

IGE+XAO Nordic ApS

Registered Office: Bistrupvej 22, 3460 Birkerød

CVR-number 13 26 63 95

Annual Report 2023

Financial year: 01.01.2023 – 31.12.2023

Approved at the annual general meeting of shareholders on 26 June 2024

Michael Mahler
chairman

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Company Information

The Company	IGE+XAO Nordic ApS Bistrupvej 22 3460 Birkerød
Executive Board	Michael Mahler
Auditors	Aaen & Co. Statsautoriserede revisorer P/S Kongevejen 3 3000 Helsingør
Financial year	1 January - 31 December

Management's Review

The Company's business review

The Company's objective is to trade and development of CAD systems.

Significant changes in the company's activities and financial affairs

There has been no significant changes in the activities and financial position during the financial year.

Event after the balance sheet date

No significant events have occurred after the balance sheet date.

Management's Statement on the Annual Report

The Executive Board have today discussed and approved the Annual Report 2023 of IGE+XAO Nordic ApS.

The Annual Report was prepared in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act.

In our opinion, the Annual Report gives a true and fair view of the Company's financial position at 31 December 2023 and the results of operations for the financial year 1 January - 31 December 2023 of the Company.

In our opinion, the Management's review includes a fair review of the matters discussed in the Management review.

We recommend that the Annual Report be approved at the annual general meeting.

Birkerød, 26 June 2024

Executive Board

Michael Mahler

Independent auditors' report

To the shareholders of IGE+XAO Nordic ApS:

Opinion

We have audited the Financial Statements of IGE+XAO Nordic ApS for the financial year 1. January - 31. December 2023, which comprise income statement, balance sheet, statement of changes in equity and notes, including a summary of significant accounting policies, for the Company. The Financial Statements are prepared in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act.

In our opinion, the Financial Statements give a true and fair view of the Company's financial position at 31. December 2023 and of the results of the Company's operations for the financial year 1. January - 31. December 2023 in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act.

Basis for Opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing (ISAs) and the additional requirements applicable in Denmark. Our responsibilities under those standards and requirements are further described in the "Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements" section of our report. We are independent of the Company in accordance with the International Ethics Standards Board for Accountants' International Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants (including International Independence Standards) (IESBA Code), together with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the financial statements in Denmark, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements and the IESBA Code. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Management's Responsibilities for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation of Financial Statements that give a true and fair view in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act, and for such internal control as Management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of Financial Statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the Financial Statements, Management is responsible for assessing the Company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting in preparing the Financial Statements unless Management either intends to liquidate the Company or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the Financial Statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs and the additional requirements applicable in Denmark will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users of accounting information taken on the basis of these Financial Statements.

As part of an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs and the additional requirements applicable in Denmark, we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the Financial Statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.

Independent auditors' report

- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Company's internal control.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by Management.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of Management's use of the going concern basis of accounting in preparing the Financial Statements and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Company's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the Financial Statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Company to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and contents of the Financial Statements, including the disclosures, and whether the Financial Statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that gives a true and fair view.

We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

Statement on Management's Review

Management is responsible for Management's Review.

Our opinion on the Financial Statements does not cover Management's Review, and we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the Financial Statements, our responsibility is to read Management's Review and, in doing so, consider whether Management's Review is materially inconsistent with the Financial Statements or our knowledge obtained during the audit, or otherwise appears to be materially misstated.

Moreover, it is our responsibility to consider whether Management's Review provides the information required under the Danish Financial Statements Act.

Based on the work we have performed, we conclude that Management's Review is in accordance with the Financial Statements and has been prepared in accordance with the requirements of the Danish Financial Statement Act. We did not identify any material misstatement of Management's Review.

Elsinore, 26 June 2024

Aaen & Co. statsautoriserede revisorer p/s

Kongevejen 3, 3000 Helsingør - CVR nummer 33 24 17 63

Søren Mark Thorbjørnsen
State Authorised Public Accountant
mne19687

Accounting Policies

Basis of accounting

The Annual Report of IGE+XAO Nordic ApS for 2023 has been prepared in accordance with the provisions of the Danish Financial Statements Act applying to enterprises of reporting class B. Management has chosen to follow certain rules from reporting class C.

The company is included in the consolidated financial statement for Schneider Electric SE, France.

The accounting policies applied are unchanged compared to last year.

The Annual Report is presented in DKK.

Recognition and measurement

Revenues are recognised in the income statement as earned, which includes recognition of value adjustments of financial assets and liabilities. Furthermore, all expenses incurred, including depreciation, amortisation and impairment losses, are recognised in the income statement.

Assets are recognised in the balance sheet when it is probable that future economic benefits attributable to the asset will flow to the Company, and the value of the asset can be measured reliably.

Liabilities are recognised in the balance sheet when it is probable that future economic benefits will flow out of the Company, and the value of the liability can be measured reliably.

Assets and liabilities are initially measured at cost. Subsequently, assets and liabilities are measured as described for each item below.

Certain financial assets and liabilities are measured at amortised cost, which involves the recognition of a constant effective interest rate over the maturity period. Amortised cost is calculated as original cost less any deductions and with addition/deduction of the cumulative amortisation of any difference between cost and the nominal amount. In this way, capital losses and gains are allocated over the maturity period.

Recognition and measurement take into account predictable losses and risks occurring before the presentation of the Annual Report, which confirm or invalidate affairs and conditions existing at the balance sheet date.

Translation policies

Transactions in foreign currencies are translated at the exchange rates at the dates of transaction. Exchange differences arising due to differences between the transaction date rates and the rates at the dates of payment, are recognised in financial income and expenses in the income statement. If foreign exchange positions are considered hedging of future cash flows, the value adjustments are recognised directly in equity.

Receivables, payables and other monetary items in foreign currencies that have not been settled at the balance sheet date are translated at the exchange rates at the balance sheet date. The difference between the exchange rate at the balance sheet date and the rate at the time of origin of the receivable or debt is recognised in financial income and expenses in the income statement.

Fixed assets purchased in foreign currencies are measured at the rate of exchange at the date of transaction.

Accounting Policies

Income statement

Gross profit

With reference to section 32 of the Danish financial statements act, the items "Revenue", "Other external expenses" and "Other operating income" are consolidated into one item designated "Gross profit".

Revenue

Income from the rendering of services is recognised as revenue as the services are rendered, implying that revenue corresponds to the market value of the services rendered in the year (percentage-of-completion method). Revenue is measured at fair value of the agreed consideration exclusive of VAT and taxes charged on behalf of third parties. All discounts and rebates granted are recognised in revenue.

Direct cost

Direct cost comprise costs incurred to achieve the revenue for the year.

Other external expenses

Other external expenses include the year's expenses relating to the entity's core activities, including expenses relating to distribution, sale, advertising, administration, premises, bad debts, payments under operating leases, etc.

Employee expenses

Staff costs include wages and salaries, including compensated absence and pensions, as well as other social security contributions, etc. made to the entity's employees. The items is net of refunds made by public authorities.

Other operating income

Other operating income comprise items of a secondary nature compared to the core activities of the Company, such as profit from the sale of fixed assets and received contribution to expenses for exploration.

Financial income and expenses

Financial income and expenses are recognised in the income statement with the amounts relating to the financial year. Financial income and expenses comprise interest income and expenses, realised and unrealised exchange gains and losses concerning debt and transactions in foreign currencies as well as extra payments and repayment under the on-account taxation scheme.

Corporation tax

Tax for the year includes current tax on the year's expected taxable income and the year's deferred tax adjustments. The portion of the tax for the year that relates to the profit/loss for the year is recognised in the income statement, whereas the portion that relates to transactions taken to equity is recognised in equity.

The entity and its Danish group entities are taxed on a joint basis. The Danish income tax charge is allocated between profit-making and loss-making Danish entities in proportion to their taxable income (full allocation method).

Accounting Policies

Property, plant and equipment

Other fixtures, fittings, tools and equipment are measured at cost less accumulated depreciation and amortization.

Depreciation is based on cost reduced by any expected residual value after the period of use.

Cost comprises the cost of acquisition and expenses directly related to the acquisition up until the time when the asset is ready for use.

Depreciation is calculated on a straight-line basis over the expected useful lives of the assets, which are:

Other fixtures, fittings, tools and equipment	3-10	Years
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Gains or losses on sale of property, plant and equipment are calculated as the difference between the sales price less sales expenses and the carrying amount at the time of the sale.

Receivables

Receivables are measured at amortised cost, which usually corresponds to the nominal value. Provisions are made for bad debts because of objective evidence that a receivable or a group of receivables are impaired. Write-downs are made to the lower of the net realisable value and the carrying amount. Investments comprise rent deposits, which is measured at cost.

Accruals, assets

Accruals recognised under "Assets" comprise prepaid expenses regarding subsequent financial reporting years.

Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents comprise cash and short-term marketable securities, which are subject to an insignificant risk of changes in value.

Corporation tax and deferred tax

Current tax liabilities and current tax receivable are recognised in the balance sheet as calculated tax on the taxable income for the year adjusted for tax on previous years' taxable income as well as for taxes paid on account.

Deferred tax is measured under the balance sheet liability method in respect of all temporary differences between the carrying amount and the tax base of assets and liabilities. In cases, of concerning shares, where the computation of the tax base may be made according to alternative tax rules, deferred tax is measured based on the intended use of the asset or settlement of the liability, respectively.

Deferred tax assets, including the tax base of tax loss carry-forwards, are measured at the value at which the asset is expected to be either realised, by elimination in tax on future earnings or by set-off against deferred tax liabilities within the same legal tax entity and jurisdiction. Any deferred net tax assets are measured at net realisable value.

Deferred tax is measured based on the tax rules and tax rates that will be effective under the legislation at the balance sheet date when the deferred tax is expected to crystallised as current tax.

Accounting Policies

Debt

Other liabilities are measured at net realisable value.

Accruals, liabilities

Accruals recognised as a liability comprises payments received concerning income in subsequent financial reporting years.

Balance sheet 31 December

Assets

Note	2023	2022
3		
Fixtures, fittings, tools and equipment	616.700	825.110
Property, plant and equipment	616.700	825.110
Non-current assets	616.700	825.110
Trade receivables	4.998.621	4.110.100
Receivables from group enterprises	233.861	233.861
Other receivables	454.944	31.845
Deferred income assets	1.530.218	1.150.770
Receivables	7.217.644	5.526.576
Cash and cash equivalents	5.027.227	5.739.690
Current assets	12.244.871	11.266.266
Total assets	12.861.571	12.091.376

Balance sheet 31 December

Liabilities

Note	2023	2022
Share capital	500.000	500.000
Retained earnings	588.388	82.548
Proposed dividend	1.500.000	2.800.000
Equity	2.588.388	3.382.548
Provisions for deferred tax	7.013	7.013
Provisions	7.013	7.013
Trade payables	75.802	100.856
Payables to group enterprises	595.101	476.926
Short-term tax payables	764.265	174.013
Other payables	2.283.402	1.807.113
Short-term deferred income	6.547.600	6.142.907
Short-term debt	10.266.170	8.701.815
Total debt	10.266.170	8.701.815
Total liabilities and equity	12.861.571	12.091.376
4 Liabilities under leases disclosed separately		
5 Contingent liabilities		
6 Ownership		

Equity Statement

	Share capital	Retained earnings	Proposed dividend	Total
Equity 1 January 2022	500.000	2.954.343	0	3.454.343
Dividends paid	0	0	0	0
Profit of the year	0	-2.871.795	2.800.000	-71.795
Equity 31 December 2022	500.000	82.548	2.800.000	3.382.548
Equity 1 January 2023	500.000	82.548	2.800.000	3.382.548
Dividends paid	0	0	-2.800.000	-2.800.000
Profit of the year	0	505.840	1.500.000	2.005.840
Equity 31 December 2023	500.000	588.388	1.500.000	2.588.388

Notes to the annual accounts

	2023	2022
1 Employee expenses		
Wages/salaries	10.924.367	8.770.436
Pensions	790.845	736.225
Other social security costs	88.166	35.875
	11.803.378	9.542.536
Average number of employees	12	11
2 Tax expense on ordinary activities		
Tax on the taxable income of the year	590.252	21.953
Adjustment of deferred tax	0	0
Adjustment of tax previous years	0	0
	590.252	21.953
3 Fixtures, fittings, tools and equipment		
Cost at 1 January	1.761.258	2.019.896
Additions in the year	19.650	1.028.958
Disposals in the year	0	-1.287.596
Cost at 31 January	1.780.908	1.761.258
Impairment losses and depreciation at 1 January	936.148	1.339.822
Depreciation in the year	228.060	300.393
Reversal of amortisation/depreciation and impairment of disposals	0	-704.067
Impairment losses and depreciation at 31 December	1.164.208	936.148
Carrying amount at 31 December	616.700	825.110

Notes to the annual accounts

4 Liabilities under leases disclosed separately

The Company has entered into operating rental and lease arrangements with the following amounts:

Rental obligation for the period until 30 June 2024 amounts to kDKK 131.

Leasing obligation for the period until 20 December 2024 amounts to kDKK 651.

5 Contingent liabilities

The company is jointly taxed with Schneider Nordic Baltic A/S, which acts as management company. The company is jointly and severally liable with the other jointly taxed Group companies for payment of withholding taxes payable and for corporate taxes.

6 Ownership

The following shareholders are recorded in the Company's register of shareholders as holding minimum 5% of the votes or minimum 5% of the share capital:

Schneider Electric SE

The consolidated Financial Statements

The Company's primary parent, which prepares consolidated financial statements into which the Company is incorporated as a subsidiary, is Schneider Electric SE, France.

The consolidated financial statements of the foreign Parent Company can be obtained at the following address:

Schneider Electric SE , France., U16 Boulevard Déodat De Séverac,
CS 90 312, 31770 Colomiers Cedex, France.

Dette dokument er underskrevet af nedenstående parter, der med deres underskrift har bekræftet dokumentets indhold samt alle datoer i dokumentet.

This document is signed by the following parties with their signatures confirming the documents content and all dates in the document.

Michael Mahler

Navnet returneret af dansk MitID var:

Michael Mahler

Direktør

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Michael Mahler

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Dirigent

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Søren Thorbjørnsen

Navnet returneret af dansk MitID var:

Søren Mark Thorbjørnsen

Revisor

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