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HLC Holding A/S Central Business Registration No 17268309 Slotsalléen 3 DK-2930 Klampenborg

**Annual report 2015** 

The Annual General Meeting adopted the annual report on 19.05.2016

### **Chairman of the General Meeting**

Name: Kjeld Kornum

## **Contents**

	Page
Entity details	1
Statement by Management on the annual report	2
Independent auditor's reports	3
Management commentary	5
Accounting policies	7
Consolidated income statement for 2015	14
Consolidated balance sheet at 31.12.2015	15
Consolidated statement of changes in equity for 2015	17
Consolidated cash flow statement for 2015	18
Notes to consolidated financial statements	19
Parent income statement for 2015	22
Parent balance sheet at 31.12.2015	23
Parent statement of changes in equity for 2015	25
Notes to parent financial statements	26

## **Entity details**

### **Entity**

HLC Holding A/S Slotsalléen 3 DK-2930 Klampenborg

Central Business Registration No: 17268309

Registered in: Gentofte

Financial year: 01.01.2015 - 31.12.2015

### **Board of Directors**

Hans Lautrup Jonas Lautrup Joachim Lautrup

#### **Executive Board**

Hans Lautrup

### **Entity auditors**

Deloitte Statsautoriseret Revisionspartnerselskab Weidekampsgade 6 0900 København C

### Statement by Management on the annual report

The Board of Directors and the Executive Board have today considered and approved the annual report of HLC Holding A/S for the financial year 01.01.2015 - 31.12.2015.

The annual report is presented in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act.

In our opinion, the financial statements give a true and fair view of the Entity's financial position at 31.12.2015 and of the results of its operations and cash flows for the financial year 01.01.2015 - 31.12.2015.

We believe that the management commentary contains a fair review of the affairs and conditions referred to therein.

We recommend the annual report for adoption at the Annual General Meeting.

Klampenborg, 19.05.2016

#### **Executive Board**

Hans Lautrup

#### **Board of Directors**

Hans Lautrup Jonas Lautrup Joachim Lautrup

### **Independent auditor's reports**

# To the owner of HLC Holding A/S Report on the financial statements

We have audited the consolidated financial statements and parent financial statements of HLC Holding A/S for the financial year 01.01.2015 - 31.12.2015, which comprise the accounting policies, income statement, balance sheet, statement of changes in equity and notes for the Group as well as for the Parent and the consolidated cash flow statement. The consolidated financial statements and parent financial statements are prepared in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act.

#### Management's responsibility for the consolidated financial statements and parent financial statements

Management is responsible for the preparation of consolidated financial statements and parent financial statements that give a true and fair view in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act and for such internal control as Management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of consolidated financial statements and parent financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

#### Auditor's responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the consolidated financial statements and parent financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing and additional requirements under Danish audit regulation. This requires that we comply with ethical requirements and plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether consolidated financial statements and parent financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the consolidated financial statements and parent financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgement, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatements of the consolidated financial statements and parent financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the Entity's preparation of consolidated financial statements and parent financial statements that give a true and fair view in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Entity's internal control. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates made by Management, as well as the overall presentation of the consolidated financial statements and parent financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.

Our audit has not resulted in any qualification.

#### **Opinion**

In our opinion, the consolidated financial statements and parent financial statements give a true and fair view of the Group's and the Parent's financial position at 31.12.2015, and of the results of their operations and the Group's cash flows for the financial year 01.01.2015 - 31.12.2015 in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act.

## **Independent auditor's reports**

### Statement on the management commentary

Pursuant to the Danish Financial Statements Act, we have read the management commentary. We have not performed any further procedures in addition to the audit of the consolidated financial statements and parent financial statement.

On this basis, it is our opinion that the information provided in the management commentary is consistent with the consolidated financial statements and parent financial statement.

Copenhagen, 19.05.2016

#### **Deloitte**

Statsautoriseret Revisionspartnerselskab

Steen Christensen Claus Jorch Andersen

State Authorised Public Accountant

State Authorised Public Accountant

CVR-nr. 33963556

## **Management commentary**

	2015 DKK'000	2014 DKK'000	2013 DKK'000
Financial highlights			
Key figures			
Gross profit	10.425	4.057	4.447
Operating profit/loss	9.623	2.829	3.232
Net financials	4.557	(2.346)	(1.479)
Profit/loss for the year	13.244	1.985	1.452
Total assets	41.772	72.772	85.446
Investments in property, plant and equipment	0	215	0
Equity	17.944	4.288	3.256
Cash flows from (used in) operating activities	10.026	12.723	(8.671)
Cash flows from (used in) investing activities	54.614	1.085	5.396
Cash flows from (used in) financing activities	(53.465)	(2.392)	(1.597)
Ratios			
Return on equity (%)	119,1	52,6	44,6
Equity ratio (%)	43,0	5,9	3,8
Return on capital employed (%)	23,0	3,8	3,8

## **Management commentary**

### **Primary activities**

The purpose of the Company is to generate income from return on investments and securities.

### **Development in activities and finances**

Profit for the year amounts to DKK 13,244 thousand, which is in accordance with Management's expectations.

#### **Outlook**

It is Management's assessment that an earnings improvement will be realised for 2016 as a result of expected earnings improvements in the Company's group enterprises.

#### **Events after the balance sheet date**

No events have occurred after the balance sheet date to this date, which would influence the evaluation of this annual report.

## **Accounting policies**

#### **Reporting class**

This annual report has been presented in accordance with the provisions of the Danish Financial Statements Act governing reporting class C enterprises (medium).

The accounting policies applied for this consolidated financial statements and parent financial statements are consistent with those applied last year.

#### **Recognition and measurement**

Assets are recognised in the balance sheet when it is probable as a result of a prior event that future economic benefits will flow to the Entity, and the value of the asset can be measured reliably.

Liabilities are recognised in the balance sheet when the Entity has a legal or constructive obligation as a result of a prior event, and it is probable that future economic benefits will flow out of the Entity, and the value of the liability can be measured reliably.

On initial recognition, assets and liabilities are measured at cost. Measurement subsequent to initial recognition is effected as described below for each financial statement item.

Anticipated risks and losses that arise before the time of presentation of the annual report and that confirm or invalidate affairs and conditions existing at the balance sheet date are considered at recognition and measurement.

Income is recognised in the income statement when earned, whereas costs are recognised by the amounts attributable to this financial year.

#### **Consolidated financial statements**

The consolidated financial statements comprise the Parent and the group enterprises (subsidiaries) that are controlled by the Parent. Control is achieved by the Parent, either directly or indirectly, holding more than 50% of the voting rights or in any other way possibly or actually exercising controlling influence. Enterprises in which the Group, directly or indirectly, holds between 20% and 50% of the voting rights and exercises significant, but not controlling influence are regarded as associates.

#### **Basis of consolidation**

The consolidated financial statements are prepared on the basis of the financial statements of Parent and its subsidiaries. The consolidated financial statements are prepared by combining uniform items. On consolidation, intra-group income and expenses, intra-group accounts and dividends as well as profits and losses on transactions between the consolidated enterprises are eliminated. The financial statements used for consolidation have been prepared applying the Group's accounting policies.

## **Accounting policies**

Subsidiaries' financial statement items are recognised in full in the consolidated financial statements. Minority interests' pro rata shares of the profit/loss and the net assets are disclosed as separate items in the income statement and the balance sheet, respectively.

Investments in subsidiaries are offset at the pro rata share of such subsidiaries' net assets at the takeover date, with net assets having been calculated at fair value.

#### **Business combinations**

Newly acquired or newly established enterprises are recognised in the consolidated financial statements from the time of acquiring or establishing such enterprises. Divested or wound-up enterprises are recognised in the consolidated income statement up to the time of their divestment or winding-up.

The purchase method is applied at the acquisition of new enterprises, under which identifiable assets and liabilities of these enterprises are measured at fair value at the acquisition date. On acquisition of enterprises, provisions are made for costs relating to decided and published restructurings in the acquired enterprise. Allowance is made for the tax effect of restatements.

Positive differences in amount (goodwill) between cost of the acquired share and fair value of the assets and liabilities taken over are recognised under intangible assets, and they are amortised systematically over the income statement based on an individual assessment of their useful life, however, no more than 20 years. Negative differences in amount (negative goodwill), corresponding to an estimated adverse development in the relevant enterprises, are recognised in the balance sheet under deferred income, and they are recognised in the income statement when such adverse development is realised.

#### Profits or losses from divestment of equity investments

Profits or losses from divestment or winding-up of subsidiaries are calculated as the difference between selling price or settlement price and the carrying amount of the net assets at the time of divestment or winding-up, inclusive of non-amortised goodwill and estimated divestment or winding-up expenses

#### Foreign currency translation

On initial recognition, foreign currency transactions are translated applying the exchange rate at the transaction date. Receivables, payables and other monetary items denominated in foreign currencies that have not been settled at the balance sheet date are translated using the exchange rate at the balance sheet date. Exchange differences that arise between the rate at the transaction date and the one in effect at the payment date, or the rate at the balance sheet date are recognised in the income statement as financial income or financial expenses. Property, plant and equipment, intangible assets, inventories and other non-monetary assets that have been purchased in foreign currencies are translated using historical rates.

## **Accounting policies**

#### **Income statement**

#### Gross profit or loss

Gross profit or loss comprises revenue, changes in inventories of finished goods and work in progress, own work capitalised, other operating income, cost of raw materials and consumables and external expenses.

#### Revenue

Revenue from the sale of manufactured goods and goods for resale is recognised in the income statement when delivery is made and risk has passed to the buyer. Revenue is recognised net of VAT, duties and sales discounts and is measured at fair value of the consideration fixed.

#### Costs of raw materials and consumables

Costs of raw materials and consumables comprise the consumption of raw materials and consumables for the financial year after adjustment for changes in inventories of these goods from the beginning to the end of the year. This item includes shrinkage, if any, and ordinary write-downs of the relevant inventories.

#### Other external expenses

Other external expenses include expenses relating to the Entity's ordinary activities, including expenses for premises, stationery and office supplies, marketing costs, etc. This item also includes write-downs of receivables recognised in current assets.

#### Amortisation, depreciation and impairment losses

Amortisation, depreciation and impairment losses relating to intangible assets and property, plant and equipment comprise amortisation, depreciation and impairment losses for the financial year, calculated on the basis of the residual values and useful lives of the individual assets and impairment testing as well as gains and losses from the sale of intangible assets as well as property, plant and equipment.

#### **Income from investments in associates**

Income from investments in associates comprises the pro rata share of the individual associates' profit/loss after elimination of internal profits or losses.

#### Other financial income

Other financial income comprises dividends etc received on other investments, interest income, including interest income on receivables from group enterprises, net capital gains on securities, payables and transactions in foreign currencies, amortisation of financial assets as well as tax relief under the Danish Tax Prepayment Scheme etc.

### **Accounting policies**

#### Other financial expenses

Other financial expenses comprise interest expenses, including interest expenses on payables to group enterprises, net capital losses on securities, payables and transactions in foreign currencies, amortisation of financial liabilities as well as tax surcharge under the Danish Tax Prepayment Scheme etc.

#### **Income taxes**

Tax for the year, which consists of current tax for the year and changes in deferred tax, is recognised in the income statement by the portion attributable to the profit for the year and recognised directly in equity by the portion attributable to entries directly in equity.

#### **Balance sheet**

#### **Intellectual property rights etc**

Intellectual property rights etc comprise acquired intellectual property rights.

Acquired intellectual property rights are measured at cost less accumulated amortisation. The amortisation period for rights exceeds five years, as the rights are amortised over their remaining duration which normally represents 10 years.

Acquired intellectual property rights etc are written down to the lower of recoverable amount and carrying amount.

#### Property, plant and equipment

Land and buildings, plant and machinery as well as other fixtures and fittings, tools and equipment are measured at cost less accumulated depreciation and impairment losses. Land is not depreciated.

Cost comprises the acquisition price, costs directly attributable to the acquisition and preparation costs of the asset until the time when it is ready to be put into operation.

The basis of depreciation is cost less estimated residual value after the end of useful life. Straight-line depreciation is made on the basis of the following estimated useful lives of the assets:

Buildings 10-50 years
Other fixtures and fittings, tools and equipment 3-5 years

other interest and rittings, tools and equipment

Property, plant and equipment are written down to the lower of recoverable amount and carrying amount.

## **Accounting policies**

#### **Investments in group enterprises**

Investments in group enterprises are recognised and measured according to the equity method. This means that investments are measured at the pro rata share of the enterprises' equity plus or minus unamortised positive, or negative, goodwill and minus or plus unrealised intra-group profits or losses.

Group enterprises with negative equity are measured at DKK 0, and any receivables from these enterprises are written down by the Parent's share of such negative equity value if it is deemed irrecoverable. If the negative equity value exceeds the amount receivable, the remaining amount is recognised under provisions if the Parent has a legal or constructive obligation to cover the liabilities of the relevant enterprise.

Upon distribution of profit or loss, net revaluation of investments in group enterprises is transferred to Reserve for net revaluation according to the equity method under equity.

Investments in group enterprises are written down to the lower of recoverable amount and carrying amount.

#### **Investments in associates**

Investments in associates are recognised and measured according to the equity method. This means that investments are measured at the pro rata share of the associates' equity value plus or minus unamortised positive, or negative, goodwill and minus or plus unrealised pro rata internal profits and losses.

Associates with negative equity are measured at DKK 0, and any receivables from these associates are written down by the share of such negative equity if it is deemed irrecoverable. If the negative equity value exceeds the amount receivable, the remaining amount is recognised under provisions if there is a legal or constructive obligation to cover the liabilities of the relevant associate.

Upon distribution of profit or loss, net revaluation of investments in associates is transferred to Reserve for net revaluation according to the equity method under equity.

Investments in associates are written down to the lower of recoverable amount and carrying amount.

#### **Inventories**

Inventories are measured at the lower of cost using weighted average prices and net realisable value.

Cost consists of purchase price plus delivery costs.

The net realisable value of inventories is calculated as the estimated selling price less completion costs and costs incurred to execute sale.

## **Accounting policies**

#### **Receivables**

Receivables are measured at amortised cost, usually equalling nominal value less write-downs for bad and doubtful debts.

#### **Deferred tax**

Deferred tax is recognised on all temporary differences between the carrying amount and tax-based value of assets and liabilities, for which the tax-based value of assets is calculated based on the planned use of each asset.

Deferred tax assets, including the tax base of tax loss carryforwards, are recognised in the balance sheet at their estimated realisable value, either as a set-off against deferred tax liabilities or as net tax assets.

#### **Prepayments**

Prepayments comprise incurred costs relating to subsequent financial years. Prepayments are measured at cost.

#### Other investments

Securities recognised under current assets comprise unlisted bonds and investments measured at fair value (market price) at the balance sheet date.

#### Cash

Cash comprises cash in hand and bank deposits.

#### Mortgage debt

At the time of borrowing, mortgage debt to mortgage credit institutions is measured at cost which corresponds to the proceeds received less transaction costs incurred. Mortgage debt is subsequently measured at amortised cost. This means that the difference between the proceeds at the time of borrowing and the nominal repayable amount of the loan is recognised in the income statement as a financial expense over the term of the loan applying the effective interest method.

#### Other financial liabilities

Other financial liabilities are measured at amortised cost, which usually corresponds to nominal value.

#### Prepayments received from customers

Prepayments received from customers comprise amounts received from customers prior to delivery of the goods agreed or completion of the service agreed.

#### Income tax receivable or payable

Current tax payable or receivable is recognised in the balance sheet, stated as tax calculated on this year's taxable income, adjusted for prepaid tax.

### **Accounting policies**

#### **Cash flow statement**

The cash flow statement shows cash flows from operating, investing and financing activities as well as cash and cash equivalents at the beginning and the end of the financial year.

Cash flows from operating activities are presented using the indirect method and calculated as the operating profit/loss adjusted for non-cash operating items, working capital changes and income taxes paid.

Cash flows from investing activities comprise payments in connection with acquisition and divestment of enterprises, activities and fixed asset investments as well as purchase, development, improvement and sale, etc of intangible assets and property, plant and equipment, including acquisition of assets held under finance leases.

Cash flows from financing activities comprise changes in the size or composition of the contributed capital and related costs as well as the raising of loans, inception of finance leases, instalments on interest-bearing debt, purchase of treasury shares, and payment of dividend.

Cash and cash equivalents comprise cash less short-term bank debt.

#### **Financial highlights**

Financial highlights are defined and calculated in accordance with "Recommendations & Ratios 2015" issued by the Danish Society of Financial Analysts.

Ratios	Calculation formula	Ratios reflect
Return on equity (%)	Profit/loss for the year x 100 Average equity	The Entity's return on capital invested in the Entity by the owners.
Equity ratio (%)	Equity x 100 Total assets	The financial strength of the Entity.
Return on capital employed (%)	Operating profit/loss x 100 Balance sheet total	The Entity's ability to generate profits, compared to how much money is invested in total assets.

## **Consolidated income statement for 2015**

	Notes	2015 DKK	2014 DKK'000
Gross profit		10.424.520	4.057
Depreciation, amortisation and impairment losses	1	(801.656)	(1.228)
Operating profit/loss		9.622.864	2.829
Income from investments in associates		6.763.976	2.028
Other financial income	2	129.164	6
Other financial expenses	3	(2.336.371)	(4.380)
Profit/loss from ordinary activities before tax		14.179.633	483
Tax on profit/loss from ordinary activities	4	(935.173)	1.502
Profit/loss for the year		13.244.460	1.985
Proposed distribution of profit/loss			
Retained earnings		13.244.460	1.985
		13.244.460	1.985

## **Consolidated balance sheet at 31.12.2015**

	Notes	2015 DKK	2014 DKK'000
Acquired rights		1.312.500	1.575
Intangible assets	5	1.312.500	1.575
Land and buildings		0	31.768
Other fixtures and fittings, tools and equipment		172.029	286
Property, plant and equipment	6	172.029	32.054
Investments in associates		0	16.506
Fixed asset investments	7	0	16.506
Fixed assets		1.484.529	50.135
Fixed assets		1.404.349	
Manufactured goods and goods for resale		13.085.421	9.921
Inventories		13.085.421	9.921
Trade receivables		12.643.591	6.515
Receivables from group enterprises		1.614.377	0.515
Deferred tax assets		1.761.000	853
Other short-term receivables		0	405
Income tax receivable		0	475
Prepayments		0	10
Receivables		16.018.968	8.258
Other investments		202.012	251
Other investments		382.013	354
Other investments		382.013	354
Cash		10.801.347	4.104
Current assets		40.287.749	22.637
Assets		41.772.278	72.772

## Consolidated balance sheet at 31.12.2015

	Notes	2015 DKK	2014 DKK'000
Contributed capital		500.000	500
Retained earnings		17.443.587	3.788
Equity		17.943.587	4.288
Mortgage debts		0	11.713
Deposits		0	450
Payables to group enterprises		0	31.188
Other payables		0	5.969
Non-current liabilities other than provisions		0	49.320
Current portion of long-term liabilities other than provisions		0	167
Bank loans		4	4.449
Prepayments received from customers		0	1.145
Trade payables		17.011.110	9.030
Payables to group enterprises		0	2.364
Income tax payable		1.859.879	0
Other payables		4.957.698	2.009
Current liabilities other than provisions		23.828.691	19.164
Liabilities other than provisions		23.828.691	68.484
Equity and liabilities		41.772.278	72.772

## Consolidated statement of changes in equity for 2015

	Contributed capital DKK	Retained earnings DKK	Total DKK
Equity beginning of year	500.000	3.788.127	4.288.127
Other adjustments	0	537.255	537.255
Tax of equity postings	0	(126.255)	(126.255)
Profit/loss for the year	0	13.244.460	13.244.460
<b>Equity end of year</b>	500.000	17.443.587	17.943.587

## Consolidated cash flow statement for 2015

	Notes	2015 DKK	2014 DKK'000
Operating profit/loss		9.622.864	2.829
Amortisation, depreciation and impairment losses		801.656	1.228
Working capital changes	8	905.518	11.030
Cash flow from ordinary operating activities		11.330.038	15.087
Financial income received		129.164	97
Financial income paid		(2.336.371)	(4.471)
Income taxes refunded/(paid)		365.451	1.169
Other cash flows		537.255	841
Cash flows from operating activities		10.025.537	12.723
Acquisition etc of property, plant and equipment		0	(215)
Sale of property, plant and equipment		31.343.824	0
Sale of fixed asset investments		21.270.000	0
Dividends received from associates		2.000.000	1.300
Cash flows from investing activities		54.613.824	1.085
Instalments on loans etc		(18.298.881)	(120)
Repayment of debt to group enterprises		(35.166.003)	(2.272)
Cash flows from financing activities		(53.464.884)	(2.392)
Increase/decrease in cash and cash equivalents		11.174.477	11.416
Cash and cash equivalents beginning of year		8.883	(11.407)
Cash and cash equivalents end of year		11.183.360	9
Cash and cash equivalents at year-end are composed of:			
Cash		10.801.347	4.104
Securities		382.013	354
Short-term debt to banks		0	(4.449)
Cash and cash equivalents end of year		11.183.360	9

## Notes to consolidated financial statements

	2015 DKK	2014 DKK'000
1. Depreciation, amortisation and impairment losses	_	
Amortisation of intangible assets	262.500	263
Depreciation of property, plant and equipment	626.634	965
Profit/loss from sale of intangible assets and property, plant and equipment	(87.478)	0
	801.656	1.228
	2015	2014
_	DKK	DKK'000
2. Other financial income		
Fair value adjustments	28.166	0
Other financial income	100.998	6
	129.164	6
	2015 DKK	2014 DKK'000
3. Other financial expenses		
Financial expenses from group enterprises	1.583.025	2.018
Other financial expenses	753.346	2.362
•	2.336.371	4.380
	2015	2014
	DKK	DKK'000
4. Tax on profit/loss from ordinary activities		
Tax on current year taxable income	1.823.879	(166)
Change in deferred tax for the year	(603.473)	(30)
Adjustment concerning previous years	(285.233)	(1.306)
<u>.</u>	935.173	(1.502)

## Notes to consolidated financial statements

		Acquired rights DKK
5. Intangible assets		
Cost beginning of year		2.625.000
Cost end of year		2.625.000
Amortisation and impairment losses beginning of year		(1.050.000)
Amortisation for the year		(262.500)
Amortisation and impairment losses end of year		(1.312.500)
Carrying amount end of year		1.312.500
	Land and	Other fix- tures and fittings, tools and
	buildings DKK	equipment DKK
6. Property, plant and equipment		
Cost beginning of year	37.216.294	847.320
Disposals	(37.216.294)	(537.253)
Cost end of year	0	310.067
Depreciation and impairment losses beginning of the year	(5.447.806)	(560.799)
Depreciation for the year	(547.958)	(78.676)
Reversal regarding disposals	5.995.764	501.437
Depreciation and impairment losses end of the year	0	(138.038)
Carrying amount end of year	0	172.029

### Notes to consolidated financial statements

		estments in ociates K	
7. Fixed asset investments			
Cost beginning of year	12.1	25.000	
Disposals	(12.	125.000)	
Cost end of year	0		
Revaluations beginning of year	4.38	31.024	
Share of profit/loss for the year	2.770.390		
Dividend	(2.000.000)		
Reversal regarding disposals	(5.151.414)		
Revaluations end of year	0		
Carrying amount end of year	0		
	2015	2014	
	DKK	DKK'000	
8. Change in working capital			
Increase/decrease in inventories	(3.164.602)	8.397	
Increase/decrease in receivables	(5.713.428)	6.881	
Increase/decrease in trade payables etc	9.783.548	(4.248)	
	905.518	11.030	

### 9. Contingent liabilities

The Company participates in a Danish joint taxation arrangement with other Danish consolidated companies. According to the joint taxation provisions of the Danish Corporation Tax Act, the Company is therefore liable from the financial year 2013 for income taxes etc for the jointly taxed companies and from 1 July 2012 also for obligations, if any, relating to the withholding of tax on interest, royalties and dividend for the jointly taxed companies.

## Parent income statement for 2015

	Notes	2015 DKK	2014 DKK'000
Gross loss		(203.337)	(86)
Depreciation, amortisation and impairment losses	1	124.184	(107)
Operating profit/loss		(79.153)	(193)
Income from investments in group enterprises		6.436.673	179
Income from investments in associates		6.763.976	2.028
Other financial income	2	82.136	46
Other financial expenses	3	(1.145.664)	(1.726)
Profit/loss from ordinary activities before tax		12.057.968	334
Tax on profit/loss from ordinary activities	4	1.186.492	1.651
Profit/loss for the year		13.244.460	1.985
Proposed distribution of profit/loss			
Retained earnings		13.244.460	1.985
		13.244.460	1.985

## Parent balance sheet at 31.12.2015

	Notes	2015 DKK	2014 DKK'000
Other fixtures and fittings, tools and equipment		0	36
Property, plant and equipment	5	0	36
Investments in group enterprises		18.265.337	13.918
Investments in associates		0	16.506
Fixed asset investments	6	18.265.337	30.424
Fixed assets		18.265.337	30.460
Receivables from group enterprises		1.614.377	0
Deferred tax assets		1.837.000	1.215
Income tax receivable		296.732	445
Receivables		3.748.109	1.660
Other investments		280.000	280
Other investments		280.000	280
Cash		2.177	2
Current assets		4.030.286	1.942
Assets		22.295.623	32.402

## Parent balance sheet at 31.12.2015

	Notes	2015 DKK	2014 DKK'000
Contributed capital	7	500.000	500
Retained earnings		17.443.587	3.788
Equity		17.943.587	4.288
Payables to group enterprises		0	20.000
Non-current liabilities other than provisions		0	20.000
Payables to group enterprises		4.239.536	8.014
Other payables		112.500	100
Current liabilities other than provisions		4.352.036	8.114
Liabilities other than provisions		4.352.036	28.114
Equity and liabilities		22.295.623	32.402
Contingent liabilities	8		
Mortgages and securities	9		
Related parties with controlling interest	10		
Ownership	11		

## Parent statement of changes in equity for 2015

	Contributed capital DKK	Retained earnings DKK	Total DKK
Equity beginning of year	500.000	3.788.127	4.288.127
Other adjustments	0	537.255	537.255
Tax of equity postings	0	(126.255)	(126.255)
Profit/loss for the year	0	13.244.460	13.244.460
Equity end of year	500.000	17.443.587	17.943.587

## Notes to parent financial statements

	2015 DKK	2014 DKK'000
1. Depreciation, amortisation and impairment losses		DIXIX 000
Depreciation of property, plant and equipment Profit/loss from sale of intangible assets and property, plant and	0	107
equipment	(124.184)	0
	(124.184)	107
	2015 DKK	2014 DKK'000
2. Other financial income		
Financial income arising from group enterprises	82.136	46
	82.136	46
	2015 DKK	2014 DKK'000
3. Other financial expenses		
Financial expenses from group enterprises	1.145.662	1.726
Interest expenses	2	0
	1.145.664	1.726
	2015 DKK	2014 DKK'000
4. Tax on profit/loss from ordinary activities		
Tax on current year taxable income	(296.732)	(445)
Change in deferred tax for the year	(621.673)	0
Adjustment concerning previous years	(268.087)	(1.206)
	(1.186.492)	(1.651)

## Notes to parent financial statements

			Other tures fittings, t equipm	and tools and
5. Property, plant and equipment				
Cost beginning of year			537	.253
Disposals			(537	7.253)
Cost end of year				0
Depreciation and impairment losses beginning of the year			(501	.437)
Reversal regarding disposals			501	.437
Depreciation and impairment losses end of the year				0
Carrying amount end of year				0
	Investments i group enterp ses DKK	ri- Iı as	nvestments ssociates OKK	s in
6. Fixed asset investments				
Cost beginning of year	18.306.637		2.125.000	
Disposals	(11.000.000)	<u> </u>	12.125.000)	)
Cost end of year	7.306.637	0		
Revaluations beginning of year	(4.388.973)	4.	.381.024	
Share of profit/loss for the year	6.473.379	2.	.770.390	
Other adjustments	411.000	(2	2.000.000)	
Reversal regarding disposals	8.463.294	(5	5.151.414)	
Revaluations end of year	10.958.700	0		
Carrying amount end of year	18.265.337	0		
	Registered in	Corp rate <u>form</u>	inte	quity erest %
Investments in associates comprise:				
Scandinavian Chemicals A/S	Copenhagen	A/S	1	0,00
Via Stresa ApS	Copenhagen	ApS	1	0,00

### Notes to parent financial statements

	Number_	Par value DKK	Nominal value <u>DKK</u>
7. Contributed capital			
Ordinary shares	500	1.000	500.000
	500		500.000

#### 8. Contingent liabilities

The Company participates in a Danish joint taxation arrangement with other Danish consolidated companies. According to the joint taxation provisions of the Danish Corporation Tax Act, the Company is therefore liable from the financial year 2013 for income taxes etc for the jointly taxed companies and from 1 July 2012 also for obligations, if any, relating to the withholding of tax on interest, royalties and dividend for the jointly taxed companies.

#### 9. Mortgages and securities

The Entity has guaranteed the subsidiary HLC-Hans Lautrup Copenhagen A/S' bank balance. There is no maximum limit of the guarantee.

#### 10. Related parties with controlling interest

Related parties with a controlling interest regarding the HLC Holding A/S Group:

• Lautrup Swiss SA, Rue de Hesse 12, 1204 Geneva, Switzerland.

Other related parties with whom the HLC Holding A/S Group has had transactions in 2015:

 Enterprises, in which Lautrup Swiss SA has controlling interest as well as the Company's Executive Board and Board of Directors.

Transactions between related parties and the HLC Holding A/S Group in 2015:

The Group has balances with enterprises, in which Lautrup Swiss SA has controlling interest. Balances
carry interest equal to the market rate.

Transactions with related parties have been carried out at arm's length.

#### 11. Ownership

The company has registered the following shareholder to hold more than 5% of the voting share capital or of the nominal value of the share capital:

Lautrup Swiss SA, Rue de Hesse 12, 1204 Geneva, Switzerland.