Targit A/S

Gasværksvej 24, 2, DK-9000 Aalborg

Annual Report for 1 January - 31 December 2020

CVR No 11 56 26 39

The Annual Report was presented and adopted at the Annual General Meeting of the Company on 25/06 2021

Claus Thorsgaard Chairman of the General Meeting



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Management's Statement

The Executive Board and Board of Directors have today considered and adopted the Annual Report of Targit A/S for the financial year 1 January - 31 December 2020.

The Annual Report is prepared in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act.

In our opinion the Financial Statements and the Consolidated Financial Statements give a true and fair view of the financial position at 31 December 2020 of the Company and the Group and of the results of the Company and Group operations and of consolidated cash flows for 2020.

In our opinion, Management's Review includes a true and fair account of the matters addressed in the Review.

We recommend that the Annual Report be adopted at the Annual General Meeting.

Aalborg, 25 June 2021

Executive Board

Jakob Holmen Kraglund CEO

Board of Directors

Claus Thorsgaard Chairman Kim Ibfelt

Lars Dybkjær



Independent Auditor's Report

To the Shareholders of Targit A/S

Opinion

In our opinion, the Consolidated Financial Statements and the Parent Company Financial Statements give a true and fair view of the financial position of the Group and the Parent Company at 31 December 2020 and of the results of the Group's and the Parent Company's operations and of consolidated cash flows for the financial year 1 January - 31 December 2020 in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act.

We have audited the Consolidated Financial Statements and the Parent Company Financial Statements of Targit A/S for the financial year 1 January - 31 December 2020, which comprise income statement, balance sheet, statement of changes in equity and notes, including a summary of significant accounting policies, for both the Group and the Parent Company, as well as consolidated statement of cash flows ("the Financial Statements").

Basis for opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing (ISAs) and the additional requirements applicable in Denmark. Our responsibilities under those standards and requirements are further described in the "Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the Financial Statements" section of our report. We are independent of the Group in accordance with the International Ethics Standards Board for Accountants' Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants (IESBA Code) and the additional requirements applicable in Denmark, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Statement on Management's Review

Management is responsible for Management's Review.

Our opinion on the Financial Statements does not cover Management's Review, and we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the Financial Statements, our responsibility is to read Management's Review and, in doing so, consider whether Management's Review is materially inconsistent with the Financial Statements or our knowledge obtained during the audit, or otherwise appears to be materially misstated.

Moreover, it is our responsibility to consider whether Management's Review provides the information required under the Danish Financials Statements Act.

Based on the work we have performed, in our view, Management's Review is in accordance with the Consolidated Financial Statements and the Parent Company Financial Statements and has been prepared in accordance with the requirements of the Danish Financial Statements Act. We did not identify any material misstatement in Management's Review.



Independent Auditor's Report

Management's responsibilities for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation of consolidated financial statements and parent company financial statements that give a true and fair view in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act, and for such internal control as Management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the Financial Statements, Management is responsible for assessing the Group's and the Company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting in preparing the Financial Statements unless Management either intends to liquidate the Group or the Company or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the Financial Statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs and the additional requirements applicable in Denmark will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these Financial Statements.

As part of an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs and the additional requirements applicable in Denmark, we exercise professional judgement and maintain professional scepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the Financial Statements, whether due to
 fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a
 material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures
 that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Company's and the Group's internal control.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by Management.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of Management's use of the going concern basis of accounting in preparing the Financial Statements and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Group's and the Company's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the Financial Statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the



Independent Auditor's Report

audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Group and the Company to cease to continue as a going concern.

- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and contents of the Financial Statements, including the disclosures, and whether the Financial Statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that gives a true and fair view.
- Obtain sufficient appropriate audit evidence regarding the financial information of the entities or business activities within the Group to express an opinion on the Consolidated Financial Statements. We are responsible for the direction, supervision and performance of the group audit. We remain solely responsible for our audit opinion.

We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

Aalborg, 25 June 2021 **PricewaterhouseCoopers** Statsautoriseret Revisionspartnerselskab *CVR No 33 77 12 31*

Søren Ørjan Jensen statsautoriseret revisor mne33226 Henrik Berring Rasmussen statsautoriseret revisor mne34157



Company Information

The Company Targit A/S

Gasværksvej 24, 2 DK-9000 Aalborg

Telephone: + 45 96231900 E-mail: info@targit.com Website: www.targit.com

CVR No: 11 56 26 39

Financial period: 1 January - 31 December

Municipality of reg. office: Aalborg

Board of Directors Claus Thorsgaard, Chairman

Kim Ibfelt Lars Dybkjær

Executive Board Jakob Holmen Kraglund

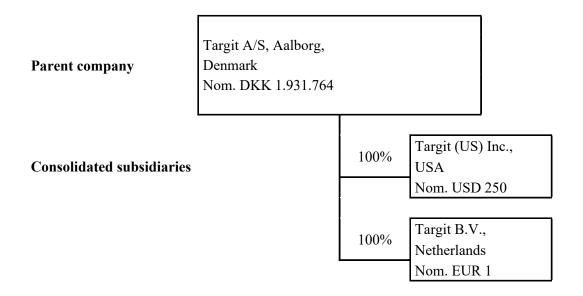
Auditors PricewaterhouseCoopers

Statsautoriseret Revisionspartnerselskab

Skelagervej 1A DK-9000 Aalborg



Group Chart





Financial Highlights

Seen over a five-year period, the development of the Group is described by the following financial highlights:

	Group					
•	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	
•	TDKK	TDKK	TDKK	TDKK	TDKK	
Key figures						
Profit/loss						
Gross profit/loss	59,522	64,054	66,148	55,383	73,961	
Operating profit/loss	7,633	6,302	10,743	2,933	12,817	
Profit/loss before financial income and						
expenses	7,633	6,302	11,048	2,987	12,817	
Net financials	-2,516	272	474	-811	111	
Net profit/loss for the year	3,807	5,070	9,109	1,146	10,481	
Balance sheet						
Balance sheet total	80,682	72,481	44,555	43,177	38,343	
Equity	19,508	13,799	16,928	18,666	12,830	
Cash flows						
Cash flows from:						
- operating activities	12,232	45,316	16,598	15,546	5,474	
- investing activities	-8,855	-2,326	-16,658	-6,190	-2,248	
including investment in property, plant and						
equipment	-202	-220	-785	-949	2,072	
- financing activities	1,968	-12,495	-4,213	0	-6,300	
Change in cash and cash equivalents for the						
year	5,345	30,496	-4,273	9,356	-3,074	
Number of employees	61	72	65	61	64	
Ratios						
Return on assets	9.5%	8.7%	24.8%	6.9%	33.4%	
Solvency ratio	24.2%	19.0%	38.0%	43.2%	33.5%	
Return on equity	22.9%	33.0%	51.2%	7.3%	98.0%	

The ratios have been prepared in accordance with the recommendations and guidelines issued by the Danish Society of Financial Analysts. For definitions, see under accounting policies.



Management's Review

Consolidated and Parent Company Financial Statements of Targit A/S for 2020 has been prepared in accordance with the provisions of the Danish Financial Statements Act applying to medium-sized enterprises of reporting class C.

The Consolidated and Parent Company Financial Statements have been prepared under the same accounting policies as last year.

Key activities

The parent company's and the Group's most significant activities comprise as in previous years development and sale of software.

Development in the year

The income statement of the Group for 2020 shows a profit of DKK 3,807,046, and at 31 December 2020 the balance sheet of the Group shows equity of DKK 19,507,926.

The past year and follow-up on development expectations from last year

In 2020, Targit continued execution of key strategic initiatives:

- Execute product roadmap focusing on impactful insights, user adoption and business value for existing and new customers
- Build and scale Vertical and OEM offerings within key industries like Manufacturing, Heavy Equipment, Airports and Public Sector
- Expand partner ecosystem and develop capabilities within areas like customer onboarding, customer community and customer success

The transition from a license based revenue model to a to a subscription-based model continues to increase predictability and the share of recurring revenue, which grew from 63% in 2019 to 73% in 2020.

The result in 2020 was in line with expectations.

Operating risks and financial risks

Special risks

The group's most significant operating risk is attached to the ability to be strongly positioned in the markets where the products are sold and to ensure continuous product development.

Targets and expectations for the year ahead

TARGIT expects a result for 2021 at the same level as in 2020.



Management's Review

Research and development

The company continued investments in development of both existing and new products to secure TARGIT A/S for the future. Development costs in the financial year relating to existing products have been capitalized if they relate to significant functional changes to the products whereas continuous maintenance and minor adjustments are charged to the income statement.

Intellectual capital resources

The company's business area places particularly high demands on the knowledge resources relating to employees and business processes. To be able to retain the competitive power, it is decisive that the company can recruit and retain employees, both with a high educational level and employees with technical experience.

Uncertainty relating to recognition and measurement

Recognition and measurement in the Annual Report have not been subject to any uncertainty.

Unusual events

The financial position at 31 December 2020 of the Group and the results of the activities and cash flows of the Group for the financial year for 2020 have not been affected by any unusual events.

Subsequent events

No events materially affecting the assessment of the Annual Report have occurred after the balance sheet date.



Income Statement 1 January - 31 December

	Group		Parent Company		
	Note	2020	2019	2020	2019
		DKK	DKK	DKK	DKK
Gross profit/loss		59,522,273	64,054,166	34,456,290	30,470,858
Staff expenses Depreciation, amortisation and	1	-47,279,857	-54,827,102	-25,875,745	-27,060,871
impairment of intangible assets and					
property, plant and equipment	2	-4,609,585	-2,924,612	-3,660,304	-2,697,425
Profit/loss before financial income					
and expenses		7,632,831	6,302,452	4,920,241	712,562
Income from investments in					
subsidiaries		0	0	1,069,807	3,862,088
Financial income	3	0	475,290	470,450	1,004,432
Financial expenses	4	-2,515,854	-203,295	-2,441,033	-130,898
Profit/loss before tax		5,116,977	6,574,447	4,019,465	5,448,184
Tax on profit/loss for the year	5	-1,309,931	-1,504,139	-212,417	-377,876
Net profit/loss for the year		3,807,046	5,070,308	3,807,048	5,070,308



Balance Sheet 31 December

Assets

	Grou		ıp	Parent Company	
	Note	2020	2019	2020	2019
		DKK	DKK	DKK	DKK
Completed development projects		10,126,324	7,703,976	10,126,324	7,703,976
Intangible fixed assets acquired		170,567	257,698	170,567	257,698
Goodwill		6,820,855	8,949,068	513,377	1,225,420
Development projects in progress		8,230,261	5,053,800	8,230,261	5,053,800
Intangible assets	6	25,348,007	21,964,542	19,040,529	14,240,894
Other fixtures and fittings, tools and					
equipment		578,451	1,087,431	464,222	841,892
Leasehold improvements		4,451	74,043	4,451	74,043
Property, plant and equipment	7	582,902	1,161,474	468,673	915,935
Investments in subsidiaries	8	0	0	2,368,515	1,899,521
Other investments	9	26,250	26,250	26,250	26,250
Deposits	9	784,055	753,226	656,798	612,980
Fixed asset investments		810,305	779,476	3,051,563	2,538,751
Fixed assets		26,741,214	23,905,492	22,560,765	17,695,580
Trade receivables		10,142,878	12,736,929	1,606,960	2,938,371
Receivables from group enterprises		0	0	13,556,718	13,483,061
Other receivables		653,673	194,406	597,359	102,497
Deferred tax asset	13	1,459,700	0	0	0
Prepayments	10	2,548,650	2,603,095	2,014,266	2,188,516
Receivables		14,804,901	15,534,430	17,775,303	18,712,445
Current asset investments	11	750,000	0	750,000	0
Cash at bank and in hand		38,386,367	33,040,983	34,887,561	23,955,352
Currents assets		53,941,268	48,575,413	53,412,864	42,667,797
Assets		80,682,482	72,480,905	75,973,629	60,363,377



Balance Sheet 31 December

Liabilities and equity

		Group Parent		Parent Co	ompany	
	Note	2020	2019	2020	2019	
		DKK	DKK	DKK	DKK	
Share capital		1,931,764	1,931,764	1,931,764	1,931,764	
Reserve for net revaluation under t	he					
equity method		0	0	256,657	4,166,877	
Reserve for development costs		0	0	14,291,045	9,761,447	
Other reserves		363,041	0	0	0	
Retained earnings		17,213,121	11,867,189	28,460	-2,061,133	
Proposed dividend for the year		0	0	3,000,000	0	
Equity		19,507,926	13,798,953	19,507,926	13,798,955	
Provision for deferred tax	13	2,110,154	1,978,597	2,110,154	1,978,597	
Provisions		2,110,154	1,978,597	2,110,154	1,978,597	
Other payables		2,921,497	1,105,238	2,921,497	1,105,238	
Long-term debt	14	2,921,497	1,105,238	2,921,497	1,105,238	
Trade payables		1,583,867	1,806,037	1,288,808	1,224,817	
Payables to group enterprises		3,761,149	1,792,693	6,309,251	2,708,634	
Corporation tax		489,095	1,385,467	0	0	
Other payables	14	10,448,076	16,516,421	7,985,561	13,004,716	
Deferred income	15	39,860,718	34,097,499	35,850,432	26,542,420	
Short-term debt		56,142,905	55,598,117	51,434,052	43,480,587	
Debt		59,064,402	56,703,355	54,355,549	44,585,825	
Liabilities and equity		80,682,482	72,480,905	75,973,629	60,363,377	
Distribution of profit	12					
Contingent assets, liabilities and						
other financial obligations	18					
Related parties	19					
Accounting Policies	20					



Statement of Changes in Equity

Group

for the year Net profit/loss for the year Equity at 31 December	0 0 1,931,764	0 1,069,807 256,657	-1,610,810 0 14,291,045	0	1,610,810 -262,759 28,460	3,000,000	3,807,048 19,507,926
Development costs for the year Depreciation, amortisation and impairment	0	0	0, 140,410	0	-6,140,410	0	0
Other equity movements	0	, ,	6,140,410				1,538,884
entities Other equity may amente	0	,	0		0		363,041
Exchange adjustments relating to foreign		000 044		0			000 044
Dissolution of previous years' revaluation	0	-6,881,952	0	0	6,881,952	0	0
Equity at 1 January	1,931,764	4,166,877	9,761,445	0	-2,061,133	0	13,798,953
Parent Company							
Equity at 31 December	1,931,764	0	0	363,041	17,213,121		19,507,926
Net profit/loss for the year	0	0	0	0	5,708,973	0	5,708,973
Exchange adjustments	0	0	0	363,041	-363,041	0	0
Equity at 1 January	1,931,764	0	0	0	11,867,189	0	13,798,953
	DKK	DKK	DKK	DKK	DKK	DKK	DKK
	Share capital	equity method	costs	Other reserves	earnings	year	Total
		revaluation under the	Reserve for development		Retained	Proposed dividend for the	
		Reserve for net					



Cash Flow Statement 1 January - 31 December

		Grou	ıp
	Note	2020	2019
		DKK	DKK
Net profit/loss for the year		3,807,046	5,070,308
Adjustments	16	8,184,374	4,156,756
Change in working capital	17	3,475,192	35,817,322
Cash flows from operating activities before financial income and	•	_	_
expenses		15,466,612	45,044,386
Financial income		0	475,290
Financial expenses	-	-2,515,854	-203,293
Cash flows from ordinary activities		12,950,758	45,316,383
Corporation tax paid	_	-718,334	0
Cash flows from operating activities		12,232,424	45,316,383
Purchase of intangible assets		-7,872,321	-7,513,428
Purchase of property, plant and equipment		-202,347	-219,666
Fixed asset investments made etc		-30,829	-92,517
Purchase of current asset investments etc		-750,000	0
Sale of current asset investments etc		0	5,500,000
Cash flows from investing activities		-8,855,497	-2,325,611
Repayment of loans from credit institutions		0	-3,750,240
Repayment of payables to group enterprises		0	-744,408
Raising of loans from group enterprises		1,968,457	0
Dividend paid		0	-8,000,000
Cash flows from financing activities		1,968,457	-12,494,648
Change in cash and cash equivalents		5,345,384	30,496,124
Cash and cash equivalents at 1 January		33,040,983	2,544,859
Cash and cash equivalents at 31 December		38,386,367	33,040,983
Cash and cash equivalents are specified as follows:			
Cash at bank and in hand		38,386,367	33,040,983
Cash and cash equivalents at 31 December		38,386,367	33,040,983



		Group		Parent Company	
		2020	2019	2020	2019
1	Staff expenses	DKK	DKK	DKK	DKK
	Wages and salaries	42,492,547	49,220,722	23,861,146	25,040,462
	Pensions	2,967,297	3,284,067	1,750,198	1,716,097
	Other social security expenses	1,660,557	2,137,694	264,401	304,312
	Other staff expenses	159,456	184,619	0	0
		47,279,857	54,827,102	25,875,745	27,060,871
	Including remuneration to the Board of Directors of:				
	Remuneration of board of directors & executive board	4,747,125	4,208,436	4,747,125	4,208,436
		4,747,125	4,208,436	4,747,125	4,208,436
	Average number of employees	61	72	42	45
2	Depreciation, amortisation and impairment of intangible assets and property, plant and equipment				
	Amortisation of intangible assets Depreciation of property, plant and	3,828,666	2,064,042	3,072,687	2,064,042
	equipment	780,919	860,570	587,617	633,383
		4,609,585	2,924,612	3,660,304	2,697,425
3	Financial income				
	Interest received from group				
	enterprises	0	163,625	470,450	692,767
	Exchange adjustments	0	311,665	0	311,665
		0	475,290	470,450	1,004,432



	Group		Parent Cor	npany
	2020	2019	2020	2019
4 Financial expenses	DKK	DKK	DKK	DKK
Interest paid to group enterprises	55,155	32,734	55,155	32,734
Other financial expenses	216,873	170,561	142,052	98,164
Exchange adjustments, expenses	2,243,826	0	2,243,826	0
	2,515,854	203,295	2,441,033	130,898
5 Tax on profit/loss for the year				
Current tax for the year	1,241,653	1,126,263	0	0
Deferred tax for the year	131,557	343,295	131,557	343,295
Adjustment of tax concerning previous				
years	-63,279	34,581	80,860	34,581
	1,309,931	1,504,139	212,417	377,876



6 Intangible assets

Group

Cost at 1 January	Completed development projects DKK 9,996,320	Intangible fixed assets acquired DKK	Goodwill	Development projects in progress DKK 5,053,800
Additions for the year	4,695,860	0	0	7,872,321
Transfers for the year	0	0	0	-4,695,860
Cost at 31 December	14,692,180	2,200,537	11,043,093	8,230,261
Impairment losses and amortisation at				
1 January	2,292,344	1,942,839	2,754,215	0
Amortisation for the year	2,273,512	87,131	1,468,023	0
Impairment losses and amortisation at 31 December	4,565,856	2,029,970	4,222,238	0
Carrying amount at 31 December	10,126,324	170,567	6,820,855	8,230,261

Development projects relate to the development of new versions of the Company's software product. The product roadmap includes parallel development tracks for new features, cloud enablement and platform improvement. The product roadmap has been updated during the year and projects are progressing according to plan through the use of the resources allocated by Management to the development. The software under development is expected to be sold to both existing and new customers.



6 Intangible assets (continued)

Parent Company

	Completed			Development
	development	Intangible fixed		projects in
	projects	assets acquired	Goodwill	progress
	DKK	DKK	DKK	DKK
Cost at 1 January	9,996,320	2,149,021	3,319,445	5,053,800
Additions for the year	4,695,860	0	0	7,872,321
Transfers for the year	0	0	0	-4,695,860
Cost at 31 December	14,692,180	2,149,021	3,319,445	8,230,261
Impairment losses and amortisation at				
1 January	2,292,344	1,891,323	2,094,025	0
Amortisation for the year	2,273,512	87,131	712,043	0
Impairment losses and amortisation at				
31 December	4,565,856	1,978,454	2,806,068	0
Carrying amount at 31 December	10,126,324	170,567	513,377	8,230,261



7 Property, plant and equipment

Group	Other fixtures and fittings, tools and equipment	Leasehold improvements	Total DKK
Cost at 1 January	5,796,802	267,132	6,063,934
Additions for the year	202,347	0	202,347
Disposals for the year	0	-51,088	-51,088
Cost at 31 December	5,999,149	216,044	6,215,193
Impairment losses and depreciation at 1 January	4,709,371	193,089	4,902,460
Depreciation for the year	711,327	69,592	780,919
Reversal of impairment and depreciation of sold assets	0	-51,088	-51,088
Impairment losses and depreciation at 31 December	5,420,698	211,593	5,632,291
Carrying amount at 31 December	578,451	4,451	582,902
Parent Company	Other fixtures and fittings, tools and equipment	Leasehold improvements	Total
	DKK	DKK	DKK
Cost at 1 January Additions for the year	4,644,190 140,356	216,044 0	4,860,234 140,356
·			
Kostpris at 31 December	4,784,546	216,044	5,000,590
Impairment losses and depreciation at 1 January	3,802,298	142,001	3,944,299
Depreciation for the year	518,026	69,592	587,618
Impairment losses and depreciation at 31 December	4,320,324	211,593	4,531,917
Carrying amount at 31 December	464,222	4,451	468,673



	Parent Company	
	2020	2019
8 Investments in subsidiaries	DKK	DKK
Cost at 1 January	2,112	2,112
Cost at 31 December	2,112	2,112
Value adjustments at 1 January	4,166,877	503,981
Exchange adjustment	363,041	-199,192
Net profit/loss for the year	1,069,807	3,862,088
Other adjustments	1,538,884	0
Reversals for the year of revaluations in previous years	-6,881,952	0
Value adjustments at 31 December	256,657	4,166,877
Equity investments with negative net asset value amortised over		
receivables	2,109,746	-2,269,468
Carrying amount at 31 December	2,368,515	1,899,521

Investments in subsidiaries are specified as follows:

	Place of	Votes and Net		Net profit/loss	
Name	registered off	fice Share capital	ownership	Equity	for the year
Targit (US) Inc.	USA	2.105	100%	-2,109,746	643,344
Targit B.V.	Holland	7	100%	2,368,515	426,463

9 Other fixed asset investments

	Group		Parent Company	
	Other		Other	
	investments	Deposits	investments	Deposits
	DKK	DKK	DKK	DKK
Cost at 1 January	26,250	753,226	26,250	612,980
Additions for the year	0	43,818	0	43,818
Disposals for the year	0	-12,989	0	0
Cost at 31 December	26,250	784,055	26,250	656,798
Carrying amount at 31 December	26,250	784,055	26,250	656,798



10 Prepayments

Prepayments consist of prepaid expenses concerning rent, insurance premiums, subscriptions and interest.

		Group		Parent Company	
		2020	2019	2020	2019
11	Current asset investments	DKK	DKK	DKK	DKK
	Shares	750,000	0	750,000	0
		750,000	0	750,000	0

On 17 September 2020, Targit A/S acquired 250,770 shares from a former employee. The total payment for the shares amounted to kDKK 750.

12 Distribution of profit

Provision for deferred tax at 31

December

	nary dividend paid	0	8,000,000	0	8,000,000
•	I dividend for the year	0	0	3,000,000	0
Reserve	for net revaluation under the				
equity me	ethod	-1,901,927	199,192	1,069,807	3,862,088
Retained	earnings	5,708,973	-3,128,884	-262,759	-6,791,780
		3,807,046	5,070,308	3,807,048	5,070,308
13 Provisi	on for deferred tax				
	for deferred tax at 1 January	1,978,597	1,635,302	1,978,597	1,635,302
statemen	recognised in the income t for the year recognised in equity for the	131,557	343,295	131,557	343,295
year		-1,459,700	0	0	0

Provision of deferred tax comprises deferred tax on receivables and intangible and tangible fixed assets.

650,454

1,978,597

2,110,154



1,978,597

14 Long-term debt

Payments due within 1 year are recognised in short-term debt. Other debt is recognised in long-term debt.

The debt falls due for payment as specified below:

	Group		Parent Company	
	2020	2019	2020	2019
Other payables	DKK	DKK	DKK	DKK
Between 1 and 5 years	2,921,497	1,105,238	2,921,497	1,105,238
Long-term part	2,921,497	1,105,238	2,921,497	1,105,238
Other short-term payables	10,448,076	16,516,421	7,985,561	13,004,716
	13,369,573	17,621,659	10,907,058	14,109,954

15 Deferred income

Prepayments and accrued income recognized as liabilities comprise prepayments from customers for services, annual fees and software.

16 Cash flow statement - adjustments

	Financial income	0	-475,290
	Financial expenses	2,515,854	203,295
	Depreciation, amortisation and impairment losses, including losses and		
	gains on sales	4,609,584	2,924,612
	Tax on profit/loss for the year	1,309,931	1,504,139
	Other adjustments	-250,995	0
		8,184,374	4,156,756
17	Cash flow statement - change in working capital		
	Change in receivables	2,189,228	1,126,490
	Change in trade payables, etc	1,285,964	34,690,832
		3,475,192	35,817,322



	Group		Parent Company	
	2020	2019	2020	2019
-	DKK	DKK	DKK	DKK

18 Contingent assets, liabilities and other financial obligations

Charges and security

The following assets have been placed as security with mortgage credit institutes:

The Group and the parent company has pledged the assets of the Group and company as security for debt to financial institution at a nominal value of 3 million DKK.

Rental and lease obligations

Lease obligations under operating				
leases. Total future lease payments:				
Within 1 year	3,392,451	3,243,883	1,790,683	1,761,777
Between 1 and 5 years	4,431,548	7,115,274	331,753	1,462,233
	7,823,999	10,359,157	2,122,436	3,224,010
Lease obligations, period of non-				
terminability 12-24 months	1,207,600	2,415,200	1,207,600	2,415,200

Other contingent liabilities

The group companies are jointly and severally liable for tax on the jointly taxed incomes etc of the Group. The total amount of corporation tax payable is disclosed in the Annual Report of Gro Holding V ApS, which is the management company of the joint taxation purposes. Moreover, the group companies are jointly and severally liable for Danish withholding taxes by way of dividend tax, tax on royalty payments and tax on unearned income. Any subsequent adjustments of corporation taxes and withholding taxes may increase the Company's liability.



19 Related parties **Basis Controlling interest** Tarok BidCo ApS Parent company Other related parties The company's related parties having a significant influence comprise subsidiaries and associates as well as the companies' Board of Directors, Board of Executives and executive officers and their relatives. Related parties include also companies in which the above group of persons has material interests. **Transactions** The Company has chosen only to disclose transactions which have not been made on an arm's length basis in accordance with section 98(c)(7) of the Danish Financial Statements Act. **Consolidated Financial Statements** The Company is included in the Group Annual Report of the Parent Company: Name Place of registered office GRO Holding V ApS Copenhagen K, Denmark The Group Annual Report of GRO Holding V ApS may be obtained at the following address: Amaliegade 49, 1.



1256 Copenhagen K

20 Accounting Policies

The Annual Report of Targit A/S for 2020 has been prepared in accordance with the provisions of the Danish Financial Statements Act applying to medium-sized enterprises of reporting class C.

The accounting policies applied remain unchanged from last year.

The Consolidated and Parent Company Financial Statements for 2020 are presented in DKK.

Recognition and measurement

Revenues are recognised in the income statement as earned. Furthermore, value adjustments of financial assets and liabilities measured at fair value or amortised cost are recognised. Moreover, all expenses incurred to achieve the earnings for the year are recognised in the income statement, including depreciation, amortisation, impairment losses and provisions as well as reversals due to changed accounting estimates of amounts that have previously been recognised in the income statement.

Assets are recognised in the balance sheet when it is probable that future economic benefits attributable to the asset will flow to the Company, and the value of the asset can be measured reliably.

Liabilities are recognised in the balance sheet when it is probable that future economic benefits will flow out of the Company, and the value of the liability can be measured reliably.

Assets and liabilities are initially measured at cost. Subsequently, assets and liabilities are measured as described for each item below.

Basis of consolidation

The Consolidated Financial Statements comprise the Parent Company, Targit A/S, and subsidiaries in which the Parent Company directly or indirectly holds more than 50% of the votes or in which the Parent Company, through share ownership or otherwise, exercises control. Enterprises in which the Group holds between 20% and 50% of the votes and exercises significant influence but not control are classified as associates.

On consolidation, items of a uniform nature are combined. Elimination is made of intercompany income and expenses, shareholdings, dividends and accounts as well as of realised and unrealised profits and losses on transactions between the consolidated enterprises.

The Parent Company's investments in the consolidated subsidiaries are set off against the Parent Company's share of the net asset value of subsidiaries stated at the time of consolidation.



20 Accounting Policies (continued)

Translation policies

Transactions in foreign currencies are translated at the exchange rates at the dates of transaction. Exchange differences arising due to differences between the transaction date rates and the rates at the dates of payment are recognised in financial income and expenses in the income statement. Where foreign exchange transactions are considered hedging of future cash flows, the value adjustments are recognised directly in equity.

Receivables, payables and other monetary items in foreign currencies that have not been settled at the balance sheet date are translated at the exchange rates at the balance sheet date. Any differences between the exchange rates at the balance sheet date and the rates at the time when the receivable or the debt arose are recognised in financial income and expenses in the income statement.

Fixed assets acquired in foreign currencies are measured at the transaction date rates.

Income Statement

Revenue

Revenue from the sale of goods is recognised when the risks and rewards relating to the goods sold have been transferred to the purchaser, the revenue can be measured reliably and it is probable that the economic benefits relating to the sale will flow to the Group.

Services are recognised at the rate of completion of the service to which the contract relates by using the percentage-of-completion method, which means that revenue equals the selling price of the service completed for the year. This method is applied when total revenues and expenses in respect of the service and the stage of completion at the balance sheet date can be measured reliably, and it is probable that the economic benefits, including payments, will flow to the Group. The stage of completion is determined on the basis of the ratio between the expenses incurred and the total expected expenses of the service.

Revenue is measured at the consideration received and is recognised exclusive of VAT and net of discounts relating to sales.

Other external expenses

Other external expenses comprise expenses for premises, sales and distribution as well as office expenses, etc.

Gross profit/loss

With reference to section 32 of the Danish Financial Statements Act, gross profit/loss is calculated as a summary of revenue, expenses for raw materials and consumables and other external expenses.



20 Accounting Policies (continued)

Staff expenses

Staff expenses comprise wages and salaries as well as payroll expenses.

Amortisation, depreciation and impairment losses

Amortisation, depreciation and impairment losses comprise amortisation, depreciation and impairment of intangible assets and property, plant and equipment.

Income from investments in subsidiaries

The item "Income from investments in subsidiaries" in the income statement includes the proportionate share of the profit for the year.

Financial income and expenses

Financial income and expenses are recognised in the income statement at the amounts relating to the financial year.

Tax on profit/loss for the year

Tax for the year consists of current tax for the year and changes in deferred tax for the year. The tax attributable to the profit for the year is recognised in the income statement, whereas the tax attributable to equity transactions is recognised directly in equity.

The Company is jointly taxed with wholly owned Danish and foreign subsidiaries. The tax effect of the joint taxation is allocated to enterprises in proportion to their taxable incomes.

Balance Sheet

Intangible assets

Goodwill acquired is measured at cost less accumulated amortisation. Goodwill is amortised on a straight-line basis over its useful life, which is assessed at 3-10 years.

Patents and licences are measured at the lower of cost less accumulated amortisation and recoverable amount. Patents are amortised over the remaining patent period, and licences are amortised over the licence period; however not exceeding 5 years.

Development costs and costs relating to rights developed by the Company are recognised in the income statement as costs in the year of acquisition.



20 Accounting Policies (continued)

Property, plant and equipment

Property, plant and equipment are measured at cost less accumulated depreciation and less any accumulated impairment losses.

Cost comprises the cost of acquisition and expenses directly related to the acquisition up until the time when the asset is ready for use.

Depreciation based on cost reduced by any residual value is calculated on a straight-line basis over the expected useful lives of the assets, which are:

Other fixtures and fittings, tools and equipment 3-5 years Leasehold improvements 3-5 years

Depreciation period and residual value are reassessed annually.

Assets costing less than DKK 30,000 are expensed in the year of acquisition.

Impairment of fixed assets

The carrying amounts of intangible assets and property, plant and equipment are reviewed on an annual basis to determine whether there is any indication of impairment other than that expressed by amortisation and depreciation.

If so, the asset is written down to its lower recoverable amount.

Investments in subsidiaries

Investments in subsidiaries are recognised and measured under the equity method.

The item"Investments in subsidiaries" in the balance sheet include the proportionate ownership share of the net asset value of the enterprises calculated on the basis of the fair values of identifiable net assets at the time of acquisition with deduction or addition of unrealised intercompany profits or losses and with addition of the remaining value of any increases in value and goodwill calculated at the time of acquisition of the enterprises.

The total net revaluation of investments in subsidiaries is transferred upon distribution of profit to "Reserve for net revaluation under the equity method" under equity. The reserve is reduced by dividend distributed to the Parent Company and adjusted for other equity movements in the subsidiaries.

Subsidiaries with a negative net asset value are recognised at DKK o. Any legal or constructive obligation of the Parent Company to cover the negative balance of the enterprise is recognised in provisions.



20 Accounting Policies (continued)

Fixed asset investments

Fixed asset investments, which consist of listed bonds and shares, are measured at their fair values at the balance sheet date. Fair value is determined on the basis of the latest quoted market price.

Investments which are not traded in an active market are measured at the lower of cost and recoverable amount.

Other fixed asset investments

Other fixed asset investments consist of deposits.

Receivables

Receivables are measured in the balance sheet at the lower of amortised cost and net realisable value, which corresponds to nominal value less provisions for bad debts.

Prepayments

Prepayments comprise prepaid expenses concerning rent, insurance premiums, subscriptions and interest.

Current asset investments

Current asset investments, which consist of treasury shares, are measured at their fair values at the balance sheet date.

Investments which are not traded in an active market are measured at the lower of cost and recoverable amount.

Equity

Dividend

Dividend distribution proposed by Management for the year is disclosed as a separate equity item.

Deferred tax assets and liabilities

Deferred income tax is measured using the balance sheet liability method in respect of temporary differences arising between the tax bases of assets and liabilities and their carrying amounts for financial reporting purposes on the basis of the intended use of the asset and settlement of the liability, respectively.



20 Accounting Policies (continued)

Deferred tax assets are measured at the value at which the asset is expected to be realised, either by elimination in tax on future earnings or by set-off against deferred tax liabilities within the same legal tax entity.

Deferred tax is measured on the basis of the tax rules and tax rates that will be effective under the legislation at the balance sheet date when the deferred tax is expected to crystallise as current tax. Any changes in deferred tax due to changes to tax rates are recognised in the income statement or in equity if the deferred tax relates to items recognised in equity.

Current tax receivables and liabilities

Current tax liabilities and receivables are recognised in the balance sheet as the expected taxable income for the year adjusted for tax on taxable incomes for prior years and tax paid on account. Extra payments and repayment under the on-account taxation scheme are recognised in the income statement in financial income and expenses.

Financial debts

Loans, such as loans from credit institutions, are recognised initially at the proceeds received net of transaction expenses incurred. Subsequently, the loans are measured at amortised cost; the difference between the proceeds and the nominal value is recognised as an interest expense in the income statement over the loan period.

Other debts are measured at amortised cost, substantially corresponding to nominal value.

Deferred income

Deferred income comprises payments received in respect of income in subsequent years.

Cash Flow Statement

The cash flow statement shows the Group's cash flows for the year broken down by operating, investing and financing activities, changes for the year in cash and cash equivalents as well as the Group's cash and cash equivalents at the beginning and end of the year.

Cash flows from operating activities

Cash flows from operating activities are calculated as the net profit/loss for the year adjusted for changes in working capital and non-cash operating items such as depreciation, amortisation and impairment losses, and provisions. Working capital comprises current assets less short-term debt excluding items included in cash and cash equivalents.



20 Accounting Policies (continued)

Cash flows from investing activities

Cash flows from investing activities comprise cash flows from acquisitions and disposals of intangible assets, property, plant and equipment as well as fixed asset investments.

Cash flows from financing activities

Cash flows from financing activities comprise cash flows from the raising and repayment of long-term debt as well as payments to and from shareholders.

Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents comprise "Cash at bank and in hand".

The cash flow statement cannot be immediately derived from the published financial records.



20 Accounting Policies (continued)

Financial Highlights

Explanation of financial ratios

Return on assets Profit before financials x 100

Total assets

Solvency ratio Equity at year end x 100

Total assets at year end

Return on equity Net profit for the year x 100

Average equity

