# EDF EN Denmark A/S

c/o Pricewaterhouse Coopers, Jens Chr. Skous Vej<br/>  $1,\,\mathrm{DK}\text{-}8000$  Aarhus C

# Annual Report for 2021

CVR No. 15 50 35 72

The Annual Report was presented and adopted at the Annual General Meeting of the company on 5/7 2022

Michel Benoit Chairman of the general meeting

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## **Management's statement**

The Executive Board and Board of Directors have today considered and adopted the Financial Statements of EDF EN Denmark A/S for the financial year 1 January - 31 December 2021.

The Annual Report is prepared in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act.

In our opinion the Financial Statements give a true and fair view of the financial position at 31 December 2021 of the Company and of the results of the Company operations for 2021.

In our opinion, Management's Review includes a true and fair account of the matters addressed in the Review.

We recommend that the Financial Statements be adopted at the Annual General Meeting.

Aarhus, 5 July 2022

#### **Executive Board**

Cédric Le Bousse Manager

### **Board of Directors**

Frédéric Belloy Chairman Cédric Le Bousse

Stéphane Bernard Debruyne

## **Independent Auditor's report**

To the shareholder of EDF EN Denmark A/S

### **Opinion**

We have audited the Financial Statements of EDF EN Denmark A/S for the financial year 1 January - 31 December 2021, which comprise income statement, balance sheet, statement of changes in equity and notes, including a summary of significant accounting policies. The Financial Statements are prepared in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act.

In our opinion, the Financial Statements give a true and fair view of the financial position of the Company at 31 December 2021 and of the results of the Company's operations for the financial year 1 January - 31 December 2021 in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act.

### **Basis for Opinion**

We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing (ISAs) and the additional requirements applicable in Denmark. Our responsibilities under those standards and requirements are further described in the "Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the Financial Statements" section of our report. We are independent of the Company in accordance with the International Ethics Standards Board for Accountants' International Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants (IESBA Code) and the additional ethical requirements applicable in Denmark, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements and the IESBA Code. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

### Management's responsibilities for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation of financial statements that give a true and fair view in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act, and for such internal control as Management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the Financial Statements, Management is responsible for assessing the Company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting in preparing the Financial Statements unless Management either intends to liquidate the Company or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

### Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the Financial Statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs and the additional requirements applicable in Denmark will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these Financial Statements.

As part of an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs and the additional requirements applicable in Denmark, we exercise professional judgement and maintain professional scepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the Financial Statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Company's internal control.

## **Independent Auditor's report**

- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by Management.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of Management's use of the going concern basis of accounting in preparing the Financial Statements and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Company's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the Financial Statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Company to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and contents of the Financial Statements, including the disclosures, and whether the Financial Statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that gives a true and fair view.

We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

## Statement on Management's Review

Management is responsible for Management's Review.

Our opinion on the Financial Statements does not cover Management's Review, and we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the Financial Statements, our responsibility is to read Management's Review and, in doing so, consider whether Management's Review is materially inconsistent with the Financial Statements or our knowledge obtained during the audit, or otherwise appears to be materially misstated.

Moreover, it is our responsibility to consider whether Management's Review provides the information required under the Danish Financial Statements Act.

Based on the work we have performed, in our view, Management's Review is in accordance with the Financial Statements and has been prepared in accordance with the requirements of the Danish Financial Statements Act. We did not identify any material misstatement in Management's Review.

Aarhus, 5 July 2022

KPMG, Statsautoriseret Revisionspartnerselskab Statsautoriseret Revisionspartnerselskab CVR No 25578198

Katrine Gybel State Authorised Public Accountant mne45848

# **Company information**

The Company EDF EN Denmark A/S

c/o PricewaterhouseCoopers Jens Chr. Skous Vej 1 DK-8000 Aarhus C

CVR No: 15 50 35 72

Financial period: 1 January - 31 December

Municipality of reg. office: Aarhus

**Board of Directors** Frédéric Belloy, Chairman

Cédric Le Bousse Stéphane Bernard Debruyne

**Executive board** Cédric Le Bousse

**Auditors** KPMG, Statsautoriseret Revisionspartnerselskab

> Frederiks Plads 42 8000 Aarhus C

## Management's review

### **Key activities**

The object of the Company is the ownership as well as the administration, management, service and project development of energy projects in Denmark and abroad. The object may also be realised through wholly or partly owned subsidiaries in Denmark and abroad.

### Development in the year

The income statement of the Company for 2021 shows a loss of DKK 1,400,458, and at 31 December 2021 the balance sheet of the Company shows negative equity of DKK 7,120,322.

During the financial year, the Company's result is negatively affected by negative result from investment in subsidiaries. The subsidiary's test wind turbine has been dismantled and operations has ceased.

At the end of 2021 the Company has lost more than half of its equity. The equity is expected to be restored through debt conversions and future earnings.

The ultimate Parent Company has provided a letter of support to EDF EN Denmark A/S and EDF EN Österild ApS effective until 31 December 2022, comprising existing balances as well as additional liquidity requirements with a cap of DKK 15 million.

Based on this, it is Management's assessment that the Company is going concern.

#### **Subsequent events**

No events materially affecting the assessment of the Annual Report have occurred after the balance sheet date.

# **Income statement 1 January - 31 December**

	Note	2021	2020
		DKK	DKK
Other external expenses		-933,815	-383,693
Gross loss	-	-933,815	-383,693
Income from investments in subsidiaries	1	-1,060,445	13,843,954
Financial income	2	1,140,329	1,515,287
Financial expenses	3	-546,527	-1,029,103
Profit/loss before tax		-1,400,458	13,946,445
Tax on profit/loss for the year		0	0
Net profit/loss for the year	-	-1,400,458	13,946,445
Distribution of profit			
		2021	2020
	-	DKK	DKK
Proposed distribution of profit			
Retained earnings		-1,400,458	13,946,445
	-	-1,400,458	13,946,445

# **Balance sheet 31 December**

## Assets

	Note	2021	2020
		DKK	DKK
Investments in subsidiaries	4	0	0
Other investments	5	144,892	144,892
Fixed asset investments		144,892	144,892
Fixed assets		144,892	144,892
Receivables from group enterprises		10,382,214	34,886,464
Other receivables		0	893
Receivables		10,382,214	34,887,357
Cash at bank and in hand		494,350	1,212,780
Current assets		10,876,564	36,100,137
Assets		11,021,456	36,245,029

# **Balance sheet 31 December**

# Liabilities and equity

	Note	2021	2020
		DKK	DKK
Share capital	6	4,700,000	4,700,000
Retained earnings		-11,820,322	-10,419,865
Equity		-7,120,322	-5,719,865
Trade payables		0	198,909
Payables to group enterprises		17,821,604	41,765,985
Other payables		320,174	0
Short-term debt		18,141,778	41,964,894
Debt		18,141,778	41,964,894
Liabilities and equity		11,021,456	36,245,029
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# Statement of changes in equity

	Share capital	Retained earnings	Total
	DKK	DKK	DKK
Equity at 1 January	4,700,000	-10,419,864	-5,719,864
Net profit/loss for the year	0	-1,400,458	-1,400,458
Equity at 31 December	4,700,000	-11,820,322	-7,120,322

	2021	2020
	DKK	DKK
1. Income from investments in subsidiaries		
Share of profits of subsidiaries	-1,060,445	13,843,954
	-1,060,445	13,843,954
	2021	2020
	DKK	DKK
2. Financial income		
Interest received from group enterprises	1,073,449	1,475,496
Other financial income	66,880	39,200
Exchange adjustments	0	591
	1,140,329	1,515,287
	2021	2020
	DKK	DKK
3. Financial expenses		
Interest paid to group enterprises	525,588	1,016,473
Other financial expenses	20,939	12,630
	546,527	1,029,103

				2021	2020
				DKK	DKK
4. Investments in su	ıbsidiaries				
Cost at 1 January				80,000	80,000
Cost at 31 December				80,000	80,000
Value adjustments at 1 January			-34,043,073	-47,887,027	
Net profit/loss for the year			-1,060,445	13,843,954	
Value adjustments at 31 December			-35,103,518	-34,043,073	
Equity investments with negative net asset value amortised over receivables				35,023,518	33,963,073
Carrying amount at 31 December			0	0	
Investments in subsidiaries are specified as follows:					
Name	Place of registered office	Share capital	Ownership and Votes	Equity	Net profit/loss for the year
EDF EN Osterild ApS	Denmark	80.000	100%	-35,023,518	-1,060,445

## 5. Other fixed asset investments

	Other investments
	DKK
Cost at 1 January	144,892
Cost at 31 December	144,892
Carrying amount at 31 December	144,892

## 6. Share capital

At the end of 2021 the Company has lost more than half of its equity. The equity is expected to be restored through debt conversion and future earnings.

The ultimate parent company has provided a letter of support to EDF EN Denmark A/S and EDF EN Osterild ApS effective until 31 December 2022, comprising existing balances as well as additional liquidity requirements with a cap of DKK 15 million.

## 7. Related parties and disclosure of consolidated financial statements

## **Consolidated Financial Statements**

The following shareholder is recorded in the Company's register of shareholders as holding at least 5% of the votes or at least 5% of the share capital:

EDF Renouvelables S.A., France

The Company is included in the consolidated Annual Report of the Parent Company.

Name Place of registered office
Electricité de France S.A. Paris, France

EDF EN Denmark A/S is part of the consolidated financial statements of Electricité de France S.A., which is the smallest group in which the company is included as a subsidiary and may be obtained at the following address:

Electricité de France S.A. 22-30, avenue de Wagram 75008 Paris France

## 8. Accounting policies

The Annual Report of EDF EN Denmark A/S for 2021 has been prepared in accordance with the provisions of the Danish Financial Statements Act applying to enterprises of reporting class B as well as selected rules applying to reporting class C.

The accounting policies applied remain unchanged from last year.

The Financial Statements for 2021 are presented in DKK.

#### Consolidated financial statements

With reference to section 110 of the Danish Financial Statements Act, no consolidated financial statements are prepared.

#### **Recognition and measurement**

Revenues are recognised in the income statement as earned. Furthermore, value adjustments of financial assets and liabilities measured at fair value or amortised cost are recognised. Moreover, all expenses incurred to achieve the earnings for the year are recognised in the income statement, including depreciation, amortisation, impairment losses and provisions as well as reversals due to changed accounting estimates of amounts that have previously been recognised in the income statement.

Assets are recognised in the balance sheet when it is probable that future economic benefits attributable to the asset will flow to the Company, and the value of the asset can be measured reliably.

Liabilities are recognised in the balance sheet when it is probable that future economic benefits will flow out of the Company, and the value of the liability can be measured reliably.

Assets and liabilities are initially measured at cost. Subsequently, assets and liabilities are measured as described for each item below.

## **Translation policies**

Danish kroner is used as the presentation currency. All other currencies are regarded as foreign currencies.

Transactions in foreign currencies are translated at the exchange rates at the dates of transaction. Exchange differences arising due to differences between the transaction date rates and the rates at the dates of payment are recognised in financial income and expenses in the income statement. Where foreign exchange transactions are considered hedging of future cash flows, the value adjustments are recognised directly in equity.

Receivables, payables and other monetary items in foreign currencies that have not been settled at the balance sheet date are translated at the exchange rates at the balance sheet date. Any differences between the exchange rates at the balance sheet date and the rates at the time when the receivable or the debt arose are recognised in financial income and expenses in the income statement.

Fixed assets acquired in foreign currencies are measured at the transaction date rates.

## **Income statement**

#### Other external expenses

Other external expenses comprise expenses for premises, sales and as well as office expenses, etc.

### **Gross loss**

With reference to section 32 of the Danish Financial Statements Act, gross profit/loss comprises and other external expenses.

#### Income from investments in subsidiaries

The item "Income from investments in subsidiaries" in the income statement includes the proportionate share of the profit for the year.

### Financial income and expenses

Financial income and expenses are recognised in the income statement at the amounts relating to the financial year.

### Tax on profit/loss for the year

Tax for the year consists of current tax for the year and changes in deferred tax for the year. The tax attributable to the profit for the year is recognised in the income statement, whereas the tax attributable to equity transactions is recognised directly in equity.

The Company is jointly taxed with . The tax effect of the joint taxation is allocated to Danish enterprises in proportion to their taxable incomes.

## **Balance sheet**

#### Investments in subsidiaries

Investments in subsidiaries are recognised and measured under the equity method.

The item "Investments in subsidiaries" in the balance sheet include the proportionate ownership share of the net asset value of the enterprises calculated on the basis of the fair values of identifiable net assets at the time of acquisition with deduction or addition of unrealised intercompany profits or losses and with addition of the remaining value of any increases in value and goodwill calculated at the time of acquisition of the enterprises.

The total net revaluation of investments in subsidiaries is transferred upon distribution of profit to "Reserve for net revaluation under the equity method" under equity. The reserve is reduced by dividend distributed to the Parent Company and adjusted for other equity movements in the subsidiaries.

Subsidiaries with a negative net asset value are recognised at DKK 0. Any legal or constructive obligation of the Parent Company to cover the negative balance of the enterprise is recognised in provisions.

### Fixed asset investments

Fixed asset investments, which consist of listed bonds and shares, are measured at their fair values at the balance sheet date. Fair value is determined on the basis of the latest quoted market price.

#### Receivables

Receivables are measured in the balance sheet at the lower of amortised cost and net realisable value, which corresponds to nominal value less provisions for bad debts.

#### Financial debts

Debts are measured at amortised cost, substantially corresponding to nominal value.