwigshafen	DE

22. Subsequent events
We have after the balance sheet date entered a new lease of a building in Copenhagen with an interminable contract period until 2022.

Operating leases have been entered into for the period 2017 to 2022 concerning rental of office premises.	MDKK
0-1 year	
1-5 year	18
> 5 year	4
Total operating leases	22