# Affitech A/S

c/o COBIS Ole Maaløes Vej 3, 2200 København N, Denmark

CVR no. 14 53 83 72

# Annual report 2020

Approved at the Company's annual general meeting on 9 June 2021

Chair of the meeting:







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## Statement by the Board of Directors and the Executive Board

Today, the Board of Directors and the Executive Board have discussed and approved the annual report of Affitech A/S for the financial year 1 January - 31 December 2020.

The annual report is prepared in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act.

In our opinion, the financial statements give a true and fair view of the financial position of the Company at 31 December 2020 and of the results of the Company's operations for the financial year 1 January - 31 December 2020.

Further, in our opinion, the Management's review gives a fair review of the matters discussed in the Management's review.

We recommend that the annual report be approved at the annual general meeting.

Copenhagen, 9 June 2021 Executive Board:

/Michael Braunagel

Stig Jarle Pettersen

Board of Directors:

Aleksander Shuster

Chair

Daniil Talyanskiy

Alexander Andryushechkin



## Independent auditor's report

To the shareholders of Affitech A/S

### Opinion

We have audited the financial statements of Affitech A/S for the financial year 1 January - 31 December 2020, which comprise income statement, balance sheet, statement of changes in equity and notes, including accounting policies. The financial statements are prepared in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act.

In our opinion, the financial statements give a true and fair view of the financial position of the Company at 31 December 2020 and of the results of the Company's operations for the financial year 1 January - 31 December 2020 in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act.

### Basis for opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing (ISAs) and the additional requirements applicable in Denmark. Our responsibilities under those standards and requirements are further described in the "Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements" section of our report. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

#### Independence

We are independent of the Company in accordance with the International Ethics Standards Board for Accountants' Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants (IESBA Code) and the additional requirements applicable in Denmark, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these rules and requirements.

## Management's responsibilities for the financial statements

Management is responsible for the preparation of financial statements that give a true and fair view in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act and for such internal control as Management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, Management is responsible for assessing the Company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting in preparing the financial statements unless Management either intends to liquidate the Company or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

## Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance as to whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs and the additional requirements applicable in Denmark will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of the financial statements.



## Independent auditor's report

As part of an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs and the additional requirements applicable in Denmark, we exercise professional judgement and maintain professional scepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- ldentify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Company's internal control.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by Management.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of Management's use of the going concern basis of accounting in preparing the financial statements and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Company's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Company to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and contents of the financial statements, including the note disclosures, and whether the financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that gives a true and fair view.

We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

Statement on the Management's review

Management is responsible for the Management's review.

Our opinion on the financial statements does not cover the Management's review, and we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the financial statements, our responsibility is to read the Management's review and, in doing so, consider whether the Management's review is materially inconsistent with the financial statements or our knowledge obtained during the audit, or otherwise appears to be materially misstated.

Moreover, it is our responsibility to consider whether the Management's review provides the information required under the Danish Financial Statements Act.

Based on the work we have performed, we conclude that the Management's review is in accordance with the financial statements and has been prepared in accordance with the requirements of the Danish Financial Statement Act. We did not identify any material misstatement of the Management's review.

Copenhagen, 9 June 2021 EY Godkendt Revisionspartnerselskab CVR no. 30 70 02 28

Rasmus Bloch Jespersen

State Authorised Public Accountant

mne35503



## Management's review

## Company details

Name Affitech A/S Address, Postal code, City c/o COBIS

Ole Maaløes Vej 3, 2200 København N, Denmark

CVR no. 14 53 83 72 Registered office Copenhagen

Financial year 1 January - 31 December

Website www.affitech.com

Board of Directors Aleksander Shuster, Chair

Daniil Talyanskiy

Alexander Andryushechkin

Executive Board Michael Braunagel

Stig Jarle Pettersen

Auditors EY Godkendt Revisionspartnerselskab

Dirch Passers Allé 36, P.O. Box 250, 2000 Frederiksberg,

Denmark

Bankers Danske Bank



## Management's review

#### Business review

Affitech A/S is a biopharmaceutical company dedicated to the discovery and development of fully human antibody therapeutics against cancer and other serious diseases.

Unusual matters having affected the financial statements

### Going concern

The operations of the Company are financed through payables to the wholly-owned subsidiary, Affitech Research AS. In 2020, significant additional financial resources has been generated by the Affitech Research AS. Although additional financial resources have not been transferred to the Company as the date of these financial statements the Company, if needed, via its fully owned subsidiary, has access to liquidity resources to fund the Company's activities through either loans, share redemption, or dividend contributions, or a combination of the same. On this basis, the Board of Directors and the executive board presents the financial statements for 2020 based on a going concern assumption.

#### Financial review

The income statement for 2020 shows a profit of DKK 124,803,222 against a profit of DKK 171,478 last year, and the balance sheet at 31 December 2020 shows equity of DKK 128,565,936.

#### Events after the balance sheet date

No events materially affecting the Company's financial position have occurred subsequent to the financial year-end.



## Income statement

Note	DKK	2020	2019
	Administrative expenses	-418,624	-186,179
	Operating profit/loss Research costs	-418,624 -9,554	-186,179 -34,665
4 5	Profit/loss before net financials Income from investments in group entities Financial income Financial expenses	-428,178 125,628,000 139,108 -535,708	-220,844 694,000 200,485 -502,163
	Profit before tax Tax for the year	124,803,222	171,478 0
	Profit for the year	124,803,222	171,478
	Recommended appropriation of profit	124 002 222	171 470
	Retained earnings	124,803,222	171,478
		124,803,222	171,478



## Balance sheet

Note	DKK	2020	2019
	ASSETS		
6	Fixed assets Investments		
Ü	Investments in group entities	147,000,000	21,372,000
	Deposits	40,577	40,577
		147,040,577	21,412,577
	Total fixed assets	147,040,577	21,412,577
	Non-fixed assets		
	Other receivables	57,308	0
	Prepayments	37,835	0
		95,143	0
	Cash	42,778	132,082
	Total non-fixed assets	137,921	132,082
	TOTAL ASSETS	147,178,498	21,544,659
	EQUITY AND LIABILITIES		
	Equity		
7	Share capital	4,877,215	4,877,215
	Other reserves Retained earnings	82,912,662 40,776,059	82,912,662 -84,027,163
	Total equity	128,565,936	3,762,714
	Liabilities other than provisions	120,303,730	3,702,714
	Non-current liabilities other than provisions		
	Payables to group entities	18,095,182	17,438,928
		18,095,182	17,438,928
	Current liabilities other than provisions	F17 200	07/ 517
	Trade payables Other payables	517,380 0	276,517 66,500
	o mer payablee	517,380	343,017
		18,612,562	17,781,945
	TOTAL EQUITY AND LIABILITIES	147,178,498	21,544,659
	TOTAL LEGITT AND LIABILITIES	147,170,470	21,344,037

- Accounting policies
   Financing and going concern assumption
   Events after the balance sheet date
   Contractual obligations and contingencies, etc.
   Contingent assets
   Related parties



# Statement of changes in equity

DKK	Share capital	Other reserves	Retained earnings	Total
Equity at 1 January 2020 Transfer through appropriation	4,877,215	82,912,662	-84,027,163	3,762,714
of profit	0	0	124,803,222	124,803,222
Equity at 31 December 2020	4,877,215	82,912,662	40,776,059	128,565,936



#### Notes to the financial statements

#### 1 Accounting policies

The annual report of Affitech A/S for 2020 has been prepared in accordance with the provisions in the Danish Financial Statements Act applying to reporting class B entities and elective choice of certain provisions applying to reporting class C entities.

In accordance with section 110 of the Danish Financial Statements Act, the Company has not prepared consolidated financial statements.

Effective from the financial year 2020, the Company has implemented amending act no. 1716 of 27 December 2018 to the Danish Financial Statements Act. The implementation of the amending act has not affected the Company's accounting policies on recognition and measurement of assets and liabilities but has solely entailed a requirement for further disclosures. The accounting policies used in the preparation of the financial statements are consistent with those of last year.

#### Reporting currency

The financial statements are presented in Danish kroner (DKK).

#### Income statement

#### Administrative expenses

Administrative expenses include expenses incurred during the year in relation to the management and administration of the Company, including expenses related to salaries and premises as well as other expenses such as external services, IT expenses and depreciation relating to administration.

#### Profit from investments in subsidiaries

The item includes dividend received from subsidiaries in so far as the dividend does not exceed the accumulated earnings in the subsidiary in the period of ownership.

Impairment of investments in group entities and associates is accounted for as income from investments in group entities.

Reversal of prior year's impairment of investments in group entities is accounted for as income from investments in group entities.

#### Financial income and expenses

Financial income and expenses are recognised in the income statement at the amounts that relate to the reporting period. Net financials include interest income and expenses, financial expenses related to realised and unrealised capital and exchange gains and losses on foreign currency transactions, and surcharges and allowances under the on-account tax scheme, etc.

## Tax

Tax for the year includes current tax on the year's expected taxable income and the year's deferred tax adjustments. The portion of the tax for the year that relates to the profit/loss for the year is recognised in the income statement, whereas the portion that relates to transactions taken to equity is recognised in equity.



Notes to the financial statements

1 Accounting policies (continued)

Balance sheet

Investments in subsidiaries

Investments in subsidiaries are measured at cost.

#### Impairment of fixed assets

Investments in subsidiaries are subject to an assessment for indications of impairment other than the decrease in value reflected by depreciation or amortisation. Impairment tests are conducted in respect of individual assets or groups of assets generating separate cash flows when there is indications of impairment. The assets are written down to the higher of the value in use and net realisable value (recoverable amount) of the asset or group of assets if this is lower than the carrying amount.

Impairment tests are conducted on assets or groups of assets when there is indication of impairment. The carrying amount of impaired assets is reduced to the higher of the net selling price and the value in use (recoverable amount).

The recoverable amount is the higher of the net selling price of an asset and its value in use. The value in use is calculated as the present value of the expected net cash flows from the use of the asset or the group of assets and the expected net cash flows from the disposal of the asset or the group of assets after the end of the useful life.

Previously recognised impairment losses on investments in subsidaries are reversed when the reason for impairment no longer exists.

An assessment is made annually to determine whether there is an indication that previously recognised impairment losses no longer exist or have decreased. If such indications exist, the Company estimates the asset's recoverable amount. A previously recognised impairment loss is reversed only if there has been a change in the assumptions used to determine the asset's recoverable amount since the last impairment loss was recognised. The reversal is limited so that the carrying amount of the assets does not exceed its recoverable amount or the carrying amount that would have been determined, net of depreciation, had no impairment loss been recognised for the asset in prior years. Such reversal is recognised in the income statement.

#### **Prepayments**

Prepayments recorded as assets comprise expenses relating to subsequent reporting years such as prepaid expenses regarding rent, licenses, insurance premiums, subscription fees and interest.

### Cash

Cash comprises cash at bank.

#### Income taxes

Current tax payables and receivables are recognised in the balance sheet as the estimated income tax charge for the year, adjusted for prior-year taxes and tax paid on account.

Deferred tax is measured using the balance sheet liability method on all temporary differences between the carrying amount and the tax value of assets and liabilities.



Notes to the financial statements

#### 1 Accounting policies (continued)

Deferred tax is measured according to the tax rules and at the tax rates applicable at the balance sheet date when the deferred tax is expected to crystallise as current tax. Deferred tax assets are recognised at the expected value of their utilisation; either as a set-off against tax on future income or as a set-off against deferred tax liabilities in the same legal tax entity. Changes in deferred tax due to changes in the tax rate are recognised in the income statement.

#### Liabilities

Financial liabilities are recognised at the date of borrowing at the net proceeds received less transaction costs paid. On subsequent recognition, financial liabilities are measured at amortised cost, corresponding to the capitalised value, using the effective interest rate. Accordingly, the difference between the proceeds and the nominal value is recognised in the income statement over the term of the loan.

Other payables are measured at net realisable value.

#### 2 Financing and going concern assumption

The operations of the Company are financed through payables to the wholly-owned subsidiary, Affitech Research AS. In 2020, significant additional financial resources has been generated by the Affitech Research AS. Although additional financial resources have not been transferred to the Company as the date of these financial statements the Company, if needed, via its fully owned subsidiary, has access to liquidity resources to fund the Company's activities through either loans, share redemption, or dividend contributions, or a combination of the same. On this basis, the Board of Directors and the executive board presents the financial statements for 2020 based on a going concern assumption.

#### 3 Events after the balance sheet date

No significant events have occurred after the balance sheet date.



## Notes to the financial statements

	DKK		2020	2019
4	Financial income Exchange adjustments Other financial income		1,039 138,069 139,108	198,353 2,132 200,485
5	Financial expenses Interest expenses, group entities		527,175	501,418
	Other financial expenses		8,533	745
			535,708	502,163
6	Investments			
	DKK	Investments in group entities	Deposits	Total
	Cost at 1 January 2020	147,000,000	40,577	147,040,577
	Cost at 31 December 2020	147,000,000	40,577	147,040,577
	Value adjustments at 1 January 2020 Reversal of prior years' impairment losses	-125,628,000 125,628,000	0 0	-125,628,000 125,628,000
	Carrying amount at 31 December 2020	147,000,000	40,577	147,040,577

In 2020, significant additional financial resources have been generated by the Affitech Research AS, which significantly have increased the recoverable amount of the investment. Therefore previous years indicators and basis for impairment of the investment no longer exists and consequently, the impairment loss, which was recognized in previous financial years, have been reversed in 2020.

Name	Domicile	Interest
Subsidiaries		
Affitech Research AS	Oslo, Norway	100.00%
Actigen Limited	UK	100.00%
DKK	2020	2019
Share capital		
Analysis of the share capital:		
487,721,539 A shares of DKK 0.01 nominal value each	4,877,215	4,877,215
	4,877,215	4,877,215

The Company's share capital has remained DKK 4,877,215 over the past 5 years.



Notes to the financial statements

## 8 Contractual obligations and contingencies, etc.

Other contingent liabilities

DKK	2020	2019
Other contingent liabilities	4,300	4,300
	4,300	4,300

## 9 Contingent assets

The Company has a deferred tax asset amounting to DKK 221 million (2019: DKK 220 million) at a tax rate of 22%, primarily regarding tax loss carryforwards, which is not recognised in the balance sheet as Management believes that the deferred tax asset does not meet the recognition criteria.

## 10 Related parties

Affitech A/S' related parties comprise the following:

Parties exercising control

Related party	Domicile	Basis for contro	ol
N35 Financial Limited	Limassol, Cyprus	Shareholder	
Related party transactions			
Affitech A/S was engaged in the be	low related party transactions:		
DKK		2020	2019
Payment of licence costs via Affitech Research AS (subsidiary) Interest expense, Affitech Research (subsidiary) Adjustment of provision for bad debt, group entities (subsidiary)		0 527,175 145,827	-41,450 501,418 157,535
Payables to Affitech Research AS (	subsidiary)	18,095,182	17,438,928

Affitech A/S has entered into a loan agreement with its subsidiary, Affitech Research AS. The loans totals NOK 27,5 million, the rate of interest is 3%. The loan falls due for payment in August 2024.