## Viminco A/S

Lodshusvej 11 4230 Skælskør CVR No. 12245742

## Annual report 2022

The Annual General Meeting adopted the annual report on 05.06.2023

Matias Nørtoft Popp Chairman of the General Meeting

# Contents

Entity details	2
Statement by Management	3
Independent auditor's report	4
Management commentary	7
Income statement for 2022	9
Balance sheet at 31.12.2022	10
Statement of changes in equity for 2022	12
Notes	13
Accounting policies	17

# **Entity details**

#### Entity

Viminco A/S Lodshusvej 11 4230 Skælskør

Business Registration No.: 12245742 Registered office: Slagelse Financial year: 01.01.2022 - 31.12.2022

#### **Board of Directors**

Hans Bøgh-Sørensen Jacob Lucassen Erik Sandberg

#### **Executive Board**

Erik Sandberg

#### **Auditors**

Deloitte Statsautoriseret Revisionspartnerselskab Weidekampsgade 6 2300 Copenhagen S

## **Statement by Management**

The Board of Directors and the Executive Board have today considered and approved the annual report of Viminco A/S for the financial year 01.01.2022 - 31.12.2022.

The annual report is presented in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act.

In our opinion, the financial statements give a true and fair view of the Entity's financial position at 31.12.2022 and of the results of its operations for the financial year 01.01.2022 - 31.12.2022.

We believe that the management commentary contains a fair review of the affairs and conditions referred to therein.

We recommend the annual report for adoption at the Annual General Meeting.

Skælskør, 05.06.2023

**Executive Board** 

**Erik Sandberg** 

**Board of Directors** 

Hans Bøgh-Sørensen

Jacob Lucassen

**Erik Sandberg** 

## Independent auditor's report

#### To the shareholder of Viminco A/S

#### Opinion

We have audited the financial statements of Viminco A/S for the financial year 01.01.2022 - 31.12.2022, which comprise the income statement, balance sheet, statement of changes in equity and notes, including a summary of significant accounting policies. The financial statements are prepared in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act.

In our opinion, the financial statements give a true and fair view of the Entity's financial position at 31.12.2022 and of the results of its operations for the financial year 01.01.2022 - 31.12.2022 in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act.

#### **Basis for opinion**

We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing (ISAs) and additional requirements applicable in Denmark. Our responsibilities under those standards and requirements are further described in the "Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements" section of this auditor's report. We are independent of the Entity in accordance with the International Ethics Standards Board for Accountants' International Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants (IESBA Code) and the additional ethical requirements applicable in Denmark, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements and the IESBA Code. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

#### Management's responsibilities for the financial statements

Management is responsible for the preparation of financial statements that give a true and fair view in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act, and for such internal control as Management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

#### Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs and the additional requirements applicable in Denmark will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

As part of an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs and the additional requirements applicable in Denmark, we exercise professional judgement and maintain professional scepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to
  fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence
  that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a
  material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may
  involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Entity's internal control.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by Management.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of Management's use of the going concern basis of accounting in preparing the financial statements, and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Entity's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Entity to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the financial statements, including the disclosures in the notes, and whether the financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that gives a true and fair view.

We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

#### Statement on the management commentary

Management is responsible for the management commentary.

Our opinion on the financial statements does not cover the management commentary, and we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the financial statements, our responsibility is to read the management commentary and, in doing so, consider whether the management commentary is materially inconsistent with the financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated.

Moreover, it is our responsibility to consider whether the management commentary provides the information required under the Danish Financial Statements Act.

Based on the work we have performed, we conclude that the management commentary is in accordance with the financial statements and has been prepared in accordance with the requirements of the Danish Financial Statements Act. We did not identify any material misstatement of the management commentary.

Copenhagen, 05.06.2023

#### **Deloitte** Statsautoriseret Revisionspartnerselskab CVR No. 33963556

**Nikolaj Thomsen** State Authorised Public Accountant Identification No (MNE) mne33276 **Jens Serup** State Authorised Public Accountant Identification No (MNE) mne45825

## Management commentary

#### **Financial highlights**

	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018
	DKK'000	DKK'000	DKK'000	DKK'000	DKK'000
Key figures					
Gross profit/loss	18,886	40,961	40,550	31,384	38,193
Operating profit/loss	(100,897)	(38,041)	(20,778)	(25,247)	(12,460)
Net financials	(3,448)	(1,941)	(1,045)	(991)	(797)
Profit/loss for the year	(81,736)	(31,247)	(17,026)	(20,471)	(10,329)
Total assets	118,989	97,992	96,338	88,946	75,308
Investments in property, plant and equipment	4,050	9,457	6,979	15.959	18.395
Equity	18,156	24,892	11,139	8,165	8,632
Ratios					
Return on equity (%)	(379.74)	(173.45)	(176.40)	(243.75)	(74.87)
Equity ratio (%)	15.26	25.40	11.56	9.18	11.46

Financial highlights are defined and calculated in accordance with the current version of "Recommendations & Ratios" issued by the CFA Society Denmark.

#### Return on equity (%):

<u>Profit/loss for the year \* 100</u> Average equity

Equity ratio (%):

<u>Equity \* 100</u> Total assets

#### **Primary activities**

Viminco A/S is part of Orifarm Group which is a dynamic international player in the healthcare business.

Viminco A/S is a contract developer as well as manufacturer of niche and specialty pharmaceuticals.

#### **Development in activities and finances**

In 2022, Management of Orifarm Group decided to discontinue the activities of Viminco with complete full site exit in 2024.

During 2022 the parent company Orifarm Generics Holding A/S made a capital contribution of kDKK 75,000 to secure the capital resources of Viminco A/S.

#### Profit/loss for the year in relation to expected developments

The annual result for 2022 shows a loss of k.DKK 81,736 which is considered unsatisfactory and below expectations as set out in the financial statements for 2021.

#### Unusual circumstances affecting recognition and measurement

As mentioned above, Management of Orifarm Group decided to discontinue the activities in Viminco A/S with complete full site exit in 2024. The goods produced by Viminco A/S will be transferred to the Orifarm site in Hobro. Following the decision, the result for 2022 for Vimimco A/S is negatively impacted by costs in the range of m.DKK 45-50.

#### Outlook

For 2023, Viminco A/S expects decrease in revenue and result due to the Management decision mentioned above.

#### Events after the balance sheet date

From the reporting date until today, no events have occurred which could change the assessments made in the Annual Report.

# **Income statement for 2022**

		2022	2021
	Notes	DKK'000	DKK'000
Gross profit/loss		18,886	40,961
Staff costs	2	(113,308)	(64,482)
Depreciation, amortisation and impairment losses	3	(6,475)	(14,520)
Operating profit/loss		(100,897)	(38,041)
Other financial income		0	16
Other financial expenses	4	(3,448)	(1,957)
Profit/loss before tax		(104,345)	(39,982)
Tax on profit/loss for the year	5	22,609	8,735
Profit/loss for the year	6	(81,736)	(31,247)

# **Balance sheet at 31.12.2022**

#### Assets

	Notes	2022 DKK'000	2021 DKK'000
Land and buildings		14,599	18,425
Plant and machinery		9,609	18,769
Other fixtures and fittings, tools and equipment		839	1,917
Prepayments for property, plant and equipment		7,919	6,754
Property, plant and equipment	7	32,966	45,865
Fixed assets		32,966	45,865
Raw materials and consumables		22,047	24,477
Work in progress		7,728	8,376
Manufactured goods and goods for resale		2,135	0
Prepayments for goods		0	805
Inventories		31,910	33,658
Trade receivables		1,477	6,445
Receivables from group enterprises		27,741	1,798
Deferred tax	8	1,109	0
Other receivables		2,649	2,149
Tax receivable		20,573	0
Joint taxation contribution receivable		0	7,270
Prepayments	9	534	807
Receivables		54,083	18,469
Cash		30	0
Current assets		86,023	52,127
Assets		118,989	97,992

## **Equity and liabilities**

		2022	2021
	Notes	DKK'000	DKK'000
Contributed capital	10	1,100	1,100
Retained earnings		17,056	23,792
Equity		18,156	24,892
Deferred tax	8	0	961
Provisions		0	961
Mortgage debt		1,122	1,467
Non-current liabilities other than provisions	11	1,122	1,467
Current portion of non-current liabilities other than provisions	11	346	347
Bank loans		11	3
Trade payables		5,468	5,738
Payables to group enterprises		58,205	53,470
Other payables		35,681	11,114
Current liabilities other than provisions		99,711	70,672
Liabilities other than provisions		100,833	72,139
Equity and liabilities		118,989	97,992
Unusual circumstances	1		
	1		
Contingent liabilities	12		
Assets charged and collateral	13		
Related parties with controlling interest	14		
Group relations	15		

# Statement of changes in equity for 2022

	Contributed capital DKK'000	Retained earnings DKK'000	Total DKK'000
Equity beginning of year	1,100	23,792	24,892
Group contributions etc	0	75,000	75,000
Profit/loss for the year	0	(81,736)	(81,736)
Equity end of year	1,100	17,056	18,156

# Notes

#### **1** Unusual circumstances

In 2022, Management of Orifarm Group decided to discontinue the activities of Viminco with complete full site exit in 2024.

Orifarm Generics Holing A/S is the majority shareholder of Viminco A/S and has submitted a declaration of support to the Company, which ensures sufficient liquidity so the Company can pay its liabilities as they fall due, while in the process of discontinuing the activities.

#### 2 Staff costs

	2022	2021
	DKK'000	DKK'000
Wages and salaries	100,437	58,149
Pension costs	10,415	4,402
Other social security costs	1,532	1,429
Other staff costs	924	502
	113,308	64,482
Average number of full-time employees	110	117

The Board of Directors does not receive remuneration. Persuant to Section 98b(iii) of the Danish Financial Statements Act, remuneration to the members of the Executive Board is not disclosed.

#### 3 Depreciation, amortisation and impairment losses

	2022	2021
	DKK'000	DKK'000
Depreciation of property, plant and equipment	4,327	5,715
Impairment losses on property, plant and equipment	4,263	8,805
Profit/loss from sale of intangible assets and property, plant and equipment	(2,115)	0
	6,475	14,520

#### **4 Other financial expenses**

	2022	2021
	DKK'000	DKK'000
Financial expenses from group enterprises	3,272	1,787
Exchange rate adjustments	114	28
Other financial expenses	62	142
	3,448	1,957

## 5 Tax on profit/loss for the year

	2022	2021
	DKK'000	DKK'000
Change in deferred tax	(2,070)	(1,465)
Adjustment concerning previous years	34	(1)
Refund in joint taxation arrangement	(20,573)	(7,269)
	(22,609)	(8,735)

## 6 Proposed distribution of profit and loss

	2022	2021
	DKK'000	DKK'000
Retained earnings	(81,736)	(31,247)
	(81,736)	(31,247)

## 7 Property, plant and equipment

	Land and buildings DKK'000	Plant and machinery DKK'000	Other fixtures and fittings, tools and equipment DKK'000	Prepayments for property, plant and equipment DKK'000
Cost beginning of year	40,541	51,141	12,638	9,005
Transfers	0	0	84	(84)
Additions	0	0	0	4,050
Disposals	(2,871)	(7,537)	(93)	0
Cost end of year	37,670	43,604	12,629	12,971
Depreciation and impairment losses beginning of year	(22,116)	(32,372)	(10,721)	(2,251)
Impairment losses for the year	0	(1,904)	(226)	(2,801)
Reversal of impairment losses	0	661	7	0
Depreciation for the year	(1,489)	(1,920)	(918)	0
Reversal regarding disposals	534	1,540	68	0
Depreciation and impairment losses end of year	(23,071)	(33,995)	(11,790)	(5,052)
Carrying amount end of year	14,599	9,609	839	7,919

## 8 Deferred tax

	2022	2021
Changes during the year	DKK'000	DKK'000
Beginning of year	(961)	(2,426)
Recognised in the income statement	2,070	1,465
End of year	1,109	(961)

#### **Deferred tax assets**

Deferred tax is tax losses recognised due its expected use within the Group.

#### **9** Prepayments

Comprises of amounts received from customers prior to delivery of the goods agreed.

#### **10 Share capital**

	Par val		Nominal value
	Number	DKK'000	DKK'000
Shares	1,100,000	0,001	1,100
	1,100,000		1,100

Due to an capital increase in 2019, the contibuted capital has increased by 100 t.DKK to a total of 1,100 t.DKK.

#### 11 Non-current liabilities other than provisions

		Due within 12	Due after more than 12	Outstanding
	Due within 12			
	months	months	months	after 5 years
	2022	2021	2022	2022
	DKK'000	DKK'000	DKK'000	DKK'000
Mortgage debt	346	347	1,122	86
	346	347	1,122	86

#### **12 Contingent liabilities**

The Entity participates in a Danish joint taxation arrangement where HBS Capital ApS serves as the administration company. According to the joint taxation provisions of the Danish Corporation Tax Act, the Entity is therefore liable for income taxes etc for the jointly taxed entities, and for obligations, if any, relating to the withholding of tax on interest, royalties and dividend for the jointly taxed entities. The jointly taxed entities' total known net liability under the joint taxation arrangement is disclosed in the administration company's financial statements.

#### 13 Assets charged and collateral

The Entity has provided guarantees under which the guarantors assume joint and several liability for Group enterprises' net debt with bank and credit institutions. The Group's total net debt in relation to this guarantee amounts to 4,831 m.DKK at 31.12.2022.

Mortgage debt are secured by way of mortgage on properties. The carrying amount of mortgaged properties is 14,599 k.DKK at 31.12.2022.

#### 14 Related parties with controlling interest

Related parties with controlling interests in Viminco A/S:

- Orifarm Generics Holding A/S
- Orifarm Group A/S
- Habico A/S
- Habico Holding A/S
- HBS Capital ApS
- Hans Carl Bøgh-Sørensen, Odense, ultimate beneficial owner

Transactions with related parties which are not conducted on arm length will be disclosed.

Viminco has has received group contribution in 2022 which has not been not conducted on arm length.

All other transactions with related parties are conducted on arm length.

#### **15 Group relations**

Name and registered office of the Parent preparing consolidated financial statements for the largest group: HBS Capital ApS, Odense, Central Business Registration Number 41 00 08 80.

Name and registered office of the Parent preparing consolidated financial statements for the smallest group: Orifarm Group A/S, Odense, Central Business Registration Number 27 34 72 82.

# **Accounting policies**

#### **Reporting class**

This annual report has been prepared in accordance with the provisions of the Danish Financial Statements Act governing reporting class C enterprises (medium).

The accounting policies applied to these financial statements are consistent with those applied last year.

#### **Recognition and measurement**

Assets are recognised in the balance sheet when it is probable as a result of a prior event that future economic benefits will flow to the Entity, and the value of the asset can be measured reliably.

Liabilities are recognised in the balance sheet when the Entity has a legal or constructive obligation as a result of a prior event, and it is probable that future economic benefits will flow out of the Entity, and the value of the liability can be measured reliably.

On initial recognition, assets and liabilities are measured at cost. Measurement subsequent to initial recognition is effected as described below for each financial statement item.

Anticipated risks and losses that arise before the time of presentation of the annual report and that confirm or invalidate affairs and conditions existing at the balance sheet date are considered at recognition and measurement.

Income is recognised in the income statement when earned, whereas costs are recognised by the amounts attributable to this financial year.

#### **Foreign currency translation**

On initial recognition, foreign currency transactions are translated applying the exchange rate at the transaction date. Receivables, payables and other monetary items denominated in foreign currencies that have not been settled at the balance sheet date are translated using the exchange rate at the balance sheet date. Exchange differences that arise between the rate at the transaction date and the rate in effect at the payment date, or the rate at the balance sheet date, are recognised in the income statement as financial income or financial expenses.

#### **Income statement**

#### Gross profit or loss

Gross profit or loss comprises revenue, changes in inventories of finished goods and work in progress, own work capitalised, other operating income, cost of raw materials and consumables and other external expenses.

#### Revenue

Revenue from the sale of manufactured goods and goods for resale is recognised in the income statement when delivery is made and risk has passed to the buyer. Revenue is recognised net of VAT, duties and sales discounts and is measured at fair value of the consideration fixed.

#### Other operating income

Other operating income comprises income of a secondary nature as viewed in relation to the Entity's primary activities.

#### Cost of sales

Cost of sales comprises goods consumed in the financial year measured at cost, adjusted for ordinary inventory writedowns.

#### Other external expenses

Other external expenses include expenses relating to the Entity's ordinary activities, including expenses for premises, stationery and office supplies, marketing costs, etc. This item also includes writedowns of receivables recognised in current assets.

#### Staff costs

Staff costs comprise salaries and wages, and social security contributions, pension contributions, etc for entity staff.

#### Depreciation, amortisation and impairment losses

Depreciation, amortisation and impairment losses relating to property, plant and equipment and intangible assets comprise depreciation, amortisation and impairment losses for the financial year, and gains and losses from the sale of intangible assets and property, plant and equipment.

#### Other financial income

Other financial income comprises interest income, including interest income on receivables from group enterprises, net capital or exchange gains on securities, payables and transactions in foreign currencies, and tax relief under the Danish Tax Prepayment Scheme etc.

#### **Other financial expenses**

Other financial expenses comprise interest expenses, including interest expenses on payables to group enterprises, payables and transactions in foreign currencies, amortisation of financial liabilities, and tax surcharge under the Danish Tax Prepayment Scheme etc.

#### Tax on profit/loss for the year

Tax for the year, which consists of current tax for the year and changes in deferred tax, is recognised in the income statement by the portion attributable to the profit for the year and recognised directly in equity by the portion attributable to entries directly in equity.

The Entity is jointly taxed with the ultimative Parent Company and all of the ultimative Parent company's Danish subsidiaries. The current Danish income tax is allocated among the jointly taxed entities proportionally to their taxable income (full allocation with a refund concerning tax losses).

The jointly taxed companies are subject to the rules of section 11B of the Danish Companies Act governing interest deduction limitation. It has been agreed in the joint taxation that reduced interest deduction is recognized in the company in which the interest deduction has been reduced.

#### **Balance sheet**

#### Property, plant and equipment

Land and buildings, plant and machinery, and other fixtures and fittings, tools and equipment are measured at cost less accumulated depreciation and impairment losses. Land is not depreciated.

Cost comprises the acquisition price, costs directly attributable to the acquisition and preparation costs of the asset until the time when it is ready to be put into operation.

	Useful life
Buildings	10-25 years
Plant and machinery	5-20 years
Other fixtures and fittings, tools and equipment	3-10 years

Estimated useful lives and residual values are reassessed annually.

Items of property, plant and equipment are written down to the lower of recoverable amount and carrying amount.

#### Inventories

Inventories are measured at the lower of cost using the FIFO method and net realisable value.

Cost consists of purchase price plus delivery costs. Cost of manufactured goods and work in progress consists of costs of raw materials, consumables, direct labour costs and indirect production costs.

Indirect production costs comprise indirect materials and labour costs, costs of maintenance of, depreciation of and impairment losses relating to machinery, factory buildings and equipment used in the manufacturing process.

#### Receivables

Receivables are measured at amortised cost, usually equalling nominal value less writedowns for bad and doubtful debts.

#### **Deferred** tax

Deferred tax is recognised on all temporary differences between the carrying amount and the tax-based value of assets and liabilities, for which the tax-based value is calculated based on the planned use of each asset. However, no deferred tax is recognised for amortisation of goodwill disallowed for tax purposes and temporary differences arising at the date of acquisition that do not result from a business combination and that do not have any effect on profit or loss or on taxable income.

Deferred tax assets, including the tax base of tax loss carryforwards, are recognised in the balance sheet at their estimated realisable value, either as a set-off against deferred tax liabilities or as net tax assets.

#### Tax payable or receivable

Current tax payable or receivable is recognised in the balance sheet, stated as tax computed on this year's taxable income, adjusted for prepaid tax.

#### Joint taxation contributions receivable or payable

Current joint taxation contributions payable or joint taxation contributions receivable are recognised in the balance sheet, calculated as tax computed on the taxable income for the year, which has been adjusted for prepaid tax. For tax losses, joint taxation contributions receivable are only recognised if such losses are expected to be used under the joint taxation arrangement.

#### Prepayments

Prepayments comprise incurred costs relating to subsequent financial years. Prepayments are measured at cost.

#### Cash

Cash comprises bank deposits.

#### Mortgage debt

At the time of borrowing, mortgage debt to mortgage credit institutions is measured at cost which corresponds to the proceeds received less transaction costs incurred. Mortgage debt is subsequently measured at amortised cost. This means that the difference between the proceeds at the time of borrowing and the nominal repayable amount of the loan is recognised in the income statement as a financial expense over the term of the loan applying the effective interest method.

#### **Other financial liabilities**

Other financial liabilities are measured at amortised cost, which usually corresponds to nominal value.

#### **Cash flow statement**

Referring to section 86 (4) of the Danish Financial Statements Act, Viminco A/S has not prepared any cash flow statement. Viminco A/S is included in the consolidated cash flow statement in Orifarm Group A/S.