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Wolters Kluwer Danmark A/S

Sturlasgade 3

2300 København S

CVR No. 13386293

Annual Report 2020

32. financial year

The Annual Report was presented and adopted at the Annual General Meeting of the Company on

Chairman

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Management's Statement

Today, Management has considered and adopted the Annual Report of Wolters Kluwer Danmark A/S for the financial year 1 January 2020 - 31 December 2020.

The Annual Report is presented in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act.

In our opinion, the Financial Statements give a true and fair view of the assets, liabilities and financial position of the Company at 31 December 2020 and of the results of the Company's operations for the financial year 1 January 2020 - 31 December 2020.

In our opinion, the Management's Review includes a true and fair account of the matters addressed in the review.

We recommend that the Annual Report be adopted at the Annual General Meeting.

Copenhagen, 30 June 2021

Executive Board

Peter Alnor Man. Director

Supervisory Board

Katarina ThörnqvistMagnus LjungPeter AlnorChairmanMemberMember

Independent Auditors' Report

To the shareholder of Wolters Kluwer Danmark A/S

Opinion

We have audited the financial statements of Wolters Kluwer Danmark A/S for the financial year 1 January 2020 - 31 December 2020, which comprise an income statement, balance sheet, statement of changes in equity and notes. The financial statements are prepared in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act.

In our opinion, the financial statements give a true and fair view of the Company's financial position at 31 December 2020 and of the results of its operations for the financial year 1 January 2020 - 31 December 2020 in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act.

Basis of opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing (ISAs) and additional requirements applicable in Denmark. Our responsibilities under those standards and requirements are further described in the "Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements" section of our report. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Independence

We are independent of the Company in accordance with the International Ethics Standards Board for Accountants' Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants (IESBA Code) and additional requirements applicable in Denmark, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these rules and requirements.

Management's responsibilities for the financial statements

Management is responsible for the preparation of financial statements that give a true and fair view in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act and for such internal control as Management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error

In preparing the financial statements, Management is responsible for assessing the Company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting in preparing the financial statements unless Management either intends to liquidate the Company or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

Auditor's responsibility for the audit of the financial statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance as to whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs and additional requirements applicable in Denmark will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of the financial statements.

As part of an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs and additional requirements applicable in Denmark, we exercise professional judgement and maintain professional scepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- * Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations or the override of internal control.
- * Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Company's internal control.

Independent Auditors' Report

- * Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by Management.
- * Conclude on the appropriateness of Management's use of the going concern basis of accounting in preparing the financial statements and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Company's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Company to cease to continue as a going concern.
- * Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and contents of the financial statements, including the note disclosures, and whether the financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that gives a true and fair view.

We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

Statement on Management's Review

Management is responsible for the Management's review.

Our opinion on the financial statements does not cover the Management's review, and we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the financial statements, our responsibility is to read the Management's review and, in doing so, consider whether the Management's review is materially inconsistent with the financial statements or our knowledge obtained during the audit, or otherwise appears to be materially misstated. Moreover, it is our responsibility to consider whether the Management's review provides the information required under the Danish Financial Statements Act.

Based on the work we have performed, we conclude that the Management's review is in accordance with the financial statements and has been prepared in accordance with the requirements of the Danish Financial Statements Act. We did not identify any material misstatement of the Management's review.

Copenhagen, 30 June 2021

EY Godkendt Revisionspartnerselskab

CVR-no. 30700228

Henrik Pedersen State Authorised Public Accountant mne35456

Company details

Company Wolters Kluwer Danmark A/S

Sturlasgade 3

2300 København S

Telephone 70203314

email kundeservice@wolterskluwer.dk

Website www.wolterskluwer.dk

CVR No. 13386293
Date of formation 1 August 1989

Financial year 1 January 2020 - 31 December 2020

Supervisory Board Katarina Thörnqvist

Magnus Ljung

Peter Alnor, Man. Director

Executive Board Peter Alnor, Man. Director

Parent Company Wolters Kluwer International Holding nv.

Zuidpoolsingel 2

2400 BA Alphen aun den Rijn

Holland

The Group Annual Report can be requested here.

Auditors EY Godkendt Revisionspartnerselskab

Dirch Passers Allè 36 2000 Frederiksberg CVR-no.: 30700228

Management's Review

The Company's principal activities

The Company's principal activities consist in the development and sale of software tools to professional advisers.

The Company develops and sells software for tax computation, audit and accounting support and feasibility study modules to primarily the financial sector. Moreover, the Company develops and sells tailored solutions and consultancy services in connection with software integration and calculations.

Development in activities and financial matters

The Company's Income Statement of the financial year 1 January 2020 - 31 December 2020 shows a result of DKK -575.914 and the Balance Sheet at 31 December 2020 a balance sheet total of DKK 48.678.822 and an equity of DKK 10.168.452.

The core software business is developing positively and show continued increased growth and profitability. The trend is expected to continue in 2021 due to new product launches and increased market share. A minor negative result in 2021 is expected.

Expectations for the future

The Company's product and business development is closely related to the Group's growth strategy and new technology platforms. This contributesto effective product development, expanded product portfolio in the coming years and will strengthen the Company's position and opportunities in the market.

Subsequent events

The Covid pandemic impacted the industry as a whole, however we showed strong ability to react to the changing conditions. We experienced limited financial impact as a consequence of the Covid situation.

Accounting Policies

Reporting Class

The Annual Report of Wolters Kluwer Danmark A/S for 2020 has been presented in accordance with the provisions of the Danish Financial Statements Act applying to enterprises of reporting class B, with the adoption of individual rules from class C.

Effective from the financial year 2020, the Company has implemented amending act no. 1716 of 27 December 2018 to the Danish Fianacial Statements Act. The implementation of the amending act has not affected the Company's accounting policies on recognition and measurement of assets and liabilities but has solely entailed a requirement for further disclosures. The accounting policies used in the preparation of the financial statements are consistent with those last year.

Reporting currency

The Annual Report is presented in Danish kroner.

General Information

Basis of recognition and measurement

Income is recognised in the Income Statement as it is earned, including value adjustments of financial assets and liabilities that are measured at fair value or amortised cost. Moreover, all expenses incurred to achieve the earnings for the year are recognised in the Income Statement, including depreciation, amortisation, impairment losses and provisions as well as reversals due to changed accounting estimates of amounts that have previously been recognised in the Income Statement.

Assets are recognised in the Balance Sheet when it is probable that future economic benefits attributable to the asset will accrue to the Company, and the value of the asset can be measured reliably.

Liabilities are recognised in the Balance Sheet when it is probable that future economic benefits attributable to the asset will flow out of the Company, and the value of the liability can be measured reliably.

At initial recognition, assets and liabilities are measured at cost. Subsequently, assets and liabilities are measured as described for each item below.

Certain financial assets and liabilities are measured at amortised cost, which involves the recognition of a constant effective interest rate over the term. Amortised cost is calculated as original cost less repayments and with the addition/deduction of the accumulated amortisation of the difference between the cost and the nominal amount. This way, exchange losses and gains are allocated over the term.

In connection with recognition and measurement, consideration is given to predictable losses and risks occurring prior to the presentation of the Annual Report, i.e. losses and risks which prove or disprove matters which exist at the balance sheet date.

Income Statement

Revenue

Revenue represent the amount of consideration the company expects to be entitled to arising from contracts with customers in the ordinary course of business in exchange for transferring promised goods and/or services to customers, excluding amounts collected on behalf of third parties.

Revenue is recognized once the performance obligations are fulfilled (i.e. when the customer obtains control over

Accounting Policies

those goods and/or services).

Revenues related to subscriptions are recognized over the period in which the goods are transferred and/or content is made available online and when the goods and/or content involved are similar in value over time. Subscription income received or receivable in advance of the delivery of goods and/or content is presented as deferred income (a contract liability) in the statement of financial position.

License fees paid for the use of the company's software products and/or services are recognized in accordance with the substance of the agreement. Revenues from licenses representing a right to access are recognized over time on a straight-line basis. In case a right-to-access license is invoiced to the customer as a one-time upfront fee, revenue is recognized between 12 and 60 months depending on the nature of the license.

Income from delivery of services is recognised on a straight-line basis in net sales, as the service is delivered.

Wolters Klüwer A/S has adobted the recognition and measurement requirements in the IFRS 15 "Revenue from contracts with customers"

IFRS 15 establishes a five-step model to account for revenue and requires that revenue is recognised at an amount that reflects the consideration to which an entity expects to be entitled in exchange for transferring goods og services to a customer.

Cost of sales

Cost of sales are expenses that can relate directly to the products.

Other external expenses

Other external expenses comprise expenses regarding sale and administration.

Staff expenses

Staff expenses comprise wages and salaries, pensions and social security costs.

Other staff expenses are recognised in other external expenses.

Amortisation and impairment of tangible and intangible assets

Amortisation and impairment of intangible and tangible assets has been performed based on a continuing assessment of the useful life of the assets in the Company. Non-current assets are amortised on a straight line basis, based on cost, on the basis of the following assessment of useful life and residual values:

	Residu	
	Useful life	value
Completed development projects	5 years	0%
Consessions, patents, licens, trademarks and other similar rights	10 years	0%
Other fixtures and fittings, tools and equipment	3-10 years	0%

The accounting value for each intangible and tangible asset including residual value is evaluated each year.

Profit or loss resulting from the sale of intangible or tangible assets is determined as the difference between the selling price less selling costs and the carrying amount at the date of sale, and is recognised in the Income Statement under other operating income or expenses.

Financial income and expenses

Financial income and expenses are recognised in the Income Statement based on the amounts that concern the financial year. Financial income and expenses include interest revenue and expenses, finance charges in respect offinance leases, realised and unrealised capital gains and losses regarding securities, accounts payable and transactions in foreign currencies, and surcharges and allowances under the tax prepayment scheme.

Accounting Policies

Tax on net profit for the year

Tax on net profit/loss for the year comprises current tax on expected taxable income of the year and the year's adjustment of deferred tax less the part of the tax of the year that relates to changes in equity. Current and deferred tax regarding changes in equity is recognised directly in equity.

Balance Sheet

Intangible assets

Clearly defined and identifiable development projects where the technical rate of utilisation, sufficient resources and a potential future market or development potential in the Company are provable and where the intention is to manufacture, market or use the product or process are recognised as intangible assets if the value in use can be determined reliably and it is sufficiently certain that future earnings can cover production, sales and administration costs as well as total development costs.

Other development costs are recognised as costs in the Income Statement as they incur.

Development costs comprise costs, including wages, salaries and amortisation, that are directly or indirectly attributable to the development activities of the enterprise and meet the recognition criteria.

Capitalised development costs are measured at cost on initial recognition and subsequently at the lower of cost less accumulated amortisation and the recoverable amount.

Other intangible assets, including licences and acquired rights etc., are measured at cost less accumulated amortisation and impairment losses.

Tangible assets

Tangible assets are measured at cost on initial recognition and subsequently at cost less accumulated depreciation and impairment losses.

The depreciable amount is calculated taking into consideration the residual value of the asset at the end of its useful life, reduced by impairment losses, if any. The depreciation period and the residual value are determined at the data of acquisition. If the residual value exceeds the carrying amount of the asset, depreciation is discontinued.

In case of changes in depreciation period or residual value, the effect of a change in depreciation period is recognised prospectively in accounting estimates.

Cost includes the purchase priceand expenses directly related to the acquisition until the time when the asset is ready for use. The cost of self-constructed assets includes costs for materials, components, subcontractors, direct payroll costs and indirect production costs.

The cost of composite asset is disaggregated into components, which are seperately depreciated if the usefull lives of the individual components differ.

Receivables

Receivables are measured at amortised cost which usually corresponds to the nominal value. The value is reduced by write-downs for expected bad debts.

Impairment of accounts receivables past due is established on individual assessment of receivables.

Prepayments, assets

Prepayments recognised in assets comprises prepaid costs regarding subsequent financial years.

Accounting Policies

Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents comprise cash at bank and in hand as well as short-term securities with a term of less than three months which can be converted directly into cash at bank and in hand and involve only an insignificant risk of value changes.

Equity comprises the working capital and a number of equity items that may be statutory or stipulated in tha articles of association.

Provisions

Deferred tax

Deferred tax and the associated adjustments for the year are determined according to the balance-sheet liability method as the tax base of all temporary differences between carrying amounts and the tax bases of assets and liabilities.

Deferred tax assets, including the tax base of tax losses allowed for carryforward, are recognised at the value at which they are expected to be used, either by elimination in tax on future earnings or by set-off against deferred tax liabilities in enterprises within the same legal entity and jurisdiction.

Deferred tax is measured on the basis of the tax rules and tax rates that will be effective under the legislation applicable at the balance sheet date when the deferred tax is expected to crystallise as current tax.

Current tax liabilities

Current tax liabilities and current tax receivables are recognised in the Balance Sheet as calculated tax on the expected taxable income for the year, adjusted for tax on taxable income for previous years as well as for tax prepaid.

Other payables

Other payables are measured at amortised cost, which usually corresponds to the nominal value

Accruals and deferred income entered as liabilities consist of payments received regarding income in the subsequent financial years.

Contingent assets and liabilities

Contingent assets and liabilities are not recognised in the Balance Sheet but appear only in the notes.

Income Statement

	Note	2020 kr.	2019 kr.
Revenue		47.888.450	47.025.453
Raw materials and cosumables used		-4.424.980	-3.715.249
Other external expenses		-9.779.119	-11.306.551
Gross result	_	33.684.351	32.003.653
Employee benefits expense Depreciation, amortisation expense and impairment losses of property, plant and equipment and intangible	1	-29.089.437	-27.060.456
assets recognised in profit or loss		-5.259.631	-6.553.205
Profit from ordinary operating activities	_	-664.717	-1.610.008
Other finance income	2	3.565	3.668
Finance expences	3	-76.898	-81.553
Profit from ordinary activities before tax	_	-738.050	-1.687.893
Tax expense on ordinary activities	4	162.136	366.142
Profit	_	-575.914	-1.321.751
Proposed distribution of results			
Proposed dividend recognised in equity		2.000.000	20.000.000
Retained earnings		-2.575.914	-21.321.751
Distribution of profit	_	-575.914	-1.321.751

Balance Sheet as of 31 December

	Note	2020 kr.	2019 kr.
Assets			
Completed development projects	5	938.774	1.290.935
Acquired intangible assets	6 _	4.617.946	9.235.894
Intangible assets	_	5.556.720	10.526.829
Fixtures, fittings, tools and equipment	7	299.951	474.463
Property, plant and equipment	_	299.951	474.463
Fixed assets	_	5.856.671	11.001.292
Short-term trade receivables		8.067.992	9.429.795
Short-term receivables from group enterprises		17.495.519	29.060.312
Other short-term receivables		641.725	781.997
Prepayments	_	1.910.596	1.685.966
Receivables	_	28.115.832	40.958.070
Cash and cash equivalents	_	14.706.319	11.053.474
Current assets	_	42.822.151	52.011.544
Assets	_	48.678.822	63.012.836

Balance Sheet as of 31 December

Liabilities and equity	Note	2020 kr.	2019 kr.
Contributed capital		500.000	500.000
Retained earnings		7.668.452	10.244.366
Proposed dividend recognised in equity		2.000.000	20.000.000
Equity	_	10.168.452	30.744.366
Provisions for deferred tax	8	1.095.588	1.950.196
Provisions	_	1.095.588	1.950.196
Other payables		2.769.759	989.925
Long-term liabilities other than provisions	_	2.769.759	989.925
Deffered income		20.228.469	18.623.789
Trade payables		1.438.625	793.316
Tax payables		426.667	665.555
Other payables		12.551.262	9.245.689
Short-term liabilities other than provisions	_	34.645.023	29.328.349
Liabilities other than provisions within the business	_	37.414.782	30.318.274
Liabilities and equity	_	48.678.822	63.012.836
Contingent liabilities	9		
Collaterals and assets pledges as security	10		
Related parties	11		

Statement of changes in Equity

		Proposed		
		dividend		
	Contributed	recognised	Retained	
	capital	in equity	earnings	Total
Equity 1 January 2020	500.000	20.000.000	10.244.366	30.744.366
Dividend		2.000.000		2.000.000
Dividend paid		-20.000.000		-20.000.000
Profit (loss)			-2.575.914	-2.575.914
Equity 31 December 2020	500.000	2.000.000	7.668.452	10.168.452

The share capital has remained unchanged for the last 5 years.

Notes

	2020	2019
1. Employee benefits expense		
Wages and salaries	25.683.266	23.705.074
Post-employement benefit expense	3.043.872	3.063.571
Social security contributions	362.299	291.811
	29.089.437	27.060.456
Average number of employees	43	42
2. Finance income		
Other finance income	3.565	3.668
	3.565	3.668
3. Finance expenses		
Other finance expenses	76.898	81.553
·	76.898	81.553
4. Tax expense		
Taxation on operating income	692.472	760.056
Deferred taxation	-854.608	-1.126.198
	-162.136	-366.142
5. Completed development projects		
Cost at the beginning of the year	8.751.443	8.751.443
Cost at the end of the year	8.751.443	8.751.443
Depreciation and amortisation at the beginning of the year	-7.460.508	-7.108.347
Amortisation for the year	-352.161	-352.161
Impairment losses and amortisation at the end of the year	-7.812.669	-7.460.508
Carrying amount at the end of the year	938.774	1.290.935
6. Acquired intangible assets		
Cost at the beginning of the year	22 612 462	22 612 462
	32.613.463	32.613.463
Cost at the end of the year	32.613.463	32.613.463
Amortisation at the beginning of the year	-23.377.569	-17.496.360
Amortisation for the year	-4.617.948	-5.881.209
Impairment losses and amortisation at the end of the year	-27.995.517	-23.377.569
Carrying amount at the end of the year	4.617.946	9.235.894

Notes

	2020	2019
7. Fixtures, fittings, tools and equipment		
Cost at the beginning of the year	2.537.602	3.178.402
Addition during the year, incl. improvements	115.010	180.637
Disposal during the year	0	-821.437
Cost at the end of the year	2.652.612	2.537.602
Depreciation at the beginning of the year	-2.063.139	-2.564.741
Deprediation for the year	-289.522	-319.835
Reversal of impairment losses and deprediation of disposed assets	0	821.437
Impairment losses and amortisation at the end of the year	-2.352.661	-2.063.139
Carrying amount at the end of the year	299.951	474.463
8. Provisions for deferred tax		
Balance at the beginning of the year	1.950.196	3.076.394
Additions during the year	-854.608	-1.126.198
Balance at the end of the year	1.095.588	1.950.196

9. Contingent liabilities

The company has liabilities related to rented premises and leased copymachines, cars etc. of TDKK 3.387 hereof TDKK 1.136 within 1 year.

10. Collaterals and securities

A security guarantee has been provided for rent at the address Søren Frichs Vej 25, 8000 Århus. The security guarantee is provided through Danske Bank and amounts to DKK 154.921.

11. Related parties

Wolters Kluwer Danmark A/S's related parties are:

Excercising control
Wolters Kluwer International Holding nv.
Zuidpoolsingel 2
2400 BA Alphen aun den Rijn
Holland
Which holds 100% of the shares

Other related parties, with the company has had transactions Wolters Kluwer Scandinavia AB Emigrantvägen 2G 414 63 Gothenburg Sweden

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The signatures in this document are legally binding. The document is signed using Penneo™ secure digital signature. The identity of the signers has been recorded, and are listed below.

"By my signature I confirm all dates and content in this document."

Magnus Daniel Christer Ljung

Bestvrelsesmedlem

Serial number: 19750925xxxx IP: 217.209.xxx.xxx

2021-06-30 07:33:17Z





KATARINA THÖRNQVIST

Bestyrelsesmedlem

Serial number: 19650724xxxx IP: 83.248.xxx.xxx

2021-06-30 08:20:20Z





Peter Alnor

Direktør

Serial number: CVR:13386293-RID:21625171

IP: 128.77.xxx.xxx 2021-06-30 08:25:14Z





Peter Alnor

Bestyrelsesmedlem

Serial number: CVR:13386293-RID:21625171

IP: 128.77.xxx.xxx 2021-06-30 08:25:14Z





Henrik Pedersen

Statsautoriseret revisor

Serial number: CVR:30700228-RID:75507388

IP: 188.183.xxx.xxx 2021-06-30 13:29:13Z





KATARINA THÖRNQVIST

Dirigent

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