NKT Cables Group A/S

DK-Vibeholms Allé 20 2605 Brøndby

CVR no. 15 51 58 72

Annual Report 2023

The Annual Report was presented and approved at the Company's annual general meeting on 28 June 2024				
DocuSigned by:				
Mark Skriver Melsen				
5DA25B1D2BE148A				
Mark Skriver Nielsen				
Chief Legal Officer				

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Statement by the Board of Directors and the Executive Board

The Board of Directors and the Executive Board have today discussed and approved the Annual Report of NKT Cables Group A/S for the financial year 1 January – 31 December 2023.

The Annual Report has been prepared in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act.

In our opinion, the financial statements give a true and fair view of the Company's assets, liabilities and financial position at 31 December 2023 and of the results of the Company's operations for the financial year 1 January – 31 December 2023.

Further, in our opinion, the Management's review gives a fair review of the development in the Company's activities and financial matters, of the results for the year and of the Company's financial position.

We recommend that the Annual Report be approved at the annual general meeting.

Brøndby, 28 June 2024

Executive Board:

DocuSigned by: Mark Skriver Melsen -5DA25B1D2BE148A...

Mark Skriver Nielsen Chief Legal Officer

DocuSigned by: Line Andrea Fandrup 103CFBC7A10140B

Line Andrea Fandrup Chief Financial Officer

Board of Directors:



Claes Erik Svend Westerlind Chairman

DocuSigned by: D5E202DFD16A4E2... Anders Steffen Jensen



Independent auditor's report

To the Shareholders of NKT Cables Group A/S

Opinion

In our opinion, the Financial Statements give a true and fair view of the financial position of the Company at 31 December 2023, and of the results of the Company's operations for the financial year 1 January - 31 December 2023 in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act.

We have audited the Financial Statements of NKT Cables Group A/S for the financial year 1 January - 31 December 2023, which comprise income statement, balance sheet, statement of changes in equity and notes, including a summary of significant accounting policies ("financial statements").

Basis for opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing (ISAs) and the additional requirements applicable in Denmark. Our responsibilities under those standards and requirements are further described in the *Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements* section of our report. We are independent of the Company in accordance with the International Ethics Standards Board for Accountants' International Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants (IESBA Code) and the additional ethical requirements applicable in Denmark, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements and the IESBA Code. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Statement on Management's Review

Management is responsible for Management's Review.

Our opinion on the financial statements does not cover Management's Review, and we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the financial statements, our responsibility is to read Management's Review and, in doing so, consider whether Management's Review is materially inconsistent with the financial statements or our knowledge obtained during the audit, or otherwise appears to be materially misstated.

Moreover, it is our responsibility to consider whether Management's Review provides the information required under the Danish Financial Statements Act.

Based on the work we have performed, in our view, Management's Review is in accordance with the Financial Statements and has been prepared in accordance with the requirements of the Danish Financial Statements Act. We did not identify any material misstatement in Management's Review.

Management's Responsibilities for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation of Financial Statements that give a true and fair view in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act, and for such internal control as Management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, Management is responsible for assessing the Company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting in preparing the financial statements unless Management either intends to liquidate the Company or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

Independent auditor's report

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs and the additional requirements applicable in Denmark will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

As part of an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs and the additional requirements applicable in Denmark, we exercise professional judgement and maintain professional scepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud
 or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that
 is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material
 misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error as fraud may involve
 collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Company's internal control.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by Management.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of Management's use of the going concern basis of accounting in preparing the financial statements and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Company's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Company to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and contents of the financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that gives a true and fair view.

We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

Copenhagen, 28 June 2024 **PricewaterhouseCoopers** Statsautoriseret Revisionspartnerselskab CVR No 33 77 12 31



Søren Ørjan Jensen State Authorised Public Accountant mne33226



Management's review

Company details

NKT Cables Group A/S Vibeholms Allé 20 2605 Brøndby Denmark

Telephone: Fax: Website: E-mail: +45 4348 2000 +45 4396 1820 www.nktcables.com nktcables@nktcables.com

CVR no.: Established: Registered office: Financial year:

15 51 58 72 1 October 1991 Brøndby 1 January – 31 December

Board of Directors

Claes Erik Svend Westerlind, Chairman Anders Steffen Jensen Line Andrea Fandrup

Executive Board

Mark Skriver Nielsen, Chief Legal Officer Line Andrea Fandrup, Chief Financial Officer

Auditor

PricewaterhouseCoopers Statsautoriseret Revisionspartnerselskab Strandvejen 44 2900 Hellerup CVR no. 33 77 31 88

Management's review

Financial highlights

EUR'000	2023	2022	2021	2020	2019
Key figures					
Gross profit Operating profit/loss Net loss from financial income and expenses Loss for the year	27,549 3,946 -42,188 -29,986	19,375 -25 -18,643 -14,494	15,648 -4,839 -17,986 -17,033	9,622 -10,212 -16,032 -21,043	12,017 -7,122 -4,000 -8,695
Total assets Equity Investment in property, plant and equipment	1,237,894 115,181 921	1,079,231 142,772 0	1,172,922 153,885 0	526,960 169,390 0	774,504 190,433 7
Ratios Return on invested capital Current ratio Return on equity	0.32% 3.42% -23.25%	0.00% 3.83% -9.77%	-0.41% 25.42% -10.54%	-1.60% -20.40% -11.70%	-0.92% 2.91% -4.46%

The financial ratios have been calculated as follows:

Return on invested capital

Current ratio

Operating profit/loss

Total assets

Current assets

Current liabilities

Return on equity

Profit/loss from ordinary activities after tax

Average equity

Management's review

Operating review

Principal activities

NKT Cables Group A/S serves as holding company for the Group's activities and undertakes the tasks related thereto.

Uncertainty regarding recognition and measurement

There has been no uncertainty in recognition and measurement in the Annual Report.

Unusual circumstances

The Company's assets, liabilities and financial position at 31 December 2023 as well as the results of the Company's activities and cash flows for the year 2023 have not been affected by any unusual events.

Events after the balance sheet date

No events have occurred after the balance sheet date to this date which would influence the evaluation of this Annual Report.

Development in activities and financial position

The Company's income statement for 2023 shows a loss of EUR 29,986 thousand against EUR 14,494 thousand in 2022. Equity in the Company's balance sheet at 31 December 2023 was EUR 115,181 thousand against EUR 142,772 thousand at 31 December 2022. As expected, the result in 2023 was lower than the result in 2022, due to increased interest expenses.

Outlook

Management expects a result between a loss of EUR 10,500 - 11,900 thousand for 2024.

As the transition to renewable energy gains pace globally, NKT expects the need for reliable high quality power transmission systems to continue increasing. Several countries both inside and outside Europe have launched carbon reduction initiatives, including introducing more offshore wind into the power mix. Entering 2024, progress continues on several tenders across market segments and geographies.

While the timing of future project awards is subject to uncertainty, particularly in the interconnector market, the prospective order awards are expected to continuously improve the supply and demand situation for power cable manufacturers in the years ahead.

Management recognizes the critical importance of maintaining adequate capital resources to support the Company's ongoing operations, investments, and growth initiatives. The availability of sufficient capital ensures the Company's ability to meet financial obligations, pursue strategic opportunities, and maintain a healthy financial position.

To support the capital resources of the Company, the parent company, NKT A/S, has provided a letter of support covering the period until 30th of June 2025. In the letter of support, NKT A/S states that it will make the necessary liquidity available for NKT Cables Group A/S, to allow for the Company to settle its liabilities as they fall due and continue as a going concern for the foreseeable future.

Management's review

Operating review

Intellectual capital

It is essential for NKT Cables Group A/S' continued growth to retain and develop employees; therefore, significant resources are allocated to these efforts. To ensure competitiveness and efficiency, new technology investments are made continuously alongside continued competence development.

Environmental matters

The company is committed to supporting the environment through sustainable business processes rooted in the business code of conduct. In 2023, the corporate sustainability journey continued with initiatives minimizing the environmental impact of its operations, driving a safety culture and promoting diversity and inclusion.

Financial instruments

The Company's goals and policies for management of financial risks

The goal for risk management is to identify, assess and prioritize risks followed by suitable reactions that mitigate, reduce or control the impact of unfortunate events. At NKT Cables Group A/S, risk management is a value-adding tool to raise awareness of risks and to focus on steering the business in the best way on a day-to-day basis and in line with strategy.

At NKT Cables Group A/S, the main revenue streams originate from separate markets with independent market dynamics. This provides a natural risk diversification. The Projects segment – driven by major infrastructure developments – is to a large extent decoupled from the short-term developments of the general economy, whereas sales in the Product segment is closely linked to cyclical construction activities.

Income statement

EUR'000	Note	2023	2022
Gross profit		27,549	19,375
Staff costs Depreciation, amortisation and impairment losses	2	-23,183 -420	-18,970 -430
Operating profit/loss		3,946	-25
Financial income Financial expenses	3 4	5,050 -47,238	10,659 -29,302
Loss before tax		-38,242	-18,668
Tax on loss for the year		8,256	4,174
Loss for the year	5	-29,986	-14,494

Balance sheet

EUR'000	Note	31/12/2023	31/12/2022
ASSETS Fixed assets Intangible assets Trademarks Software Intangible assets under construction	6	 14 186 46	23 485 0
		246	508
Property, plant and equipment Land and buildings Fixtures and fittings, tools and equipment Property, plant and equipment under construction	7	247 95 921	308 146 0
		1,263	454
Investments Equity investments in group entities	8	1,206,643	1,052,121
Total fixed assets		1,208,152	1,053,083
Current assets Receivables Trade receivables Receivables from group entities Other receivables Deferred tax asset Corporation tax Prepayments	9 10	0 15,018 261 2,565 8,867 3,031 29,742	12 7,889 1,859 1,556 13,074 1,758 26,148
Total current assets		29,742	26,148
TOTAL ASSETS		1,237,894	1,079,231

Balance sheet

EUR'000	Note	31/12/2023	31/12/2022
EQUITY AND LIABILITIES Equity Contributed capital Reserves for development costs Retained earnings Total equity		26,939 36 88,206 115,181	26,939 0 115,833 142,772
Liabilities Non-current liabilities Payables to group entities	11	253,000 253,000	253,000 253,000
Current liabilities Payables to credit institutions Trade payables Payables to group entities Other payables	11	27,069 4,784 833,518 4,342 869,713	8,351 3,323 667,037 4,748 683,459
Total liabilities		1,122,713	936,459

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Statement of changes in equity

EUR'000	Contributed capital	Reserve for development costs	Retained earnings	Total
Equity at 1 January 2023	26,939	0	115,833	142,772
Transferred over the distribution of loss	0	0	-29,986	-29,986
Transfer, reserves	0	36	-36	0
Other equity movements	0	0	2,395	2,395
Equity at 31 December 2023	26,939	36	88,206	115,181

Notes to the financial statements

1 Accounting policies

The Annual Report of NKT Cables Group A/S for 2023 has been prepared in accordance with the provisions applying to reporting class C medium-sized entities under the Danish Financial Statements Act.

The accounting policies used in the preparation of the financial statements are consistent with those of last year.

The financial statements are presented in EUR'000.

Omission of consolidated financial statements

Pursuant to section 112(1) of the Danish Financial Statements Act, no consolidated financial statements have been prepared. The financial statements of NKT Cables Group A/S and group entities are included in the consolidated financial statements of NKT A/S, Vibeholms Allé 20, 2605 Brøndby, CVR no. 62 72 52 14.

Omission of cash flow statement

Pursuant to section 86(4) of the Danish Financial Statements Act, no cash flow statement has been prepared. The Company's cash flows are included in the cash flow statement in the consolidated financial statements of NKT A/S.

Recognition and measurement

Assets are recognised in the balance sheet when it is probable as a result of a prior event that future economic benefits will flow to the Company, and the value of the asset can be measured reliably.

Liabilities are recognised in the balance sheet when the Company has a legal or constructive obligation as a result of a prior event, and it is probable that future economic benefits will flow out of the Company, and the value of the liability can be measured reliably.

On initial recognition, assets and liabilities are measured at cost. Measurement subsequent to initial recognition is effected as described below for each financial statement item.

Anticipated risks and losses that arise before the time of presentation of the Annual Report and that confirm or invalidate affairs and conditions existing at the balance sheet date are considered at recognition and measurement.

Income is recognised in the income statement when earned, whereas costs are recognised by the amounts attributable to this financial year.

Foreign currency translation

On initial recognition, foreign currency transactions are translated applying the exchange rate at the transaction date. Differences arising between the rates of exchange on the transaction date and on the date of payment are recognised in the income statement as financial items.

Receivables, payables and other monetary items denominated in foreign currencies that have not been settled at the balance sheet date are translated using the exchange rate at the balance sheet date. Exchange differences that arise between the rate at the transaction and the one in effect at the payment date, or the rate at the balance sheet date are recognised in the income statement as financial income or financial expenses. Fixed assets acquired in foreign currencies are translated at the exchange rate at the transaction date.

Financial statements 1 January – 31 December

Notes to the financial statements

1 Accounting policies (continued)

Income statement

Gross profit

The items other operating income and external expenses have been aggregated into one item in the income statement called gross profit in accordance with section 32 of the Danish Financial Statements Act.

Other operating income

Other operating income comprises items secondary to the entity's activities, including gains on disposal of intangible assets and items of property, plant and equipment.

Other external expenses

Other external expenses include the year's expenses relating to the Company's core activities, including expenses relating to distribution, sale, advertising. administration, premises, bad debts, payments under operating leases, etc.

Staff costs

Staff costs comprise salaries and wages as well as social security contributions, pension contributions, etc. for the Company's staff.

Depreciation, amortisation and impairment losses

Depreciation, amortisation and impairment losses comprise amortisation of intangible assets, depreciation of property, plant and equipment, and impairment charges of fixed assets for the year.

Financial income

Financial income comprises dividends, etc. received from other investments, interest income, including interest income from receivables from group entities, currency gains as well as tax relief under the Danish on-account tax scheme, etc.

Financial expenses

Financial expenses comprise interest expenses, including interest expenses from payables to group entities, currency losses as well as tax surcharges under the Danish on–account tax scheme, etc.

Income taxes

The Company is covered by the Danish regulations on compulsory joint taxation of the NKT Group's Danish companies.

The Parent Company, NKT A/S, serves as the administrative company in a joint taxation arrangement and consequently settles all payments of corporate income tax with the tax authorities.

The current Danish income tax is shared between the jointly taxed companies in proportion to their taxable incomes. Companies with tax losses receive joint contributions from companies that have been able to use these losses to reduce their own taxable incomes.

Tax for the year, which consists of current tax for the year and changes in deferred tax, is recognised in the income statement by the portion attributable to the profit for the year and recognised directly in equity by the portion attributable to entries directly in equity.

Financial statements 1 January – 31 December

Notes to the financial statements

1 Accounting policies (continued)

Balance sheet

Intangible assets

On initial recognition, intangible assets are measured at cost.

Intangible assets includes software and are measured at cost less accumulated amortisation and impairment losses.

Intangible assets are amortised on a straight-line basis over the expected useful life which is:

Software	5 years
Trademarks	5 years

The useful life and residual value are reassessed annually with a scrap value of 0. Changes are treated as accounting estimates, and the effect on amortisation is recognised prospectively.

On completion of development of software, the software are amortised on a straight-line basis over their estimated useful life from the date the asset is available for use. The basis of amortisation is reduced by impairment losses.

Property, plant and equipment

Land and buildings and fixtures and fittings, tools and equipment are measured at cost less accumulated depreciation and impairment losses.

Cost comprises the purchase price and any costs directly attributable to the acquisition until the date on which the asset is available for use.

Where individual components of an item of property, plant and equipment have different useful lives, they are accounted for as separate items, which are depreciated separately.

The basis of depreciation is cost less any projected residual value after the end of the useful life with a scrap value of 0. Depreciation is provided on a straight-line basis over the estimated useful life. The estimated useful lives are as follows:

Buildings	10-25 years
Fixtures and fittings, tools and equipment	4-8 years

The useful life and residual value are reassessed annually. Changes are treated as accounting estimates, and the effect on depreciation is recognised prospectively.

Land is not depreciated.

Depreciation is recognised in the income statement as depreciation, amortisation and impairment losses.

Gains and losses on the disposal of property, plant and equipment are stated as the difference between the selling price less selling costs and the carrying amount at the date of disposal. Gains and losses are recognised in the income statement as other operating income or other operating costs, respectively.

Financial statements 1 January – 31 December

Notes to the financial statements

1 Accounting policies (continued)

Investments in group entities

Investments in group entities are measured at cost and are written down to the lower of recoverable amount and carrying amount.

Impairment of fixed assets

The carrying amount of intangible assets and property, plant and equipment as well as equity investments in group entities is subject to an annual test for indications of impairment other than the decrease in value reflected by depreciation or amortisation. Impairment tests are conducted of individual assets or groups of assets when there is an indication that they may be impaired. Write-down is made to the recoverable amount if this is lower than the carrying amount. The recoverable amount is the higher of an asset's net selling price and its value in use. The value in use is determined as the present value of the forecast net cash flows from the use of the asset or the group of assets, including forecast net cash flows from the disposal of the asset or the group of assets after the end of the useful life.

Receivables

Receivables, which comprise trade receivables, receivables from group entities and other receivables, are measured at amortized cost less write-down for bad and dubious debts. An impairment loss is recognized if there is objective evidence that a receivable or a group of receivables is impaired. If there is objective evidence that an individual receivable has been impaired, an impairment loss is recognized on an individual basis.

Deferred tax

Deferred tax is measured according to the balance-sheet liability method on all temporary differences between the carrying amount and the tax base of assets and liabilities. Where alternative taxation rules can be applied to determine the tax base, deferred tax is measured according to Management's intended use of the asset or settlement of the liability, respectively.

Deferred tax assets, including the tax base of tax loss allowed for carry forward, are recognized under other non-current assets at the expected value of their utilisation, either as a set-off against tax on future income or by set-off against deferred tax liabilities in the same legal tax entity and jurisdiction.

Deferred tax is adjusted for elimination of unrealized intragroup profits and losses.

Deferred tax is measured according to the taxation rules and taxation rates in the respective countries applicable at the balance sheet date when the deferred tax is expected to crystallize as current tax.

Income tax payable or receivable

Current tax payable or receivable is recognised in the balance sheet, stated as tax calculated on this year's taxable income, adjusted for prepaid tax.

Prepayments

Prepayments comprise prepayment of costs incurred relating to subsequent financial years.

Cash at bank and in hand:

Cash and cash equivalents comprise cash.

Financial statements 1 January – 31 December

Notes to the financial statements

1 Accounting policies (continued)

Other financial liabilities

Other financial liabilities are measured at amortised cost, which usually correspond to nominal value.

Notes to the financial statements

2 Staff costs

EUR'000	2023	2022
Wages and salaries Pensions Other social security costs	21,618 1,475 90	17,544 1,331 95
	23,183	18,970
Average number of full-time employees	95	83

Staff costs of the Company include wages and salaries of the Parent Company's Executive Board of EUR 756 thousand (2022: EUR 720 thousand).

3 Financial income

EUR'000	2023	2022
Value adjustments of financial assets Other financial income	4,117 933	0 10,659
	5,050	10,659

4 Financial expenses

EUR'000	2023	2022
Interest expense to group entities Other financial costs	46,812 426	29,214 88
	47,238	29,302

5 Proposed distribution of loss

EUR'000	2023	2022
Retained earnings	-29,986	-14,494

Notes to the financial statements

6 Intangible assets

EUR'000	Trademarks	Software	Intangible assets under construction	Total
Cost at 1 January 2023 Additions	46 0	1,546 0	0 46	1,592 46
Cost at 31 December 2023	46	1,546	46	1,638
Amortisation and impairment losses at 1 January 2023	-23	-1,061	0	-1,084
Amortisation for the year	-9	-299	0	-308
Amortisation and impairment losses at 31 December 2023	-32	-1,360	0	-1,392
Carrying amount at 31 December 2023	14	186	46	246

Property, plant and equipment EUR'000 7

EUR'000	Land and buildings	Fixtures and fittings, tools and equipment	Property, plant and equipment under construction	Total
Cost at 1 January 2023	605	413	0	1,018
Additions	0	0	921	921
Cost at 31 December 2023	605	413	921	1,939
Depreciation and Impairment losses at 1 January				
2023	-297	-267	0	-564
Depreciation for the year	-61	-51	0	-112
Depreciation and Impairment losses at 31				
December 2023	-358	-318	0	-676
Carrying amount at 31 December 2023	247	95	921	1,263

Notes to the financial statements

8 Investments

EUR'000			

	in group entities
Cost at 1 January 2023 Additions Value adjustments	1,052,121 150,405 4,117
Cost at 31 December 2023	1,206,643
Carrying amount at 31 December 2023	1,206,643

Name/legal form Subsidiaries:	Registered office	Voting rights and ownership interest	Equity 	Profit/loss for the year EUR'000
			LONOUU	LOICOUD
NKT (Denmark) A/S NKT S.A.	Denmark Poland	100% 100%	64,134 35,439	5,026 965
NKT Group GmbH	Germany	100%	545,442	11,816
NKT S.R.O.	Czech			
	Republic	100%	21,391	9,869
NKT (Iberica) S.L.	Spain	100%	367	10
NKT Pty Ltd.	Australia	100%	7,004	1,397
NKT Lithuania UAB	Lithuania	100%	1,089	290
NKT HV Cables AB	Sweden	100%	207,394	40,591
NKT Inc.	USA	100%	1,533	863
NKT (Sweden) AB	Sweden	100%	2,115	-4,792
NKT AS	Norway	100%	6,702	696
NKT HVC AS	Norway	100%	65,003	2,688
NKT HVC B.V.	Netherlands	100%	1,726	685
NKT HV Cables GmbH	Switzerland	100%	1,524	40
NKT HVC Ltd.	UK	100%	-645	-874
NKT Operations India Private Limited	India	99.99%	41,724	28,854
			1,001,942	98,124

In enterprises subject to audit, the figures presented above are based on the latest published audited statutory financial statements. For entities not subject to audit, the figures are stated in accordance with IFRS and are derived from internal reporting.

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Equity investments

Financial statements 1 January – 31 December

Notes to the financial statements

9 **Deferred tax assets**

EUR'000	2023	2022
Deferred tax at 1 January 2023 Deferred tax adjustment for the year in the income statement Deferred tax adjustment concerning previous years	1,556 896 113	10,456 -9,231
	2,565	1,556

10 Prepayments

For both 2023 and 2022, the figures relate to prepaid costs.

11 Payables to group entities

The figures include cash pool of EUR 808,471 thousand for 2023 and EUR 589,017 thousand for 2022. Non-current part of payables to group entities relates to loan of EUR 253,000 thousand to NKT A/S.

12 Contractual obligations, contingencies, etc.

Guarantee Commitments and Contingent liabilities

In November 2021, the Parent Company of NKT Cables Group A/S, NKT A/S, entered into a revolving credit facility by which NKT Cables Group A/S became Original Guarantor. The agreement serves to provide a multi-currency revolving loan facility for the NKT Group, and is entered into with Danske Bank A/S, Nordea Danmark (filial of Nordea Bank Abp, Finland), Nykredit Bank A/S, Commerzbank AG and Skandinaviska Enskilda Banken AB.

Contingent liabilities

The Company is jointly registered for VAT with NKT (Denmark) A/S, NKT Photonics A/S and NKT A/S and is jointly liable for VAT liabilities.

The Company participates in a Danish joint taxation arrangement in which NKT A/S serves as the administration company. According to the joint taxation provisions of the Danish Corporation Tax Act, the Company is therefore liable, from the financial year 2013, for income taxes, etc. of the jointly taxed entities and from 1 July 2012 for obligations, if any, relating to the withholding of tax on interest, royalties and dividends for the jointly taxed entities. The total known net liability of the jointly taxed entities under the joint taxation arrangement is evident from the administration company's financial statements.

Financial statements 1 January – 31 December

Notes to the financial statements

12 Contractual obligations, contingencies, etc. (continued)

Operating lease obligations

EUR'000	2023	2022	
Rental obligations related to rent, IT equipment, cars and office building		113	99

13 Related party disclosures

NKT Cables Group A/S' related parties comprise the following:

Control

NKT A/S, Vibeholms Allé 20, 2605 Brøndby.

NKT A/S holds the majority of the contributed capital in the Company.

NKT Cables Group A/S is part of the consolidated financial statements of NKT A/S, Vibeholms Allé 20, 2605 Brøndby, CVR no. 62 72 52 14.

Related party transactions

Intercompany transactions consists of other operating income of EUR 73,378 thousand (2022: EUR 49,080 thousand) and other operating expenses of EUR 27,550 thousand (2022: EUR 18,184 thousand). All other Intercompany transactions and balances have been specified in the income statement, balance sheet as well as Note 3, 4, 8 and 11.

14 Fees paid to auditors appointed at the annual general meeting

In pursuance of Section 96(3) of the Danish Financial Statements Act, the company has omitted providing information on audit fees as the company is fully consolidated in NKT A/S's consolidated financial statements, in which the audit fees for the Group as a whole are disclosed.

15 Disclosure of events after the balance sheet date

No significant event has occurred after the end of the financial year.