Vitakraft Danmark A/S

Hasselager Centervej 15, 1. DK-8260 Viby J

CVR no. 14 31 28 97

Annual report 2022

The annual report was presented and approved at the Company's annual general meeting on

31 March 2023

Heinz Johannes Gardewin
Chairman of the annual general meeting

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Statement by the Board of Directors and the Executive Board

The Board of Directors and the Executive Board have today discussed and approved the annual report of Vitakraft Danmark A/S for the financial year 1 January – 31 December 2022.

The annual report has been prepared in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act.

In our opinion, the financial statements give a true and fair view of the Company's assets, liabilities and financial position at 31 December 2022 and of the results of the Company's operations for the financial year 1 January – 31 December 2022.

Further, in our opinion, the Management's review gives a fair review of the matters discussed in the Management's review.

We recommend that the annual report be approved at the annual general meeting.

Aarhus, 31 March 2023

Executive Board:

Christian Kjærgaard

Thomsen

Board of Directors:

Helnz Johannes Gardewin

Cifairman /

Dirk Strelow

Christian Kjærgaard

Thomsen



Independent auditor's report

To the shareholders of Vitakraft Danmark A/S

Opinion

We have audited the financial statements of Vitakraft Danmark A/S for the financial year 1 January – 31 December 2022 comprising income statement, balance sheet, statement of changes in equity and notes, including accounting policies. The financial statements are prepared in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act.

In our opinion, the financial statements give a true and fair view of the Company's assets, liabilities and financial position at 31 December 2022 and of the results of the Company's operations for the financial year 1 January – 31 December 2022 in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act.

Basis for opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing (ISAs) and the additional requirements applicable in Denmark. Our responsibilities under those standards and requirements are further described in the "Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements" section of our report.

We are independent of the Company in accordance with the International Ethics Standards Board for Accountants' International Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants (IESBA Code) and the additional ethical requirements applicable in Denmark, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements and the IESBA Code.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Management's responsibility for the financial statements

Management is responsible for the preparation of financial statements that give a true and fair view in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act and for such internal control that Management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, Management is responsible for assessing the Company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting in preparing the financial statements unless Management either intends to liquidate the Company or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance as to whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs and the additional requirements in Denmark will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements may arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users made on the basis of these financial statements.

As part of an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs and the additional requirements applicable in Denmark, we exercise professional judgement and maintain professional scepticism throughout the audit. We also



Independent auditor's report

- identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the company financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations or the override of internal control.
- obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures
 that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the
 effectiveness of the Company's internal control.
- evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by Management.
- conclude on the appropriateness of Management's use of the going concern basis of accounting in preparing the financial statements and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Company's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Company to cease to continue as a going concern.
- evaluate the overall presentation, structure and contents of the financial statements, including the
 disclosures, and whether the financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in
 a manner that gives a true and fair view.

We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

Statement on the Management's review

Management is responsible for the Management's review.

Our opinion on the financial statements does not cover the Management's review, and we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the financial statements, our responsibility is to read the Management's review and, in doing so, consider whether the Management's review is materially inconsistent with the financial statements or our knowledge obtained during the audit, or otherwise appears to be materially misstated.

Moreover, it is our responsibility to consider whether the Management's review provides the information required under the Danish Financial Statements Act.

Based on the work we have performed, we conclude that the Management's review is in accordance with the financial statements and has been prepared in accordance with the requirements of the Danish Financial Statements Act. We did not identify any material misstatement of the Management's review.

Aarhus, 31 March 2023 **KPMG** Statsautoriseret Revisionspartnerselskab CVR no. 25 57 81 98

Michael E. K. Rasmussen State Authorised Public Accountant mne41364

Management's review

Company details

Vitakraft Danmark A/S Hasselager Centervej 15, 1. DK-8260 Viby J

Telephone:

86 72 06 55

CVR no.:

14 31 28 97

Established:

1 January 1990

Registered office:

Aarhus

Financial year:

1 January - 31 December

Board of Directors

Heinz Johannes Gardewin, Chairman Dirk Strelow Christian Kjærgaard Thomsen

Executive Board

Christian Kjærgaard Thomsen

Auditor

KPMG Statsautoriseret Revisionspartnerselskab Frederiks Plads 42 DK-8000 Aarhus C CVR no. 25 57 81 98

Annual general meeting

The annual general meeting will be held on 31 March 2023.

Management's review

Operating review

Principal activities

The Company's activities include wholesale and distribution of food and accessories for pets in Denmark.

Development in activities and financial position

The Company's income statement for 2022 shows a profit of DKK 872,620 as against DKK 912,907 in 2021. Equity in the Company's balance sheet at 31 December 2022 stood at DKK 3,640,403 as against DKK 2,767,783 at 31 December 2021.

Events after the balance sheet date

No events have occurred after the balance sheet date of material importance to the annual report for 2022.

Income statement

DKK	Note	2022	2021
Gross profit		7,127,081	5,782,427
Staff costs Depreciation, amortisation and impairment losses Profit before financial income and expenses	2	-5,775,252 -73,816 1,278,013	-5,002,636 -66,502 713,289
Other financial income Other financial expenses Profit before tax	3	11,741 <u>-171,443</u> 1,118,311	11,013 -59,676 664,626
Tax on profit for the year	4	-245,691	248,281
Profit for the year		872,620	912,907
Proposed profit appropriation			
Retained earnings		872,620	912,907

Balance sheet

DKK	Note	31/12 2022	31/12 2021
ASSETS			
Fixed assets			
Property, plant and equipment			
Fixtures and fittings, tools and equipment		146,981	144,445
Investments			
Deposits		167,813	250,719
Total fixed assets		314,794	395,164
Current assets			
Inventories			
Finished goods and goods for resale		0	50,955
Receivables			
Trade receivables		10,075,028	9,186,359
Receivables from group entities		1,259,619	1,981,897
Deferred tax asset		2,590	248,281
Prepayments		341,749	379,421
		11,678,986	11,795,958
Cash at bank and in hand		966,509	1,101,416
Total current assets		12,645,495	12,948,329
TOTAL ASSETS		12,960,289	13,343,493

Balance sheet

DKK	Note	31/12 2022	31/12 2021
EQUITY AND LIABILITIES			
Equity			
Contributed capital		501,000	501,000
Retained earnings		3,139,403	2,266,783
Total equity		3,640,403	2,767,783
Liabilities			
Current liabilities			
Trade payables		1,918,692	1,703,532
Payables to group entities		3,221,467	4,966,114
Other payables		4,179,727	3,906,064
		9,319,886	10,575,710
Total liabilities		9,319,886	10,575,710
TOTAL EQUITY AND LIABILITIES		12,960,289	13,343,493

Financial statements 1 January – 31 December

Statement of changes in equity

DKK		Contributed capital	Retained earnings	Total
Equity at 1 January 2022		501,000	2,266,783	2,767,783
Transferred over the profit appropriation		0	872,620	872,620
Equity at 31 December 2022		501,000	3,139,403	3,640,403

Notes

1 Accounting policies

The annual report of Vitakraft Danmark A/S for 2022 has been prepared in accordance with the provisions applying to reporting class B entities under the Danish Financial Statements Act with opt-in from higher reporting classes.

The accounting policies used in the preparation of the financial statements are consistent with those of last year.

Foreign currency translation

On initial recognition, transactions denominated in foreign currencies are translated at the exchange rates at the transaction date. Foreign exchange differences arising between the exchange rates at the transaction date and the date of payment are recognised in the income statement as financial income or financial expenses.

Receivables, payables and other monetary items denominated in foreign currencies are translated at the exchange rates at the balance sheet date. The difference between the exchange rates at the balance sheet date and the date at which the receivable or payable arose or was recognised in the latest financial statements is recognised in the income statement as financial income or financial expenses.

Income statement

Gross profit

Pursuant to section 32 of the Danish Financial Statements Act, the Company has decided only to disclose gross profit.

Revenue

Income from the sale of goods is recognised in revenue when delivery and transfer of risk to the buyer have taken place, and the income may be measured reliably and is expected to be received. The date of transfer of the most significant benefits and risks is determined using standard Incoterms ® 2010.

Revenue is measured at the fair value of the agreed consideration excluding VAT and taxes charged on behalf of third parties. All discounts granted are recognised in revenue.

Cost of sales

Cost of sales comprises costs incurred to generate revenue for the year. This item also comprises direct costs for goods for resale.

Other operating income

Other operating income comprises items secondary to the activities of the entity, including gains on the disposal of intangible assets and property, plant and equipment.

Notes

1 Accounting policies (continued)

Other external costs

Other external costs comprise distribution costs and costs related to sales, sales campaigns, administration, office premises, operating leases, etc.

Staff costs

Staff costs comprise wages and salaries, including holiday allowance, pension and other social security costs, etc., to the Company's employees, excluding reimbursements from public authorities.

Financial income and expenses

Financial income and expenses comprise interest income and expense, financial costs regarding finance leases, gains and losses on securities, payables and transactions denominated in foreign currencies, amortisation of financial assets and liabilities as well as surcharges and refunds under the on-account tax scheme, etc.

Tax on profit for the year

Tax for the year comprises current corporation tax for the year and changes in deferred tax, including changes in tax rates. The tax expense relating to the profit/loss for the year is recognised in the income statement, and the tax expense relating to amounts directly recognised in equity is recognised directly in equity.

Balance sheet

Property, plant and equipment

Fixtures and fittings, tools and equipment are measured at cost less accumulated depreciation and impairment losses.

Cost comprises the purchase price and any costs directly attributable to the acquisition until the date on which the asset is available for use. Indirect production overheads and borrowing costs are not recognised in cost.

Where individual components of an item of property, plant and equipment have different useful lives, they are accounted for as separate items, which are depreciated separately.

The basis of depreciation is cost less any projected residual value after the end of the useful life. Depreciation is provided on a straight-line basis over the estimated useful life. The estimated useful lives are as follows:

Fixtures and fittings, tools and equipment

5 years

The useful life and residual value are reassessed annually. Changes are treated as accounting estimates, and the effect on depreciation is recognised prospectively.

Notes

1 Accounting policies (continued)

Gains and losses on the disposal of property, plant and equipment are stated as the difference between the selling price less selling costs and the carrying amount at the date of disposal. Gains and losses are recognised in the income statement as other operating income or other operating costs, respectively.

Investments

Deposits are recognised at amortised cost.

Impairment of fixed assets

The carrying amount of property, plant and equipment is subject to an annual test for indications of impairment other than the decrease in value reflected by depreciation or amortisation.

Impairment tests are conducted of individual assets or groups of assets when there is an indication that they may be impaired. Write-down is made to the recoverable amount if this is lower than the carrying amount.

The recoverable amount is the higher of an asset's net selling price and its value in use. The value in use is determined as the present value of the forecast net cash flows from the use of the asset or the group of assets, including forecast net cash flows from the disposal of the asset or the group of assets after the end of the useful life.

Receivables

Receivables are measured at amortised cost.

Write-down is made for bad debt losses where there is an objective indication that a receivable has been impaired. If there is an objective indication that an individual receivable has been impaired, write-down is made on an individual basis.

Write-downs are calculated as the difference between the carrying amount of receivables and the present value of forecast cash flows, including the realisable value of any collateral received. The effective interest rate for the individual receivable is used as discount rate.

Prepayments

Prepayments comprise prepayment of costs incurred relating to subsequent financial years.

Corporation tax and deferred tax

Current tax payable and receivable is recognised in the balance sheet as tax computed on the taxable income for the year, adjusted for tax on the taxable income of prior years and for tax paid on account.

Deferred tax is measured using the balance sheet liability method on all temporary differences between the carrying amount and the tax value of assets and liabilities based on the planned use of the asset or settlement of the liability. However, deferred tax is not recognised on temporary differences relating to goodwill non-deductible for tax purposes and on office premises and other items where the temporary differences arise at the date of acquisition without affecting either profit/loss or taxable income.

Notes

1 Accounting policies (continued)

Deferred tax assets, including the tax value of tax loss carryforwards, are recognised at the expected value of their utilisation within the foreseeable future; either as a set-off against tax on future income or as a set-off against deferred tax liabilities in the same legal tax entity. Any deferred net assets are measured at net realisable value.

Deferred tax is measured in accordance with the tax rules and at the tax rates applicable at the balance sheet date when the deferred tax is expected to crystallise as current tax. Changes in deferred tax as a result of changes in tax rates are recognised in the income statement or equity, respectively.

Liabilities

Financial liabilities are recognised at cost at the date of borrowing, corresponding to the proceeds received less transaction costs paid. In subsequent periods, the financial liabilities are measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method. Accordingly, the difference between cost and the nominal value is recognised in the income statement over the term of the loan together with interest expenses.

Other liabilities are measured at net realisable value.

	DKK	2022	2021
2	Staff costs		
	Wages and salaries	5,344,433	4,621,275
	Pensions	363,110	315,697
	Other social security costs	67,709	65,664
		5,775,252 =======	5,002,636
	Average number of full-time employees	10	8
3	Other financial expenses		
	Interest expense to group entities	3,918	2,598
	Impairment losses on financial assets	0	-1
	Other financial expenses	167,525	57,079
		171,443	59,676
4	Tax on profit for the year		
	Deferred tax for the year	245,691	147,363
	Adjustment of deferred tax concerning previous years	0	395,644
		245,691	-248,281

Financial statements 1 January – 31 December

Notes

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Operating lease obligations

The Company has entered into operating leases at the following amounts:

The remaining term of the leases is 4-57 months with an average monthly lease payment of DKK 38 thousand, totalling DKK 2,191 thousand.

6 Related party disclosures

Vitakraft Danmark A/S' related parties comprise the following:

Control

- P. F. I Vitakraft GmbH, Mahndorfer Heerstrasse 9, 28307 Bremen, Germany
- P. F. I Vitakraft GmbH holds the majority of the contributed capital in the Company.

Vitakraft Danmark A/S is part of the consolidated financial statements of P. F. I Vitakraft GmbH, Mahndorfer Heerstrasse 9, 28307 Bremen, Germany, which is the smallest group, in which the Company is included as a subsidiary.

The consolidated financial statements of P. F. I Vitakraft GmbH can be obtained by contacting the companies at the address above.