# Megasong Publishing A/S

Falkoner Allé 7, 3, DK-2000 Frederiksberg

# Annual Report for 1 October 2018 - 30 September 2019

CVR No 17 26 96 74

The Annual Report was presented and adopted at the Annual General Meeting of the Company on 28/2 2020

Lars Werner Karlsson Chairman of the General Meeting

# **Contents**

	Page
Management's Statement and Auditor's Report	
Management's Statement	1
Independent Auditor's Report	2
Company Information	
Company Information	4
Financial Statements	
Income Statement 1 October - 30 September	5
Balance Sheet 30 September	6
Statement of Changes in Equity	8
Notes to the Financial Statements	9

# **Management's Statement**

The Executive Board and Board of Directors have today considered and adopted the Annual Report of Megasong Publishing A/S for the financial year 1 October 2018 - 30 September 2019.

The Annual Report is prepared in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act.

In our opinion the Financial Statements give a true and fair view of the financial position at 30 September 2019 of the Company and of the results of the Company operations for 2018/19.

We recommend that the Annual Report be adopted at the Annual General Meeting.

Frederiksberg, 28 February 2020

#### **Executive Board**

Lars Werner Karlsson CEO

#### **Board of Directors**

Per Jonsson Lars Werner Karlsson Lars Sjelle Kromann Jensen

## **Independent Auditor's Report**

To the Shareholder of Megasong Publishing A/S

#### **Opinion**

In our opinion, the Financial Statements give a true and fair view of the financial position of the Company at 30 September 2019 and of the results of the Company's operations for the financial year 1 October 2018 - 30 September 2019 in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act.

We have audited the Financial Statements of Megasong Publishing A/S for the financial year 1 October 2018 - 30 September 2019, which comprise income statement, balance sheet, statement of changes in equity and notes, including a summary of significant accounting policies ("the Financial Statements").

#### **Basis for opinion**

We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing (ISAs) and the additional requirements applicable in Denmark. Our responsibilities under those standards and requirements are further described in the "Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the Financial Statements" section of our report. We are independent of the Company in accordance with the International Ethics Standards Board for Accountants' Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants (IESBA Code) and the additional requirements applicable in Denmark, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

#### Management's responsibilities for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation of financial statements that give a true and fair view in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act, and for such internal control as Management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the Financial Statements, Management is responsible for assessing the Company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting in preparing the Financial Statements unless Management either intends to liquidate the Company or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

#### Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the Financial Statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs and the additional requirements applicable in Denmark will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these Financial Statements.

As part of an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs and the additional requirements applicable in Denmark, we exercise professional judgement and maintain professional scepticism throughout the audit. We also:

## **Independent Auditor's Report**

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the Financial Statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures
  that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Company's internal control.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by Management.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of Management's use of the going concern basis of accounting in preparing the Financial Statements and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Company's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the Financial Statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Company to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and contents of the Financial Statements, including the disclosures, and whether the Financial Statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that gives a true and fair view.

We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

Copenhagen, 28 February 2020 **KPMG** Statsautoriseret Revisionspartnerselskab *CVR No 25 57 81 98* 

Martin Eiler State Authorised Public Accountant mne32271

# **Company Information**

**The Company** Megasong Publishing A/S

Falkoner Allé 7, 3

DK-2000 Frederiksberg

CVR No: 17 26 96 74

Financial period: 1 October - 30 September Municipality of reg. office: Frederiksberg

**Board of Directors** Per Jonsson

Lars Werner Karlsson

Lars Sjelle Kromann Jensen

**Executive Board** Lars Werner Karlsson

**Auditors** KPMG

Statsautoriseret Revisionspartnerselskab

Dampfærgevej 28

DK-2100 København Ø

# **Income Statement 1 October - 30 September**

	Note	2018/19 DKK	2017/18 DKK
Gross profit/loss		2,782,048	2,954,569
Financial income	2	186,001	168,041
Financial expenses		-14,280	-656
Profit/loss before tax		2,953,769	3,121,954
Tax on profit/loss for the year	3	-690,381	-702,051
Net profit/loss for the year		2,263,388	2,419,903
Distribution of profit			
Proposed distribution of profit			
Retained earnings		2,263,388	2,419,903
		2,263,388	2,419,903

# **Balance Sheet 30 September**

# Assets

	Note	2018/19 DKK	2017/18 DKK
		DKK	DKK
Receivables from group enterprises		38,817,734	36,436,392
Receivables		38,817,734	36,436,392
Cash at bank and in hand		102,571	176,209
Currents assets		38,920,305	36,612,601
Assets		38,920,305	36,612,601

# **Balance Sheet 30 September**

# Liabilities and equity

	Note	2018/19	2017/18
		DKK	DKK
Share capital		500,000	500,000
Retained earnings		37,218,166	34,954,778
Equity		37,718,166	35,454,778
Corporation tax		652,740	0
Long-term debt		652,740	0
Trade payables		100,799	78,614
Corporation tax		448,600	1,079,209
Short-term debt		549,399	1,157,823
Debt		1,202,139	1,157,823
Liabilities and equity		38,920,305	36,612,601
Key activities	1		
Contingent assets, liabilities and other financial obligations	4		
Related parties	5		
Accounting Policies	6		

# **Statement of Changes in Equity**

		Retained	
	Share capital	earnings	Total
	DKK	DKK	DKK
Equity at 1 October	500,000	34,954,778	35,454,778
Net profit/loss for the year	0	2,263,388	2,263,388
Equity at 30 September	500,000	37,218,166	37,718,166

#### 1 Key activities

The Company's main activity is music publishing in Denmark.

		2018/19	2017/18
2	Financial income	DKK	DKK
	Interest received from group enterprises	186,001	168,041
		186,001	168,041
3	Tax on profit/loss for the year		
	Current tax for the year	652,740	686,818
	Adjustment of tax concerning previous years	37,641	15,233
		690,381	702,051

#### 4 Contingent assets, liabilities and other financial obligations

#### **Contingent liabilities**

The group companies are jointly and severally liable for tax on the jointly taxed incomes etc. of the Group. The total amount of corporation tax payable is disclosed in the Annual Report of Warner/Chappell Music Denmark A/S, which is the management company of the joint taxation purposes. Moreover, the group companies are jointly and severally liable for Danish withholding taxes by way of dividend tax, tax on royalty payments and tax on unearned income. Any subsequent adjustments of corporation taxes and withholding taxes may increase the Company's liability.

#### 5 Related parties

#### Ownership

The following shareholder is recorded in the Company's register of shareholders as holding at least 5% of the votes or at least 5% of the share capital:

Warner/Chappell Music Denmark A/S

#### **Consolidated Financial Statements**

Consolidated Financial Statements are prepared by the parent

Name	Place of registered office	
Warner Music Group Corp	1633 Broadway New York, NY 10019 United States	

Requisitioning of the parent's consolidated financial statements:

Https:\\investors.wmg.com

#### 6 Accounting Policies

The Annual Report of Megasong Publishing A/S for 2018/19 has been prepared in accordance with the provisions of the Danish Financial Statements Act applying to enterprises of reporting class B as well as selected rules applying to reporting class C.

The accounting policies applied are consistent with those of last year.

The Financial Statements for 2018/19 are presented in DKK.

#### **Recognition and measurement**

Assets are recognised in the balance sheet when it is probable that future economic benefits attributable to the asset will flow to the Company, and the value of the asset can be measured reliably.

Liabilities are recognised in the balance sheet when it is probable that future economic benefits will flow out of the Company, and the value of the liability can be measured reliably.

Assets and liabilities are initially measured at cost. Subsequently, assets and liabilities are measured as described for each item below.

#### **Translation policies**

Transactions in foreign currencies are translated at the exchange rates at the dates of transaction. Exchange differences arising due to differences between the transaction date rates and the rates at the dates of payment are recognised in financial income and expenses in the income statement.

Receivables, payables and other monetary items in foreign currencies that have not been settled at the balance sheet date are translated at the exchange rates at the balance sheet date. Any differences between the exchange rates at the balance sheet date and the rates at the time when the receivable or the debt arose are recognised in financial income and expenses in the income statement.

Fixed assets acquired in foreign currencies are measured at the transaction date rates.

#### **Income Statement**

#### Revenue

Royalty income is recognised at the date when the cash is received.

#### **Cost of sales**

Cost of sales comprises direct and indirect costs incurred to generate revenue, including costs for royalty and copyright.

#### **6** Accounting Policies (continued)

#### Other external expenses

Other external expenses include the year's expenses relating to the entity's core activities, including expenses relating to distribution, sale, advertising, administration, premises, bad debts, payments under operating leases, etc.

#### Gross profit/loss

With reference to section 32 of the Danish Financial Statements Act, the items 'Revenue', 'Cost of sale', 'Other external expenses' and 'Other operating income' are consolidated into one item designated 'Gross profit'.

#### Financial income and expenses

Financial income and expenses are recognised in the income statement at the amounts relating to the financial year.

#### Tax on profit/loss for the year

Tax for the year consists of current tax for the year and changes in deferred tax for the year. The tax attributable to the profit for the year is recognised in the income statement.

The Company is jointly taxed with wholly owned Danish and foreign subsidiaries. The tax effect of the joint taxation is allocated to enterprises in proportion to their taxable incomes.

Jointly taxed companies entitled to a tax refund are, as minimum, reimbursed by the management company according to the current rates applicable to interest allowances, and jointly taxed companies having paid too little tax pay, as a maximum, a surcharge according to the current rates applicable to interest surcharges to the management company.

#### **Balance Sheet**

#### **Receivables**

Receivables are measured at amortised cost, which usually corresponds to the nominal value. Provisions are made for bad debts on the basis of objective evidence that a receivable or a group of receivables are impaired. Provisions are made to the lower of the net realisable value and the carrying amount.

#### **Equity**

#### Dividend

Dividend distribution proposed by Management for the year is disclosed as a separate equity item.

#### 6 Accounting Policies (continued)

#### Current tax receivables and liabilities

Current tax liabilities and receivables are recognised in the balance sheet as the expected taxable income for the year adjusted for tax on taxable incomes for prior years and tax paid on account. Extra payments and repayment under the on-account taxation scheme are recognised in the income statement in financial income and expenses.

#### **Financial debts**

Loans are recognised initially at the proceeds received net of transaction expenses incurred. Subsequently, the loans are measured at amortised cost; the difference between the proceeds and the nominal value is recognised as an interest expense in the income statement over the loan period.

Other debts are measured at net realisable value.