Danrec A/S

Vandværksvej 5, 7470 Karup J

Company reg. no. 16 17 17 00

Annual report

1 January - 31 December 2017



The annual report has been submitted and approved by the general meeting on the 11 April 2018.

Detlev Soppert Chairman of the meeting

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Notes to users of the English version of this document:

[•] To ensure the greatest possible applicability of this document, British English terminology has been used.

[•] Please note that decimal points remain unchanged from the Danish version of the document. This means that for instance DKK 146.940 is the same as the English amount of DKK 146.940, and that 23,5 % is the same as the English 23.5 %.

Management's report

The board of directors and the executive board have today presented the annual report of Danrec A/S for the financial year 1 January to 31 December 2017.

The annual report has been presented in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act.

We consider the accounting policies used appropriate, and in our opinion the annual accounts provide a true and fair view of the company's assets and liabilities and its financial position as on 31 December 2017 and of the company's results of its activities in the financial year 1 January to 31 December 2017.

We are of the opinion that the management's review includes a fair description of the issues dealt with.

The annual report is recommended for approval by the general meeting.

Karup J, 5 April 2018

Executive board

Peter Aarup Dahse Detlev Soppert

Board of directors

Peter Adam Martin Andreas Gruner Karsten Panow

The independent auditor's reports

To the shareholder of Danrec A/S

Report on extended review of the annual accounts

We have performed extended review of the annual accounts of Danrec A/S for the financial year 1 January to 31 December 2017. The annual accounts comprise accounting policies used, profit and loss account, balance sheet and notes, and they are prepared in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act.

The management's responsibility for the annual accounts

The management is responsible for the preparation of annual accounts that give a true and fair view in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act. Furthermore, the management is responsible for such internal control as the management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of annual accounts that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the annual accounts. We performed the extended review in accordance with the standard from the Danish Business Authority applicable on auditor's reports to small enterprises and in accordance with the standard from the Danish Institute of State Authorised Public Accountants applicable on extended review of annual accounts prepared in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act.

This requires that we comply with the Danish Act on Approved Auditors and Audit Firms and with the ethical requirements of the Danish Institute of State Authorised Public Accountants and that we plan and perform our audit procedures with the purpose of achieving moderate assurance as to our opinion on the annual accounts. Furthermore, it requires that we perform particularly required additional procedures with a view to achieving further assurance as to our opinion.

An extended review comprises procedures primarily comprising inquiries to the management and to other persons within the enterprise when appropriate, analytical procedures, and the particularly required additional procedures along with an evaluation of the achieved audit evidence.

The scope of the procedures performed during an extended review is less than in case of an audit, and consequently, we do not express any audit opinion on the annual accounts.

Opinion

Based on the work performed, it is our opinion that the annual accounts give a true and fair view of the company's assets, liabilities and financial position at 31 December 2017 and of the results of the company's operations for the financial year 1 January to 31 December 2017 in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act.

Statement on the management's review

The management is responsible for the management's review.

The independent auditor's reports

Our opinion on the annual accounts does not cover the management's review, and we do not express any

kind of assurance opinion on the management's review.

In connection with our extended review of the annual accounts, our responsibility is to read the management's review and in that connection consider whether the management's review is materially

inconsistent with the annual accounts or our knowledge obtained during the extended review, or whether

it otherwise appears to contain material misstatement.

Furthermore, it is our responsibility to consider whether the management's review provides the

information required under the Danish Financial Statements Act.

Based on the work we have performed, we believe that the management's review is in accordance with

the annual accounts and that it has been prepared in accordance with the requirements of the Danish

Financial Statement Acts. We did not find any material misstatement in the management's review.

Viborg, 5 April 2018

Ullits & Winther

State Authorised Public Accountants Company reg. no. 32 09 32 72

Bo Skårup Sørensen

State Authorised Public Accountant MNE-no 29531

Company data

The company Danrec A/S

Vandværksvej 5 7470 Karup J

Company reg. no. 16 17 17 00 Established: 1 March 1992

Domicile: Viborg Municipality
Financial year: 1 January - 31 December

Board of directors Peter Adam

Martin Andreas Gruner

Karsten Panow

Executive board Peter Aarup Dahse

Detley Soppert

Auditors Ullits & Winther

Statsautoriseret Revisionspartnerselskab

Agerlandsvej 1 8800 Viborg

Parent company DAW Beteiligungs GmbH

Management's review

The principal activities of the company

Like previous years, the principal activity is the treatment of regranulates with output in the shape of finished plates.

Development in activities and financial matters

The profit and loss account covers the period 1 January to 31 December 2017 and shows a result of DKK 2.694.106 against a result of DKK 2.070.445 last year. The balance sheet shows equity of DKK 8.581.417.

The management finds the result satisfactory.

The annual report for Danrec A/S is presented in accordance with those regulations of the Danish Financial Statements Act concerning companies identified as class B enterprises. Furthermore, the company has chosen to comply with some of the rules applying for class C enterprises.

The accounting policies used are unchanged compared to last year, and the annual accounts are presented in Danish kroner (DKK).

Recognition and measurement in general

Income is recognised in the profit and loss account concurrently with its realisation, including the recognition of value adjustments of financial assets and liabilities. Likewise, all costs, these including depreciation, amortisation, writedown, provisions, and reversals which are due to changes in estimated amounts previously recognised in the profit and loss account are recognised in the profit and loss account.

Assets are recognised in the balance sheet when the company is liable to achieve future, financial benefits and the value of the asset can be measured reliably.

Liabilities are recognised in the balance sheet when the company is liable to lose future, financial benefits and the value of the liability can be measured reliably.

At the first recognition, assets and liabilities are measured at cost. Later, assets and liabilities are measured as described below for each individual accounting item.

At recognition and measurement, such predictable losses and risks are taken into consideration, which may appear before the annual report is presented, and which concerns matters existing on the balance sheet date.

Translation of foreign currency

Transactions in foreign currency are translated by using the exchange rate prevailing at the date of the transaction. Differences in the rate of exchange arising between the rate at the date of transaction and the rate at the date of payment are recognised in the profit and loss account as an item under net financials.

The profit and loss account

Gross profit

The gross profit comprises the net turnover, changes in inventories, other operating income, and external costs.

The net turnover is recognised in the profit and loss account if delivery and risk transfer to the buyer have taken place before the end of the year, and if the income can be determined reliably and is expected to be received. The net turnover is recognised exclusive of VAT and taxes and with the deduction of any discounts granted in connection with the sale.

Costs of sales includes costs for the purchase of raw materials and consumables less discounts and changes in inventories.

Other operating income comprise accounting items of secondary nature in proportion to the principal activities of the enterprise, including gains on disposal of intangible and tangible fixed assets.

Other external costs comprise costs for distribution, sales, advertisement, administration, premises, loss on debtors, and operational leasing costs.

Staff costs

Staff costs include salaries and wages including holiday allowances, pensions and other costs for social security etc. for staff members. Staff costs are less public reimbursements.

Depreciation, amortisation and writedown

Depreciation, amortisation and writedown comprise depreciation on, amortisation of and writedown relating to intangible and tangible fixed assets respectively.

Net financials

Net financials comprise interest, realised and unrealised capital gains and losses concerning financial assets and liabilities, additions and reimbursements under the Danish tax prepayment scheme, etc. Financial income and expenses are recognised in the profit and loss account with the amounts that concerns the financial year.

Tax of the results for the year

The tax for the year comprises the current tax for the year and the changes in deferred tax, and it is recognised in the profit and loss account with the share referring to the results for the year.

The balance sheet

Tangible fixed assets

Tangible fixed assets are measured at cost with deduction of accrued depreciation and writedown. Land is not depreciated.

The basis of depreciation is cost with deduction of any expected residual value after the end of the useful life of the asset. The amortisation period and the residual value are determined at the acquisition date and reassessed annually. If the residual value exceeds the book value, the amortisation discontinues.

If the amortisation period or the residual value is changed, the effect on amortisation will in the future be recognised as a change in the accounting estimates.

The cost comprises the acquisition cost and costs directly attached to the acquisition until the time when the asset is ready for use.

Depreciation takes place on a straight line basis and based on an evaluation of the expected useful life:

	Useful life
Buildings	30 years
Technical plants and machinery	3-22 years
Other plants, operating assets, fixtures and furniture	3-6 years

Minor assets with an expected useful life of less than 1 year are recognised as costs in the profit and loss account in the year of acquisition.

Profit or loss deriving from the sales of tangible fixed assets is measured as the difference between the sales price reduced by the selling costs and the book value at the time of the sale. Profit or losses are recognised in the profit and loss account as other operating income or other operating expenses.

Leasing contracts

Payments in connection with operational leasing and other rental agreements are recognised in the profit and loss account over the term of the contract. The company's total liabilities concerning operational leasing and rental agreements are recognised under contingencies etc.

Inventories

Inventories are measured at cost. In case the net realisable value is lower than the cost, writedown takes place at this lower value.

Debtors

Debtors are measured at face value. In order to meet expected losses, writedown takes place at the net realisable value.

Available funds

Available funds comprise cash at bank and in hand.

Equity

Dividend

Dividend expected to be distributed for the year is recognised as a separate item under the equity. Proposed dividend is recognised as a liability at the time of approval by the general meeting (the time of declaration).

Corporate tax and deferred tax

Current tax receivable and tax liabilities are recognised in the balance sheet at the amount calculated on the basis of the expected taxable income for the year adjusted for tax on previous years' taxable income and prepaid taxes. Tax receivable and tax liabilities are set off to the extent that legal right of set-off exists and if the items are expected to be settled net or simultaneously.

Deferred tax is measured on the basis of all temporary differences in assets and liabilities with a balance sheet focus.

Deferred tax assets, including the tax value of tax losses eligible for carry-over, are recognised at the value at which they are expected to be realisable, either by settlement against tax of future earnings or by set-off in deferred tax liabilities within the same legal tax unit.

Deferred tax is measured based on the tax rules and tax rates applying under the legislation on the balance sheet date and prevailing when the deferred tax is expected to be released as current tax.

Liabilities

Liabilities are measured at amortised cost which usually corresponds to the nominal value.

Profit and loss account 1 January - 31 December

All amounts in DKK.

Note	<u>e</u> -	2017	2016
	Gross profit	7.622.059	6.262.455
1	Staff costs	-2.547.862	-2.367.954
	Depreciation and writedown relating to tangible fixed assets	-1.244.279	-861.509
	Results before net financials	3.829.918	3.032.992
	Financial income	19.785	5.049
2	Financial costs	-392.597	-380.596
	Results before tax	3.457.106	2.657.445
3	Tax on ordinary results	-763.000	-587.000
	Results for the year	2.694.106	2.070.445
	Proposed distribution of the results:		
	Dividend for the financial year	3.800.000	0
	Allocated to retained earnings	0	2.070.445
	Allocated from results brought forward	-1.105.894	0
	Distribution in total	2.694.106	2.070.445

Balance sheet 31 December

All amounts in DKK.

Note	<u>e</u> _	2017	2016
	Fixed assets		
4	Land and propterty	5.410.941	5.595.021
4	Production plant and machinery	5.145.369	1.138.607
4	Other plants, operating assets, and fixtures, and furniture	13.758	19.044
4	Tangible assets under construction and prepayments for tangible assets	174.279	282.194
	Tangible fixed assets in total	10.744.347	7.034.866
	Fixed assets in total	10.744.347	7.034.866
	Current assets		
	Raw materials and consumables	981.375	757.008
	Manufactured goods and trade goods	4.477.587	4.884.180
	Inventories in total	5.458.962	5.641.188
	Trade debtors	2.595.129	2.209.329
	Amounts owed by group enterprises	64.883	78.674
	Deferred tax assets	1.914.000	2.677.000
	Other debtors	69.133	66.476
	Debtors in total	4.643.145	5.031.479
	Available funds	1.136.122	951.825
	Current assets in total	11.238.229	11.624.492
	Assets in total	21.982.576	18.659.358

Balance sheet 31 December

All amounts in DKK.

	Equity and liabilities in total	21.982.576	18.659.358
	Liabilities in total	13.401.159	12.772.047
	Short-term liabilities in total	1.851.891	1.682.923
	Other debts	681.907	615.366
	Debt to group enterprises	248.054	134.333
	Trade creditors	921.930	933.224
	Long-term liabilities in total	11.549.268	11.089.124
	Debt to group enterprises	10.608.722	7.160.456
	Subordinate loan capital	940.546	3.928.668
	Liabilities		
	Equity in total	8.581.417	5.887.311
6	Proposed dividend for the financial year	3.800.000	0
5	Retained earnings	4.281.417	5.387.311
	Contributed capital	500.000	500.000
	Equity		
Not	<u>e</u>	2017	2016
	Equity and habitites		

8 Contingencies

Notes

All amounts in DKK.

		2017	2016
1.	Staff costs		
	Salaries and wages	2.067.185	1.903.454
	Pension costs	423.603	408.308
	Other costs for social security	57.074	56.192
		2.547.862	2.367.954
	Average number of employees	6	5
2.	Financial costs		
	Financial costs, group enterprises	392.590	375.993
	Other financial costs	7	4.603
		392.597	380.596
3.	Tax on ordinary results		
	Adjustment for the year of deferred tax	763.000	587.000
		763.000	587.000

5.

6.

All amounts in DKK.

4. Tangible fixed assets

	Land and propterty	Production plant and machinery	Other plants, operating assets, and fixtures, and furniture	Tangible assets under construction and prepayments for tangible assets
Cost primo	5.774.217	13.068.603	1.778.748	282.194
Additions	0	4.779.481	0	174.279
Disposals	0	-1.588.119	0	0
Transfers	0	282.194	0	-282.194
Cost closing balance	5.774.217	16.542.159	1.778.748	174.279
Depreciation and				
writedown primo	179.196	11.929.996	1.759.704	0
Depreciation of the year	184.080	1.054.913	5.286	0
Reversal of amortisation or				
depreciation of assets				
disposed of	0	-1.588.119	0	0
Depreciation and				
writedown closing				
balance	363.276	11.396.790	1.764.990	0
Book value closing				
balance	5.410.941	5.145.369	13.758	174.279
			31/12 2017	31/12 2016
				31/12 2010
Retained earnings				
Retained earnings opening bala	ince		5.387.311	3.316.866
Retained earnings or loss of the	e year		-1.105.894	2.070.445
			4.281.417	5.387.311
Proposed dividend for the fin	ancial year			
Dividend for the financial year			3.800.000	0
			3.800.000	0

All amounts in DKK.

7. Liabilities

	Instalments first year	Outstanding debt after 5 years	Debt in total 31 Dec 2017	Debt in total 31 Dec 2016
Subordinate loan capital Long-term debt to group	0	0	940.546	3.928.668
entreprises	0	0	10.608.722	7.160.457
	0	0	11.549.268	11.089.125

8. Contingencies

Contingent liabilities

The usual guarantee liabilities as to goods and services rest upon the company.