Telenor Danmark Holding A/S

Frederikskaj 8, DK-2450 Copenhagen SV, Denmark

CVR no. 14 72 43 46

Annual Report

for the period 1 January - 31 December 2022 32nd financial year

Adopted by the Company's Annual General Meeting on 7 June 2023

chairman

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STATEMENT BY THE BOARD OF DIRECTORS AND EXECUTIVE BOARD

The Board of Directors and the Executive Board have today discussed and approved the annual report for Telenor Danmark Holding A/S for the period 1 January – 31 December 2022.

The annual report is presented in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards as adopted by the EU and additional requirements of the Danish Financial Statements Act. We consider the accounting policies applied appropriate, so that the annual report gives a true and fair view of the company's assets and liabilities, its financial position as at 31 December 2022 and the results of the company's activities and cash flows for the financial year 1 January – 31 December 2022.

In our opinion, the management's review gives a true and fair account of the matters addressed in the review.

We recommend that the annual report be adopted by the General Meeting.

Copenhagen, 7 June 2023

Executive Board:

Lars Thomsen

Board of Directors:

Petter-Børre Furberg

Chairman

John Sebastian Schmidt Slørdahl

Jehry _

lecilie Heuch

Cecilie Blydt Heuch

To the shareholders of Telenor Danmark Holding A/S

Opinion

We have audited the financial statements of Telenor Danmark Holding A/S for the financial year 1 January – 31 December 2022, which comprise income statement, statement of comprehensive income, balance sheet, statement of changes in equity, cash flow statement and notes, including accounting policies. The financial statements are prepared in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards as adopted by the EU and additional requirements of the Danish Financial Statements Act.

In our opinion, the financial statements give a true and fair view of the financial position of the Company at 31 December 2022 and of the results of the Company's operations and cash flows for the financial year 1 January – 31 December 2022 in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards as adopted by the EU and additional requirements of the Danish Financial Statements Act.

Basis for opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing (ISAs) and additional requirements applicable in Denmark. Our responsibilities under those standards and requirements are further described in the "Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements" section of our report. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Independence

We are independent of the Company in accordance with the International Ethics Standards Board for Accountants' International Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants (IESBA Code) and the additional ethical requirements applicable in Denmark, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements and the IESBA Code.

Statement on the Management's review

Management is responsible for the Management's review.

Our opinion on the financial statements does not cover the Management's review, and we do not express any assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the financial statements, our responsibility is to read the Management's review and, in doing so, consider whether the Management's review is materially inconsistent with the financial statements, or our knowledge obtained during the audit, or otherwise appears to be materially misstated.

Moreover, it is our responsibility to consider whether the Management's review provides the information required under the Danish Financial Statements Act.

Based on the work we have performed, we conclude that the Management's review is in accordance with the financial statements and has been prepared in accordance with the requirements of the Danish Financial Statements Act. We did not identify any material misstatement of the Management's review.

Management's responsibilities for the financial statements

Management is responsible for the preparation of financial statements that give a true and fair view in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards as adopted by the EU and additional requirements of the Danish Financial Statements Act and for such internal control as Management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, Management is responsible for assessing the Company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting in preparing the financial statements unless Management either intends to liquidate the Company or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance as to whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs and additional requirements applicable in Denmark will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of the financial statements.

As part of an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs and additional requirements applicable in Denmark, we exercise professional judgement and maintain professional scepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Company's internal control.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by Management.

- Conclude on the appropriateness of Management's use of the going concern basis of accounting in preparing the financial statements and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Company's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Company to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and contents of the financial statements, including the note disclosures, and whether the financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that gives a true and fair view.

We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

Copenhagen, 7 June 2023

EY Godkendt Revisionspartnerselskab

CVR no. 30 70 02 28

Søren Skov Larsen

State Authorised Public Accountant

mne26797

Allan Nørgaard

State Authorised Public Accountant

mne35501

MANAGEMENT'S REVIEW

Company information

Telenor Danmark Holding A/S Frederikskaj 8 DK-2450 Copenhagen SV Denmark

Municipality: Copenhagen

Board of Directors

Petter-Børre Furberg, Chairman John Sebastian Schmidt Cecilie Blydt Heuch

Executive Board

Lars Thomsen

Parent

Telenor Mobile Holding AS Snarøyveien 30 N-1360 Fornebu Norway

Audit

EY Godkendt Revisionspartnerselskab Dirch Passers Allé 36 DK-2000 Frederiksberg Denmark

MANAGEMENT'S REVIEW, continued

Financial highlights

The Company's developments over the past five years can be described as follows:

		2022	2021	2020	2019	2018
INCOME STATEMENT						
Operating profit before depreciation amortisation and impairment (EBITDA)	mDKK	0	-1	-1	185	10
Operating profit (EBIT)	mDKK	0	-1	-1	184	7
Financial income and expenses	mDKK	-1,895	482	3,904	-2,780	3,381
Profit/loss before tax	mDKK	-1,895	481	3,903	-2,596	3,388
Net income for the year	mDKK	-1,894	480	3,903	-2,613	3,390
BALANCE SHEET						
Balance sheet total	mDKK	7,005	9,868	13,204	9,159	12,074
Tangible assets	mDKK	0	0	0	0	99
Other non-current assets	mDKK	6,836	9,728	12,846	8,942	11,732
Equity	mDKK	6,951	9,495	13,015	9,112	11,725
KEY FIGURES AND RATIOS						
Average number of employees		0	0	0	0	0

Company presentation

The activity of Telenor Danmark Holding A/S is to function as a holding company. The company holds equity interests in the following companies' subsidiaries: Telenor A/S and MVNO Systems A/S. And the associated companies: Operators Clearing House A/S and 4T af 1. Oktober 2012 ApS.

Financial review

The company's income statement for 2022 shows a loss of 1,894 mDKK (2021: profit of 480 mDKK), and the company's balance sheet at 31 December 2022 shows an equity of 6,951 mDKK (2021: 9,495 mDKK).

The profit for the year is affected by dividend from Telenor A/S of 1,000 mDKK and impairment of the investment in Telenor A/S of 2,893 mDKK. Dividend received as expected compared to last year expectations however increase in interest rates impacted both impairment of the investment in Telenor A/S and financial expenses.

MANAGEMENT'S REVIEW, continued

Dividends

The Board of Directors recommends that the general meeting adopts a resolution to distribute dividends of 0 mDKK (2021: 650 mDKK).

Future outlook

Telenor Danmark Holding A/S will continue the operation and ownership of the affiliated companies. The company expects dividend of 0 mDKK from subsidiaries next year.

Next year the company expects a net income of -1 mDKK depending on the development in interest rates.

Financial risks

As far as possible, the group attempts to counter and manage any risks that the group can influence through own actions. The company's is primarily financed through its parent, Telenor ASA, Norway, which also hedges any financial exposures.

Post balance sheet events

No events have occurred after the balance sheet date which would affect the evaluation of this annual report.

Report on corporate responsibility

The main activity of Telenor Danmark Holding A/S is to function as a holding company for the subsidiary Telenor A/S.

Corporate Social Responsibility or CSR is an integral part of Telenor's way of doing business, both in Denmark and internationally. We contribute to social, environmental and financial sustainability through a variety of initiatives. At Telenor we are driven by a powerful vision: To empower societies. Sustainability is therefore at the heart of our corporate culture, governance and business strategy, and a responsible business conduct has always played a big role in our operations.

Telenor's vision, goals, policies and efforts in the CSR area are reported in Telenor Group's Sustainability report for 2022, which constitutes Telenor Danmark Holding A/S' statutory statement according to §99a.

Link to Telenor Group's Sustainability report for 2022:

https://www.telenor.com/binaries/investors/reports-and-information/annual/annual-report-2022/Annual% 20Report% 202022.pdf#page=32

MANAGEMENT'S REVIEW, CONTINUED

Report on corporate responsibility, continued

Telenor's CSR efforts rely on internationally acknowledged standards and clearly formulated policies in areas such as environmental management, climate impacts, responsible supplier management, corporate ethics and employee concerns. As part of the Telenor Group, we have adopted the UN Global Compact.

In Denmark, we furthermore engage in projects related to CSR ranging from donations of IoT sim cards to the Danish Heart Associations defibrillators to ensure operationality in all circumstances and thereby saving lives of persons suffering heart attack, to focusing on digital bullying through our #digitalpænt campaign targeting children in 4th to 6th grade. In 2022 we arranged a #digitalpænt school competition, with more than 8500 registered children. In 2022 we also donated 20.000 free sim cards to refugees from Ukraine together with the other tele operators in Denmark.

Report on gender composition in management

In Telenor, we work for equality and against all discrimination based on gender, pregnancy, parental or adoption leave, care responsibilities, ethnicity, religion, beliefs, disability, sexual orientation, gender identity, gender expression and any combinations of these.

Telenor has an ambition of having "the right employee in the right position" and of everyone having equal opportunities to put their skills to use, regardless of gender. Telenor aims for a balanced gender mix and we evaluate the gender composition of the Board of Directors with a view to ensuring a balanced composition.

The Board of Directors consist of 2 men (67%) and 1 woman (33%). The Board included 4 members in 2021 (50% female and 50% male members), however the Board has been reduced to only 3 members in 2022. The target will continue to be to have a balanced composition.

Knowledge resources

The company's tasks call for significant expertise in the operation and development of mobile networks and customer offerings. For this reason, it is essential for the company to be able to retain and recruit employees with the required educational background. The company is of the belief that the current internal and external circumstances facilitate recruitment as well as retention of employees with the appropriate competences.

MANAGEMENT'S REVIEW, CONTINUED

Statement of data ethics policy

The use of data for fact-based decisions is a prerequisite for being able to deliver attractive products to customers. Data thus has great business value for Telenor and is managed carefully in relation to its confidentiality, integrity and availability.

Telenor has formed a data ethics policy, that stipulates how Telenor takes responsibility for and works with data ethics and data use. Telenor's goal for data ethical behavior is always to have a responsible and proper use of data and to create transparency in data collection and data management. Our data ethical behavior must make a positive contribution to customers' security on the basis that data entrusted to us by customers is processed in a secure manner and within the applicable legal framework.

Telenor's work with data ethics is based on Telenor's values and the Data Ethics Compass from the Data Ethics Council and has a special focus on data ethical principles, including accountability and orderliness. Against this background, Telenor's policy for data governance and data ethics establishes the following 6 guiding principles:

- Data from customers, employees or partners will not be processed without the necessary legal basis
- Telenor undertakes to ensure transparency in the processing of collected data
- Telenor safeguards the security when processing personal data and other data and ensures
 that this data is not stored for a longer period than is necessary for the purposes for which the
 data is processed.
- Only necessary data is collected and for a clearly defined purpose only
- When collecting and analyzing data, the possibility of unintended results is always considered
- Attention is drawn to ethical challenges that may arise using machine learning and algorithms

MANAGEMENT'S REVIEW, CONTINUED

Risk factors

Telenor Danmark Holding A/S's ultimate parent, Telenor ASA, is responsible for and performs the Group's financing and liquidity, currency and interest management centrally on behalf of the group entities.

As far as possible, the group attempts to counter and manage any risks that the Group can influence through own actions. Telenor ASA's treasury function is responsible for funding, foreign exchange risk, interest rate risk, credit risk and liquidity management for the Telenor Group companies owned more than 90 % directly or indirectly, Telenor Danmark Holding A/S included.

INCOME STATEMENT AND STATEMENT OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME 1 January - 31 December

1 January - 31 December		2022	2021
1	Note	2022 mDKK	2021 mDKK
Income		0	0
Expenses		0	
Operating profit before depreciation,			
amortisation and impairment (EBITDA)		0	-1
Depreciation, amortisation and impairment of			
non-current assets		0	0
Operating profit (EBIT)		0	-1
Dividends and adjustments from subsidiaries and associates		1,000	3,600
Impairment losses and reversals from shares in subsidiaries	5	-2,893	-3,117
Financial income		0	0
Financial expenses	3	<u>-2</u>	
Profit/loss before tax		-1,895	481
Tax on the profit for the year	4	1	
NET LOSS/INCOME FOR THE YEAR		<u>-1,894</u>	<u>480</u>
Proposed distribution of net profit:			
Proposed dividend		0	650
Retained earnings		-1,894	-170
returned earnings		-1,894	480
STATEMENT OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME			
1 January - 31 December		2022 mDKK	2021 mDKK
Net loss/income for the year		-1,894	480
Other comprehensive income		0	0
Total comprehensive income		<u>-1,894</u>	<u>480</u>

BALANCE SHEET at 31 December

	Note	2022 mDKK	2021 mDKK
ASSETS			
Investments in subsidiaries	5	6,797	9,690
Investments in associates	6	8	8
Deferred tax assets	7	31	30
Financial assets		6,836	9,728
NON-CURRENT ASSETS		6,836	9,728
Receivables from group entities	8	136	117
Corporation tax receivable		33	23
Pre-paid costs		0	0
Receivables		169	140
Cash		0	0
CURRENT ASSETS		169	140
TOTAL ASSETS		7,005	9,868

BALANCE SHEET

at 31 December

ut 51 December		2022	2021
	Note	mDKK	mDKK
EQUITY AND LIABILITIES			
Share capital	9	700	700
Retained earnings		6,251	8,145
Proposed dividend distribution		0	650
Equity		6,951	9,495
Payables to group entities	10	8	8
Corporation tax payable		20	27
Other current interest-bearing borrowings		<u>26</u>	338
Current liabilities		54	<u>373</u>
LIABILITIES		54	<u>373</u>
TOTAL EQUITY AND LIABILITIES		7,005	9,868

STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY

	Share capital mDKK	Retained earnings mDKK	Dividends distributed mDKK	Total <u>mDKK</u>
Equity at 01.01.2021	700	8,315	4,000	13,015
Net loss/income for the year	0	480	0	480
Dividend proposed	0	-650	650	0
Dividend paid	0	0	-4,000	-4,000
Comprehensive income for the year	0	<u>-170</u>	-3,350	-3,520
Equity at 31.12.2021	<u>700</u>	8,145	650	9,495
Equity at 01.01.2022	700	8,145	650	9,495
Net loss/income for the year	0	-1,894	0	-1,894
Dividend proposed	0	0	0	0
Dividend paid	0	0	-650	-650
Comprehensive income for the year	0	-1,894	<u>-650</u>	-2,544
Equity at 31.12.2022	<u>700</u>	6,251	0	6,951

CASH FLOW STATEMENT

Note	2022 mDKK	2021 mDKK
Profit/loss before tax	-1,895	481
Reversal of depreciation, amortisation and impairment losses	2,893	3,117
Reversal of dividend income	-1,000	-3,600
Working capital changes 12	-36	-82
Corporation tax paid	0	0
Operating cash flows		-84
Investments in subsidiaries/associates	0	0
Disposal, etc. of property, plant and equipment	0	0
Dividend received	1,000	3,600
Investment cash flows	1,000	0
Loans from group entities	0	0
Dividends paid	-650	-4,000
Bank Loans	-312	336
Finance cash flows	<u>-962</u>	-3,664
Change in cash and cash equivalents	0	-148
Cash at 01.01.	0	148
Cash at 31.12.	0	0

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Note 1. Summary of significant accounting policies

The 2022 annual report for Telenor Danmark Holding A/S is presented in accordance with the International Financial Reporting Standards as adopted by the EU and additional Danish disclosure requirements for annual reports for reporting class C (large), subject to the IFRS Executive Order issued in pursuance of the Danish Financial Statements Act.

The accounting policies are unchanged compared to last year.

Telenor Danmark Holding A/S has not early adopted any standards or interpretations in 2022. Telenor Danmark Holding A/S expects to implement all standards and interpretations when they become operative. Where the EU effective date differs from that of the IASB, advance implementation of the amendments is planned in order that the EU effective date is observed. As at the annual report date, all operative standards and interpretations have been implemented.

The company has decided not to prepare consolidated financial statements with reference to IFRS 10.4 as the company is part of the IFRS consolidated financial statements of the company's ultimate parent, Telenor ASA, Norway.

The annual report is presented in Danish kroner (mDKK).

Recognition and measurement

Assets are recognised in the balance sheet when a previous event renders it probable that future economic benefits will flow to the group and the value of the asset can be measured reliably. Liabilities are recognised in the balance sheet when the company, as a consequence of a prior event, has a legal or constructive liability which renders it probable that future economic benefits will flow from the bank and the value of the liability can be measured reliably. Financial assets and liabilities are recognised when the company becomes a contractual party to the financial instrument. Assets and liabilities are measured at cost on initial recognition. Subsequently, assets and liabilities are measured as described for each individual item below.

The recognition and measurement include gains, losses and risks occurring before the presentation of the annual report that confirm or rebut circumstances in existence at the balance sheet date.

Income is recognised in the income statement as and when earned. Costs incurred to achieve the year's earnings are recognised in the income statement. Value adjustments of financial assets, financial liabilities and derivative financial instruments are recognised in the income statement, with the exception of financial statement value adjustments of derivative financial instruments entered into to hedge future cash flows or to hedge net investments in foreign group entities and associates. The latter value adjustments are credited or charged directly to equity.

Translation of foreign currencies

Functional currency and presentation currency

Line items are presented in the currency of the primary economic environment in which the company operates (functional currency). The annual report is presented in DKK which is also the parent's functional currency and presentation currency.

Translation of transactions and amounts

Transactions denominated in foreign currencies are translated to the functional currency at the exchange rate on the transaction date. Exchange rate gains and losses arising from the settlement of such transactions and from the translation of monetary assets and liabilities to the exchange rates at the balance sheet date are recognised in the income statement. Exchange differences arising out of the translation of non-monetary items, such as financial assets classified as available for sale, including investments, are recognised in other total comprehensive income.

Derivative financial instruments

Derivative financial instruments are initially recognised in the balance sheet at cost and are subsequently measured at fair value as part of other receivables and other payables, respectively.

Changes to the fair value of derivative financial instruments which meet the criteria for hedging future cash flows are recognised directly in equity until the hedged position is realised.

Changes to the fair value of derivative financial instruments which do not meet the criteria for hedging instrument accounting are credited or charged to the income statement as and when they occur.

Profit/loss on investments in associates and group entities

Dividends from investments in subsidiaries are recognised in the parent's income statement in the period in which the dividend is distributed. The carrying amount of subsidiaries is tested at triggering events, including if the dividends received exceed the profit realised by the equity investment entity in the period.

Financial income and expenses

Financial income and expenses include interest income and costs, capital gains and losses as well as impairment losses on securities, payables and transactions in foreign currencies, amortisation of financial assets and liabilities as well as supplements and allowances under the Danish Tax Prepayment Scheme, etc. Also included are realised and unrealised gains and losses on derivative financial instruments which do not meet the criteria for classification as hedging agreements.

Tax

The company and the other Danish Telenor entities are jointly taxed. The tax is allocated in accordance with the full allocation method. The company functions as Administration Company for all Danish consolidated companies.

The tax for the year, consisting of the current tax for the year and the change in deferred tax for the year, is recognised in the income statement with the portion attributable to the profit for the year and directly in equity with the portion attributable to entries directly in equity.

Danish corporation tax with any tax surcharge and tax relief is consequently allocated among Danish companies, whether they realise profits or losses, proportionally to their taxable income.

BALANCE SHEET

Investments in subsidiaries and associates

Investments in subsidiaries and associates are measured at cost. If the cost exceeds the recoverable amount, it is written down to this lower amount. The carrying amount of subsidiaries and associates is tested at triggering events, including if the dividends received exceed the profit realised by the equity investment entity in the period.

Impairment of assets

Impairment losses are recognised when the carrying amount of an asset or a cash-generating unit, respectively, exceeds the recoverable amount of the asset or the cash-generating unit. Impairment losses are charged to the income statement under depreciation, amortisation and impairment losses.

Impairment of assets is reversed to the extent of any changes in the estimates and assumptions causing the impairment charge. Impairment losses are only reversed to the extent that the new carrying amount of the asset does not exceed the carrying amount of the asset if it had not been written down. Notwithstanding the above, any impairment of goodwill will not be reversed.

Receivables

Receivables primarily include short-term advances to group entities.

Fixed-interest short-term advances to group entities are measured at amortised cost as they are held until maturity.

Receivables are measured at amortised cost, in most cases equalling nominal value, less impairment losses.

Corporation tax and deferred tax

Current tax liabilities and current tax receivables are recognised in the balance sheet as calculated tax of the year's taxable income adjusted for tax of previous years' taxable incomes and tax paid on account.

Deferred tax is recognised and measured under the balance sheet liability method on all temporary differences between the carrying amount and tax-based value of assets and liabilities. However, deferred tax is not recognised for temporary differences relating to the tax base of non-amortisable goodwill and non-depreciable office properties as well as other items where temporary differences, apart from acquisitions, have arisen at the time of acquisition without influencing the profit or loss or the taxable income. In cases where the tax base can be calculated in accordance with alternative taxation rules, deferred income tax is measured on the basis of the management's planned utilisation of the asset or settlement of the obligation, respectively.

Deferred tax assets, including the tax base of a tax loss allowed for carryforward, are measured under other non-current asset investments at the expected use value of the asset, either by elimination in tax of future income or by offsetting against deferred tax liabilities within the same legal tax entity and jurisdiction.

Adjustments are made of deferred tax resulting from elimination of unrealised intra-group profits and losses.

Deferred tax is measured based on the tax rules and rates which will be applicable in the respective countries under the legislation in force at the balance sheet date, when the deferred tax is expected to be realised as current tax. Changes in deferred tax in consequence of changes in tax rates are recognised in the income statement.

Equity

Proposed dividend:

Proposed dividend is recognised as a liability at the date when it is adopted at the annual general meeting (declaration date). Dividend expected to be distributed for the year is presented as a separate line item in equity.

Financial liabilities

Payables to credit institutions, etc., are recognised at the time of borrowing and at the received proceeds less transaction costs paid.

In subsequent periods, the financial liabilities are measured at amortised cost by applying the effective interest rate method so that the difference between the proceeds and the nominal value is recognised in the income statement over the borrowing period. Other liabilities are measured at net realisable value.

CASH FLOW STATEMENT

The cash flow statement shows the company's cash flows for the year, divided into operating, investment and financing activities, the year's change in cash and cash equivalents and the company's opening and closing cash balance.

The cash flow effect from acquisition and divestment of companies is shown separately under cash flows from investment activities. Cash flows from companies acquired are recognised in the cash flow statement from the time of acquisition, and cash flows from divested companies are recognised until the time of sale.

Cash flows from operating activities

Cash flows from operating activities are calculated as income before tax, adjusted for non-cash operating items, working capital changes, interest and corporation tax paid.

Cash flows from investment activities

Cash flows from investment activities comprise payments related to purchasing and selling companies and activities, purchasing and selling non-tangible, tangible and other non-current assets as well as purchasing and selling securities that are not recognised as cash and cash equivalents.

Cash flows from financing activities

Cash flows from financing activities comprise changes to the amount or composition of share capital and related costs as well as raising loans, servicing interest-bearing debt, purchasing and selling treasury shares and distributing dividends to owners.

Cash and cash equivalents

Comprises cash and cash equivalents as well as short-term bank loans.

Note 2. Significant accounting estimates, assumptions and uncertainties

Many items in financial statements cannot be measured with precision but can only be estimated. The estimation process involves judgements based on the latest information available at time of preparing the financial statements. An estimate may have to be revised if changes occur regarding the circumstances on which the estimate was based or as a result of new information, more experience or subsequent developments.

Valuation of investments in subsidiaries

The carrying amounts of subsidiaries is tested at triggering events, including if the dividends received exceed the profit realised by the equity investment entity in the period. See note 5 for assumptions underlying this assessment.

	2022 mDKK	2021 mDKK
Note 3. Financial expenses		
Interest expenses for group entities	0	0
Other financial expenses	2	1
	2	1
Note 4. Tax on the profit for the year		
Current corporation tax	0	0
Tax from previous years	0	0
Change in deferred tax	<u>-1</u>	1
	1	1
The current corporation tax for the financial period is based on a tax	rate of 22 %. (20	021: 22 %).
Profit/loss before tax	-1,895	480
Tax at a tax rate of 22%	-417	105
Tax on the profit for the year		1
Effective tax rate for the year	0%	0%

Effective tax rate impacted by the non-taxable impairment of investments in subsidiaries and dividends received from subsidiaries.

The company is a party to compulsory national joint taxation with all Danish companies owned by the Telenor group. Calculated tax is accrued in the individual company in accordance with Danish taxation rules.

	2022 mDKK	2021 mDKK
Note 5. Investments in subsidiaries		
Acquisition price at 01.01	12,823	12,823
Adjustment acquisition price prior years	0	0
Acquisition price at 31.12	12,823	12,823
Impairment losses at 01.01	-3,133	-16
Adjustment impairment losses prior years	0	0
Impairment for the year	-2,893	-3,117
Impairment at 31.12	-6,026	-3,133
Carrying amount at 31.12	6,797	9,690

The subsidiaries of Telenor Danmark Holding A/S, and their respective subsidiaries, are:

	Registered office	Ownership share	Share of voting rights	Activity
Telenor A/S	Denmark	100 %	100 %	Landline, broadband and mobile telephony
•TT-Netværket P/S	Denmark	50 %	50 %	Network service
•Tn Finance A/S	Denmark	100 %	100 %	Other financial services
•Telenor Digital Holding Inc.	Denmark	100 %	100 %	Investment in digital services
MVNO Systems A/S	Denmark	100 %	100 %	Dormant company
	Net Income for the year	Equity		
Telenor A/S	209	1,801		
MVNO Systems A/S	0	8		

Investments in subsidiaries are measured at cost. If the cost exceeds the recoverable amount, it is impaired to this lower amount. The recoverable amount is based on the value in use which is determined by applying the expected cash flows on the basis of management-approved business plans covering a total period of three years. Beyond this period, a constant nominal growth rate applies. Key assumptions applied in the calculation of the recoverable amount are expected growth rates, EBITDA margins, investments and discount rate. The following assumptions have been used for calculating the recoverable amount:

Note 5. Investments in subsidiaries, continued

	Post-tax discount rate (WACC)		Pre-tax discount rate		Nominal growth rate terminal value	
	2022	2021	2022	2021	2022	2021
Telenor A/S	6.6 %	4.7 %	8.4 %	6.0 %	2.0 %	0.5 %

In 2022 impairment testing resulted in an impairment of Telenor A/S of 2,893 mDKK, which is driven by dividends paid in 2022 and increase in WACC.

Sensitivity analyses have been prepared for the subsidiaries in connection with the impairment testing.

	2022 mDKK	2021 mDKK
Note 6. Investments in associates		
Cost at 01.01	8	8
Additions	0	0
Disposals	0	0
Cost at 31.12	8	8
Carrying amount at 31.12	8	8

The associates of Telenor Danmark Holding A/S are:

		Share of		
	Registered office	Ownership <u>share</u>	voting <u>rights</u>	Activity
Operators Clearing House A/S	Denmark	25%	25%	Number portability
4T af 1. oktober 2012 ApS	Denmark	25%	25%	Content services

	2022 mDKK	2021 mDKK
Note 7. Deferred tax assets and liabilities		
Deferred tax assets at 01.01	30	31
Change in deferred tax for the year	1	1
	31	30

All deferred tax liabilities and tax assets have been recognised.

2021

	<u>mDKK</u>
Non-current assets	0
Non-current liabilities	0
Current assets	0
Tax losses carry forward	30
	30
2022	<u>mDKK</u>
Non-current assets	0
Non-current liabilities	0
Current assets	0
Tax losses carry forward	31

Note 8. Receivables from group entities

The receivable carries floating-rate interest with monthly rate adjustments. At 31 December 2022, the interest was 1.70 % p.a. (2021: 0.00 %).

31

	2022 mDKK	2021 mDKK
Note 9. Share capital		
Share capital at 01.01.	700	700
Capital increase	0	0
Share capital at 31.12.		700

The share capital consists of 700,000 shares of a nominal value of DKK 1,000. The shares are fully paid up. The shares are not divided into classes. No shares carry special rights.

The share capital for the past five years:

	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018
	<u>mDKK</u>	<u>mDKK</u>	mDKK	<u>mDKK</u>	<u>mDKK</u>
Share capital	700	700	700	700	700

Note 10. Payables to group entities

The payables carry floating-rate interest with monthly rate adjustments. At 31 December 2022, the interest was 3.41 % p.a. (2021: 0.32 %).

Payables to group entities maturity outline

2021	Total	<1 year	1-3 years	>3 years
	<u>mDKK</u>	<u>mDKK</u>	mDKK	<u>mDKK</u>
Payables to group entities	8	8	0	0
2022	Total	<1 year	1-3 years	>3 years
	<u>mDKK</u>	mDKK	mDKK	<u>mDKK</u>
Payables to group entities	8	8	0	0

Note 11. Contingent liabilities, provision of security and contractual obligations

The company has furnished a guarantee of a total of DKK 1,260 million to a partner in the established joint venture, TT Netværket P/S. The guarantee is related to the partnership agreement entered into and the network-rollout in the joint venture.

Together with the other group companies comprised by the joint registration with respect to VAT, the company is jointly liable for the applicable VAT obligation at any time.

The company is jointly and severally liable with the jointly taxed companies for the aggregate corporation tax.

	2022 mDKK	2021 mDKK
Note 12. Working capital changes		
Changes in receivables	-29	70
Changes in trade payables, payables to group entities, etc.		-152
	<u>-36</u>	-82

Note 13. Shareholders

The company is wholly owned by Telenor Mobile Holding AS, Norway.

The company's ultimate parent, which is also the only entity preparing consolidated financial statements in which the company is a subsidiary, is Telenor ASA, Snarøyveien 30, NO-1311 Fornebu, Norway.

Note 14. Related parties

The company's related parties with control comprise the main shareholder, Telenor Mobile Holding A/S, Norway. Related parties are also considered to include all group enterprises and associates comprised by the company's ultimate parent, Telenor ASA, Fornebu. Members of the Board of Directors and the Executive Board are also considered to be related parties.

In 2022, Telenor Danmark Holding A/S has had the following transactions and balances with related parties:

Subsidiaries	2022 mDKK	2021 mDKK
Dividend income	1,000	3,600
Expenses	2	0
Receivables	136	117
Liabilities other than provisions	8	7
All transactions are made on an arm's length basis.		
	2022 mDKK	2021 mDKK
Salary and remuneration for members of management and key personnel.	0	0

It has been proposed to distribute dividends to the parent, Telenor Danmark Holding A/S, of 0 mDKK (2021: 1,000 mDKK).

Note 15. Events after the balance sheet date

No events have occurred after the balance sheet date which would affect the evaluation of this annual report.

Note 16. Audit fee

For information about the company's expenses for audit fee and other services from the company auditor, please refer to the annual report of the company's ultimate parent, Telenor ASA, Fornebu.

Note 17. Approval of the annual report for publication

At a board meeting held on 7 June 2023, the Board of Directors approved this annual report for publication. The annual report will be presented for approval of the shareholders of Telenor Danmark Holding A/S at the annual general meeting on 7 June 2023.

Verification

Transaction 09222115557494445871

Document

4.3 Telenor Danmark Holding Annual Report 2022 final

Main document

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