

Aktieselskabet af 1. januar 1987
Borupvang 5B, 2750 Ballerup

Company reg. no. 14 76 26 12

Annual report

2019

The annual report was submitted and approved by the general meeting on the 19 May 2020.

Marianne Philip
Chairman of the meeting

Contents

	<u>Page</u>
Reports	
Management's report	1
Independent auditor's report	2
Management's review	
Company data	5
Management's review	6
Annual accounts 1 January - 31 December 2019	
Accounting policies used	7
Profit and loss account	10
Balance sheet	11
Statement of changes in equity	13
Notes	14

Notes:

- To ensure the greatest possible applicability of this document, British English terminology has been used.
- Please note that decimal points have not been used in the usual English way. This means that for instance DKK 146.940 means the amount of DKK 146,940, and that 23,5 % means 23.5 %.

Management's report

The board of directors and the managing director have today presented the annual report of Aktieselskabet af 1. januar 1987 for the financial year 1 January to 31 December 2019.

The annual report has been presented in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act.

We consider the accounting policies used appropriate, and in our opinion the annual accounts provide a true and fair view of the company's assets and liabilities and its financial position at 31 December 2019 and of the company's results of its activities in the financial year 1 January to 31 December 2019.

We are of the opinion that the management's review includes a fair description of the issues dealt with.

The annual report is recommended for approval by the general meeting.

Ballerup, 19 May 2020

Managing Director

René Fleischer

Board of directors

Torsten Walz
Chairman

Marianne Philip

Linn Frida Maria Skyvell

Independent auditor's report

To the shareholders of Aktieselskabet af 1. januar 1987

Opinion

In our opinion, the Financial Statements give a true and fair view of the financial position of the Company at 31 December 2019 and of the results of the Company's operations for the financial year 1 January to 31 December 2019 in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act.

We have audited the Financial Statements of Aktieselskabet af 1. januar 1987 for the financial year 1 January to 31 December 2019, which comprise income statement, balance sheet, statement of changes in equity and notes, including a summary of significant accounting policies ("the Financial Statements").

Basis for Opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing (ISAs) and the additional requirements applicable in Denmark. Our responsibilities under those standards and requirements are further described in the "Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the Financial Statements" section of our report. We are independent of the Company in accordance with the International Ethics Standards Board for Accountants' Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants (IESBA Code) and the additional requirements applicable in Denmark, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Statement on Management's Review

Management is responsible for Management's Review.

Our opinion on the Financial Statements does not cover Management's Review, and we do not express any form of assurance conclusions thereon.

In connection with our audit of the Financial Statements, our responsibility is to read Management's Review and, in doing so, consider whether Management's Review is materially inconsistent with the Financial Statements or our knowledge obtained during the audit, or otherwise appears to be materially misstated.

Moreover, it is our responsibility to consider whether Management's Review provides the information required under the Danish Financial Statements Act.

Based on the work we have performed, in our view, Management's Review is in accordance with the Financial Statements and has been prepared in accordance with the requirements of the Danish Financial Statement Act. We did not identify any material misstatement in Management's Review.

Independent auditor's report

Management's Responsibilities for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation of financial statements that give a true and fair view in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act, and for such internal control as Management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the Financial Statements, Management is responsible for assessing the Company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting in preparing the Financial Statements unless Management either intends to liquidate the Company or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the Financial Statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs and the additional requirements applicable in Denmark will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these Financial Statements.

As part of an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs and the additional requirements applicable in Denmark, we exercise professional judgement and maintain professional scepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the Financial Statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Company's internal control.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by Management.

Independent auditor's report

- Conclude on the appropriateness of Management's use of the going concern basis of accounting in preparing the Financial Statements and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Company's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the Financial Statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Company to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and contents of the Financial Statements, including the disclosures, and whether the Financial Statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that gives a true and fair view.

We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

Hellerup, 19 May 2020

PricewaterhouseCoopers

State Authorised Public Accountants
Company reg. no. 33 77 12 31

Ulrik Ræbild

State Authorised Public Accountant
mne33262

Josephine Kilsgaard Holm

State Authorised Public Accountant
mne44114

Company data

The company	Aktieselskabet af 1. januar 1987 Borupvang 5B 2750 Ballerup
	Phone 43 29 28 00
	Fax 43 29 27 00
	Web site www.brenntag-nordic.com
	E mail main@brenntag-nordic.com
	Company reg. no. 14 76 26 12
	Domicile: Ballerup
	Financial year: 1 January - 31 December
Board of directors	Torsten Walz, Chairman Marianne Philip Linn Frida Maria Skyvell
Managing Director	René Fleischer
Auditors	PricewaterhouseCoopers Statsautoriseret Revisionspartnerselskab Strandvejen 44 2900 Hellerup
Lawyer	Kromann Reumert Sundkrogsgade 5 2100 København Ø
Parent company	Brenntag Nordic A/S Borupvang 5 B 2750 Ballerup
Associated enterprise	Borup Kemi I/S, Borup, Denmark

Management's review

The principal activities of the company

The company's main activity is to engage in trade and industry, investment and financing activities, advisory activities in connection with this and other related activities.

Development in activities and financial matters

The results from ordinary activities after tax are TDKK 285, and at 31 December 2019 the balance sheet of the Company shows equity of TDKK 18.628.

Events subsequent to the financial year

The Company's outlook for the future will be negatively affected by the COVID-19 outbreak and the measures taken by governments in most of the world to mitigate the impacts of the outbreak, see also subsequent events disclosures in note 1.

Company Management has tried to estimate the effect of COVID-19 on the expected revenue and net profit of the Company. It is, however, too early yet to give an opinion as to the extent of the negative implications. Therefore, Management finds itself unable to disclose reliably its outlook for the future in accordance with section 12 of the Danish Financial Statements Act.

Accounting policies used

The annual report for Aktieselskabet af 1. januar 1987 is presented in accordance with those regulations of the Danish Financial Statements Act concerning companies identified as class B enterprises. Furthermore, the company has chosen to comply with some of the rules applying for class C enterprises.

The accounting policies used are unchanged compared to last year, and the annual accounts are presented in Danish kroner (DKK).

Recognition and measurement in general

Income is recognised in the profit and loss account concurrently with its realisation, including the recognition of value adjustments of financial assets and liabilities. Likewise, all costs, these including depreciation, amortisation, writedown, provisions, and reversals which are due to changes in estimated amounts previously recognised in the profit and loss account are recognised in the profit and loss account.

Assets are recognised in the balance sheet when the company is liable to achieve future, financial benefits and the value of the asset can be measured reliably.

Liabilities are recognised in the balance sheet when the company is liable to lose future, financial benefits and the value of the liability can be measured reliably.

At the first recognition, assets and liabilities are measured at cost. Later, assets and liabilities are measured as described below for each individual accounting item.

Translation of foreign currency

Transactions in foreign currency are translated by using the exchange rate prevailing at the date of the transaction. Differences in the rate of exchange arising between the rate at the date of transaction and the rate at the date of payment are recognised in the profit and loss account as an item under net financials.

Debtors, creditors, and other monetary items in foreign currency are translated by using the closing rate. The difference between the closing rate and the rate at the time of the occurrence or the recognition in the latest annual accounts of the amount owed or the liability is recognised in the profit and loss account under financial income and expenses.

Income statement

Other external costs

Other external costs comprise costs for distribution, sales, advertisement, administration, premises, loss on debtors, and operational leasing costs.

Accounting policies used

Net financials

Net financials comprise interest, realised and unrealised capital gains and losses concerning financial assets and liabilities, amortisation of financial assets and liabilities, additions and reimbursements under the Danish tax prepayment scheme, etc. Financial income and expenses are recognised in the profit and loss account with the amounts that concerns the financial year.

Results from equity investments in associated enterprises

After full elimination of intercompany profit or loss and deduction of amortisation of goodwill and addition of negative goodwill, the equity investment in the individual associated enterprises are recognised in the profit and loss account at a proportional share of the associated enterprises' results after tax.

Tax of the results for the year

The tax for the year comprises the current tax for the year and the changes in deferred tax, and it is recognised in the profit and loss account with the share referring to the results for the year and directly in the equity with the share referring to entries directly on the equity.

The company is subject to the Danish legislation concerning compulsory joint taxation with the Danish group enterprises.

The current Danish corporate tax is allocated among the jointly taxed companies in proportion to their respective taxable income (full allocation with reimbursement of tax losses).

The balance sheet

Financial fixed assets

Equity investments in associated enterprises

Equity investments in associated enterprises are recognised in the balance sheet at a proportional share under the equity method, the value being calculated on the basis of the accounting policies of the parent company by the deduction or addition of unrealised intercompany profits and losses, and with the addition or deduction of residual value of positive or negative goodwill measured by applying the acquisition method.

Associated enterprises with negative equity are recognised without any value, and to the extent they are considered irrevocable, amounts owed by these companies are written down by the parent's share of the equity. If the negative equity exceeds the debtors, the residual amount is recognised under liability provisions to the extent the parent has a legal or actual liability to cover the negative equity of the subsidiary.

To the extent the equity exceeds the cost, the net revaluation of equity investments in associated enterprises are transferred to the reserves under the equity for net revaluation as per the equity method. The reserves are adjusted by other equity movements in associated enterprises.

Accounting policies used

Equity

Reserves for net revaluation as per the equity method

Reserves for net revaluation as per the equity method comprise net revaluation of equity investments in subsidiaries and associates in proportion to cost.

The reserves may be eliminated in case of losses, realisation of equity investments or changes in the financial estimates.

It is not possible to recognise the reserves with a negative amount.

Corporate tax and deferred tax

Current tax receivable and tax liabilities are recognised in the balance sheet at the amount calculated on the basis of the expected taxable income for the year adjusted for tax on previous years' taxable income and prepaid taxes. Tax receivable and tax liabilities are set off to the extent that legal right of set-off exists and if the items are expected to be settled net or simultaneously.

According to the rules of joint taxation, Aktieselskabet af 1. januar 1987 is unlimited, jointly and severally liable towards the Danish tax authorities for the total corporation tax, including withholding tax on interest, royalties and dividends, arising within the jointly taxed group of companies.

Deferred tax is measured on the basis of all temporary differences in assets and liabilities with a balance sheet focus.

Deferred tax assets, including the tax value of tax losses eligible for carry-over, are recognised at the value at which they are expected to be realisable, either by settlement against tax of future earnings or by set-off in deferred tax liabilities within the same legal tax unit.

Deferred tax is measured based on the tax rules and tax rates applying under the legislation on the balance sheet date and prevailing when the deferred tax is expected to be released as current tax.

Liabilities

Liabilities are measured at amortised cost which usually corresponds to the nominal value.

Profit and loss account 1 January - 31 December

DKK in thousands.

<u>Note</u>	<u>2019</u>	<u>2018</u>
Other external costs	-47	-84
Results before net financials	-47	-84
Income from equity investments in associated enterprises	499	-579
3 Other financial costs	-10	-16
Results before tax	442	-679
4 Tax on ordinary results	-157	13
Results for the year	285	-666
 Proposed distribution of the results:		
Reserves for net revaluation as per the equity method	499	-1.579
Allocated to results brought forward	0	913
Allocated from results brought forward	-214	0
Distribution in total	285	-666

Balance sheet 31 December

DKK in thousands.

<u>Note</u>	<u>2019</u>	<u>2018</u>
Assets		
Fixed assets		
5 Equity investments in associated enterprises	20.249	19.702
Financial fixed assets in total	<u>20.249</u>	<u>19.702</u>
Fixed assets in total	<u>20.249</u>	<u>19.702</u>
Current assets		
Receivable corporate tax	<u>0</u>	<u>149</u>
Debtors in total	<u>0</u>	<u>149</u>
Current assets in total	<u>0</u>	<u>149</u>
Assets in total	<u>20.249</u>	<u>19.851</u>

Balance sheet 31 December

DKK in thousands.

Equity and liabilities			
<u>Note</u>		<u>2019</u>	<u>2018</u>
Equity			
6	Contributed capital	1.000	1.000
	Reserves for net revaluation as per the equity method	16.300	15.753
	Results brought forward	1.328	1.542
	Equity in total	<u>18.628</u>	<u>18.295</u>
Liabilities			
	Trade creditors	35	50
	Debt to group enterprises	1.489	1.506
	Corporate tax	97	0
	Short-term liabilities in total	<u>1.621</u>	<u>1.556</u>
	Liabilities in total	<u>1.621</u>	<u>1.556</u>
	Equity and liabilities in total	<u>20.249</u>	<u>19.851</u>

- 1** Uncertainties concerning the enterprise's ability to continue as a going concern
- 2** Subsequent events
- 7** Contingencies
- 8** Related parties

Statement of changes in equity

DKK in thousands.

	<u>Contributed capital</u>	<u>Reserves for net revaluation as per the equity method</u>	<u>Results brought forward</u>	<u>In total</u>
Equity 1 January 2018	1.000	17.271	629	18.900
Share of results	0	-1.579	913	-666
Interest rate swap relating to associated enterprises	0	61	0	61
Equity 1 January 2019	1.000	15.753	1.542	18.295
Share of results	0	499	-214	285
Interest rate swap relating to associated enterprises	0	48	0	48
	1.000	16.300	1.328	18.628

Notes

DKK in thousands.

1. Uncertainties concerning the enterprise's ability to continue as a going concern

As at 31 December 2019 the Company has short term liabilities of DKK 1.621k and current assets of DKK 0. As a result of the financial position, the Company has received a comfort letter from its parent company, Brenntag Nordic A/S, stating that they will only demand repayment of the Company's loan if Aktieselskabet af 1. januar 1987 has sufficient funds. The intercompany loan comprises DKK 1.5 million as at 31 December 2019.

2. Subsequent events

The implications of COVID-19 with many governments across the world deciding to "close down their countries" will have great impact on the global economy. Management considers the implications of COVID-19 a subsequent event occurred after the balance sheet date (31 December 2019), which is therefore a non-adjusting event to the Company.

As a consequence of the Covid-19 outbreak, the Company's associated enterprise, Borup Kemi I/S, in which Aktieselskabet af 1. januar 1987 holds 1/3 ownership, is faced with new challenges and risks. A number of measures has been enforced to ensure the continuation of business activities and the health of employees. Management expects a decrease in sales and results for 2020 in Borup Kemi I/S, however at this time, it is not possible to calculate the size of the negative COVID-19 impact.

3. Other financial costs

	2019	2018
Financial costs, group enterprises	10	16
	10	16

4. Tax on ordinary results

Tax of the results for the year, parent company	97	-149
Adjustment of tax for previous years	60	136
	157	-13

Notes

DKK in thousands.

	<u>31/12 2019</u>	<u>31/12 2018</u>
5. Equity investments in associated enterprises		
Acquisition sum, opening balance 1 January	3.949	3.949
Cost 31 December	3.949	3.949
Revaluation, opening balance 1 January	15.753	17.271
Results for the year	499	-579
Dividend	0	-1.000
Interest rate swap	48	61
31 December	16.300	15.753
Book value 31 December	20.249	19.702
Associated enterprises:		
	Domicile	Share of ownership
Borup Kemi I/S	Borup, Denmark	33,33 %

6. Contributed capital

The share capital consists of 100 shares, each with a nominal value of DKK 1.000. No shares hold particular rights.

7. Contingencies

Contingent liabilities

The Company is jointly and severally liable together with other stakeholders towards the creditors of Borup Kemi I/S. At 31 December 2019, the liabilities of Borup Kemi I/S amount to DKK 54,3 million compared to DKK 55,4 million in 2018.

Joint taxation

Brenntag Nordic A/S, company reg. no 24994589 being the administration company, the company is subject to the Danish scheme of joint taxation and unlimited jointly and severally liable with the other jointly taxed companies for the total corporation tax.

The company is unlimited jointly and severally liable with the other jointly taxed companies for any obligation to withhold tax on interest, royalties and dividends.

Notes

DKK in thousands.

8. Related parties

Controlling interest

Brenntag Nordic A/S, Ballerup

Majority shareholder

Transactions

During the year, there have been no transactions with the Board of Directors, the Executive Board, senior officers, significant shareholders, group enterprises or associates or other related parties, except for intercompany transactions.

Consolidated annual accounts

The company is included in the Consolidated Financial Statements of Brenntag AG, Essen, Germany

The Consolidated Financial Statement may be obtained at:

<https://www.brenntag.com/corporate/en/investor-relations/publications/financial-reports/index.jsp>

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Torsten Walz

Bestyrelsesformand

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LINN SKYVELL

Bestyrelsesmedlem

På vegne af: Aktieselskabet

Serienummer: 19760721xxxx

IP: 212.98.xxx.xxx

2020-05-19 08:25:22Z



Marianne Philip

Bestyrelsesmedlem

På vegne af: Aktieselskabet

Serienummer: PID:9208-2002-2-235349474291

IP: 80.62.xxx.xxx

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NEM ID 

René Fleischer

Adm. direktør

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Serienummer: PID:9208-2002-2-587129198039

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Josephine Kilsgaard Holm

Statsautoriseret revisor

På vegne af: PwC

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IP: 83.136.xxx.xxx

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NEM ID 

Ulrik Ræbild

Statsautoriseret revisor

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IP: 83.136.xxx.xxx

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Marianne Philip

Dirigent

På vegne af: Aktieselskabet

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