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# **BluJay Solutions A/S**

Sletvej 2 E, 8310 Tranbjerg J

Company reg. no. 12 31 61 00

**Annual report** 

1 March 2022 - 28 February 2023

The annual report was submitted and approved by the general meeting on the 16 August 2023.

Deepa Laxmi Kurian Chairman of the meeting

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Notes to users of the English version of this document:

- This document is a translation of a Danish version of the document. In the event of any dispute regarding the interpretation of any part of the document, the Danish version of the document shall prevail.
- To ensure the greatest possible applicability of this document, IAS/IFRS English terminology has been used.
- Please note that decimal points remain unchanged from Danish version of the document. This means that DKK 146.940 corresponds to the English amount of DKK 146,940, and that 23,5 % corresponds to 23.5 %.

# Penneo dokumentnøgle: IF0KH-63X7A-7EBDF-KLN8P-QSCFX-1DLBJ

### Management's statement

Today, the Board of Directors and the Managing Director have approved the annual report of BluJay Solutions A/S for the financial year 1 March 2022 - 28 February 2023.

The annual report has been prepared in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act.

We consider the chosen accounting policy to be appropriate, and in our opinion, the financial statements give a true and fair view of the financial position of the Company at 28 February 2023 and of the results of the Company's operations for the financial year 1 March 2022 - 28 February 2023.

Further, in our opinion, the Management's review gives a true and fair review of the matters discussed in the Management's review.

We recommend that the annual report be approved at the Annual General Meeting.

Tranbjerg J, 16 August 2023

### **Managing Director**

Jennifer Swanson Grafton

### **Board of directors**

Deepa Laxmi Kurian Chairman

Aikhong Sing Chanh Vice-chairman Jennifer Swanson Grafton

### **Independent auditor's report**

### To the Shareholder of BluJay Solutions A/S

### **Opinion**

We have audited the financial statements of BluJay Solutions A/S for the financial year 1 March 2022 - 28 February 2023, which comprise a summary of significant accounting policies, income statement, balance sheet, statement of changes in equity and notes, for the Company. The financial statements are prepared under the Danish Financial Statements Act.

In our opinion, the financial statements give a true and fair view of the financial position of the Company at 28 February 2023, and of the results of the Company's operations for the financial year 1 March 2022 - 28 February 2023 in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act.

### **Basis for Opinion**

We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing (ISAs) and the additional requirements applicable in Denmark. Our responsibilities under those standards and requirements are further described in the "Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements" section of our report. We are independent of the Company in accordance with the International Ethics Standards Board for Accountants' International Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants (IESBA Code) and the additional ethical requirements applicable in Denmark, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements and the IESBA Code. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

### Management's Responsibilities for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation of financial statements that give a true and fair view in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act, and for such internal control as Management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, Management is responsible for assessing the Company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting in preparing the financial statements unless Management either intends to liquidate the Company or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

### Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs and the additional requirements applicable in Denmark will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

### **Independent auditor's report**

As part of an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs and the additional requirements applicable in Denmark, we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit
  procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an
  opinion on the effectiveness of the Company's internal control.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by Management.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of Management's use of the going concern basis of accounting in preparing the financial statements and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Company's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Company to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and contents of the financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that gives a true and fair view.

We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

### **Statement on Management's Review**

Management is responsible for Management's Review.

Our opinion on the financial statements does not cover Management's Review, and we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

### Independent auditor's report

In connection with our audit of the financial statements, our responsibility is to read Management's Review and, in doing so, consider whether Management's Review is materially inconsistent with the financial statements or our knowledge obtained during the audit, or otherwise appears to be materially misstated.

Moreover, it is our responsibility to consider whether Management's Review provides the information required under the Danish Financial Statements Act.

Based on the work we have performed, we conclude that Management's Review is in accordance with the financial statements and has been prepared in accordance with the requirements of the Danish Financial Statement Act. We did not identify any material misstatement of Management's Review.

Copenhagen, 16 August 2023

### **Grant Thornton**

State Authorised Public Accountants Company reg. no. 34 20 99 36

Kim Kjellberg State Authorised Public Accountant mne29452

### **Company information**

The company BluJay Solutions A/S

Sletvej 2 E

8310 Tranbjerg J

Company reg. no. 12 31 61 00

Domicile: Aarhus

Financial year: 1 March - 28 February

**Board of directors** Deepa Laxmi Kurian, Chairman

Aikhong Sing Chanh, Vice-chairman

Jennifer Swanson Grafton

Managing Director Jennifer Swanson Grafton, CEO

Auditors Grant Thornton, Statsautoriseret Revisionspartnerselskab

Stockholmsgade 45 2100 København Ø

Parent company BluJay Solutions Nordics Holding B.V.

### Management's review

### The principal activities of the company

The Company's primary activity consists of development and servicing of IT solutions for the international transport and logistics industry.

### Development in activities and financial matters

The gross profit for the year totals TDKK 17.033 against TDKK 35.464 last year. Income from ordinary activities after tax totals TDKK 5.268 against TDKK 17.982 last year. Management considers the net profit for the year satisfactory.

### Events occurring after the end of the financial year

No events have occurred after the balance sheet date to this date, which would influence the evaluation of this annual report.

The annual report for BluJay Solutions A/S has been presented in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act regulations concerning reporting class B enterprises. Furthermore, the company has decided to comply with certain rules applying to reporting class C enterprises.

### Changes in the accounting policies

The accounting policies are unchanged from the previous year, and the annual report is presented in DKK.

### Recognition and measurement in general

Income is recognised in the income statement concurrently with its realisation, including the recognition of value adjustments of financial assets and liabilities. Likewise, all costs are recognised in the income statement, including depreciations amortisations, write-downs for impairment, provisions, and reversals due to changes in estimated amounts previously recognised in the income statement.

Assets are recognised in the statement of financial position when it seems probable that future economic benefits will flow to the company and the value of the asset can be reliably measured.

Liabilities are recognised in the statement of financial position when it is seems probable that future economic benefits will flow out of the company and the value of the liability can be reliably measured.

Assets and liabilities are measured at cost at the initial recognition. Hereafter, assets and liabilities are measured as described below for each individual accounting item.

Upon recognition and measurement, allowances are made for such predictable losses and risks which may arise prior to the presentation of the annual report and concern matters that exist on the reporting date.

### Foreign currency translation

Transactions in foreign currency are translated by using the exchange rate prevailing at the date of the transaction. Differences in the rate of exchange arising between the rate at the date of transaction and the rate at the date of payment are recognised in the profit and loss account as an item under net financials. If currency positions are considered to hedge future cash flows, the value adjustments are recognised directly in equity in a fair value reserve.

Receivables, payables, and other foreign currency monetary items are translated using the closing rate. The difference between the closing rate and the rate at the time of the occurrence or initial recognition in the latest financial statements of the receivable or payable is recognised in the income statement under financial income and expenses.

Fixed assets acquired and paid for in foreign currency are measured at the exchange rate prevailing at the date of the transaction.

### Income statement

### **Gross profit**

Gross profit comprises the revenue, changes in inventories of finished goods, and work in progress, work performed for own account and capitalised, other operating income, and external costs.

Revenue is recognised in the income statement if delivery and passing of risk to the buyer have taken place before the end of the year and if the income can be determined reliably and inflow is anticipated. Recognition of revenue is exclusive of VAT and taxes and less any discounts relating directly to sales.

Contract work in progress concerning construction contracts is recognised in the revenue concurrently with the production process. Thus, the revenue corresponds to the selling price of the total yearly production (the production method). The revenue is recognised when the total income and costs of the contract and the stage of completion on the reporting date can be reliably validated and it is deemed probable that the financial benefits will flow to the company.

When the results of a contract cannot be reliably validated, the revenue is recognised solely on a cost basis to the extent that it seems probable that the costs will be recovered.

Cost of sales comprises costs concerning purchase of raw materials and consumables less discounts and changes in inventories.

Other external costs comprise costs incurred for distribution, sales, advertising, administration, premises, loss on receivables, and operational leasing costs.

### **Staff costs**

Staff costs include salaries and wages, including holiday allowances, pensions, and other social security costs, etc., for staff members.

### Depreciation, amortisation, and write-down for impairment

Depreciation, amortisation, and write-down for impairment comprise depreciation on, amortisation of, and write-down for impairment of intangible and tangible assets, respectively.

### Financial income and expenses

Financial income and expenses are recognised in the income statement with the amounts concerning the financial year. Financial income and expenses comprise interest income and expenses, realised and unrealised capital gains and losses relating to securities, debt and transactions in foreign currency, amortisation of financial assets and liabilities as well as surcharges and reimbursements under the advance tax scheme, etc.

### Tax on net profit or loss for the year

Tax for the year comprises the current income tax for the year and changes in deferred tax and is recognised in the income statement with the share attributable to the net profit or loss for the year and directly in equity with the share attributable to entries directly in equity.

The company is subject to Danish rules on compulsory joint taxation of Danish group enterprises. The company acts as an administration company in relation to the joint taxation. This means that the total Danish tax payable by the Danish consolidated companies is paid to the tax authorities by the company.

The current Danish income tax is allocated among the jointly taxed companies proportional to their respective taxable income (full allocation with reimbursement of tax losses).

### Statement of financial position

### Property, plant, and equipment

Other property, plant, and equipment are measured at cost less accrued depreciation and write-down for impairment.

If the amortisation period or the residual value is changed, the effect on amortisation will, in future, be recognised as a change in the accounting estimates.

The cost comprises acquisition cost and costs directly associated with the acquisition until the time when the asset is ready for use.

The cost of a total asset is divided into separate components. These components are depreciated separately, the useful lives of each individual components differing, and the individual component representing a material part of the total cost.

Depreciation is done on a straight-line basis according to an assessment of the expected useful life and the residual value of the individual assets:

Useful life Residual value
Other fixtures and fittings, tools and equipment 3-5 years 0-20 %

Minor assets with an expected useful life of less than 1 year are recognised as costs in the income statement in the year of acquisition.

Profit or loss derived from the disposal of property, land, and equipment is measured as the difference between the sales price less selling costs and the carrying amount at the date of disposal. Profit or loss is recognised in the income statement as other operating income or other operating expenses.

### Impairment loss relating to non-current assets

The carrying amount of tangible fixed assets are subject to annual impairment tests in order to disclose any indications of impairment beyond those expressed by amortisation and depreciation respectively.

If indications of impairment are disclosed, impairment tests are carried out for each individual asset or group of assets, respectively. write-down for impairment is done to the recoverable amount if this value is lower than the carrying amount.

The recoverable amount is the higher value of value in use and selling price less expected selling cost. The value in use is calculated as the present value of the expected net cash flows from the use of the asset or the asset group and expected net cash flows from the sale of the asset or the asset group after the end of their useful life.

Previously recognised impairment losses are reversed when conditions for impairment no longer exist. Impairment relating to goodwill is not reversed.

### **Receivables**

Receivables are measured at amortised cost, which usually corresponds to nominal value. In order to meet expected losses, impairment takes place at the net realisable value.

### **Prepayments**

Prepayments recognised under assets comprise incurred costs concerning the following financial year.

### Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents comprise cash at bank and on hand.

### **Income tax and deferred tax**

As administration company, BluJay Solutions A/S is liable to the tax authorities for the subsidiaries' corporate income taxes.

Current tax liabilities and current tax receivable are recognised in the statement of financial position as calculated tax on the taxable income for the year, adjusted for tax of previous years' taxable income and for tax paid on account.

The company is jointly taxed with consolidated Danish companies. The current corporate income tax is distributed between the jointly taxed companies in proportion to their taxable income and with full distribution with reimbursement as to tax losses. The jointly taxed companies are comprised by the Danish tax prepayment scheme.

Joint taxation contributions payable and receivable are recognised in the statement of financial position as "Income tax receivable" or "Income tax payable".

Deferred tax is measured on the basis of temporary differences in assets and liabilities with a focus on the statement of financial position. Deferred tax is measured at net realisable value.

Adjustments take place in relation to deferred tax concerning elimination of unrealised intercompany gains and losses.

Deferred tax is measured based on the tax rules and tax rates applying under the legislation prevailing in the respective countries on the reporting date when the deferred tax is expected to be released as current tax. Changes in deferred tax due to changed tax rates are recognised in the income statement, except for items included directly in the equity.

Deferred tax assets, including the tax value of tax losses allowed for carryforward, are recognised at the value at which they are expected to be realisable, either by settlement against tax of future earnings or by set-off in deferred tax liabilities within the same legal tax unit. Any deferred net tax assets are measured at net realisable value.

### Liabilities other than provisions

Other liabilities concerning payables to suppliers, group enterprises, and other payables are measured at amortised cost which usually corresponds to the nominal value.

### **Income statement**

All amounts in DKK.

Not	<u>e</u>	1/3 2022 - 28/2 2023	1/4 2021 - 28/2 2022
	Gross profit	17.033.409	35.463.722
1	Staff costs	-13.977.972	-16.966.288
	Depreciation and impairment of property, land, and equipment	-37.376	-509.447
	Operating profit	3.018.061	17.987.987
2	Other financial income	4.148.389	4.600.059
	Other financial expenses	-403.626	-430.231
	Pre-tax net profit or loss	6.762.824	22.157.815
3	Tax on net profit or loss for the year	-1.494.783	-4.176.000
	Net profit or loss for the year	5.268.041	17.981.815
	Proposed distribution of net profit:		
	Transferred to retained earnings	5.268.041	17.981.815
	Total allocations and transfers	5.268.041	17.981.815

### **Balance sheet at 28 February**

All amounts in DKK.

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Assets		
Note	2023	2022
Non-current assets		
Other fixtures, fittings, tools and equipment	20.405	34.084
Total other fixtures and fittings, tools and equipment	20.405	34.084
Other receivables	142.383	142.383
Total financial assets	142.383	142.383
Total non-current assets	162.788	176.467
Current assets		
Trade receivables	11.293.145	31.904.948
Receivables from group enterprises	206.194.728	186.904.652
Deferred tax assets	48.671	58.168
Income tax receivables	1.717.879	0
Prepayments	21.568.878	9.016.986
Total receivables	240.823.301	227.884.754
Cash and cash equivalents	16.689.719	2.984.218
Total current assets	257.513.020	230.868.972
Total assets	257.675.808	231.045.439
Total assets	257.675.808	231.045.4

### **Balance sheet at 28 February**

**Equity and liabilities** 

All amounts in DKK.

Note	2023	2022
Equity		
Contributed capital	1.000.000	1.000.000
Retained earnings	178.204.838	172.936.797
Total equity	179.204.838	173.936.797

### Liabilities other than provisions

Total equity and liabilities	257.675.808	231.045.439
Total liabilities other than provisions	78.470.970	57.108.642
Total short term liabilities other than provisions	78.470.970	57.108.642
Other payables	1.717.029	6.282.321
Income tax payable	0	720.459
Payables to group enterprises	70.459.374	36.739.083
Trade payables	203.897	3.049.245
Deferred income	6.090.670	10.317.534

- 4 Contingencies
- 5 Related parties

## **Statement of changes in equity**

All amounts in DKK.

	Contributed capital	Retained earnings	Total
Equity 1 April 2021	1.000.000	154.954.982	155.954.982
Retained earnings for the year	0	17.981.815	17.981.815
Equity 1 March 2022	1.000.000	172.936.797	173.936.797
Retained earnings for the year	0	5.268.041	5.268.041
	1.000.000	178.204.838	179.204.838

### Notes

All amounts in DKK.

All a	mounts in DKK.		
		1/3 2022 - 28/2 2023	1/4 2021 - 28/2 2022
1.	Staff costs		
	Salaries and wages	12.701.929	15.677.131
	Pension costs	191.131	770.099
	Other costs for social security	1.084.912	519.058
		13.977.972	16.966.288
	Average number of employees	16	20
2.	Other financial income		
	Interest, group enterprises	4.757.366	4.185.808
	Interest, other financial income	0	337.149
	Net foreign exchange gains	-608.977	77.102
		4.148.389	4.600.059
3.	Tax on net profit or loss for the year		
	Tax on net profit or loss for the year	1.485.286	5.120.588
	Adjustment of deferred tax for the year	11.797	-243.145
	Adjustment of tax for previous years	-2.300	-701.443
		1.494.783	4.176.000

### Notes

All amounts in DKK.

### 4. Contingencies

### **Contingent liabilities**

Lease liabilities

The company has entered into operational leasing contracts with a total outstanding leasing payment of DKK 463 thousand.

### Joint taxation

The company acts as administration company for the group of companies subject to the Danish scheme of joint taxation and is unlimitedly, jointly, and severally liable, along with the other jointly taxed companies, to pay the total corporation tax.

The company is unlimitedly, jointly, and severally liable, along with the other jointly taxed companies, for any obligations to withhold tax on interest, royalties, and dividends.

Any subsequent adjustments of corporate taxes or withholding taxes, etc., may result in changes in the company's liabilities.

The company has withdrawn from the joint taxation with the former management company xxxxx ApS as of (indsæt dato) and is liable for any tax claims against the other jointly taxed companies until the time of withdrawal from the joint taxation.

### 5. Related parties

### **Controlling interest**

BluJay Solutions Nordics Holding B.V.

Majority shareholder

Laan van Londen 1003371 DA Dordrecht The Netherlands.

### Consolidated financial statements

The company is included in the consolidated financial statements of the ultimate parent, E2open Parent Holdings, Inc., 9600 Great Hills Trail, Suite 300E, Austin, Texas, United States of America.

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# PENN30

The signatures in this document are legally binding. The document is signed using Penneo™ secure digital signature. The identity of the signers has been recorded, and are listed below.

"By my signature I confirm all dates and content in this document."

### Jennifer Swanson Grafton

Direktør

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Jennifer Swanson Grafton

Bestyrelsesmedlem

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Deepa Kurian

### **AiKhong Sing Chanh**

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Kim Kjellberg

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