Duomed Scandinavia A/S

Lejrvej 25, DK-3500 Værløse

Annual Report for 2023

CVR No. 16 76 20 75

The Annual Report was presented and adopted at the Annual General Meeting of the company on 26/4 2024

Nicolai Sundgaard Happe Chairman of the general meeting



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Management's statement

The Executive Board and Board of Directors have today considered and adopted the Annual Report of Duomed Scandinavia A/S for the financial year 1 January - 31 December 2023.

The Annual Report is prepared in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act.

In our opinion the Financial Statements give a true and fair view of the financial position at 31 December 2023 of the Company and of the results of the Company operations for 2023.

In our opinion, Management's Review includes a true and fair account of the matters addressed in the Review.

We recommend that the Annual Report be adopted at the Annual General Meeting.

Værløse, 26 April 2024

Executive Board

Nicolai Sundgaard Happe CEO

Board of Directors

Kristof Jozef A Marivoet	Frédéric Patrice A. Hoffmann	Nicolai Sundgaard Happe
Chairman		



Independent Auditor's report

To the shareholder of Duomed Scandinavia A/S

Opinion

In our opinion, the Financial Statements give a true and fair view of the financial position of the Company at 31 December 2023 and of the results of the Company's operations for the financial year 1 January - 31 December 2023 in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act.

We have audited the Financial Statements of Duomed Scandinavia A/S for the financial year 1 January - 31 December 2023, which comprise income statement, balance sheet, statement of changes in equity and notes, including a summary of significant accounting policies ("the Financial Statements").

Basis for Opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing (ISAs) and the additional requirements applicable in Denmark. Our responsibilities under those standards and requirements are further described in the "Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the Financial Statements" section of our report. We are independent of the Company in accordance with the International Ethics Standards Board for Accountants' International Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants (IESBA Code) and the additional ethical requirements applicable in Denmark, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements and the IESBA Code. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Statement on Management's Review

Management is responsible for Management's Review.

Our opinion on the Financial Statements does not cover Management's Review, and we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the Financial Statements, our responsibility is to read Management's Review and, in doing so, consider whether Management's Review is materially inconsistent with the Financial Statements or our knowledge obtained during the audit, or otherwise appears to be materially misstated.

Moreover, it is our responsibility to consider whether Management's Review provides the information required under the Danish Financial Statements Act.

Based on the work we have performed, in our view, Management's Review is in accordance with the Financial Statements and has been prepared in accordance with the requirements of the Danish Financial Statements Act. We did not identify any material misstatement in Management's Review.

Management's responsibilities for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation of financial statements that give a true and fair view in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act, and for such internal control as Management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the Financial Statements, Management is responsible for assessing the Company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting in preparing the Financial Statements unless Management either intends to liquidate the Company or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.



Independent Auditor's report

Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the Financial Statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs and the additional requirements applicable in Denmark will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these Financial Statements.

As part of an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs and the additional requirements applicable in Denmark, we exercise professional judgement and maintain professional scepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the Financial Statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Company's internal control.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by Management.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of Management's use of the going concern basis of accounting in preparing the Financial Statements and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Company's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the Financial Statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Company to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and contents of the Financial Statements, including the disclosures, and whether the Financial Statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that gives a true and fair view.

We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

Hillerød, 26 April 2024

PricewaterhouseCoopers Statsautoriseret Revisionspartnerselskab *CVR No 33 77 12 31*

Henrik Aslund Pedersen State Authorised Public Accountant mne17120



Company information

The Company	Duomed Scandinavia A/S Lejrvej 25 DK-3500 Værløse
	CVR No: 16 76 20 75 Financial period: 1 January - 31 December Incorporated: 11 February 1993 Financial year: 30th financial year Municipality of reg. office: Furesø
Board of Directors	Kristof Jozef A Marivoet, chairman Frédéric Patrice A. Hoffmann Nicolai Sundgaard Happe
Executive Board	Nicolai Sundgaard Happe
Auditors	PricewaterhouseCoopers Statsautoriseret Revisionspartnerselskab Milnersvej 43 DK-3400 Hillerød



Management's review

Key activities

Duomed Scandinavia A/S imports and distributes high quality products for the Health Care sector in Denmark and Sweden.

Development in the year

The income statement of the Company for 2023 shows a profit of DKK 5,270,211, and at 31 December 2023 the balance sheet of the Company shows a positive equity of DKK 18,026,063.

Subsequent events

No events materially affecting the assessment of the Annual Report have occurred after the balance sheet date.



Income statement 1 January - 31 December

	Note	2023	2022
		DKK	DKK
Gross profit		16,831,319	13,168,676
Staff expenses	1	-9,615,174	-8,547,951
Depreciation and impairment losses of property, plant and equipment	2	-436,643	-466,986
Profit/loss before financial income and expenses	_	6,779,502	4,153,739
Financial income	3	362,450	96,747
Financial expenses	4	-389,369	-409,139
Profit/loss before tax		6,752,583	3,841,347
Tax on profit/loss for the year	5	-1,482,372	-870,398
Net profit/loss for the year		5,270,211	2,970,949
Distribution of profit			
-		2023	2022
		DKK	DKK
Proposed distribution of profit			
Proposed dividend for the year		5,000,000	4,000,000
Retained earnings		270,211	-1,029,051
		5,270,211	2,970,949



Balance sheet 31 December

Assets

DKK DKK Other fixtures and fittings, tools and equipment 569,731 583,261 Leasehold improvements 805,826 765,263 Property, plant and equipment 6 1,375,557 1,348,524 Deposits 7 200,253 200,253 Fixed asset investments 7 200,253 200,253 Fixed assets 1,575,810 1,548,777 Finished goods and goods for resale 6,481,464 8,902,353 Inventories 6,481,464 8,902,353 Trade receivables 2,496,862 2,052,381 Receivables from group enterprises 11,593,628 6,819,287 Other receivables 120,922 23,602 Deferred tax asset 8 262,226 283,424 Prepayments 195,248 77,011 Receivables 21,30,570 2,282,766 Current assets 23,280,920 20,440,824 Assets 24,856,730 21,989,601		Note	2023	2022
Leasehold improvements 805,826 765,263 Property, plant and equipment 6 1,375,557 1,348,524 Deposits 7 200,253 200,253 Fixed asset investments 7 200,253 200,253 Fixed assets 1,575,810 1,548,777 Finished goods and goods for resale 6,481,464 8,902,353 Inventories 6,481,464 8,902,353 Trade receivables 2,496,862 2,052,381 Receivables from group enterprises 11,593,628 6,819,287 Other receivables 120,922 23,602 Deferred tax asset 8 262,226 283,424 Prepayments 195,248 77,011 Receivables 2,130,570 2,282,766 Cash at bank and in hand 2,3280,920 20,440,824			DKK	DKK
Property, plant and equipment 6 1,375,557 1,348,524 Deposits 7 200,253 200,253 Fixed asset investments 7 200,253 200,253 Fixed assets 1,575,810 1,548,777 Finished goods and goods for resale 6,481,464 8,902,353 Inventories 6,481,464 8,902,353 Trade receivables 2,496,862 2,052,381 Receivables from group enterprises 11,593,628 6,819,287 Other receivables 120,922 23,602 Deferred tax asset 8 262,226 283,424 Prepayments 195,248 77,011 Receivables 2,130,570 2,282,766 Current assets 23,280,920 20,440,824	Other fixtures and fittings, tools and equipment		569,731	583,261
Deposits 7 200,253 200,253 Fixed asset investments 200,253 200,253 200,253 Fixed assets 1,575,810 1,548,777 Finished goods and goods for resale 6,481,464 8,902,353 Inventories 6,481,464 8,902,353 Trade receivables 2,496,862 2,052,381 Receivables from group enterprises 11,593,628 6,819,287 Other receivables 120,922 23,602 Deferred tax asset 8 262,226 283,424 Prepayments 195,248 77,011 Receivables 14,668,886 9,255,705 Cash at bank and in hand 2,130,570 2,282,766 Current assets 23,280,920 20,440,824	Leasehold improvements		805,826	765,263
Fixed asset investments 200,253 200,253 Fixed assets 1,575,810 1,548,777 Finished goods and goods for resale 6,481,464 8,902,353 Inventories 6,481,464 8,902,353 Trade receivables 2,496,862 2,052,381 Receivables from group enterprises 11,593,628 6,819,287 Other receivables 120,922 23,602 Deferred tax asset 8 262,226 283,424 Prepayments 195,248 77,011 Receivables 14,668,886 9,255,705 Cash at bank and in hand 2,130,570 2,282,766 Current assets 23,280,920 20,440,824	Property, plant and equipment	6	1,375,557	1,348,524
Fixed asset investments 200,253 200,253 Fixed assets 1,575,810 1,548,777 Finished goods and goods for resale 6,481,464 8,902,353 Inventories 6,481,464 8,902,353 Trade receivables 2,496,862 2,052,381 Receivables from group enterprises 11,593,628 6,819,287 Other receivables 120,922 23,602 Deferred tax asset 8 262,226 283,424 Prepayments 195,248 77,011 Receivables 14,668,886 9,255,705 Cash at bank and in hand 2,130,570 2,282,766 Current assets 23,280,920 20,440,824				
Fixed assets 1,575,810 1,548,777 Finished goods and goods for resale 6,481,464 8,902,353 Inventories 6,481,464 8,902,353 Trade receivables 2,496,862 2,052,381 Receivables from group enterprises 11,593,628 6,819,287 Other receivables 120,922 23,602 Deferred tax asset 8 262,226 283,424 Prepayments 195,248 77,011 Receivables 14,668,886 9,255,705 Cash at bank and in hand 2,130,570 2,282,766 Current assets 23,280,920 20,440,824	Deposits	7	200,253	200,253
Finished goods and goods for resale 6,481,464 8,902,353 Inventories 6,481,464 8,902,353 Trade receivables 2,496,862 2,052,381 Receivables from group enterprises 11,593,628 6,819,287 Other receivables 120,922 23,602 Deferred tax asset 8 262,226 283,424 Prepayments 195,248 77,011 Receivables 14,668,886 9,255,705 Cash at bank and in hand 2,130,570 2,282,766 Current assets 23,280,920 20,440,824	Fixed asset investments		200,253	200,253
Finished goods and goods for resale 6,481,464 8,902,353 Inventories 6,481,464 8,902,353 Trade receivables 2,496,862 2,052,381 Receivables from group enterprises 11,593,628 6,819,287 Other receivables 120,922 23,602 Deferred tax asset 8 262,226 283,424 Prepayments 195,248 77,011 Receivables 14,668,886 9,255,705 Cash at bank and in hand 2,130,570 2,282,766 Current assets 23,280,920 20,440,824	Fixed assats		1 575 810	1 548 777
Inventories 6,481,464 8,902,353 Trade receivables 2,496,862 2,052,381 Receivables from group enterprises 11,593,628 6,819,287 Other receivables 120,922 23,602 Deferred tax asset 8 262,226 283,424 Prepayments 195,248 77,011 Receivables 14,668,886 9,255,705 Cash at bank and in hand 2,130,570 2,282,766 Current assets 23,280,920 20,440,824			1,575,010	1,540,777
Inventories 6,481,464 8,902,353 Trade receivables 2,496,862 2,052,381 Receivables from group enterprises 11,593,628 6,819,287 Other receivables 120,922 23,602 Deferred tax asset 8 262,226 283,424 Prepayments 195,248 77,011 Receivables 14,668,886 9,255,705 Cash at bank and in hand 2,130,570 2,282,766 Current assets 23,280,920 20,440,824	Finished goods and goods for resale		6.481.464	8.902.353
Receivables from group enterprises 11,593,628 6,819,287 Other receivables 120,922 23,602 Deferred tax asset 8 262,226 283,424 Prepayments 195,248 77,011 Receivables 14,668,886 9,255,705 Cash at bank and in hand 2,130,570 2,282,766 Current assets 23,280,920 20,440,824			·	
Receivables from group enterprises 11,593,628 6,819,287 Other receivables 120,922 23,602 Deferred tax asset 8 262,226 283,424 Prepayments 195,248 77,011 Receivables 14,668,886 9,255,705 Cash at bank and in hand 2,130,570 2,282,766 Current assets 23,280,920 20,440,824				
Other receivables 120,922 23,602 Deferred tax asset 8 262,226 283,424 Prepayments 195,248 77,011 Receivables 14,668,886 9,255,705 Cash at bank and in hand 2,130,570 2,282,766 Current assets 23,280,920 20,440,824	Trade receivables		2,496,862	2,052,381
Deferred tax asset 8 262,226 283,424 Prepayments 195,248 77,011 Receivables 14,668,886 9,255,705 Cash at bank and in hand 2,130,570 2,282,766 Current assets 23,280,920 20,440,824	Receivables from group enterprises		11,593,628	6,819,287
Prepayments 195,248 77,011 Receivables 14,668,886 9,255,705 Cash at bank and in hand 2,130,570 2,282,766 Current assets 23,280,920 20,440,824	Other receivables		120,922	23,602
Receivables 14,668,886 9,255,705 Cash at bank and in hand 2,130,570 2,282,766 Current assets 23,280,920 20,440,824	Deferred tax asset	8	262,226	283,424
Cash at bank and in hand 2,130,570 2,282,766 Current assets 23,280,920 20,440,824	Prepayments		195,248	77,011
Current assets 23,280,920 20,440,824	Receivables		14,668,886	9,255,705
Current assets 23,280,920 20,440,824	Cosh at bank and in hand		2 120 570	2 222 766
	Cash at vallk and in nand		2,130,370	2,202,700
Assets 24,856,730 21,989,601	Current assets		23,280,920	20,440,824
	Assets		24,856,730	21,989,601



Balance sheet 31 December

Liabilities and equity

	Note	2023	2022
		DKK	DKK
Share capital		500,000	500,000
Retained earnings		12,526,063	12,255,852
Proposed dividend for the year		5,000,000	4,000,000
Equity		18,026,063	16,755,852
Trade payables		2,077,263	3,325,401
Payables to group enterprises		185,946	6,823
Corporation tax		1,073,597	225,556
Other payables		3,493,861	1,675,969
Short-term debt		6,830,667	5,233,749
Debt		6,830,667	5,233,749
Liabilities and equity		24,856,730	21,989,601
Contingent assets, liabilities and other financial obligations	9		
Related parties	10		
Accounting Policies	11		



Statement of changes in equity

	Share capital	Retained earnings	Proposed dividend for the year	Total
	DKK	DKK	DKK	DKK
Equity at 1 January	500,000	12,255,852	4,000,000	16,755,852
Ordinary dividend paid	0	0	-4,000,000	-4,000,000
Net profit/loss for the year	0	270,211	5,000,000	5,270,211
Equity at 31 December	500,000	12,526,063	5,000,000	18,026,063



DKKDKKWages and salaries7,944,5967,088,117Pensions769,268687,266Other social security expenses332,472467,418Other staff expenses568,838305,1509,615,1748,547,951Average number of employees1092.Depreciation and impairment losses of property, plant and equipment $\frac{2023}{DKK}$ $\frac{2022}{DKK}$ Depreciation of property, plant and equipment $\frac{436,643}{436,643}$ $\frac{466,986}{4466,986}$ 3.Financial income $\frac{309,844}{36,643}$ $96,747$ Other financial income $309,844$ $96,747$ Exchange adjustments $52,606$ 0 $\frac{2023}{DKK}$ $\frac{2022}{DKK}$ 4.Financial expenses $231,430$ Other financial expenses $231,430$ $132,346$ Exchange adjustments, expenses $231,430$ $132,346$ Exchange adjustments, expenses $231,430$ $132,346$			2023	2022
Wages and salaries 7,944,596 7,088,117 Pensions 769,268 687,266 Other social security expenses 332,472 467,418 Other staff expenses 568,838 305,150 9,615,174 8,547,951 Average number of employees 10 9 2. Depreciation and impairment losses of property, plant and equipment $\frac{2023}{DKK}$ $\frac{2022}{DKK}$ 3. Financial income $\frac{2023}{DKK}$ $\frac{2022}{DKK}$ 3. Financial income $\frac{309,844}{96,747}$ 96,747 Exchange adjustments $\frac{2023}{DKK}$ $\frac{2022}{DKK}$ 4. Financial expenses $\frac{2023}{DKK}$ $\frac{2022}{DKK}$ 4. Financial expenses $\frac{2023}{DKK}$ $\frac{2022}{DKK}$			DKK	DKK
Pensions 769,268 687,266 Other social security expenses 332,472 467,418 Other staff expenses 568,838 305,150 9,615,174 8,547,951 Average number of employees 10 9 2. Depreciation and impairment losses of property, plant and equipment $\frac{2023}{DKK}$ $\frac{2022}{DKK}$ Depreciation of property, plant and equipment $\frac{436,643}{436,643}$ $\frac{466,986}{466,986}$ 3. Financial income $\frac{2023}{DKK}$ $\frac{2022}{DKK}$ Other financial income $\frac{309,844}{96,747}$ $96,747$ Exchange adjustments $52,606$ 0 $362,450$ $96,747$ $52,606$ 0 $362,450$ $96,747$ $52,606$ 0 $436,431$ $96,747$ $52,606$ 0 $362,450$ $96,747$ $52,606$ 0 $362,450$ $96,747$ $52,606$ 0 $362,450$ $96,747$ $52,606$ 0 $400,986$ $362,450$ $96,747$ $400,986$ $362,450$ $96,747$ $52,606$ $96,747$	1.	Staff Expenses		
Pensions 769,268 687,266 Other social security expenses 332,472 467,418 Other staff expenses 568,838 305,150 9,615,174 8,547,951 Average number of employees 10 9 2. Depreciation and impairment losses of property, plant and equipment $\frac{2023}{DKK}$ $\frac{2022}{DKK}$ Depreciation of property, plant and equipment $\frac{436,643}{436,643}$ $\frac{466,986}{466,986}$ 3. Financial income $\frac{2023}{DKK}$ $\frac{2022}{DKK}$ Other financial income $\frac{309,844}{96,747}$ $96,747$ Exchange adjustments $52,606$ 0 $362,450$ $96,747$ $52,606$ 0 $362,450$ $96,747$ $52,606$ 0 $436,431$ $96,747$ $52,606$ 0 $362,450$ $96,747$ $52,606$ 0 $362,450$ $96,747$ $52,606$ 0 $362,450$ $96,747$ $52,606$ 0 $400,986$ $362,450$ $96,747$ $400,986$ $362,450$ $96,747$ $52,606$ $96,747$		Wages and salaries	7,944,596	7,088,117
Other staff expenses $568,838$ 9,615,174 $305,150$ 8,547,951Average number of employees1092.Depreciation and impairment losses of property, plant and equipment 2023 DKK 2022 DKKDepreciation of property, plant and equipment $436,643$ 436,643 $466,986$ 436,6433.Financial income Other financial income $309,844$ 96,747 52,606 $96,747$ 52,6064.Financial expenses Other financial expenses Other financial expenses 2023 DKK 2022 DKK4.Financial expenses Stafe adjustments, expenses 2023 DKK 2022 DKK2013 DKK 2022 DKK 2022 DKK3.Financial expenses Stafe adjustments $309,844$ Stafe adjustments4.Financial expenses Stafe adjustments, expenses 2023 Stafe adjustments, expenses2023 DKK 2022 DKK 2023 DKK		5		
Average number of employees 10 9 Average number of employees 10 9 2. Depreciation and impairment losses of property, plant and equipment 2023 DKK 2022 DKKDepreciation of property, plant and equipment $436,643$ 466,986 $466,986$ 436,6433. Financial income Other financial income Exchange adjustments 2023 DKK 2022 DKK4. Financial expenses Other financial expenses Exchange adjustments, expenses 2023 DKK 2022 DKK4. Financial expenses Dther financial expenses Conter financial expenses $211,430$ DKK $132,346$ DKK		Other social security expenses	332,472	467,418
Average number of employees1092.Depreciation and impairment losses of property, plant and equipment2023 DKK2022 DKKDepreciation of property, plant and equipment436,643 436,643466,986 446,9863.Financial income Other financial income Exchange adjustments2023 2022 DKK2022 DKK4.Financial expenses Dther financial expenses2023 2022 DKK2022 DKK4.Financial expenses Exchange adjustments, expenses231,430 157,939 276,793132,346 276,793		Other staff expenses	568,838	305,150
2. Depreciation and impairment losses of property, plant and equipment			9,615,174	8,547,951
Depreciation and impairment losses of property, plant and equipmentDKKDKKDepreciation of property, plant and equipment436,643466,986436,643466,986436,643466,986436,643466,986436,643466,986300,84496,747DKKDKKOther financial income Exchange adjustments309,84496,74752,60600362,45096,7474.Financial expenses Exchange adjustments, expenses2023 2022 DKK2022 DKK		Average number of employees	10	9
Depreciation and impairment losses of property, plant and equipmentDKKDKKDepreciation of property, plant and equipment436,643466,986436,643466,986436,643466,986436,643466,986436,643466,986300,84496,747DKKDKKOther financial income Exchange adjustments309,84496,74752,60600362,45096,7474.Financial expenses Exchange adjustments, expenses2023 2022 DKK2022 DKK			0000	0000
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2023 2022 DKK $3.$ Financial income $309,844$ State $96,747$ Exchange adjustments $309,844$ 		Depreciation of property, plant and equipment	436,643	466,986
Jest StrateDKKDKK 3. Financial income309,84496,747Other financial income309,84496,747Exchange adjustments52,6060362,45096,74720232022DKKDKK 4. Financial expenses231,430132,346Exchange adjustments, expenses157,939276,793			436,643	466,986
Jest StrateDKKDKK 3. Financial income309,84496,747Other financial income309,84496,747Exchange adjustments52,6060362,45096,74720232022DKKDKK 4. Financial expenses231,430132,346Exchange adjustments, expenses157,939276,793				
3. Financial income $309,844$ $96,747$ Other financial income $309,844$ $96,747$ Exchange adjustments $52,606$ 0 $362,450$ $96,747$ $362,450$ $96,747$ 2023 2022 DKKDKK4. Financial expenses $231,430$ Other financial expenses $231,430$ $132,346$ Exchange adjustments, expenses $157,939$ $276,793$			2023	2022
Other financial income $309,844$ $96,747$ Exchange adjustments $52,606$ 0 $362,450$ $96,747$ $362,450$ $96,747$ 2023 2022 DKKDKKDther financial expenses $231,430$ $132,346$ $157,939$ $276,793$			DKK	DKK
Exchange adjustments 52,606 0 362,450 96,747 2023 2022 DKK DKK 4. Financial expenses 231,430 Other financial expenses 231,430 Exchange adjustments, expenses 157,939 276,793	3.	Financial income		
Exchange adjustments 52,606 0 362,450 96,747 2023 2022 DKK DKK 4. Financial expenses 231,430 Other financial expenses 231,430 Exchange adjustments, expenses 157,939 276,793		Other financial income	309,844	96,747
362,450 96,747 2023 2022 DKK DKK 4. Financial expenses 0ther financial expenses Other financial expenses 231,430 Exchange adjustments, expenses 157,939 276,793				
DKKDKK4. Financial expenses231,430Other financial expenses231,430Exchange adjustments, expenses157,939276,793			· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	96,747
DKKDKK4. Financial expenses231,430Other financial expenses231,430Exchange adjustments, expenses157,939276,793				
4. Financial expenses231,430132,346Other financial expenses231,430132,346Exchange adjustments, expenses157,939276,793			2023	2022
Other financial expenses231,430132,346Exchange adjustments, expenses157,939276,793			DKK	DKK
Exchange adjustments, expenses157,939276,793	4.	Financial expenses		
Exchange adjustments, expenses157,939276,793		Other financial expenses	231.430	132.346
		-		



		2023	2022
		DKK	DKK
5.	Income tax expense		
	Current tax for the year	1,461,174	857,809
	Deferred tax for the year	21,198	15,503
	Adjustment of tax concerning previous years	0	-2,914
		1,482,372	870,398

6. Property, plant and equipment

	Other fixtures and fittings, tools and equipment	Leasehold improve- ments
	DKK	DKK
Cost at 1 January	1,965,337	1,471,534
Additions for the year	272,670	191,004
Cost at 31 December	2,238,007	1,662,538
Impairment losses and depreciation at 1 January	1,382,074	706,271
Depreciation for the year	286,202	150,441
Impairment losses and depreciation at 31 December	1,668,276	856,712
Carrying amount at 31 December	569,731	805,826

7. Other fixed asset investments

	Deposits
	DKK
Cost at 1 January	200,253
Cost at 31 December	200,253
Carrying amount at 31 December	200,253



		2023	2022
	-	DKK	DKK
8.	Deferred tax asset		
	Deferred tax asset at 1 January	283,424	298,927
	Amounts recognised in the income statement for the year	-21,198	-15,503
	Deferred tax asset at 31 December	262,226	283,424
		2023	2022
	-	DKK	DKK
9.	Contingent assets, liabilities and other financial obligations		
	Rental and lease obligations		
	Lease obligations under operating leases. Total future lease payments:		
	Within 1 year	453,228	352,341
	Between 1 and 5 years	882,432	165,346
	-	1,335,660	517,687
	Lease obligations, period of non-terminability 12 months	880,980	863,700

Other contingent liabilities

The group companies are jointly and severally liable for tax on the jointly taxed incomes etc of the Group. The total amount of corporation tax payable is disclosed in the Annual Report of Duomed Holding Scandinavia ApS, which is the management company of the joint taxation purposes. Moreover, the group companies are jointly and severally liable for Danish withholding taxes by way of dividend tax, tax on royalty payments and tax on unearned income. Any subsequent adjustments of corporation taxes and withholding taxes may increase the Company's liability.

10. Related parties and disclosure of consolidated financial statements

Consolidated Financial Statements

The Company is included in the Group Annual Report of the Parent Company of the largest and smallest group:

Name Duo-Med Holding B.V. Place of registered office

Wiebachstraat 25 A, 6466NG Kerkrade, The Netherlands



11. Accounting policies

The Annual Report of Duomed Scandinavia A/S for 2023 has been prepared in accordance with the provisions of the Danish Financial Statements Act applying to enterprises of reporting class B as well as selected rules applying to reporting class C.

The accounting policies applied remain unchanged from last year.

The Financial Statements for 2023 are presented in DKK.

Consolidated financial statements

With reference to section 110 of the Danish Financial Statements Act, no consolidated financial statements are prepared.

Recognition and measurement

Revenues are recognised in the income statement as earned. Furthermore, value adjustments of financial assets and liabilities measured at fair value or amortised cost are recognised. Moreover, all expenses incurred to achieve the earnings for the year are recognised in the income statement, including depreciation, amortisation, impairment losses and provisions as well as reversals due to changed accounting estimates of amounts that have previously been recognised in the income statement.

Assets are recognised in the balance sheet when it is probable that future economic benefits attributable to the asset will flow to the Company, and the value of the asset can be measured reliably.

Liabilities are recognised in the balance sheet when it is probable that future economic benefits will flow out of the Company, and the value of the liability can be measured reliably.

Assets and liabilities are initially measured at cost. Subsequently, assets and liabilities are measured as described for each item below.

Leases

Leases in terms of which the Company assumes substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership (finance leases) are recognised in the balance sheet at the lower of the fair value of the leased asset and the net present value of the lease payments computed by applying the interest rate implicit in the lease or an alternative borrowing rate as the discount rate. Assets acquired under finance leases are depreciated and written down for impairment under the same policy as determined for the other fixed assets of the Company.

The remaining lease obligation is capitalised and recognised in the balance sheet under debt, and the interest element on the lease payments is charged over the lease term to the income statement.

All other leases are considered operating leases. Payments made under operating leases are recognised in the income statement on a straight-line basis over the lease term.

Translation policies

Danish kroner is used as the presentation currency. All other currencies are regarded as foreign currencies.

Transactions in foreign currencies are translated at the exchange rates at the dates of transaction. Gains and losses arising due to differences between the transaction date rates and the rates at the dates of payment are recognised in financial income and expenses in the income statement.

Receivables, payables and other monetary items in foreign currencies that have not been settled at the balance sheet date are translated at the exchange rates at the balance sheet date. Any differences between the exchange rates at the balance sheet date and the rates at the time when the receivable or the debt arose are recognised in financial income and expenses in the income statement.

Fixed assets acquired in foreign currencies are measured at the transaction date rates.



Income statement

Revenue

Revenue from the sale of goods is recognised when the risks and rewards relating to the goods sold have been transferred to the purchaser, the revenue can be measured reliably and it is probable that the economic benefits relating to the sale will flow to the Company.

Revenue is measured at the consideration received and is recognised exclusive of VAT and net of discounts relating to sales.

Expenses for raw materials and consumables

Expenses for raw materials and consumables comprise the raw materials and consumables consumed to achieve revenue for the year.

Other external expenses

Other external expenses comprise expenses for premises, sales as well as office expenses, etc.

Gross profit/loss

With reference to section 32 of the Danish Financial Statements Act, gross profit/loss is calculated as a summary of revenue, expenses for raw materials and consumables and other external expenses.

Staff expenses

Staff costs include wages and salaries including compensated absence and pensions as well as other social security contributions etc. made to the entity's employees. The item is net of refunds made by public authorities.

Amortisation, depreciation and impairment losses

Amortisation, depreciation and impairment losses comprise depreciation and impairment of property, plant and equipment.

Financial income and expenses

Financial income and expenses are recognised in the income statement at the amounts relating to the financial year.

Tax on profit/loss for the year

Tax for the year consists of current tax for the year and changes in deferred tax for the year. The tax attributable to the profit for the year is recognised in the income statement, whereas the tax attributable to equity transactions is recognised directly in equity.

The Company is jointly taxed with Duomed Holding Scandinavia ApS. The tax effect of the joint taxation is allocated to Danish enterprises in proportion to their taxable incomes.

Balance sheet

Property, plant and equipment

Property, plant and equipment are measured at cost less accumulated depreciation and less any accumulated impairment losses.

Cost comprises the cost of acquisition and expenses directly related to the acquisition up until the time when the asset is ready for use.



Depreciation based on cost reduced by any residual value is calculated on a straight-line basis over the expected useful lives of the assets, which are:

Other fixtures and fittings, tools and equipment	3-5 years
Leasehold improvements	3-5 years

The fixed assets' residual values are determined at nil.

Depreciation period and residual value are reassessed annually.

Impairment of fixed assets

The carrying amounts of property, plant and equipment and investments are reviewed on an annual basis to determine whether there is any indication of impairment other than that expressed by depreciation.

If so, the asset is written down to its lower recoverable amount.

Other fixed asset investments

Other fixed asset investments consist of deposits.

Inventories

Inventories are measured at the lower of cost under the FIFO method and net realisable value.

The net realisable value of inventories is calculated at the amount expected to be generated by sale of the inventories in the process of normal operations with deduction of selling expenses and costs of completion. The net realisable value is determined allowing for marketability, obsolescence and development in expected selling price.

The cost of goods for resale equals landed cost.

Receivables

Receivables are measured in the balance sheet at the lower of amortised cost and net realisable value, which corresponds to nominal value less provisions for bad debts.

Prepayments

Prepayments comprise prepaid expenses concerning rent, insurance premiums, subscriptions and interest.

Equity

Dividend

Dividend distribution proposed by Management for the year is disclosed as a separate Dividend item.

Deferred tax assets and liabilities

Deferred income tax is measured using the balance sheet liability method in respect of temporary differences arising between the tax bases of assets and liabilities and their carrying amounts for financial reporting purposes on the basis of the intended use of the asset and settlement of the liability, respectively.

Deferred tax assets, including the tax base of tax loss carry-forwards, are measured at the value at which the asset is expected to be realised, either by elimination in tax on future earnings or by set-off against deferred tax liabilities within the same legal tax entity.



Deferred tax is measured on the basis of the tax rules and tax rates that will be effective under the legislation at the balance sheet date when the deferred tax is expected to crystallise as current tax. Any changes in deferred tax due to changes to tax rates are recognised in the income statement or in equity if the deferred tax relates to items recognised in equity.

Current tax receivables and liabilities

Current tax liabilities and receivables are recognised in the balance sheet as the expected taxable income for the year adjusted for tax on taxable incomes for prior years and tax paid on account. Extra payments and repayment under the on-account taxation scheme are recognised in the income statement in financial income and expenses.

Financial liabilities

Loans are recognised initially at the proceeds received net of transaction expenses incurred. Subsequently, the loans are measured at amortised cost; the difference between the proceeds and the nominal value is recognised as an interest expense in the income statement over the loan period.

Mortgage loans are measured at amortised cost, which for cash loans corresponds to the remaining loan. Amortised cost of debenture loans corresponds to the remaining loan calculated as the underlying cash value of the loan at the date of raising the loan adjusted for depreciation of the price adjustment of the loan made over the term of the loan at the date of raising the loan.

Other debts are measured at amortised cost, substantially corresponding to nominal value.

