## Vægten A/S

Anelystparken 16 8381 Tilst CVR No. 12378785

## Annual report 2020

The Annual General Meeting adopted the annual report on 21.05.2021

#### **Henrik Nebelong**

Chairman of the General Meeting

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# **Entity details**

#### **Entity**

Vægten A/S Anelystparken 16 8381 Tilst

CVR No.: 12378785

Registered office: Aarhus

Financial year: 01.01.2020 - 31.12.2020

#### **Board of Directors**

Henrik Nebelong Mads Bilenberg Jørgensen Bernd Georg Burkhard Baus

#### **Executive Board**

Mads Bilenberg Jørgensen

#### **Auditors**

Deloitte Statsautoriseret Revisionspartnerselskab City Tower, Værkmestergade 2 8000 Aarhus C

## **Statement by Management**

The Board of Directors and the Executive Board have today considered and approved the annual report of Vægten A/S for the financial year 01.01.2020 - 31.12.2020.

The annual report is presented in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act.

In our opinion, the financial statements give a true and fair view of the Entity's financial position at 31.12.2020 and of the results of its operations for the financial year 01.01.2020 - 31.12.2020.

We believe that the management commentary contains a fair review of the affairs and conditions referred to therein.

We recommend the annual report for adoption at the Annual General Meeting.

Aarhus, 23.04.2021

**Executive Board** 

Mads Bilenberg Jørgensen

**Board of Directors** 

**Henrik Nebelong** 

Mads Bilenberg Jørgensen

**Bernd Georg Burkhard Baus** 

## Independent auditor's report

#### To the shareholders of Vægten A/S

#### **Opinion**

We have audited the financial statements of Vægten A/S for the financial year 01.01.2020 - 31.12.2020, which comprise the income statement, balance sheet, statement of changes in equity and notes, including a summary of significant accounting policies. The financial statements are prepared in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act.

In our opinion, the financial statements give a true and fair view of the Entity's financial position at 31.12.2020 and of the results of its operations for the financial year 01.01.2020 - 31.12.2020 in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act.

#### **Basis for opinion**

We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing (ISAs) and additional requirements applicable in Denmark. Our responsibilities under those standards and requirements are further described in the "Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements" section of this auditor's report. We are independent of the Entity in accordance with the International Ethics Standards Board of Accountants' Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants (IESBA Code) and the additional requirements applicable in Denmark, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

#### Management's responsibilities for the financial statements

Management is responsible for the preparation of financial statements that give a true and fair view in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act, and for such internal control as Management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, Management is responsible for assessing the Entity's ability to continue as a going concern, for disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern, and for using the going concern basis of accounting in preparing the financial statements unless Management either intends to liquidate the Entity or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

#### Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs and the additional requirements applicable in Denmark will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

As part of an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs and the additional requirements applicable in Denmark, we exercise professional judgement and maintain professional scepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Entity's internal control.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by Management.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of Management's use of the going concern basis of accounting in preparing the financial statements, and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Entity's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Entity to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the financial statements, including the disclosures in the notes, and whether the financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that gives a true and fair view.

We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

#### Statement on the management commentary

Management is responsible for the management commentary.

Our opinion on the financial statements does not cover the management commentary, and we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the financial statements, our responsibility is to read the management commentary and, in doing so, consider whether the management commentary is materially inconsistent with the financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated.

Moreover, it is our responsibility to consider whether the management commentary provides the information required under the Danish Financial Statements Act.

Based on the work we have performed, we conclude that the management commentary is in accordance with the financial statements and has been prepared in accordance with the requirements of the Danish Financial Statements Act. We did not identify any material misstatement of the management commentary.

Aarhus, 23.04.2021

#### **Deloitte**

Statsautoriseret Revisionspartnerselskab CVR No. 33963556

#### Søren Alsen Lauridsen

State Authorised Public Accountant Identification No (MNE) mne40040

## **Management commentary**

#### **Primary activities**

The company's property is located in Aalborg and has been leased to BAUHAUS Danmark A/S throughout the financial period as a DIY superstore.

#### **Description of material changes in activities and finances**

The development of the company's finances has been as expected.

The annual report is not affected by special circumstances as COVID-19, and there is no uncertainty about recognition and measurement in the 2020 annual report.

#### **Events after the balance sheet date**

No events have occurred after the balance sheet date to this date, which would influence the evaluation of this annual report.

## **Income statement for 2020**

		2020	2019
	Notes	DKK	DKK
Revenue		19,062,312	18,951,702
Other external expenses		(781,009)	(919,459)
Gross profit/loss		18,281,303	18,032,243
Depreciation, amortisation and impairment losses	1	(3,187,188)	(3,187,188)
Operating profit/loss		15,094,115	14,845,055
Other financial income	2	209,635	173,840
Other financial expenses		(67,859)	(69,815)
Profit/loss before tax		15,235,891	14,949,080
Tax on profit/loss for the year	3	(3,351,896)	(3,288,620)
Profit/loss for the year		11,883,995	11,660,460
Proposed distribution of profit and loss:			
Ordinary dividend for the financial year		11,000,000	11,000,000
Retained earnings		883,995	660,460
Proposed distribution of profit and loss		11,883,995	11,660,460

## **Balance sheet at 31.12.2020**

#### **Assets**

Assets		102,070,677	104,113,140
Current assets		18,864,596	17,719,868
receivables		10,804,390	17,719,808
Receivables		18,864,596	17,719,868
Receivables from group enterprises		18,864,596	17,719,868
Fixed assets		83,206,081	86,393,272
Property, plant and equipment	4	83,206,081	86,393,272
· ·	4		
Land and buildings		83,206,081	86,393,272
	Notes	DKK	DKK
		2020	2019

#### **Equity and liabilities**

		2020	2019
	Notes	DKK	DKK
Contributed capital	5	500,000	500,000
Revaluation reserve		315,331	315,331
Retained earnings		74,144,114	73,260,119
Proposed dividend		11,000,000	11,000,000
Equity		85,959,445	85,075,450
Deferred tax		2,462,181	2,489,000
Provisions		2,462,181	2,489,000
Mortgage debt		6,626,197	7,531,611
Non-current liabilities other than provisions	6	6,626,197	7,531,611
Current portion of non-current liabilities other than provisions	6	910,783	916,622
Payables to group enterprises		207,184	3,608,296
Income tax payable		3,378,715	3,315,480
Other payables		2,526,172	1,176,681
Current liabilities other than provisions		7,022,854	9,017,079
Liabilities other than provisions		13,649,051	16,548,690
Equity and liabilities		102,070,677	104,113,140
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# Statement of changes in equity for 2020

	Contributed	Revaluation	Retained	Proposed	
	capital	reserve	earnings	dividend	Total
	DKK	DKK	DKK	DKK	DKK
Equity beginning of year	500,000	315,331	73,260,119	11,000,000	85,075,450
Ordinary dividend paid	0	0	0	(11,000,000)	(11,000,000)
Profit/loss for the year	0	0	883,995	11,000,000	11,883,995
Equity end of year	500,000	315,331	74,144,114	11,000,000	85,959,445

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## **Notes**

1 Depreciation, amortisation and impairment losse
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r Depreciation, amortisation and impairment iosses		
	2020	2019
	DKK	DKK
Depreciation of property, plant and equipment	3,187,188	3,187,188
	3,187,188	3,187,188
2 Other financial income		
	2020	2019
	DKK	DKK
Financial income from group enterprises	209,635	173,840
	209,635	173,840
3 Tax on profit/loss for the year		
	2020	2019
	DKK	DKK
Current tax	3,378,715	3,315,620
Change in deferred tax	(26,819)	(27,000)
	3,351,896	3,288,620
4 Property, plant and equipment		
		Land and
		buildings
Coat has in minutes of the coat		DKK
Cost beginning of year		127,565,723
Cost end of year		127,565,723
Revaluations beginning of year		404,270
Revaluations end of year		404,270
Depreciation and impairment losses beginning of year		(41,576,724)
Depreciation for the year		(3,187,188)
Depreciation and impairment losses end of year		(44,763,912)
Carrying amount end of year		83,206,081

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#### **5 Share capital**

		Par value	Nominal value
	Number	DKK	DKK
Ordinary shares	48	10,000	480,000
Ordinary shares	20	1,000	20,000
	68		500,000

#### 6 Non-current liabilities other than provisions

		Due after			
	Due within 12	Due within 12	more than 12	Outstanding	
	months	months	months	after 5 years	
	2020	2019	2020	2020	
	DKK	DKK	DKK	DKK	
Mortgage debt	910,783	916,622	6,626,197	2,978,553	
	910,783	916,622	6,626,197	2,978,553	

#### 7 Working conditions

Average number of full-time employees is 0.

#### **8 Contingent liabilities**

The Entity participates in a Danish joint taxation arrangement where BAUHAUS Danmark A/S serves as the administration company. According to the joint taxation provisions of the Danish Corporation Tax Act, the Entity is therefore liable for income taxes etc for the jointly taxed entities. The jointly taxed entities' total known net liability under the joint taxation arrangement is disclosed in the administration company's financial statements.

#### 9 Assets charged and collateral

Mortgage debt is secured by way of mortgage on properties.

The carrying amount of mortgaged properties is 83,206 t.kr. as of 31.12.2020.

#### 10 Related parties with controlling interest

Anelystparken Holding A/S - Anelystparken 16, 8281, Tilst owns all shares in the Entity, thus exercising control.

#### 11 Group relations

Name and registered office of the Parent preparing consolidated financial statements for the largest group: Anelystparken Holding A/S, Tilst.

## **Accounting policies**

#### **Reporting class**

This annual report has been presented in accordance with the provisions of the Danish Financial Statements Act governing reporting class B enterprises with addition of certain provisions for reporting class C.

The accounting policies applied to these financial statements are consistent with those applied last year.

#### **Recognition and measurement**

Assets are recognised in the balance sheet when it is probable as a result of a prior event that future economic benefits will flow to the Entity, and the value of the asset can be measured reliably.

Liabilities are recognised in the balance sheet when the Entity has a legal or constructive obligation as a result of a prior event, and it is probable that future economic benefits will flow out of the Entity, and the value of the liability can be measured reliably.

On initial recognition, assets and liabilities are measured at cost. Measurement subsequent to initial recognition is effected as described below for each financial statement item.

Anticipated risks and losses that arise before the time of presentation of the annual report and that confirm or invalidate affairs and conditions existing at the balance sheet date are considered at recognition and measurement.

Income is recognised in the income statement when earned, whereas costs are recognised by the amounts attributable to this financial year.

#### **Income statement**

#### Revenue

Revenue from the sale of services is recognised in the income statement when delivery is made to the buyer. Revenue is recognised net of VAT, duties and sales discounts and is measured at fair value of the consideration fixed.

#### Other external expenses

Other external expenses include expenses relating to the Entity's ordinary activities, including expenses for premises, stationery and office supplies, marketing costs, etc.

#### Depreciation, amortisation and impairment losses

Depreciation, amortisation and impairment losses relating to property, plant and equipment comprise depreciation, amortisation and impairment losses for the financial year, and gains and losses from the sale of p roperty, plant and equipment.

#### Other financial income

Other financial income comprises interest income, including interest income on receivables from group enterprises.

#### Other financial expenses

Other financial expenses comprise interest expenses, including interest expenses on payables to group enterprises.

#### Tax on profit/loss for the year

Tax for the year, which consists of current tax for the year and changes in deferred tax, is recognised in the income statement by the portion attributable to the profit for the year and recognised directly in equity by the portion attributable to entries directly in equity.

#### **Balance sheet**

#### Property, plant and equipment

Land and buildings are measured at cost #plus revaluation, and for buildings, less accumulated depreciation and impairment losses. Revaluation is calculated on the basis of regular, independent fair value measurements.

Cost comprises the acquisition price, costs directly attributable to the acquisition and preparation costs of the asset until the time when it is ready to be put into operation.

The basis of depreciation is cost less estimated residual value after the end of useful life. Straight-line depreciation is made on the basis of the following estimated useful lives of the assets:

Buildings 25-33 years

Estimated useful lives and residual values are reassessed annually.

Items of property, plant and equipment are written down to the lower of recoverable amount and carrying amount.

#### **Receivables**

Receivables are measured at amortised cost, usually equalling nominal value less writedowns for bad and doubtful debts.

#### **Dividend**

Dividend is recognised as a liability at the time of adoption at the general meeting. Proposed dividend for the financial year is disclosed as a separate item in equity. Extraordinary dividend adopted in the financial year is recognised directly in equity when distributed and disclosed as a separate item in Management's proposal for distribution of profit/loss.

#### **Deferred tax**

Deferred tax is recognised on all temporary differences between the carrying amount and the tax-based value of assets and liabilities, for which the tax-based value is calculated based on the planned use of each asset.

Deferred tax assets, including the tax base of tax loss carryforwards, are recognised in the balance sheet at their estimated realisable value, either as a set-off against deferred tax liabilities or as net tax assets.

#### Mortgage debt

At the time of borrowing, mortgage debt to mortgage credit institutions is measured at cost which corresponds to the proceeds received less transaction costs incurred. Mortgage debt is subsequently measured at amortised cost. This means that the difference between the proceeds at the time of borrowing and the nominal repayable

amount of the loan is recognised in the income statement as a financial expense over the term of the loan applying the effective interest method.

#### Other financial liabilities

Other financial liabilities are measured at amortised cost, which usually corresponds to nominal value.

#### Tax receivable or payable

Current tax receivable or payable is recognised in the balance sheet, stated as tax computed on this year's taxable income, adjusted for prepaid tax.