Olympus Danmark A/S

Tempovej 48-50, 2750 Ballerup CVR no. 16 31 62 96

Annual report for the year 1 April 2021 - 31 March 2022

Approved at the Company's annual general meeting on 20 September 2022

Chair of the meeting:

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Statement by the Board of Directors and the Executive Board

Today, the Board of Directors and the Executive Board have discussed and approved the annual report of Olympus Danmark A/S for the financial year 1 April 2021 - 31 March 2022.

The annual report is prepared in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act.

In our opinion, the financial statements give a true and fair view of the financial position of the Company at 31 March 2022 and of the results of the Company's operations for the financial year 1 April 2021 - 31 March 2022.

Further, in our opinion, the Management's review gives a fair review of the development in the Company's operations and financial matters and the results of the Company's operations and financial position.

We recommend that the annual report be approved at the annual general meeting.

Ballerup, 20 September 2022 Executive Board:

Lars Georg Rust Chief Executive Officer

Board of Directors:

Carl Constantin Zangemeister

Chair

Lars Georg Rust

Joanna Szwiec

2 Joanna Szurec

Independent auditor's report

To the shareholder of Olympus Danmark A/S

Opinion

We have audited the financial statements of Olympus Danmark A/S for the financial year 1 April 2021 - 31 March 2022, which comprise income statement, balance sheet, statement of changes in equity and notes, including accounting policies. The financial statements are prepared in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act.

In our opinion, the financial statements give a true and fair view of the financial position of the Company at 31 March 2022 and of the results of the Company's operations for the financial year 1 April 2021 - 31 March 2022 in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act.

Basis for opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing (ISAs) and the additional requirements applicable in Denmark. Our responsibilities under those standards and requirements are further described in the "Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements" section of our report. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Independence

We are independent of the Company in accordance with the International Ethics Standards Board for Accountants' International Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants (IESBA Code) and the additional ethical requirements applicable in Denmark, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements and the IESBA Code.

Management's responsibilities for the financial statements

Management is responsible for the preparation of financial statements that give a true and fair view in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act and for such internal control as Management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, Management is responsible for assessing the Company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting in preparing the financial statements unless Management either intends to liquidate the Company or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance as to whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs and the additional requirements applicable in Denmark will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of the financial

As part of an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs and the additional requirements applicable in Denmark, we exercise professional judgement and maintain professional scepticism throughout the audit. We also:

Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations or the override of internal control.

Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Company's internal control.

Independent auditor's report

Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by Management.

Conclude on the appropriateness of Management's use of the going concern basis of accounting in preparing the financial statements and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Company's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Company to cease to continue as a going concern.

Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and contents of the financial statements, including the note disclosures, and whether the financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that gives a true and fair view.

We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

Statement on the Management's review

Management is responsible for the Management's review.

Our opinion on the financial statements does not cover the Management's review, and we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the financial statements, our responsibility is to read the Management's review and, in doing so, consider whether the Management's review is materially inconsistent with the financial statements or our knowledge obtained during the audit, or otherwise appears to be materially misstated.

Moreover, it is our responsibility to consider whether the Management's review provides the information required under the Danish Financial Statements Act.

Based on the work we have performed, we conclude that the Management's review is in accordance with the financial statements and has been prepared in accordance with the requirements of the Danish Financial Statement Act. We did not identify any material misstatement of the Management's review.

Copenhagen, 20 September 2022 EY Godkendt Revisionspartnerselskab CVR no. 30 70 02 28

Thomas Bruun Kofoed

State Authorised Public Accountant

mne28677

Company details

Address, Postal code, City

Olympus Danmark A/S Tempovej 48-50, 2750 Ballerup

CVR no. Established Registered office Financial year

16 31 62 96 1 August 1992

Ballerup

1 April 2021 - 31 March 2022

Website

www.olympus.dk

Board of Directors

Carl Constantin Zangemeister, Chair

Lars Georg Rust Joanna Szwiec

Executive Board

Lars Georg Rust, Chief Executive Officer

Auditors

EY Godkendt Revisionspartnerselskab

Dirch Passers Allé 36, P.O. Box 250, 2000 Frederiksberg,

Denmark

Bankers

Danske Bank

Holmens Kanal 2, 1092 København K

Financial highlights

DKK,000	2021/22	2020/21	2019/20	2018/19	2017/18
Key figures					
Revenue	262,580	346,280	347,015	331,797	350,283
Gross profit	59,264	73,018	74,972	76,829	80,686
Operating profit/loss	15,630	20,198	19,809	3,344	18,113
Net financials	-818	14	-10	-59	-60
Profit for the year	11,780	16,969	16,988	19,125	15,192
4000-3-1002					
Total assets	167,832	175,485	150,854	171,529	135,811
Equity	53,067	58,256	66,287	56,799	50,674
Financial ratios					
Return on assets	9.1%	12.4%	12.3%	2.2%	14.4%
Current ratio	138.1%	140.6%	174.7%	149.8%	153.6%
Equity ratio	31.6%	33.2%	43.9%	33.1%	37.3%
Return on equity	21.2%	27.3%	27.6%	35.6%	33.7%
Average number of full-time	,			,	
employees	60	59	62	67	69

Financial ratios are calculated in accordance with the Danish Finance Society's recommendations. For terms and definitions, please see the accounting policies.

The key figures for 2021/22 is affected by the sale of the Scientific Solutions Division completed on 1 April 2022, hence presented separatly as discontinued operations. Refer to note 7.

Business review

The main activities of Olympus Danmark A/S are sales and distribution of medical devices and microscopes from entities within the Olympus Europe Group. In the year, the Company maintained its position as a leading supplier to the Danish market.

Financial review

The income statement for 2021/22 shows a profit of DKK 11,780 thousand against a profit of DKK 16,969 thousand last year, and the balance sheet at 31 March 2022 shows equity of DKK 53,067 thousand.

Profit for the year is in line with the outlook for the year. Management considers the financial performance satisfactory in the light of the market situation, and the global pandemic taken into consideration.

On 31 March 2022, the Company entered a Business Transfer Agreement regarding the Company's Scientific Solutions Division. Consequently, the Scientific Solutions Division is classified as discontinued operations in the financial year 2021/22. The sale is comleted in 2022/23.

Investments

In 2021/22, the Company invested in IT, demo, loan equipment and operating equipment. Total net investments amounted to DKK 997 thousand against DKK 4,545 thousand in 2020/21.

Capital structure

Olympus Danmark A/S is a financially sound business. The solvency ratio is 31.6 % (2020/21: 33.2 %) based on equity at 31 March 2022 of DKK 53,067 thousand (2020/21: DKK 58,256 thousand).

The Company's financial resources amounted to DKK 9,702 thousand at the financial year end, of which DKK 1,702 thousand are cash and cash equivalents and the remaining amount consists of undrawn credit facilities with the Company's bankers.

Financial risks and use of financial instruments

The Company's main operating risk relates to its ability to maintain its strong market position in Denmark. Also, it is essential that the Company stays in tune with technological developments.

Financial risks

Thanks to its strong solvency ratio and ample financial resources, the Company's vulnerability to interest rate changes is limited.

The Company's invoicing currency is DKK, while a minor share of purchases is made in EUR. Due to DKK's peg to EUR, the Board of Directors does not consider it necessary to hedge this currency exposure.

The Company is not exposed to any major risks relating to individual customers or cooperation partners. Under the Company's credit risk policy, all major customers and cooperation partners are credit rated on a current basis.

Statutory CSR report

Statutory reporting on corporate responsibility, cf. §99a

The statement below constitutes Olympus Danmark A/S' statutory reporting on corporate responsibility, cf. §99a of the Danish Financial Statement Act.

Business model

The main activities of Olympus Danmark A/S are sales and distribution of medical devices and microscopes from entities within the Olympus Europe Group. In the year, the Company maintained its position as a leading supplier to the Danish market.

Human rights

We strive to identify, prevent, or mitigate adverse human rights impacts directly linked with our operations and business activities. We have not identified any material risk in our value chain, but Olympus commits to proactively avoid causing or contributing to adverse human rights impacts and to address such impacts when they occur. We work to regularly assess potential impacts on human rights in all of our business activities, identify areas of concern and act appropriately to prevent or mitigate them. Olympus commits to continually update its human rights approach for continuous improvement. Every year all of our employees have to complete a human rights training and in 2021 all of our employees completed this training.

Anticorruption

Information security is integrated into our business plan as a major risk, hereunder the use of information for corruption purposes. The Olympus Group will never engage in actions that could be deemed to be bribery in its dealings with any of its business partners, such as government officials, and employees of government agencies (including international agencies), or any other parties. Besides that, we also follow the four eye principles which decreases the risk of corruption. Every year all of our employees have to complete an anticorruption training and in 2021 all of our employees completed this training.

Environmental and climate issues

The Olympus Group endeavors to reduce the environmental impact from the entire value chain. The most significant, but small risk regarding environmental and climate issues stems from the use of transportation. In 2021 we offered our new employees to choose cars, where it was endeavored by the management to choose electric or hybrid cars. In 2021 29% of our employees chose an electric or hybrid car. In 2022 we will continue our focus on transportation and encourage our employees to choose an electric or hybrid car.

Social and employee conditions

We take proactive steps to prevent stress related illnesses at work. Occupational health and safety are a major priority. All new employees who use cars as a means of transport are trained to drive on ice and in heavy rain. This training is also offered for employees who want to take the training again. Also, we want our employees to work in an ergonomic and work-friendly environment. At Olympus, we promote good health and wellness. We focus on stress and have a stress related policy we follow. Regularly people who might need it are offered to have a conversation about their wellbeing, where special stress training, a psychologist etc. are offered. Employee surveys and workplace surveys are regularly conducted and based on the results of the surveys initiatives are made to accommodate our employees wishes and suggestions. We will continue to conduct surveys and focus on employees who might need an extra focus on their wellbeing.

Covid-19 in relation to corporate responsibility in 2021

In 2021, the Covid-19 pandemic has put additional pressure on the physical and mental well-being of our employees caused by health risks and lockdowns. Olympus Danmark A/S has put great focus on protecting our employees during this time by prescribing guidelines and providing protective equipment. This has, among other things, ensured the health of employees during the pandemic.

Account of the gender composition of Management, cf. §99b

The statement below constitutes Olympus Danmark A/S' statutory reporting on gender distribution in management, cf. §99b.

The Company's Board of Directors consist of 1 woman and 2 men, which is considered an equal gender composition of Management. The other managerial positions consist of 4 men and 3 women. Olympus adopts gender equality in employment opportunities, employee promotions, and salary increases. We also actively appoint highly skilled and ethical people to appropriate positions. When hiring we focus on diversity within the team, but our main focus is to find the right candidate. If we have two equal candidates, we will hire the candidate who is among the underrepresented gender.

Data ethics

The Company does not consider it relevant to establish a data ethics policy. In this connection, the company emphasizes that they only collect and processes data to a limited extent and does not use new technologies as part of the company's main activity, and does not itself or via external suppliers carry out specific data analyses, evaluations or segmentations.

The Company will continuously assess the relevance of a data ethics policy.

Outlook

Management forecasts increasing demand for the Company's medical products and expects its continuous innovation efforts to help secure its leading market position.

Due to the carve-out of the Scientific Solutions Division, Olympus Danmark A/S anticipates a revenue for the fiscal 2022/23 in the range of 280-300 MDKK and a profit before tax in the range of 15-20 MDKK.

Income statement

Note	DKK,000	2021/22	2020/21
3	Revenue Cost of sales Other operating income Other external expenses	262,580 -176,580 778 -27,514	346,280 -249,024 1,626 -25,864
4	Gross profit Staff costs Depreciation	59,264 -39,938 -2,918	73,018 -48,589 -2,605
5	Profit before net financials Financial income Financial expenses	16,408 110 -928	21,824 214 -200
6	Profit from continuing operations before tax Tax for the year Profit for the year from continuing operations	15,590 -7,038 8,552	21,838 -4,869 16,969
6,7	Profit/loss after tax from discontinued operations Profit for the year	3,228 11,780	0 16,969

Balance sheet

Note	DKK'000	2021/22	2020/21
	ASSETS		
	Fixed assets		
8.	Property, plant and equipment		
	Other fixtures and fittings, tools and equipment	9,668	10,804
	Leasehold improvements	219	290
		9,887	11,094
9	Investments		
	Deposits	1,528	1,528
		1,528	1,528
	Total fixed assets	11,415	12,622
	Allow Provided the Control of the Co	11,413	12,622
	Non-fixed assets Inventories		
	Finished goods and goods for resale	7,741	8,996
	This real goods and goods for resaile		
		7,741	8,996
	Receivables		
	Trade receivables	60,814	42,858
10	Receivables from group entities Deferred tax assets	84,281 159	108,479
10	Income taxes receivable	1,126	258 837
	Other receivables	58	75
11	Prepayments	387	364
		146,825	152,871
	Cash	1,331	996
7	Assets relating to discontinued operations	520	0
	Total non-fixed assets	156,417	162,863
	TOTAL ASSETS	167,832	175,485

Balance sheet

Note	DKK'000	2021/22	2020/21
	EQUITY AND LIABILITIES Equity		
12	Share capital	2.000	2,000
. –	Retained earnings	47,217	39,287
	Dividend proposed for the year	3,850	16,969
	Total equity	53,067	58,256
	Provisions Other provisions	1,493	1,397
13	Total provisions	1,493	1,397
	Liabilities other than provisions Current liabilities other than provisions		
	Trade payables	2.569	1,539
	Payables to group entities	83,656	77,740
	Income taxes payable	2,981	2,724
15	·	15,075	15,843
14	Deferred income	8,810	17,986
7	Liabilities relating to discontinued operations	_ 181	0
		113,272	115,832
	Total liabilities other than provisions	113,272	115,832
	TOTAL EQUITY AND LIABILITIES	167,832	175,485

- 1 Accounting policies
 2 Events after the balance sheet date
 16 Contractual obligations and contingencies, etc.

- 17 Collateral
 18 Related parties
 19 Appropriation of profit

Statement of changes in equity

Note	DKK,000	Share capital	Retained earnings	Dividend proposed for the year	Total
19	Equity at 1 April 2021 Transfer, see "Appropriation of	2,000	39,287	16,969	58,256
	profit" Dividend distributed	0	7,930	3,850 -16,969	11,780 16,969
	Equity at 31 March 2022	2,000	47,217	3,850	53,067

Notes to the financial statements

1 Accounting policies

The annual report of Olympus Danmark A/S for 2021/22 has been prepared in accordance with the provisions in the Danish Financial Statements Act applying to large reporting class C entities.

The accounting policies used in the preparation of the financial statements are consistent with those of last year.

Omission of a cash flow statement

With reference to section 86(4) of the Danish Financial Statements Act, no cash flow statement is prepared for the parent company, as its cash flows are reflected in the consolidated cash flow statement.

Reporting currency

The financial statements are presented in Danish kroner (DKK'000).

Foreign currency translation

On initial recognition, transactions denominated in foreign currencies are translated at the exchange rate at the transaction date. Foreign exchange differences arising between the exchange rates at the transaction date and the date of payment are recognised in the income statement as financial income or financial expenses.

Receivables and payables and other monetary items denominated in foreign currencies are translated at the exchange rate at the balance sheet date. The difference between the exchange rates at the balance sheet date and the date at which the receivable or payable arose or was recognised in the most recent financial statements is recognised in the income statement as financial income or financial expenses.

Income statement

Revenue

The Company has chosen IAS 18 as interpretation for revenue recognition.

Income from the sale of goods and finished goods is recognised in revenue at the time of delivery and when the risk passes to the buyer, provided that the income can be made up reliably and is expected to be received.

Income from the supply of services is recognised on a continuing basis. Income that has not been recognised at the balance sheet date is recognised as 'Deferred income'.

Revenue is measured at the fair value of the agreed consideration excluding VAT and taxes charged on behalf of third parties. All discounts and rebates granted are recognised in revenue.

Other operating income

Other operating income and other operating expenses comprise items of a secondary nature relative to the Company's core activities, and primarily relates to gains or losses on the sale of fixed assets.

Cost of sales

Cost of sales includes the cost of goods used in generating the year's revenue.

Cost of sales also includes indirect costs relating to freight, customs and insurance as well as warranty expenses.

Notes to the financial statements

Accounting policies (continued)

Other external expenses

Other external expenses include the year's expenses relating to the Company's core activities, including expenses relating to distribution, sale, advertising, administration, premises, bad debts, payments under operating leases, etc.

Staff costs

Staff costs include wages and salaries, including compensated absence and pension to the Company's employees, as well as other social security contributions, etc. The item is net of refunds from public authorities.

Depreciation

The item comprises depreciation of property, plant and equipment.

The basis of depreciation, which is calculated as cost less any residual value, is depreciated on a straight line basis over the expected useful life. The expected useful lives of the assets are as follows:

Other fixtures and fittings, tools and

3-10 years

equipment

Leasehold improvements

7 years

Depreciation is based on the residual value of the asset and is reduced by impairment losses, if any. The depreciation period and the residual value are determined at the acquisition date and are reassessed annually. Where the residual value exceeds the carrying amount of the asset, no further depreciation charges are recognised.

In the case of changes in the depreciation period or the residual value, the effect on the depreciation charges is recognised prospectively as a change in accounting estimates.

Financial income and expenses

Financial income and expenses are recognised in the income statements at the amounts that concern the financial year. Net financials include interest income and expenses as well as allowances and surcharges under the advance-payment-of-tax scheme, etc.

Tax

Tax for the year includes current tax on the year's expected taxable income and the year's deferred tax adjustments. The portion of the tax for the year that relates to the profit/loss for the year is recognised in the income statement, whereas the portion that relates to transactions taken to equity is recognised in equity.

Notes to the financial statements

Accounting policies (continued)

Balance sheet

Property, plant and equipment

Items of property, plant and equipment are measured at cost less accumulated depreciation and impairment losses. Cost includes the acquisition price and costs directly related to the acquisition until the time at which the asset is ready for use.

Gains or losses arising from the sale of items of property, plant and equipment are recognised in the income statement under 'Other operating income' or 'Other operating expenses', respectively. Gains and losses are calculated by reference to the difference between the selling price less selling expenses and the carrying amount at the time of sale.

Leases

The Company has chosen IAS 17 as interpretation for classification and recognition of leases.

Leases that do not transfer substantially all the risks and rewards incident to the ownership to the Company are classified as operating leases. Payments relating to operating leases and any other rent agreements are recognised in the income statement over the term of the lease. The Company's aggregate liabilities relating to operating leases and other rent agreements are disclosed under "Contractual obligations and contingencies, etc."

Impairment of fixed assets

Property, plant and equipment are subject to an annual test for indications of impairment other than the decrease in value reflected by depreciation or amortisation. Impairment tests are conducted in respect of individual assets or groups of assets generating separate cash flows when there is indications of impairment. The assets are written down to the higher of the value in use and net realisable value (recoverable amount) of the asset or group of assets if this is lower than the carrying amount. As for groups of assets, impairment losses are first recognised in respect of goodwill and thereafter proportionately in respect of the other assets.

Impairment tests are conducted on assets or groups of assets when there is evidence of impairment. The carrying amount of impaired assets is reduced to the higher of the net selling price and the value in use (recoverable amount).

The recoverable amount is the higher of the net selling price of an asset and its value in use. The value in use is calculated as the present value of the expected net cash flows from the use of the asset or the group of assets and the expected net cash flows from the disposal of the asset or the group of assets after the end of the useful life.

Previously recognised impairment losses are reversed when the reason for recognition no longer exists. Impairment losses on goodwill are not reversed.

Inventories

Inventories are measured at cost in accordance with the weighted average cost method. Where the net realisable value is lower than cost, inventories are written down to this lower value. The net realisable value of inventories is calculated as the sales amount less costs of completion and expenses required to effect the sale and is determined taking into account marketability, obsolescence and development in the expected selling price.

Goods for resale are measured at cost, which comprises the cost of acquisition plus delivery costs as well as other expenses directly attributable to the acquisition.

Notes to the financial statements

Accounting policies (continued)

Receivables

Receivables are measured at amortised cost.

The Company has chosen IAS 39 as interpretation for impairment of financial receivables.

An impairment loss is recognised if there is objective evidence that a receivable or a group of receivables is impaired. If there is objective evidence that an individual receivable has been impaired, an impairment loss is recognised on an individual basis.

Prepayments

Prepayments recognised under "Assets" comprise prepaid expenses regarding subsequent financial reporting years.

Cash

Cash at hand and in bank comprise cash and bank balances.

Balances in the Group's cash pool scheme are not, due to the nature of the scheme, considered cash, but are recognised under 'Receivables from group entities'.

Discontinued operations

Assets relating to discontinued operations comprise fixed assets expected to be sold in connection with the discontinued operations and disposal groups, which are defined as a group of assets which are to be disposed of together as a group in a single transaction. Liabilities associated with assets relating to discontinued operations are liabilities directly associated with these assets and which are to be transferred in the transaction. Assets are classified as assets relating to discontinued operations where their carrying amount will be recovered principally through a sale within 12 months in accordance with a formal plan rather than through continuing use.

Assets or disposal groups relating to discontinued operations are measured at the lower of the carrying amount at the date of the reclassification as "discontinued operations" and the fair value less costs to sell.

Discontinued operations comprise a separate, major line of business whose activities and cash flows are clearly distinguishable, operationally and for financial reporting purposes, from the Company's other lines of business and where the line of business has either been disposed of or separated as held for sale and the sale is expected to be effected within one year in accordance with a formal plan. Discontinued operations also include entities which are classified as "held for sale" in connection with the acquisition.

The profit/loss from discontinued operations and value adjustments after tax of related assets and liabilities and gains and losses on disposal are presented as a separate line item in the income statement, and comparative figures are restated accordingly. Revenue, expenses, value adjustments and tax relating to discontinued operations are disclosed in the notes. Assets and relating liabilities in respect of discontinued operations are presented as separate line items in the balance sheet without restatement of comparative figures, and the main items are specified in the notes.

Equity

Proposed dividends

Dividend proposed for the year is recognised as a liability once adopted at the annual general meeting (declaration date). Dividends expected to be distributed for the financial year are presented as a separate item under "Equity".

Notes to the financial statements

Accounting policies (continued)

Provisions

Provisions comprise guarantee commitments of expected cost of repairs within the guarantee period of 1-2 years recognised based on previous experience with work performed under guarantees.

Income taxes

Current tax payables and receivables are recognised in the balance sheet as the estimated income tax charge for the year, adjusted for prior-year taxes and tax paid on account.

Deferred tax is measured according to the liability method on all temporary differences between the carrying amount and the tax base of assets and liabilities. However, deferred tax is not recognised on temporary differences relating to goodwill which is not deductible for tax purposes and on office premises and other items where temporary differences, apart from business combinations, arise at the date of acquisition without affecting either profit/loss for the year or taxable income. Where alternative tax rules can be applied to determine the tax base, deferred tax is measured based on Management's intended use of the asset or settlement of the liability, respectively.

Deferred tax is measured according to the tax rules and at the tax rates applicable at the balance sheet date when the deferred tax is expected to crystallise as current tax. Deferred tax assets are recognised at the expected value of their utilisation; either as a set-off against tax on future income or as a set-off against deferred tax liabilities in the same legal tax entity. Changes in deferred tax due to changes in the tax rate are recognised in the income statement.

Other payables

Other payables are measured at net realisable value.

Deferred income

Deferred income recognised as a liability comprises payments received concerning income in subsequent financial reporting years.

Notes to the financial statements

Accounting policies (continued)

Financial ratios

The financial ratios stated under "Financial highlights" have been calculated as follows:

Operating profit/loss

Profit/loss before financial items adjusted for other operating income and other operating expenses

Return on assets

Profit/loss from operating activites x 100

Average assets

Current ratio

Current liabilities

Equity ratio

Profit/loss from operating activites x 100

Current assets x 100

Current liabilities

Equity, year-end x 100

Total equity and liabilities, year-end

Return on equity Profit/loss after tax x 100

Average equity

2 Events after the balance sheet date

Apart from the sales of the Company's Scientific Solutions Division, no events materially affecting the Company's financial position have occurred subsequent to the financial year end.

DKK'000	2021/22	2020/21
Segment information		
Breakdown of revenue by business segment:		
Medical Systems Division	262,580	264,563
Scientific Solutions Division	0	81,717
	262,580	346,280
	Segment information Breakdown of revenue by business segment: Medical Systems Division	Segment information Breakdown of revenue by business segment: Medical Systems Division 262,580 Scientific Solutions Division 0

On 31 March 2022, the Company entered a Business Transfer Agreement regarding the Scientific Solutions Division. Consequently, the Scientific Solutions Division is classified as discontinued operations in the financial year 2021/22 as disclosed in note 7.

DKK,000	2021/22	2020/21
4 Staff costs		
Wages/salaries	35,833	44,555
Pensions	3,660	3,520
Other social security costs	445	514
	39,938	48,589
Average number of full-time employees	60	59

Total remuneration to Management 2021/22 in DKK'000: 1,399. Comparative figures is not disclosed with reference to section 98b(3)(ii) of the Danish Financial Statements Act.

No remuneration was paid to the Board of Directors during the year.

Notes to the financial statements -

	DKK.000	2021/22	2020/21
5	Financial income Interest receivable, group entities Other financial income	25 85	28 186
		110	214
6	Tax for the year		
Ū	Estimated tax charge for the year	3,463	4,320
	Deferred tax adjustments in the year Tax adjustments, prior years	99 3,476	527 22
		7,038	4,869
			,
7	Profit from discontinued operations		
	Profit from discontinued operations is broken down on main items be	elow:	
	DKK.000	2021/22	2020/21
	Revenue	81,624	0
	Expenses Tax for the year	-77,327 -1,069	0 0
	Profit after tax from discontinued operations	3,228	0
	Assets and liabilities regarding discontinued operations 2021/22		
	DKK,000	2021/22	2020/21
	Inventories	103	0
	Other fixtures and fittings, tools and equipment Cash	46 371	0
	Assets relating to discontinued operations	520	0
	Deferred income	181	0
	Liabilities relating to discontinued operations	181	
	·		
	Net assets relating to discontinued operations	339	0

On 31 March 2022, the Company entered a Business Transfer Agreement regarding the Company's Scientific Solutions Division. Consequently, the Scientific Solutions Division is classified as discontinued operations in the financial year 2021/22. The sale is comleted in 2022/23.

Notes to the financial statements

8 Property, plant and equipment

DKK,000	Other fixtures and fittings, tools and equipment	Leasehold improvements	Total
Cost at 1 April 2021	35,836	929	36,765
Additions in the year	3,185	0	3,185
Disposals on discontinued operations	-399	0	-399
Disposals in the year	4,133	0 .	-4,133
Cost at 31 March 2022	34,489	929	35,418
Impairment losses and depreciation at			
1 April 2021	25,032	639	25,671
Amortisation/depreciation in the year	2,875	. 71	2,946
Reversal of amortisation/depreciation and			
impairment of disposals	-2,733	0	-2,733
Disposals on discontinued operations	-353	0	-353
Impairment losses and depreciation at			
31 March 2022	24,821	710	25,531
Carrying amount at 31 March 2022	9,668	219	9,887
	- Comments and the comments of		

9 Investments

DKK'000	Deposits
Cost at 1 April 2021	1,528
Cost at 31 March 2022	1,528
Carrying amount at 31 March 2022	1,528

10 Deferred tax assets

Defered tax assets primarily relate to temporary differences in respect of property plant and equipment. There are no unrecognised deferred tax assets, and all defered tax assets are expected to be reversed and offset against positive taxable income within the next 3-5 years.

11 Prepayments

Prepayments include accrual of expenses related to subsequent financial years.

	DKK'000	2021/22	2020/21
12	Share capital		
	Analysis of the share capital:		
	2,000 A shares of DKK 1,000.00 nominal value each	2,000	2,000
		2,000	2,000

All shares carry the same voting rights.

The Company's share capital has remained DKK 2,000 thousand over the past 5 years.

Notes to the financial statements

13 Provisions

Provisions comprise warranty commitments of DKK 1,493 thousand. Warranty provisions relate to expected warranty expenses in accordance with usual guarantee commitments applicable to the sale of goods. The obligation is expected to be settled over the warranty period which is two years.

14 Deferred income

Deferred income comprises payments relating to the sale, which will not be recognised as income until in the subsequent financial year once the recognition criteria is satisfied.

	DKK.000	2021/22	2020/21
15	Other payables Other accrued expenses	15,075	15,843
		15,075	15,843
16	Contractual obligations and contingencies, etc.		
	Other financial obligations		
	Other rent and lease liabilities:		
	DKK.000	2021/22	2020/21
	Rent and lease liabilities	8,221	9,508

Rent and lease liabilities include rent obligations totalling DKK 2,702 thousand (2020/21: DKK 4,229 thousand) relating to contracts that are non-cancellable for 15 months and obligations relating to operating leases for cars and IT equipment totalling DKK 5,519 thousand (2020/21: DKK 5,279 thousand) with remaining terms of 1-3 years.

17 Collateral

The Company has not provided any security or other collateral in assets at 31 March 2022.

18 Related parties

Olympus Danmark A/S' related parties comprise the following:

Parties exercising control

Related party	Domicile	Basis for control	
Parent of Olympus Danmark A/S, Olympus Europa SE & Co. KG	Hamburg, Germany	Participating interest	
Parent of Olympus Europa SE & Co. KG, Olympus Europa Holding SE	Hamburg, Germany	Participating interest	
Information about consolidated financia	l statements		
Parent	Domicile	Requisitioning of the parent company's consolidated financial statements	
Parent Company, Olympus Europa SE & Co. KG		https://www.olympus- europa.com/	

Notes to the financial statements

18 Related parties (continued)

Ultimate parent company, Olympus Corporation

The consolidated financial statements may be obtained from the ultimate parent company

Related party transactions

Olympus Danmark A/S was engaged in the below related party transactions:

DKK'000	2021/22	2020/21
Purchase of goods and services from related parties	270,213	258,396
- of this, Parent Company	234,031	224,421
Sale of goods and services to related parties	15,033	7,102
- of this, Parent Company	672	2,196
Financial income	25	. 28
Payables to group entities .	83,656	77,740
Receivables from group entities	84,281	108,479

Olympus Danmark A/S trades products with related parties in the Olympus Group as a normal part of the business.

Information on the remuneration to management

Information on the remuneration to Management appears from note 4, "Staff costs".

	•	11,780	16,969
	Retained earnings	7,930	0
	Proposed dividend recognised under equity	3,850	16,969
19	Appropriation of profit Recommended appropriation of profit		
	DKK'000	2021/22	2020/21